Air Quality Assessment

Sonne Steel, Inc. Al # 177435

Process Description and Emission Calculations Sonne Steel, Inc. (AI 177435)

Process Description

Sonne Steel, Incorporated is a residential steel business located at 48 Regina Lane in Smithfield, KY. The facility fabricates steel products such as beams, stair towers, and railings for commercial, industrial, and residential applications. The facility was previously located at 3617 Mattingly Way in Buckner, Kentucky and has been at current location since March 1, 2021.

The facility receives raw materials that are delivered to a 36,000 square foot manufacturing facility. The raw materials enter the building through a designated bay door at the rear of the facility where they are fed through an access door onto a conveyor roller. The materials are carried by the conveyor roller through a Python X automated fabrication line that uses a Fineline 300 high-definition plasma torch to cut the metal to pre-determined lengths and drill to specifications. The automated fabrication system is equipped with a Prism Compact dust collector, which contains a Merv 16 PTFE filter. The facility also utilizes a Dragon A400 plasma cutter for tube and pipe fabrications.

Once the steel has been cut by the automated equipment it is then taken to a designated assembly area where welding is conducted using Miller Matic 252 Metal Inert Gas (MIG) welding units. The facility uses ESAB Denton welding wire and uses approximately 4,960 pounds of welding wire per year.

The final welded assemblies are then taken to a Col-Met spray paint booth for priming. Universal Primer is mixed with Xylene at a 95% to 5% ratio and is applied with a Graco 695 HVLP airless spray gun. The coating process occurs in front of a filtration system which exits through two stacks on the side of the building. The facility changes the filters out approximately every two months and three bay doors are opened for added ventilation. Finished goods are stored in a designated area to dry before being loaded onto a truck and shipped out for delivery.

The facility performs a small amount of metalwork using a Hyd-Mech S20 P Series III bandsaw and a Baileigh CS-250EU cold saw, with each one using Lenox Band Ade metalworking fluid as coolant. The facility operates five days a week, eight and a half hours a day Monday through Friday, with sixteen full time and sixteen part-time employees. The facility operates year-round with exceptions being made for six holidays.

Emission Calculations

Based on historic usage and operational data provided by the facility, actual rates were determined and then modified to represent potential usage rates for all emission point sources. For each of the following processes, 8,760 hours per year was used as the potential operating time.

Prepared with the assistance of



EP01-1 - Spray Coating Booth - Shop Coat Primer

- Throughput: 14.25 gal/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: SDS
- Control: Fabric Filter
 - Assume 96.00% Control Efficiency for PM
 - o 60% Transfer Efficiency assumed for HVLP Airless Spray Gun

EP01-2 - Spray Coating Booth - Thinner

- Throughput: 7.50E-01 gal/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: SDS
- Control: Fabric Filter
 - o Assume 96.00% Control Efficiency for PM
 - o 60% Transfer Efficiency assumed for HVLP Airless Spray Gun

EP02 – GMAW – Metal Inert Gas (MIG)

- Throughput: 1.12E-03 tons/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: AP-42 Chapter 12 (Tables 12.19) E70S for PM / SDS for HAPs
- Control: Building Enclosure
 - Assume 70.00% Control Efficiency for Particulates

Insignificant Activities

IA01 – Spray Gun Cleanout – Xylene Usage

- Throughput: 9.05E-02 gal/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: SDS
- Control: None Known

IAO2 – Python X Robotic Steel Fabrication System

- Throughput: 8.05E-02 tons/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: PM Assume 100% metal removed / HAP% based on SDS
- Control: Building Enclosure/Dust Collector (Merv 16 PTFE Filter)
 - o Assume 70% Control Efficiency for Particulates for Bldg Enclosure
 - Assume 90% Control Efficiency for Particulates for Dust Collector/Filter
 - o Total Control Efficiency of 97.00% for Particulates

IA03 - Steel Metalworking (Hyd-Mech Band Saw)

- Throughput: 8.22E-02 tons/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: PM Assume 100% metal removed; HAP% based on SDS
- Control: Building Enclosure
 - Assume 70.00% Control Efficiency for Particulates

IA04 - Steel Metalworking (Cold Saw)

- Throughput: 7.25E-02 tons/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: PM Assume 100% metal removed; HAP% based on SDS
- Control: Building Enclosure
 - Assume 70.00% Control Efficiency for Particulates

IA05 – Bend-Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter

- Throughput: 2.39E-02 tons/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: PM Assume 100% metal removed; HAP% based on SDS
- Control: Building Enclosure
 - o Assume 70% Control Efficiency for Particulates for Bldg Enclosure

IA06 – Metalworking Fluid (Lennox Band Ade)

- Throughput: 4.52E-03 gal/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: SDS
- Control: None Known

IA07 – Haul Road (Unpaved)

- Throughput: 6.00E-01 tons/hr.
- Emission Factor Source: DAQ Minerals Section
- Control: None Known

<u>Applicable Regulations</u>

- 401 KAR 52:030 Federally Enforceable Permits for Nonmajor Sources
- 401 KAR 59:010 New Process Operations
- 401 KAR 63:010 Fugitive Emissions
- 401 KAR 63:020 Potentially Hazardous Matter or Toxic Substances
- 40 CFR 63, Subpart XXXXXX NESHAP: Area Source Standards for Nine Metal Fabrication and Finishing Source Categories
 - o 6X Initial Notification included with this permit application package

Non-Applicable Regulations

- 40 CFR 63, Subpart HHHHHH NESHAP: Paint Stripping and Miscellaneous Surface Coating Operations at Area Sources
 - Spray application coatings do not contain any of the target HAPs

Recommendation

Based on potential emission calculations and applicable requirements, the Kentucky Division of Compliance Assistance is recommending that *Sonne Steel, Incorporated* apply for a *Conditional Major with limitations of 90 tons per year for PM, PM10 and VOC, 9 tons per year for Xylene and 22.50 tons per year for Total HAPs.* Facility-wide emissions are included below.

Facility Wide Emissions

	Uncontrolled	Controlled	Requested
Pollutant	TPY	TPY	Limit
PM	241.93	9.82	90.00
PM ₁₀	241.85	9.74	90.00
VOC	203.36	203.36	90.00
Toluene	4.69	4.69	
Xylene	31.41	31.41	9.00
Cumene	2.67E-01	2.67E-01	
Ethylbenzene	9.35	9.35	
Chromium	6.76E-04	1.87E-04	
Manganese	1.85E-03	4.82E-04	
Nickel	8.35E-05	1.74E-05	
Total HAPs	45.73	45.73	22.50

Division for Air Quality

300 Sower Boulevard Frankfort, KY 40601 (502) 564-3999

Sonne Steel, Incorporated

(decimal degrees)

Fabricated Structural Metal

Manufacturing

21-

-85.28946

Source Name:

Longitude:

Primary (NAICS) Category:

KY EIS (AFS) #:

DEP7007AI

Administrative Information
Section AI.1: Source Information
Section AI.2: Applicant Information
Section AI.3: Owner Information
Section AI.4: Type of Application
Section AI.5: Other Required Information
Section AI.6: Signature Block

Section AI.7: Notes, Comments, and Explanations

Additional	Documentation
Audiliona	

Additional Documentation attached

(decimal degrees)

Permit #:						
Agency Interest (AI) ID:		177435				
Date:		8/25/2023				
Section AI.1: S	Source Info	rmation				
Physical Location	Street:	48 Regina Lane				
Address:	City:	Smithfield	County: Henry	Zip Code:	40068	
Mailing Address:	Street or P.O. Box:	Same as above	_	_		
Wannig Address.	City:		State:	Zip Code:		

Standard Coordinates for Source Physical Location

Latitude:

Primary NAICS #:

38.424722

332312

Classification (SIC) C	ategory:	Fabricated Structural M	anufacturing	Primary SIC #:	3441						
Briefly discuss the type of business conducted at this site:		Facility fabricates and pair	nts steel material used for	r various types of construction.							
Description of Area Surrounding Source:	✓ Rural Area ☐ Urban Area	☐ Industrial Park ☐ Industrial Area	Residential Area Commercial Area	Is any part of the source located on federal land?	☐ Yes ☑ No	Number of Employees:	Full Time = 16 Part Time = 16				
Approximate distance to nearest residence or commercial property: 74 feet		et	Property Area: 8 acres		Is this source portable?	☐ Yes ☑ N	0				
	What other environmental permits or registrations does this source currently hold or need to obtain in Kentucky?										
NPDES/KPDES:	Currently Ho	old	□ N/A								
Solid Waste:	☐ Currently Ho	old Need	✓ N/A								
RCRA:	Currently Ho	old Need	✓ N/A								
UST:	Currently Ho	old Need	✓ N/A								
Type of Regulated	Mixed Waste	e Generator	Generator	Recycler	Other:	_					
Waste Activity:	U.S. Importe	er of Hazardous Waste	Transporter	☐ Treatment/Storage/Disposal	Facility V/	A					

Section AI.2: Applicant Information										
Applicant Name:	Sonne Steel, Incorporat	ed								
Title: (if individual)										
Mailing Address:	Street or P.O. Box:	48 Regina Lane								
	City:	Smithfield	State:	KY	Zip Code:	40068				
Email: (if individual)										
Phone:	502-222-0099									
Technical Contact										
Name:	Erich Cleaver - Environmental Compliance Assistance Program									
Title:	Environmental Scientis	t Advisor								
Mailing Address:	Street or P.O. Box:			300 Sower Blvd.						
Maining Muuress.	City: Frankfort		State:	KY	Zip Code:	40601				
Email:	erich.cleaver@ky.gov									
Phone:	502-782-6920									
Air Permit Contact for S	Source									
Name:	Eric Sonne					_				
Title:	Owner									
Mailing Address:	Street or P.O. Box:	48 Regina Lane								
Walling Hadress.	City:	Smithfield	State:	KY	Zip Code:	40068				
Email:	eric@sonnesteel.com									
Phone:	502-222-0099									

Section AI.3: Ov	vner Information			
☑ Owner same	as applicant			
Name:				
Title:				
Mailing Address	Street or P.O. Box:			
Mailing Address:	City:	State:	Zip Code:	
Email:				
Phone:				
List names of owners a	nd officers of the company who have a	nn interest in the company of 5% or mo	ore.	
	Name		Position	
	Eric Sonne		Owner - President	
	Ben Tribble		Owner - Vice President	

Section AI.4: Type of Application										
Current Status:	☐ Title V ☐ Conditi	onal Major	State-Ori	gin	General Permit	Registra	tion			
	Name Change	☐ Initial Registration ☐			Significant Revision	Adminis	trative Permit Amendment			
Requested Action:	Renewal Permit	Revised Re	egistration		Minor Revision	✓ Initial So	ource-wide OperatingPermit			
(check all that apply)	502(b)(10)Change	Extension :	Request		Addition of New Facility	Portable	Plant Relocation Notice			
	Revision	☐ Off Permit Change ☐ Landfill Alternate Compliance Submittal ☐ Modification of Existing								
	Ownership Change	Closure								
Requested Status:	☐ Title V ☑ Conditi	onal Major	State-Ori	gin	☐ PSD ☐ NSR	Other	:			
Is the source requesting a limitation of potential emissions?										
Pollutant:	Requested Limit:			Pollutant:		Requested Limit:				
✓ Particulate Matter		90.00 TPY			X Single HAP		Xylene = 9.00 TPY			
✓ Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)		90.00 TPY	Y X Combined HAPs			22.50 TPY				
Carbon Monoxide					Air Toxics (40 CFR 68, St					
☐ Nitrogen Oxides					Carbon Dioxide					
Sulfur Dioxide					Greenhouse Gases (GHG)					
Lead					Other					
For New Constructio	n:									
Proposed Start Date of Construction: (MM/YYYY)		E	Existing Proposed Operation Start-Up Date: (M		MM/YYYY)	Existing				
For Modifications:										
Proposed Start Date of Modification: (MM/YYYY)			Proposed Operation N/A		Proposed Operation Start-Up Date: (1	MM/YYYY)	N/A			
Applicant is seeking c	overage under a permit s	hield.	Yes			-	nts for which permit shield is ont to the application.			

□ DEP7007CC Compliance Certification □ DEP7007DD Insignificant Activities □ DEP7007EE Internal Combustion Engines □ DEP7007FF Secondary Aluminum Processing					
 ✓ DEP7007DD Insignificant Activities ✓ DEP7007EE Internal Combustion Engines ✓ DEP7007FF Secondary Aluminum Processing 					
 □ DEP7007EE Internal Combustion Engines □ DEP7007FF Secondary Aluminum Processing 					
☐ DEP7007FF Secondary Aluminum Processing					
The Control of the Co					
✓ DEP7007GG Control Equipment					
✓ DEP7007HH Haul Roads					
Confidentiality Claim					
Ownership Change Form					
Secretary of State Certificate					
✓ Flowcharts or diagrams depicting process					
☐ Digital Line Graphs (DLG) files of buldings, roads, etc.					
✓ Site Map					
Map or drawing depicting location of facility					
✓ Safety Data Sheet (SDS)					
Emergency Response Plan					
✓ Other: Equipment Specs					
consible official*, and that I have personally examined, and am familiar with, used on my inquiry of those individuals with primary responsibility for ge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are cluding the possibility of fine or imprisonment. Sample of Signatory Sample of Sample of Signatory Sample of Sample o					
-					

Section AI.7: Notes, Comments, and Explanations								
Facility should inquire with Division of Water (DOW) in regard to the need for an industrial stormwater permit.								
Facility SIC code is listed as an industrial activity in the link on the KYR00 permit factsheet page.								

Division for Air Quality

300 Sower Boulevard Frankfort, KY 40601 (502) 564-3999

Sonne Steel, Inc.

DEP7007N

Source Emissions Profile

__ Section N.1: Emission Summar

__ Section N.2: Stack Information

__ Section N.3: Fugitive Information

__ Section N.4: Notes, Comments, and Explanations

Additional Documentation	
Complete DEP7007AI	

Source Name:

KY EIS (AFS) #: 21-

Permit #:

Agency Interest (AI) ID: 177435

Date: 8/25/2023

N.1: Emission Summary

Emission Emission Unit # Name	Emission Unit		Process Pr	Process	eess Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Control		Stack	Maximum Design	D II	Uncontrolled Emission	Emission Factor Source (e.g.	Capture	Control	Hourly E	missions	Annual E	missions
	Name		Name	Device Name	Device ID	ID	Capacity (SCC Units/hour)	Pollutant	Factor (lb/SCC Units)	AP-42, Stack Test, Mass Balance)	(%)	Efficiency (%)	Uncontrolled Potential (lb/hr)	Controlled Potential (lb/hr)	Uncontrolled Potential (tons/yr)	Controlled Potential (tons/yr)									
EP01-1	Spray Coating Booth	1	Shopcoat Primer	Fabric Filter	1	1 & 2	14.25 gal/hr	РМ	3.87 lb/gal	SDS	100.00%	96.00%	55.18	2.21	241.67	9.67									
								PM ₁₀	3.87 lb/gal	SDS	100.00%	96.00%	55.18	2.21	241.67	9.67									
								VOC	2.83 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	40.33	40.33	176.63	176.63									
								Toluene	7.51E-02 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	1.07	1.07	4.68	4.68									
								Xylene	7.51E-02 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	1.07	1.07	4.68	4.68									

11/2016								DEI /00/IN								
Emission	Emission Unit	Process	Process	Control		Stack	Maximum Design	D.II.4.4	Uncontrolled Emission	Emission Factor Source (e.g.	Capture	Control	Hourly E	missions	Annual E	missions
Unit #	Name	ID	Name	Device Name	Device ID	ID	Capacity (SCC Units/hour)	Pollutant	Factor (lb/SCC Units)	AP-42, Stack Test, Mass Balance)	Efficiency (%)	Efficiency (%)	Uncontrolled Potential (lb/hr)	Controlled Potential (lb/hr)	Uncontrolled Potential (tons/yr)	Controlled Potential (tons/yr)
EP01-2	Spray Coating Booth	2	Thinner (Xylene)	Fabric Filter	1	1 & 2	7.50E-01 gal/hr	VOC	7.26 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	5 .45	5 .45	23.85	23.85
								Xylene	7.26 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	5.45	5.45	23.85	23.85
								Cumene	7.26E-02 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	5.45E-02	5.45E-02	2.38E-01	2.38E-01
								Ethylbenzene	2.54 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	1.91	1.91	8.35	8.35
EP02	GMAW - Metal Inert Gas (MIG)	N/A	N/A	Bldg Enclosure	2	N/A	1.12E-03 tons/hr	РМ	10.80 lb/ton	AP-42 Chapter 12 Tables 12.19 (E70S)	100.00%	70.00%	1.21E-02	3.64E-03	5.31E-02	1.59E-02
								PM ₁₀	10.80 lb/ton	AP-42 Chapter 12 Tables 12.19 (E70S)	100.00%	70.00%	1.21E-02	3.64E-03	5.31E-02	1.59E-02
								Chromium	1.08E-01 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	1.21E-04	3.64E-05	5.31E-04	1.59E-04
								Manganese	2.16E-01 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	2.42E-04	7.27E-05	1.06E-03	3.18E-04
IA01	Spray Gun Cleanout (Xylene)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9.05E-02	VOC	7.26 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	6.57E-01	6.57E-01	2.88	2.88
								Xylene	7.26 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	6.57E-01	6.57E-01	2.88	2.88
								Cumene	7.26E-02 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	6.57E-03	6.57E-03	2.88E-02	2.88E-02
								Ethylbenzene	2.54 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	2.30E-01	2.30E-01	1.01	1.01
IA02	Python X Robotic Steel Fabrication System	N/A	N/A	Bldg Enclosure & Dust Collector	2 & 3	N/A	8.05E-02 tons/hr	PM	8.05E-02 lb/ton	100% Metal Removed	100.00%	97.00%	6.48E-03	1.94E-04	2.84E-02	8.52E-04
								PM ₁₀	8.05E-02 lb/ton	100% Metal Removed	100.00%	97.00%	6.48E-03	1.94E-04	2.84E-02	8.52E-04
								Chromium	1.61E-04 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	97.00%	1.30E-05	3.89E-07	5.68E-05	1.70E-06
								Manganese	7.57E-04 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	97.00%	6.09E-05	1.83E-06	2.67E-04	8.01E-06
								Nickel	8.05E-05 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	97.00%	6.48E-06	1.94E-07	2.84E-05	8.52E-07

11/2016								1			ı		DEF			
Emission	Emission Unit	Process	Process	Control Device	Control Device	Stack	Maximum Design	Pollutant	Uncontrolled Emission	Emission Factor Source (e.g.	Capture	Control	Hourly Emissions		Annual Emissions	
Unit #	Name	ID	Name	Name	ID	ID	Capacity (SCC Units/hour)	i viidtant	Factor (lb/SCC Units)	AP-42, Stack Test, Mass Balance)	Efficiency (%)	Efficiency (%)	Uncontrolled Potential (lb/hr)	Controlled Potential (lb/hr)	Uncontrolled Potential (tons/yr)	Controlled Potential (tons/yr)
IA03	Steel Metalworking Hyd-Mech Band Saw	N/A	N/A	Bldg Enclosure	2	N/A	8.22E-02 tons/hr	PM	8.22E-02 lb/ton	100% Metal Removed	100.00%	70.00%	6.75E-03	2.03E-03	2.96E-02	8.87E-03
								PM ₁₀	8.22E-02 lb/ton	100% Metal Removed	100.00%	70.00%	6.75E-03	2.03E-03	2.96E-02	8.87E-03
								Chromium	1.31E-04 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	1.08E-05	3.24E-06	4.73E-05	1.42E-05
								Manganese	7.73E-04 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	6.35E-05	1.90E-05	2.78E-04	8.34E-05
								Nickel	8.22E-05 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	6.75E-06	2.03E-06	2.96E-05	8.87E-06
IA04	Steel Metalworking Cold Saw	N/A	N/A	Bldg Enclosure	2	N/A	7.25E-02 tons/hr	PM	7.25E-02 lb/ton	100% Metal Removed	100.00%	70.00%	5.25E-03	1.58E-03	2.30E-02	6.90E-03
								PM ₁₀	7.52E-02 lb/ton	100% Metal Removed	100.00%	70.00%	5.25E-03	1.58E-03	2.30E-02	6.90E-03
								Chromium	1.16E-04 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	8.40E-06	2.52E-06	3.68E-05	1.10E-05
								Manganese	6.81E-04 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	4.94E-05	1.48E-05	2.16E-04	6.49E-05
								Nickel	7.25E-05 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	5.25E-06	1.58E-06	2.30E-05	6.90E-06
IA05	Bend-Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter	N/A	N/A	Bldg Enclosure	2	N/A	2.39E-02 tons/hr	PM	2.39E-02 lb/ton	100% Metal Removed	100.00%	70.00%	5.69E-04	1.71E-04	2.49E-03	7.48E-04
								PM ₁₀	2.39E-02 lb/ton	100% Metal Removed	100.00%	70.00%	5.69E-04	1.71E-04	2.49E-03	7.48E-04
								Chromium	3.82E-05 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	9.11E-07	2.73E-07	3.99E-06	1.20E-06
								Manganese	2.24E-04 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	5.35E-06	1.60E-06	2.34E-05	7.03E-06
								Nickel	2.39E-05 lb/ton	SDS	100.00%	70.00%	5.69E-07	1.71E-07	2.49E-06	7.48E-07
IA06	Metalworking Fluid	N/A	N/A	None Known	N/A	N/A	4.52E-03 gal/hr	Toluene	4.21E-01 lb/gal	SDS	0.00%	0.00%	1.91E-03	1.91E-03	8.35E-03	8.35E-03
IA07	Haul Road (Unpaved)	N/A	N/A	None Known	N/A	N/A	6.00E-01	PM	4.68E-02 lb/ton	DAQ Minerals Section	0.00%	0.00%	2.81E-02	2.81E-02	1.23E-01	1.23E-01
								PM ₁₀	1.68E-02 lb/ton	DAQ Minerals Section	0.00%	0.00%	1.01E-02	1.01E-02	4.43E-02	4.43E-02
<u> </u>									l							

Section N.2: Stack Information

UTM Zone:

	Identify all Emission Units (with Process ID) and	Sta	ack Physical Da	nta	Stack UTM	Coordinates	St	ack Gas Stream D	ata
Stack ID	Control Devices that Feed to Stack	Equivalent Diameter (ft)	Height (ft)	Base Elevation (ft)	Northing (m)	Easting (m)	Flowrate (acfm)	Temperature (°F)	Exit Velocity (ft/sec)
1 & 2	EP01-1 = Spray Booth Primer EP01-2 = Spray Booth Thinner	3.50	25.60	879	4254326	649317	40,000 cfm	Ambient	69.28

Section N.3: Fugitive Information

UTM Zone:

Emission Unit #		Process ID	Area Physic	al Data	Area UTM (Coordinates	Area Release Data		
Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Name		Length of the X Side	Length of the Y Side (ft)	Northing (m)	Easting (m)	Release Temperature	Release Height	
IA07	Haul Road Unpaved	N/A	35	468	4254266	649391	Ambient	20	

Section N.4: Notes, Comments, and Explanations

Division for Air Quality

300 Sower Boulevard

DEP7007K

Surface Coating or Printing Operations

Section K.1: Process Information
Section K.2: Coating Operations
Section K.3: Other Operations
Section K.4: Coatings/Printing Materials as Applied
Section K.5: HAP-containing Coatings/Printing Materia
Section K.6: Notes, Comments, and Explanations

Additional Documentation

Complete DEP7007AI, DEP7007N, DEP7007V, and DEP7007GG.

	#: #Interest (AI) ID: 177435 8/23/2023 In K.1: Process Information I Unit #: EP01-1 & EP01-2 I Unit Name: Spray Coating Printing Line Name: Mixture of 95% 3 Id/Actual Date of ection: (MM/YYYY) Existing Pacility receives raw materials Airless Sprayer.	Section K.3: Other Operations Section K.4: Coatings/Printing Materials as Applied Section K.5: HAP-containing Coatings/Printing Materials Section K.6: Notes, Comments, and Explanations	Attach SDS or Technical Sheets for all Coating/Printing Materials Attach a flow diagram
Source Name:		Sonne Steel, Inc.	
KY EIS (AFS) #:	21	=	
Permit #:			
Agency Interest (A	I) ID:	177435	
Date:		8/23/2023	
Section K.1: Pro	cess Infor	mation	
Emission Unit #:	EP01-1 & EP01	1-2	
Emission Unit Name:	Spray Coating		
Coating/Printing Line	Name:	Mixture of 95% Shopcoat Primer & 5% Xylene (Thinner)	
Proposed/Actual Date of Construction: (MM/YY)		Evisting	
List Applicable Regulations:			
Describe Overall Process:	1 -	ves raw materials (steel), cuts and drills them to specifications (automated system) and paints them with per.	primer using a Graco 695 HVLP
Describe Coatings/Printing Materials:	Primer = Shop	ocoat Primer from Sherwin Williams / Thinner (Xylene) from Univar Solutions - /SDS provided for both	

11/2018 Identify the Material that is Coated/Printed:	. Metal		☐ Vinyl	Plastics	Wood	✓ Foil	Paper	Other Substrate	DEP7007I
Provide detailed descri	iption of mat	terial coated/pi	rinted:	Raw materials (steel)	used for various cons	struction projects.			
Provide approximate of coated or printed:	limensions a	nd range of siz	es of parts being						
				Various sizes fabricat	ed to customer specif	ications.			
Identify the Type of O	peration:	Ε	Continuous	✓ Batch Ot	:her:				
Describe Surface Prep	scribe Surface Preparation/Pretreatment Steps:				cutting, sawing and dr	rilling) to reach pre-detern	mined lengths - automate	ed fabrication)	
For Coating	✓ Spray	Flow	Dip tank	Electrodeposition					
Operations:	Brush	Powder	Roller Coat		Other:	Graco 695 HVLP Airless	Spray Gun		
For Printing Operation (Select all that apply)	ns:	☐ Web☐ Sheetfed	Rotogravure Letterpress	Heatset Non-heatset	Lithograpl	hic Othe			
Describe Final Produc	t:	Steel produc	ets painted with prime	er used for various consti	ruction products.				
			Check	the category that	most closely do	escribes this unit:			
Large Appliance Coati	ng	Auto or L	ight-Duty Truck Coati	ng	Metal Furniture Co	oating	Metal C	Coil Coating	
Beverage Can Coating	9	✓ Miscellar	neious Metal Parts Co	ating	Magnet Wire Insu	llation Coating	Flat W	ood Panel Coating	
Fabric, Vinyl, or Paper	Coating	Boat Mar	nufacturing/ Ship Repa	air	Pressure Sensitive	e Tape and Label Coating	Magne	t Tape Coating	
Publication Rotogravu	re Printing	Coating of	of Plastic Parts for Busi	ness Machines	Flexible Vinyl and	l Urethane Coating and Pr	rinting		
Graphic Arts using Rot	Publication Rotogravure Printing Coating of Plastic Parts for Bu						Other:		

Section K.	2: Coati	ing Opera						
			K.2A: Fo	or Spray (Coating			
Gun/Booth ID	Describe	e Function	Туре		Mode	Maxi Des Applio Ra (gal/hr o	ign cation ite	Describe how maximum rate was determined
EP01	fabricated s with Prin	Coating steel products ner/Thinner xture	☐ Conventional Air Gun☑ Airless☐ Electrostatic☐ Aerosol Spray Can	HVLP LVLP Other	✓ Manual ☐ Automatic	15.00	gal/hr	Testing Equipment Specification Sheet Estimation
			Conventional Air Gun Airless Electrostatic Aerosol Spray Can	HVLP LVLP Other	Manual Automatic			Testing Equipment Specification Sheet Estimation
			☐ Conventional Air Gun☐ Airless☐ Electrostatic☐ Aerosol Spray Can	HVLP LVLP Other	Manual Automatic			Testing Equipment Specification Sheet Estimation
If spray guns a simultaneously					N/A			
			K.2B: Fo	or Brush (Coating			
Describe Funct	tion:				N/A			
Maximum Coa Application Ra (gal/hr)					N/A			
			K.2C: Fo	or Roller (Coating			
Roller Co	oat ID	Des	cribe Function	Maximu	m Coating App Rate (gal/hr)	lication	Descri	be how maximum rate was determined
N/A			N/A		N/A		Testi	ing Estimation pment Specification Sheet
							Test	ing Estimation pment Specification Sheet
							Testi	ing Estimation pment Specification Sheet

		K.2D: F	For Powder Coating		
Powder Coat ID	Des	cribe Function	Maximum Coating Appl Rate (gal/hr or lb/hr)	lication	Describe how maximum rate was determined
N/A		N/A	N/A		Testing Estimation
1071		1011	1771		Equipment Specification Sheet
					Testing Estimation
					Equipment Specification Sheet
					Testing Estimation
					Equipment Specification Sheet
					Testing Estimation
					Equipment Specification Sheet
If powder coating ma recycled, descri			N/A		
		K.2E:	For Flow Coating		
Flow Coat ID	Des	scribe Function	Maximum Coating Appl Rate (gal/hr or lb/hr)	lication	Describe how maximum rate was determined
N/A		N/A	N/A		Testing Estimation
IVA		IV/A	IVA		Equipment Specification Sheet
					Testing Estimation
					Equipment Specification Sheet
					Testing Estimation
					Equipment Specification Sheet
					Testing Estimation
					Equipment Specification Sheet
		K.2F: For Dip Ta	nk/Electrodeposition Coa	ting	
Tank ID	Des	scribe Function	Maximum Make-up l (gal/hr or lb/hr)	Rate	Describe how maximum rate was determined
N/A		N/A	N/A		Testing Estimation
- w 			- "."		Equipment Specification Sheet
					Testing Estimation
					Equipment Specification Sheet
					Testing Estimation
					Equipment Specification Sheet
					Testing Estimation
					Equipment Specification Sheet

Section K.3: Other	Operati	ons			
		K	.3A: For Finishing		
Describe Finishing Proc Complete Form DEP7007B as ap				N/A	
		K.3F	3: For Curing/Dryi	ng	
Describe Curing/Drying P	rocesses:	Description	Rated Capacity (MMBtu/hr)	Fuel	Control Device/Stack ID
Air Dried		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
]	K.3C: For Purge		_
Туре:		N/A			
Daily Usage:		N/A	gal	l/day	
		K	.3D: For Clean-up		
Type:	 / Manual [Automatic			
Daily Usage:		9.05E-02 gal/hr	hrs	s/day	
Operating Hours:		8.5 hrs/day			
		K.3E:	For Other Equipm	ient	
Describe Processes:			1	N/A	

Section K.4: Coatings/Printing Materials As Applied

Include SDS or Technical Sheets for all coating/printing materials used.

	Description											
Trade Name of Material	Oescription (Identify as coating, ink, fountain solution, blanket wash, cleaning solvent, thinning solvent, auto wash, manual wash, etc.)	Emission Unit/Coating ID where material is used	SCC Code	SCC Code Units	Density (lb/gal)	Solid Content (lb/gal)	VOC Content (lb/gal)	Emission Factor for PM* (lb/SCC)	Transfer Efficiency (%)	Emission Factor for VOC (lb/SCC)	Capture Efficiency (%)	Control Device/ Stack ID
Universal Shopcoat Primer	Coating	EP01-1	4-02-002-01	Tons Coating Mix Applied	12.51	9.68	2.83	9.68	60%	2.83	96% for PM 0% VOCs/HAPs	Fabric Filter/1 & 2
Xylene	Thinner	EP01-2	4-02-009-24	Tons Solvent Used	7.26	0	7.26	N/A	N/A	7.26	0%	Fabric Filter/1 & 2

*Emission factor for particulate matter (PM) should not include transfer efficiency.

Section K.5: Hazardous Air Pollutant-containing Coatings/Printing Materials

List each individual hazardous air pollutant (HAP) contained in each material.

Trade Name of Material	HAP Name	HAP CAS #	Identify Solid (S) or Volatile (V)	HAP % by weight	HAP Emission Factor (lb/SCC)	Control Device/ Stack ID
Shopcoat Universal Primer	Toluene	108-88-3	V	0.60%	7.51E-02	Fabric Filter/Stack 1 & 2
	Xylene	1330-20-7	V	0.60%	7.51E-02	Fabric Filter/Stack 1 & 2
Xylene	Xylene	1330-20-7	V	100.00%	7.26	Fabric Filter/Stack 1 & 2
	Cumene	98-82-8	V	1.00%	7.26E-02	Fabric Filter/Stack 1 & 2
	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	V	35.00%	2.54	Fabric Filter/Stack 1 & 2

Section K.6: Notes, Comments, and Explanations				
	_			

Division for Air Quality

300 Sower Boulevard Frankfort, KY 40601 (502) 564-3999

DEP7007B

Manufacturing or Processing Operations

Sec	tion B.1: Process Information
Sec	tion B.2: Materials and Fuel Information
Sec	tion B.3: Notes, Comments, and Explanation

Additional Documentation
Complete DEP7007AI, DEP7007N, DEP7007V, and DEP7007GG.
Attach a flow diagram
Attach SDS

Source Name:	Sonne Steel, Inc.
KY EIS (AFS) #:	21
Permit #:	
Agency Interest (AI) ID:	177435
Date:	8/25/2023

Section B.1: Process Information

Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Name	Describe Emission Unit	Process ID	Process Name	Manufacturer	Model No.	Proposed/Actual Date of Construction Commencement (MM/YYYY)	Is the Process Continuous or Batch?	Number of Batches per 24 Hours (if applicable)	Hours per Batch (if applicable)
	GMAW -	Welding Wire				Millermatic				
EP02	Metal Inert	Consumed	N/A	N/A	Miller	252	Existing	Batch	2.24 lb/hr	1

Section B.2: Materials and Fuel Information

*Maximum yearly fuel usage rate only applies if applicant request operating restrictions through federally enforceable limitations.

Emission Unit #	Emission Emission Material			nit Nama Materials	Quantity Raw M	imum y of Each Iaterial put	Total Process Weight Rate for Emission Unit	Fillished	Each Finis	Quantity of hed Material itput		Fuel Us	m Hourly age Rate		ım Yearly sage Rate	Sulfur Content	
		Input		(Specify Units/hr)	(tons/hr)	Materials		(Specify Units/hr)			(Specify Units)		(Specify Units)	(%)	(%)		
EP02	GMAW - Metal Inert Gas (MIG)	Welding wire	2.24	lb/hr.	1.12E-03	Consumed Wire	2.24	lb/hr.	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

11/2018	DEP7007E
Section B.3: Notes, Comments, and Explanations	

Section B.3: Notes, Comments, and Explanations						

Division for Air Quality 300 Sower Boulevard Frankfort, KY 40601 (502) 564-3999

DEP7007DD

Insignificant Activities

Section DD.1: Table of Insignificant Activit	es
--	----

___ Section DD.2: Signature Block

Section DD.3: Notes, Comments, and Explanations

Source Name:	Sonne Steel, Inc.
KY EIS (AFS) #:	21
Permit #:	
Agency Interest (AI) ID:	177435
Date:	8/25/2023

Section DD.1: Table of Insignificant Activities

*Identify each activity with a unique Insignificant Activity number (IA #); for example: 1, 2, 3... etc.

Insignificant Activity #	Description of Activity including Rated Capacity	Serial Number or Other Unique Identifier	Applicable Regulation(s)	Calculated Emissions
IA01	Spray Gun Cleanout	N/A	401 KAR 52:030	VOC = 2.88 Uncontrolled TPY
			401 KAR 63:020	Xylene = 2.88 Uncontrolled TPY Cumene = 2.88E-02 Uncontrolled TPY
				Ethylbenzene = 1.01 Uncontrolled TPY

Insignificant Activity #	Description of Activity including Rated Capacity	Serial Number or Other Unique Identifier	Applicable Regulation(s)	Calculated Emissions		
IA02	Python X Robotic Steel Fabrication	N/A	401 KAR 59:010	PM = 2.84E-02 Uncontrolled TPY PM10 = 2.84E-02 Uncontrolled TPY		
			401KAR 63:020	Chromium = 5.68E-05 Uncontrolled TPY Manganese = 2.67E-04 Uncontrolled TPY		
				Nickel = 2.84E-05 Uncontrolled TPY		
[A03	Steel Metalworking Band Saw	N/A	401 KAR 59:010	PM = 2.96E-02 Uncontrolled TPY PM10 = 2.96E-02 Uncontrolled TPY		
			401 KAR 63:020	Chromium = 4.73E-05 Uncontrolled TPY Manganese = 2.78E-04 Uncontrolled TPY		
				Nickel = 2.96E-05 Uncontrolled TPY		
IA04	Steel Metalworking Cold Saw	N/A	401 KAR 59:010	PM = 2.30E-02 Uncontrolled TPY PM10 = 2.30E-02 Uncontrolled TPY		
			401 KAR 63:020	Chromium = 3.68E-05 Uncontrolled TPY Manganese = 2.16E-04 Uncontrolled TPY		
				Nickel = 2.30E-05 Uncontrolled TPY		
IA05	Bend-Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter	N/A	401 KAR 59:010	PM = 2.49E-03 Uncontrolled TPY PM10 = 2.49E-03 Uncontrolled TPY		
			401 KAR 63:020	Chromium = 3.99E-06 Uncontrolled TPY Manganese = 2.34E-05 Uncontrolled TPY		
				Nickel = 2.49E-06 Uncontrolled TPY		

Insignificant Activity #	Description of Activity including Rated Capacity	Serial Number or Other Unique Identifier	Applicable Regulation(s)	Calculated Emissions
IA06	Lennox Band Ade Metalworking Fluid	N/A	401 KAR 63:020	Toluene = 8.35E-03 Uncontrolled TPY
IA07	Haul Raod (Unpaved)	N/A	401 KAR 59:010	PM = 1.23E-01 Uncontrolled TPY PM10 =4.43E-02 Uncontrolled TPY

Insignificant Activity #	Description of Activity including Rated Capacity	Serial Number or Other Unique Identifier	Applicable Regulation(s)	Calculated Emissions
				×
tion DD.2:	Signature Block			

UNDER PENALTY OF LAW, THAT I AM A RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL, AND THAT I HAVE PERSONALLY EXAMINED, AND AM FAMILIAR WITH, THE INFORMATION SUBMITTED IN THIS DOCUMENT AND ALL ITS ATTACHMENTS. BASED ON MY INQUIRY OF THOSE INDIVIDUALS WITH PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY FOR OBTAINING THE INFORMATION, I CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION IS ON KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, TRUE, ACCURATE, AND COMPLETE. I AM AWARE THAT THERE ARE SIGNIFICANT PENALTIES FOR SUBMITTING FALSE OR INCOMPLETE INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY OF FINE OR IMPRISONMENT.

Authorized Signature

By:

Type/Print Name of Siguatory

2023

Date

Title of Siguatory

Section DD.3: Notes, Comments, and Explanations						

11/2018 DEP7007HH

Division for Air Quality		DEP7007HH					Additional Documentation		
21/10/01/10/11/11/20	<i></i>	Haul Roads						Complete DEP7007AI, DEP7007N	
300 Sower Boulevard		Section HH.1: Haul Roads						and DEP7007V	
Frankfort, KY 4060)1	Se	ection HH.2:	Yard A	rea			SDS for dust suppressant	
(502) 564-3999		Se	ection HH.3:	ection HH.3: Notes, Comments, and Explanations					
Source Name:									
	Sonne Steel	, mc.							
KY EIS (AFS) #: 21-									
Permit #:									
Agency Interest (AI) ID:	177435								
Date:	8/25/2023								
Section HH.1: Haul R	Roads								
HH.1A Unpaved Haul Road	ds:								
Average Number of Days in	a Year with	0.01 inches of Precip	oitation (P):			126	_Days		
Mean Vehicle Weight (W):		4.25	Tons						
Surface Material Silt Content	t (s):		8.5	½ 0					
Haul Road Length:		0.18	Miles						
Maximum Vehicle Miles Traveled in a Year:			56.1	16	Miles				
Describe the dust control method for unpaved haul road(s): (If dust control suppressants will be utilized, attach the approved Safety Data Sheet(s), as applicable.)							None Known		
Emission factor:		= 4.68E-02 lb/ton = 1.68E-02 lb/ton							

H拍ΩΩBSPaved Haul Roads:				DEP7007H
Average Number of Days in a Year with 0.01 inches	es of Precipitation (P)	Days		
Mean Vehicle Weight (W):	Tons			
Road Surface Silt Loading (sL):				
Haul Road Length:	Miles			
Maximum Vehicle Miles Traveled in a Year:		Miles		
Describe the dust control method for paved haul (If dust control suppressants will be utilized, attach the approved Sheet(s), as applicable.)				
Section HH.2: Yard Area (Aggregate	Handling And S	Storage Piles):		
Average Number of Days in a Year with 0.01 inches	es of Precipitation (P)	: _	126 Days	
Mean Wind Speed (U):	6.7	MPH		
Material Moisture Content (M):	Unknown	%		
Describe the dust control method for yard ar (If dust control suppressants will be utilized, attach the approved sometimes (s), as applicable.)			None Known	

11/2018 DEP7007HH

Section HH.3: Notes, Comments, and Explanations
Calculation of miles travelled based on 6 trucks a week coming into and leaving the facility.
Truck weight based on 8,500 lbs per truck.

Division for Air Quality

DEP7007GGControl Equipment

Additional Documentation

Complete Sections GG.1 through GG.12, as applicable

300 Sower Boulevard

Frankfort, KY 40601

(502) 564-3999

Attach manufacturer's specifications for each control device

_ Complete DEP7007AI

Source Name:	Sonne Steel, Inc.
KY EIS (AFS) #: 21-	-
Permit #:	
Agency Interest (AI) ID:	177435
Date:	8/22/2023

Control Device ID	Name	Cost	rmation - Con	Model	Date Installed	Inlet Gas Stream Data For <u>All</u> Control Devices					Inlet Gas Stream Data For Condensers, Adsorbers, Afterburners, Incinerators, Oxidizers <u>Only</u>			Equipment Operational Data For All Control Devices		
#				Serial #		Temperature	Flowrate (scfm @ 68°F)	Average Particle Diameter (µm)	Particle Density (lb/ft³) or Specific Gravity	Gas Density (lb/ft³)	Gas Moisture Content	Gas Composition	Fan Type	Pressure Drop Range (in. H ₂ O)	Pollutants Collected/Con trolled	Pollutant Removal
1	Fabric Filter	Unknown	Columbus Indstries	Supra II	Unknown	Ambient	40,000 cfm	Unknown	Unknown	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	.50 w.g.	PM	96.00%
															PM ₁₀	96.00%
2	Bldg Enclosure	N/A	N/A	N/A	Unknown	Ambient	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	PM	70.00%
															PM ₁₀	70.00%
															Chromium	70.00%
															Manganese	70.00%
															Nickel	70.00%

Control	Control Device	Cost	Manufacturer	Manufacturer	Manufacturei	Model Name/	Date	Inlet	Gas Stream	Data For <u>All</u> C	ontrol Devices		Inlet Gas Stream Data For Condensers, Adsorbers, Afterburners, Incinerators, Oxidizers Only				Equipment Operational Data For All Control Devices	
Device ID #	Name	Cost	Manufacturer	Name/ Serial #	Installed	Temperature	Flowrate (scfm @ 68 ° F)	Average Particle Diameter (µm)	Particle Density (lb/ft³) or Specific Gravity	Gas Density (lb/ft³)	Gas Moisture Content	Gas Composition	Fan Type	Pressure Drop Range (in. H ₂ O)	Pollutants Collected/Con trolled	Pollutant Removal		
3	Dust Collector	Unknown	Lincoln Electric	Prism Compact	Sep-23	Max Temp = 113	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	N/A	N/A	N/A	Unknown	PM	90.00%		
															PM ₁₀	90.00%		
															Chromium	90.00%		
															Manganese	90.00%		
															Nickel	90.00%		

G.6: Filter													
Identify all Emission Units and Control	Identify Type of Filter Unit:	Identify Type of Filtering Material:	Total	Effective Air-to-	Continuous Monitoring	Introduced in Sys	to the Control	Identify Cleaning Method:	Identify Gas Cooling Method: Ductwork, Heat	For Ductwork:		For Bleed- in Air:	For Water Spray:
Filter	Collector, or Other (specify)	Fabric, Paper, Synthetic, or Other (specify)	(ft²)	Filter Ratio (acfm/ft²)	(e.g. COMS, BLDS, none)	Material	(lb/hr)	Reverse Air, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify)	Exchanger, Bleed-in Air, Water Spray, or Other (specify)	Length	Diameter (ft)	Flowrate (scfm @ 68°F)	Flowrate (gal/min)
		Fabric Filter High Capacity Mini Mesh	311	128.62	Unknown	N/A	N/A	Replace	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
IA02 Python X Robotic Steel Fabrication System	Collector	Fabric Filter Merv 16 PTFE	323	Unknown	Electronic monitors - CFM setting / Duct Pressure	N/A	N/A	Pulse Jet	N/A	10	1.17	N/A	N/A
	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter EP01-1 Spray Booth - Primer & EP01-2 Spray Booth - Thinner	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter EP01-1 Spray Booth - Primer & EP01-2 Spray Booth - Thinner IA02 Python X Robotic Identify Type of Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Paint Collector - Poly Paper Sewn	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Fabric, Paper, Synthetic, or Other (specify)	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify)	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Fabric Filter High Capacity Mini Mesh EP01-1 Spray Booth - Primer & EP01-2 Spray Booth - Thinner	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Fabric Filter High Capacity Mini Mesh EP01-1 Spray Booth - Primer & EP01-2 Spray Booth - Thinner	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Fabric Filter High Capacity Mini Mesh EP01-1 Spray Booth - Primer & EP01-2 Spray Booth - Thinner	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Fabric Filter High Capacity Mini Mesh EP01-1 Spray Booth - Primer & EP01-2 Spray Booth - Thinner	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Paper Sewn Fabric Filter High Capacity Mini Mesh Steel Fabrication System Capacity Mini Mesh Capacity Mini Mes	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Fabric Filter High Primer & EP01-1 Spray Booth - Thinner Primer & EP01-2 Spray Booth - Thinner Thinner Fabric Filter Merv 16 Steel Fabrication System Capacity Mini Mesh Steel Fabrication System Capacity Mini Mesh Steel Fabrication System Continuous Monitoring Intrumentation (e.g. CoMS, BLDS, none) Material Injection Rate (b.f.) Material Injection Rate	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Specify) Identify Type of Filter Unit: Specify System (e.g. CMS, BLDS, none) Primer & EP01-1 Spray Booth - Thinner Identify Type of Filter High Capacity Mini Mesh Identify Type of Filter Unit: Sphouse, Cartridge Collector Other (specify) Identify Type of Filter Unit: Sphouse, Cartridge Collector Poly Paper Sewn Identify Type of Filter Unit: Sphouse, Cartridge Collector System (e.g. CMS, BLDS, none) Identify Type of Filter Unit: Sphouse, Cartridge Collector Space, Synthetic, or Other (specify) Identify Type of Filter Unit: Sphouse, Cartridge Collector Sphare (e.g. lime, carbon) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Cleaning Method: Shaker, Pulse Jet, or Other (specify) Identify Clean	Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Filter Unit: Seglouse, Cartridge Collector of Other (specify) Fabric Filter High Primer & EP01-1 Spray Booth - Primer & EP01-2 Spray Booth - Thinner Identify Type of Filter Merv 16 Steel Fabrication System Continuous Monitoring Instrumentation (e.g. COMS, BLDS, none) Continuous Monitoring Instrumentation (e.g. COMS, BLDS, none) Injection Rate (lb/hr) Additional Materials Introduced into the Control System (e.g. lime, carbon) Injection Rate (lb/hr) Injection Rate (lb/hr) Paper Sewn Paint Collector - Poly Paper Sewn Pap	Identify Type of Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Primer & EP01-1 Spray Booth - Primer & EP01-2 Spray Booth - Thinner Identify Type of Filter High Capacity Mini Mesh Identify Type of Filter High Capacity Mini Mesh Identify Type of Filter Area (Inc.) Identify Type of Filter Area (Inc.) Identify Type of Filter Unit: Baghouse, Cartridge Collector, or Other (specify) Identify Type of Filter Area (Inc.) Identify Cleaning Method: System (e.g. lime, carbon) Injection Rate (Ib/hr) Injection Rate (Ib/hr)

Section GG.11: Other Control Equipment **Control Identify all Emission Units and Control Devices that Feed to Control** Type of Control Equipment (provide description and a diagram with dimensions) **Device** ID# **Equipment** EP02 - GMAW Metal Inert Gas (MIG) Building Enclosure - detailed building layout provided as part of application package. IA02 - Python X Robotic Fab System IA03 - Steel Metalworking (Band Saw) IA04 - Steel Metalworking (Cold Saw) IA05 Bend-Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter

Section GG.12: Notes, Comments, and Explanations Manufacture spec sheets provided for all equipment, including dust collection system, paint booth and associated filters.
Manufacture spec sheets provided for all equipment, including dust collection system, paint booth and associated filters.

DEP7007V Additional Documentation Division for Air Quality Applicable Requirements and Compliance Activities Complete DEP7007AI Section V.1: Emission and Operation 300 Sower Boulevard Frankfort, KY 40601 Section V.2: Monitoring Requirem (502) 564-3999 Section V.3: Recordkeeping Requi Section V.4: Reporting Requiremen Section V.5: Testing Requirements Section V.6: Notes, Comments, and Sonne Steel, Inc. **Source Name: KY EIS (AFS) #:** Permit #: Agency Interest (AI) ID: 177435 8/25/2023 Date: Section V.1: Emission and Operating Limitation(s)

Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Description	Applicable Regulation or Requirement	Pollutant	Emission Limit (if applicable)	Voluntary Emission Limit or Exemption (if applicable)	Operating Requirement or Limitation (if applicable)	Method of Determining Compliance with the Emission and Operating Requirement(s)
EP01-1	Spray Coating Booth - Shop Coat Primer		PM PM10	100 TPY	90 TPY	No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit any continuous emission into the open air from a control device or stack associated with any affected facility which is equal to or greater than twenty (20) percent opacity	Visual determinations of fugitive emissions and opacity
		401 KAR 52:030	VOC	100 TPY	90 TPY	Operate in compliance with permit issued under this administrative regulation.	Demonstrate compliance with applicable requirement if requested by the cabinet.

Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Description	Applicable Regulation or Requirement	Pollutant	Emission Limit (if applicable)	Voluntary Emission Limit or Exemption (if applicable)	Operating Requirement or Limitation (if applicable)	Method of Determining Compliance with the Emission and Operating Requirement(s)
		401 KAR 63:020	Toluene Xylene	Xylene = 10 TPY	Xylene = 9 TPY	Persons responsible for a source from which hazardous matter or toxic substances may be emitted shall provide the utmost care and consideration, in the handling of these materials, to the potentially harmful effects of the emissions resulting from such activities. No owner or operator shall allow any affected facility to emit potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances in such quantities or duration as to be harmful to the health and welfare of humans, animals, and plants	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
EP01-2	Spray Coating Booth - Thinner	401 KAR 63:020	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	Xylene = 10 TPY	Xylene = 9 TPY	Persons responsible for a source from which hazardous matter or toxic substances may be emitted shall provide the utmost care and consideration, in the handling of these materials, to the potentially harmful effects of the emissions resulting from such activities. No owner or operator shall allow any affected facility to emit potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances in such quantities or duration as to be harmful to the health and welfare of humans, animals, and plants	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
		401 KAR 52:030	VOC	100 TPY	90 TPY	this administrative regulation.	Demonstrate compliance with applicable requirement if requested by the cabinet.
EP02	GMAW - Metal Inert Gas (MIG)	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM ₁₀	100 TPY	90 TPY	No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit any continuous emission into the open air from a control device or stack associated with any affected facility which is equal to or greater than twenty (20) percent opacity	Visual determinations of fugitive emissions and opacity

Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Description	Applicable Regulation or Requirement	Pollutant	Emission Limit (if applicable)	Voluntary Emission Limit or Exemption (if applicable)	Operating Requirement or Limitation (if applicable)	Method of Determining Compliance with the Emission and Operating Requirement(s)
		401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese	N/A	N/A	Persons responsible for a source from which hazardous matter or toxic substances may be emitted shall provide the utmost care and consideration, in the handling of these materials, to the potentially harmful effects of the emissions resulting from such activities. No owner or operator shall allow any affected facility to emit potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances in such quantities or duration as to be harmful to the health and welfare of humans, animals, and plants	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
		40 CFR 63 Subpart 6X	Chromium Manganese	N/A	N/A	Facility must operate all equipment associated with welding operations according to manufacturer's instructions. Facility must implement one or more management practices listed in § 63.11516 to minimize emissions of MFHAP as practicable.	Facility must demonstrate compliance by maintaining a record of the manufacturer's specifications for welding operations. Facility must maintain required welding quality through the application of sound engineering
IA01	Spray Gun Cleanout	401 KAR 63:020	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	Xylene = 10 TPY	Xylene = 9 TPY	Persons responsible for a source from which hazardous matter or toxic substances may be emitted shall provide the utmost care and consideration, in the handling of these materials, to the potentially harmful effects of the emissions resulting from such activities. No owner or operator shall allow any affected facility to emit potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances in such quantities or duration as to be harmful to the health and welfare of humans, animals, and plants	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
		401 KAR 52:030	VOC	100 TPY	90 TPY	Operate in compliance with permit issued under this administrative regulation.	Demonstrate compliance with applicable requirement if requested by the cabinet.

Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Description	Applicable Regulation or Requirement	Pollutant	Emission Limit (if applicable)	Voluntary Emission Limit or Exemption (if applicable)	Operating Requirement or Limitation (if applicable)	Method of Determining Compliance with the Emission and Operating Requirement(s)
IA02	Phython X Robotic Steel Fabrication System	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	100 TPY	90 TPY	No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit any continuous emission into the open air from a control device or stack associated with any affected facility which is equal to or greater than twenty (20) percent opacity	Visual determinations of fugitive emissions and opacity
			Chromium Manganese Nickel	N/A	N/A	Persons responsible for a source from which hazardous matter or toxic substances may be emitted shall provide the utmost care and consideration, in the handling of these materials, to the potentially harmful effects of the emissions resulting from such activities. No owner or operator shall allow any affected facility to emit potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances in such quantities or duration as to be harmful to the health and welfare of humans, animals, and plants	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
IA03	Steel Metalworking (Hyd Saw)	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM ₁₀	100 TPY	90 TPY	No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit any continuous emission into the open air from a control device or stack associated with any affected facility which is equal to or greater than twenty (20) percent opacity	Visual determinations of fugitive emissions and opacity
		401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	N/A	N/A	Persons responsible for a source from which hazardous matter or toxic substances may be emitted shall provide the utmost care and consideration, in the handling of these materials, to the potentially harmful effects of the emissions resulting from such activities. No owner or operator shall allow any affected facility to emit potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances in such quantities or duration as to be harmful to the health and welfare of humans, animals, and plants	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used

Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Description	Applicable Regulation or Requirement	Pollutant	Emission Limit (if applicable)	Voluntary Emission Limit or Exemption (if applicable)	Operating Requirement or Limitation (if applicable)	Method of Determining Compliance with the Emission and Operating Requirement(s)
IA04	Steel Metalworking (Cold Saw)	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM ₁₀	100 TPY	90 TPY	No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit any continuous emission into the open air from a control device or stack associated with any affected facility which is equal to or greater than twenty (20) percent opacity	Visual determinations of fugitive emissions and opacity
		401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	N/A	N/A	Persons responsible for a source from which hazardous matter or toxic substances may be emitted shall provide the utmost care and consideration, in the handling of these materials, to the potentially harmful effects of the emissions resulting from such activities. No owner or operator shall allow any affected facility to emit potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances in such quantities or duration as to be harmful to the health and welfare of humans, animals, and plants	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
IA05	Bend-Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter	401 KAR 58:010	PM PM10	100 TPY	90 TPY	No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit any continuous emission into the open air from a control device or stack associated with any affected facility which is equal to or greater than twenty (20) percent opacity	Visual determinations of fugitive emissions and opacity
		401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	N/A	N/A	Persons responsible for a source from which hazardous matter or toxic substances may be emitted shall provide the utmost care and consideration, in the handling of these materials, to the potentially harmful effects of the emissions resulting from such activities. No owner or operator shall allow an affected facility to emit potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances in such quantities or duration as to be harmful to the health and welfare of humans, animals, and plants.	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used

Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Description	Applicable Regulation or Requirement	Pollutant	Emission Limit (if applicable)	Voluntary Emission Limit or Exemption (if applicable)	Operating Requirement or Limitation (if applicable)	Method of Determining Compliance with the Emission and Operating Requirement(s)
IA06	Metalworking Fluid	401 KAR 63:020	Toluene	N/A	N/A		Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
IA07	Haul Road (Unpaved)	401 KAR 63:010	PM PM ₁₀	100 TPY	90 TPY	material to be handled, processed, transported, or	opacity

Section V.2: Monitoring Requirements **Emission Emission Unit Applicable Regulation** Parameter **Pollutant Description of Monitoring** Unit# Monitored Description or Requirement EP01-1 Spray Coating Booth - Stop Coat 401 KAR 59:010 Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity PM10 PM10 VOC 401 KAR 52:030 As Required by the Cabinet 401 KAR 63:020 Monthly record or rolling total of materials used Toluene Toluene Xylene Xylene EP01-2 401 KAR 63:020 Spray Coating Booth - Thinner Xylene Monthly record or rolling total of materials used Xylene Cumene Cumene Ethylbenzene Ethylbenzene VOC 401 KAR 52:030 VOC As Required by the Cabinet EP02 GMAW Metal Inert Gas (MIG) РМ 401 KAR 59:010 Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity PM10 DΜ PM10 Chromium 401 KAR 63:020 Monthly record or rolling total of materials used Manganese Manganese Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity using methods specified in § Chromiumt 40 CFR 63 Subpart 6X Chromium Manganese Manganese Monthly record or rolling total of materials used IA01 Insignificant Activity -401 KAR 63:020 Xylene Xylene Spray Gun Cleanout Cumene Cumene Ethylbenzene Ethylbenzene VOC 401 KAR 52:030 VOC As Required by the Cabinet IA02 Insignificant Activity - Python X 401 KAR 59:010 Visual determiation of fugitivie emissions and opacity PM10 PM10 Robotic Steel Fabrication System 401 KAR 63:020 Monthly record or rolling total of materials used Chromium Chromium Manganese Manganese Nickel Nickel IA03 Insignificant Activity 401 KAR 59:010 Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity Steel Metalworking (Hyd Saw) PM10 PM10 401 KAR 63:020 Monthly record or rolling total of materials used Chromium Chromium Manganese Manganese Nickel Nickel IA04 Insignificant Activity 401 KAR 59:010 Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity Steel Metalworking (Cold Saw) PM10 PM10 401 KAR 63:020 Chromium Monthly record or rolling total of materials used Chromium Manganese Manganese Nickel Nickel IA05 Insignificant Activity - Bend-Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter 401 KAR 59:010 Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity PM10 PM10 401 KAR 63:020 Monthly record or rolling total of materials used Chromium Chromium Manganese Manganese Nickel IA06 Insignificant Activity - Metalworking 401 KAR 63:020 Toluene Monthly record or rolling total of materials used Fluid 401 KAR 63:010 Insignificant Activity -РМ Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity PM10 PM10 Haul Road (Unpaved)

Section V.3: Recordkeeping Requirements

		_ -	I	I	
Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Description	Pollutant	Applicable Regulation or Requirement	Parameter Recorded	Description of Recordkeeping
EP01-1	Spray Coating Booth - Shop Coat Primer	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity
		voc	401 KAR 52:030	voc	As Required by the Cabinet
		Toluene Xylene	401 KAR 63:020	Toluene Xylene	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
EP01-2	Spray Coating Booth - Thinner	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	401 KAR 63:020	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
		voc	401 KAR 52:030	VOC	As Required by the Cabinet
EP02	GMAW Metal Inert Gas Welding	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity
		Chromium Manganese	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
		Chromium Manganese	40 CFR 63 Subpart 6X	Chromium Manganese	Facility shall submit an Initial Notification required by 40 CFR 63.9 (b). Record of visual determinations for fugitive emissions to include date and results, description of any corrective action taken, date and results of any follow up determination of fugitive emissions performed after corrective actions. Record of opacity determinations to include date of determination, the average of six-miunte opacities measure by the test and description of any corrective actions taken.
IA01	Insignificant Activity - Spray Gun Cleanout	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	401 KAR 63:020	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
		VOC	401 KAR 52:030	VOC	As Required by the Cabinet
IA02	Insignificant Activity - Python X Robotic Steel Fabrication System	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Visual determiation of fugitivie emissions and opacity
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
IA03	Insignificant Activity - Steel Metalworking (Hyd Saw)	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM	Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
IA04	Insignificant Activity - Steel Metalworking (Cold Saw)	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
IA05	Insignificant Activity - Bend- Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
IA06	Insignificant Activity - Metalworking Fluid	Toluene	401 KAR 63:020	Toluene	Monthly record or rolling total of materials used
IA07	Insignificant Activity - Haul Road (Unpaved)	PM PM10	401 KAR 63:010	PM PM10	Visual determination of fugitive emissions and opacity

Section V.4: Reporting Requirements

Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Description	Pollutant	Applicable Regulation or Requirement	Parameter Reported	Description of Reporting
EP01-1	Spray Coating Booth - Stop Coat Primer	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		VOC	401 KAR 52:030	voc	As Required by the Cabinet
		Toluene Xylene	401 KAR 63:020	Toluene Xylene	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
EP01-2	Spray Coating Booth - Thinner	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	401 KAR 63:020	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		voc	401 KAR 52:030	voc	As Required by the Cabinet
EP02	GMAW Metal Inert Gas Welding	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		Chromium Manganese	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		Chromium Manganese	40 CFR 63 Subpart 6X	Chromium Manganese	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
IA01	Insignificant Activity - Spray Gun Cleanout	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	401 KAR 63:020	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		VOC	401 KAR 52:030	VOC	As Required by the Cabinet
IA02	Insignificant Activity - Python X Robotic Steel Fabrication System	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
IA03	Insignificant Activity - Steel Metalworking (Hyd Saw)	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
IA04	Insignificant Activity - Steel Metalworking (Cold Saw)	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
IA05	Insignificant Activity - Bend Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
IA06	Insignificant Activity - Metalworking Fluid	Toluene	401 KAR 63:020	Toluene	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
IA07	Insignificant Activity - Haul Road (Unpaved)	PM PM10	401 KAR 63:010	PM PM10	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports

Section V.5: Testing Requirements

Emission Unit #	Emission Unit Description	Pollutant	Applicable Regulation or Requirement	Parameter Tested	Description of Testing
EP01-1	Spray Coating	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	As Required by Cabinet
		VOC	401 KAR 52:030	VOC	As Required by Cabinet
		Toluene Xylene	401 KAR 63:020	Toluene Xylene	As Required by Cabinet
EP01-2	Spray Coating Booth - Thinner	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	401 KAR 63:020	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	As Required by Cabinet
		VOC	401 KAR 52:030	VOC	As Required by Cabinet
EP02	GMAW Metal Inert Gas Welding	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	As Required by Cabinet
		Chromium Manganese	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese	As Required by Cabinet
		Chromium Manganese	40 CFR 63 Subpart 6X	Chromium Manganese	As Required by Cabinet
IA01	Insignificant Activity - Spray Gun Cleanout	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	401 KAR 63:020	Xylene Cumene Ethylbenzene	As Required by Cabinet
		VOC	401 KAR 52:030	voc	As Required by Cabinet
IA02	Insignificant Activity - Python X Robotic Steel Fabrication System	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	As Required by Cabinet
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	As Required by Cabinet
IA03	Insignificant Activity - Steel Metalworking (Hyd Saw)	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	As Required by Cabinet
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	As Required by Cabinet
IA04	Insignificant Activity - Steel Metalworking (Cold Saw)	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	As Required by Cabinet
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	As Required by Cabinet
	Insignificant Activity - Bend Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter	PM PM10	401 KAR 59:010	PM PM10	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
		Chromium Manganese Nickel	401 KAR 63:020	Chromium Manganese Nickel	Annual Compliance Certifications & Semi-Annual Monitoring Reports
IA06	Insignificant Activity - Metalworking Fluid	Toluene	401 KAR 63:020	Toluene	As Required by Cabinet
IA07	Insignificant Activity - Haul Road (Unpaved)	PM PM10	401 KAR 63:010	PM PM10	As Required by Cabinet

Section V.6: Notes, Comments, and Explanations

	Name:Sonne Steel, Inc.		AI# 1774	35	l	1	l	l	1	
Identification		Material	Throughput	Units	Hours	Emission Factors Pollutant EF Units	Control	Uncontrolled lb/hr TPY	Controlled lb/hr T	TPY
Name	Spray Coating Booth - Shopcoat Primer									
EIS Point SCC	EP01-1 4-02-002-01	Steel Spec Waterbased Shop coat Primer	14.25	gal/hr	8760	PM 3.87 lb/gal PM ₁₀ 3.87 lb/gal	96.00% 96.00%	55.18 241.67 55.18 241.67	2.21 2.21	9.67 9.67
Reg Stack#	401 KAR 59:010: 401 KAR 63:020 1 & 2	Spray Test	32.00 2.50E-01	ounces/min gal/min		VOC 2.83 lb/gal Toluene 7.51E-02 lb/gal	0.00%	40.33 176.63 1.07 4.68	40.33 1.07	176.63 4.68
Height Diameter	25.6 ft 3.50 ft	Graco 695 Airless Spray Gun	15.00	gal/hr gun		Xylene 7.51E-02 lb/gal	0.00%	1.07 4.68	1.07	4.68
Flowrate	40,000 cfm	Graco 695 Amess Spray Gun	'	gun						
Temp Date	Ambient 3/1/2021									
Control EF Reference	Fabric Filter 96% - 60% TE (PM) SDS	Mixing Ratio	95.00%							
Notes:	Throughput identified through spray test conducted by facility									
Name EIS Point	Spray Coating Booth - Thinner EP01-2	Thinner (Xylene)	7.50E-01	gal/hr	8760	VOC 7.26 lb/gal	0.00%	5.45 23.85	5.45	23.85
SCC Reg	4-02-009-24 401 KAR 52:030: 401 KAR 63:020	Spray Test	32.00	ounces/min		Xylene 7.26 lb/gal Cumene 7.26E-02 lb/gal	0.00%	5.45 23.85 5.45E-02 2.38E-01	5.45 5.45E-02	23.85 2.38E-01
Stack # Height	1 & 2 25.6 ft	Max. Throughput:	2.50E-01 15.00	gal/min gal/hr		Ethylbenzene 2.54 lb/gal	0.00%	1.91 8.35	1.91	8.35
Diameter	3.50 ft	Graco 695 Airless Spray Gun	1	gun						
Flowrate Temp	40,000 cfm Ambient									
Date Control	3/1/2021 Fabric Filter 96% - 60% TE (PM)									
EF Reference Notes:	SDS Throughput identified through spray test conducted by facility	Mixing Ratio	5.00%							
Name	GMAW - Metal Inert Gas (MIG)									
EIS Point SCC	EP02 3-09-052-54	Welding Wire	1.12E-03	tons/hr	8760	PM 10.80 lb/ton PM ₁₀ 10.80 lb/ton	70.00% 70.00%	1.21E-02 5.31E-02 1.21E-02 5.31E-02	3.64E-03 3.64E-03	1.59E-02 1.59E-02
Reg Stack#	401 KAR 59:010; 401 KAR 63:020; 40 CFR 63 Subpart 6X N/A	Actual Use	4960	lb/year		Chromium 1.08E-01 lb/ton Manganese 2.16E-01 lb/ton	70.00% 70.00%	1.21E-04 5.31E-04 2.42E-04 1.06E-03		1.59E-04 3.18E-04
Height	N/A	Actual Hours	2210.00	hrs/year		manganese 2.102-01 lutton	70.00%	2.422-04 1.002-03	7.272-03	J. 10E*04
Diameter Flowrate	N/A N/A	Actual Use Actual Use	2.24 1.12E-03	lb/hr tons/hr						
Temp Date	Ambient 3/1/2021									
Control EF Reference	Bidg Enclosure - assume 70% CE AP-42 Chapter 12 (Table 12.19) E70S for PM / SDS for HAPs									
EF Reference Notes:	AP-42 Chapter 12 (Table 12.19) E70S for PM / SDS for HAPs Use 4,960 pounds of year per year over 10 total welding units							<u></u>	<u> </u>	
Name EIS Point	Spray Gun Cleanout - Insignificant Activity IA01	Xylene	9.05E-02	gal/hr	8760	VOC 7.26 lb/gal	0.00%	6.57E-01 2.88	6.57E-01	2.88
scc	4-02-009-24				6/60	Xylene 7.26 lb/gal	0.00%	6.57E-01 2.88	6.57E-01	2.88
Reg Stack #	401 KAR 52:030; 401 KAR 63:020 None	Acutal Usage Acutal Hours	200.00 2210.00	gal/yr hr/yr		Cumene 7.26E-02 lb/gal Ethylbenzene 2.54 lb/gal	0.00%	6.57E-03 2.88E-02 2.30E-01 1.01	6.57E-03 2.30E-01	2.88E-02 1.01
Height Diameter	N/A N/A		9.05E-02	gal/hr		1				
Flowrate	N/A									
Temp Date	N/A 3/1/2021									
Control EF Reference	None Known SDS									
Notes:	Throughput based on annual usage of Xylene as reported by the facil						<u> </u>			
Name EIS Point	Python X Robotic Steel Fabrication System - Insignificant Activi IA02	Weight of metal removed	8.05E-02	tons/hr	8760	PM 8.05E-02 lb/ton	97.00%	6.48E-03 2.84E-02		8.52E-04
SCC Reg	3-09-030-08 401 KAR 59:010; 40 KAR 63:020					PM ₁₀ 8.05E-02 lb/ton Chromium 1.61E-04 lb/ton	97.00% 97.00%	6.48E-03 2.84E-02 1.30E-05 5.68E-05		8.52E-04 1.70E-06
Stack #	N/A N/A					Manganese 7.57E-04 lb/ton Nickel 8.05E-05 lb/ton	97.00% 97.00%	6.09E-05 2.67E-04 6.48E-06 2.84E-05	1.83E-06	8.01E-06 8.52E-07
Height Diameter	N/A					Nickel 8.05E-05 lb/ton	97.00%	6.48E-06 2.84E-05	1.94E-07	8.52E-07
Flowrate Temp	N/A N/A	Metal Removal Rate Cut Width	135 1.40E-01	in/min inch						
Date Control	3/1/2021 Bida Enclosure/Dust Collector	Metal Thickness	0.5 9.45	inch in3/min						
EF Reference	PM: Assumed 100% of material removed; HAPs SDS% by weight Assume 70% for Enclosure/90% for Dust Collector (Merv 16 PTFE)		2.68 161.03	lbs/min						
Notes: Name	Steel Metalworking (Hyd-Mech Band Saw) - Insignificant Activity	,	161.03	IDS/III		<u> </u>		I	ant Activity	
EIS Point SCC	IA03 3-09-030-05	Metal Processed	8.22E-02	tons/hr	8760	PM 8.22E-02 lb/ton PM ₁₀ 8.22E-02 lb/ton	70.00% 70.00%	6.75E-03 2.96E-02 6.75E-03 2.96E-02	2.03E-03	8.87E-03 8.87E-03
Reg	401 KAR 59:010; 401 KAR 63:020 N/A					Chromium 1.31E-04 lb/ton	70.00%	1.08E-05 4.73E-05	3.24E-06	1.42E-05
Stack # Height	N/A	Metal Removal Rate	551.18	in/min		Manganese 7.73E-04 lb/ton Nickel 8.22E-05 lb/ton	70.00% 70.00%	6.35E-05 2.78E-04 6.75E-06 2.96E-05		8.34E-05 8.87E-06
Diameter Flowrate	N/A N/A	Cut Width Metal Thickness	3.50E-02 0.5	inch						
Temp Date	ambient 3/1/2021		9.65 2.74	in3/min Ibs/min						
Control	Bldg Enclosure assumes 70% CE		164.36	lbs/hr						
EF Reference Notes	PM: Assumed 100% of material removed; HAPs SDS% by weight Facility uses 0.5 inch thick mild steel									
Name EIS Point	Steel Metalworking (Cold Saw) - Insignificant Activity IA04	Weight of metal removed	7.25E-02	tons/hr	8760	PM 7.25E-02 lb/ton	70.00%	5.25E-03 2.30E-02	1.58E-03	6.90E-03
scc	3-09-030-05	weight of metal removed	7.232-02	tonsm	6700	PM ₁₀ 7.25E-02 lb/ton	70.00%	5.25E-03 2.30E-02	1.58E-03	6.90E-03
Reg Stack #	401 KAR 59:010; 40 KAR 63:020 N/A					Chromium 1.16E-04 lb/ton Manganese 6.81E-04 lb/ton	70.00% 70.00%	8.40E-06 3.68E-05 4.94E-05 2.16E-04		1.10E-05 6.49E-05
Height Diameter	N/A N/A	Metal Removal Rate Cut Width	135.00 1.26E-01	Inches/min inch		Nickel 7.25E-05 lb/ton	70.00%	5.25E-06 2.30E-05	1.58E-06	6.90E-06
Flowrate	N/A	Metal Thickness	0.50	inch						
Temp Date	N/A 3/1/2021		8.51 2.42	in3/min Ibs/min						
Control EF Reference	Bldg Enclosure 70% CE PM: Assumed 100% of material removed; HAPs SDS% by weight		144.93	lbs/hr						
Notes:	Facility uses 0.5 inch thick mild steel				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	L		
Name EIS Point	Bend-Tech Dragon A400 Plasma Cutter - Insignificant Activity IA05	Weight of metal removed	2.39E-02	tons/hr	8760	PM 2.39E-02 lb/ton		5.69E-04 2.49E-03		7.48E-04
SCC Reg	3-09-030-08 401 KAR 59:010: 40 KAR 63:020					PM ₁₀ 2.39E-02 lb/ton Chromium 3.82E-05 lb/ton	70.00% 70.00%	5.69E-04 2.49E-03 9.11E-07 3.99E-06	1.71E-04	7.48E-04 1.20E-06
Stack #	N/A					Manganese 2.24E-04 lb/ton	70.00%	5.35E-06 2.34E-05	1.60E-06	7.03E-06
Height Diameter	N/A N/A					Nickel 2.39E-05 lb/ton	70.00%	5.69E-07 2.49E-06	1.71E-07	7.48E-07
Flowrate Temp	N/A N/A	Metal Removal Rate Cut Width	20 1.40E-01	in/min inch						
Date	9/2023	Metal Thickness	1	inch						
Control EF Reference	Bldg Enclosure 70% CE PM: Assumed 100% of material removed; HAPs SDS% by weight		2.80 0.80	in3/min Ibs/min						
Notes:	Used 1.0 thick inch steel as metal removal rate based on value in spe Metalworking Fluid - Insignificant Activity	ecs	47.71	lbs/hr						
EIS Point	IA06	Fluid Used	4.52E-03	gal/hr	8760	Toluene 4.21E-01 lb/gal	0.00%	1.91E-03 8.35E-03	1.91E-03	8.35E-03
SCC Reg	3-09-030-07 401 KAR 63:020									
Stack # Height	N/A N/A									
Diameter	N/A	Actual Usage	10.00	gal/yr						
Flowrate Temp	N/A N/A		1.92E-01	gal/week						
Date Control	3/1/2021 None Known									
EF Reference	SDS									
Notes:	Usage rate provided by facility Haul Road (Unpaved) - Insignificant Activity									
EIS Point	IA07 4-02-888-01	Fugitive Dust	6.00E-01	tons/hr	8760	PM 4.68E-02 lb/ton	0.00%	2.81E-02 1.23E-01		1.23E-01 4.43E-02
Reg	401 KAR 63:010					PM ₁₀ 1.68E-02 lb/ton	0.00%	1.01E-02 4.43E-02	1.01E-02	4.43E-U2
Stack # Height	N/A N/A	Trucks per day (Maximum) Tons per truck load	1.20 4.25	truck/day tons/truck						
Diameter Flowrate	N/A	Tons per day	5.10	tons/day						
Temp	N/A Ambient	Hours worked each day	8.50	hrs/day						
Date Control	3/1/2021 None Known									
EF Reference Notes:	DAQ Minerals Section Facility receives 3 trucks per work week and ships out 3 trucks per w	nrk week								
HOLES.	r comy receives a sucks per work week and snips out a trucks per w	orn woon								$\overline{}$

Coating Worst Case Pollutants

Coating worst case Polluta	ints														
Coating Type	Coating Name	Manufacturer	Density (lb/gal)	VOC lb/gal	VOC%	PM%	PM lb/gal	Toluene		Xylene		Cumene		Ethylbenzene	
								%	lb/gal	%	lb/gal	%	lb/gal	%	lb/gal
Primer	Universal Primer	Sherwin-Williams	12.51	2.83	22.62%	77.38%	9.68		0.60% 7.51E-0	0.60%	7.51E-02				
Cleaner - Spray gun	Xylene	Univar Solutions	7.26	7.26	100.00%	0.00%	0.00			100.009	7.26	1.00%	7.26E-02	35.00%	2.54
Metal Working Fluid	Lennox Band Ade	Lennox Tools	8.43		NF	NF			5.00% 4.21F-0	1					

Welding Pollutants

Type of Product	Manufacturer	Product Name	Manganese	Chromium
			%	%
Welding Wire				
	ESAB Denton	OK AristoRod 12.50	2.00%	1.00%

PLASMA ARC CUTTING TABLE EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Equipment Specifications

Type of Metal Cut: Steel

Manufacturer/Model: Python X / Fineline 300 High Definition

Plasma Gas: Air/O2
Shielding Gas: Air
Cutting Type: Dry
Number of Cutters per Station: 1

Sheet Steel

Steel Sheet Density (lbs/in³): 0.284 Control Efficiency: 97%

Controlled Pollutants: PM and PM10 and Heavy Metals

Fume Generation Emission Factor ⁽¹⁾: 7% Usage Factor ⁽²⁾: 100%

Maximum Potential Fume Generation (3)

Weight of metal removed (lbs/hr) $^{(6)}$:

Uncontrolled

Fume Generation (lbs/hr) (7): 11.272
Fume Generation (tons/yr): 49.37 Worst Case*

Controlled

Fume Generation (lbs/hr) $^{(8)}$: 0.338

Fume Generation (tons/yr): 1.481 Worst Case*

		Spe	eciated Poter	ntial Emissi	ons
		Uncontrolled Controlle			rolled
Sheet Steel Chemical Composition (9)	Weight %	(lbs/hr) (10)	(tons/yr) (11	(lbs/hr)	(tons/yr)
Chromium, Cr	0.16%	0.0180	0.0790	0.0005	0.0024
Manganese, Mn	0.94%	0.1060	0.4641	0.0032	0.0139
Nickel, Ni	0.10%	0.0113	0.0494	0.0003	0.0015
Totals:	1.20%	0.1353	0.5925	0.0041	0.0178

161.03

Notes:

lbs = pounds lbs/hr = pounds per hour tons/yr = tons/yr in = inches

⁽¹⁾ The emission factors used are based on plasma cutting fume production testing results provided by the Swedish Institute of Production Engineering Research.

The fume generation factor is based on dry plasma cutting.

 $^{^{(2)}}$ The usage factor represents the percentage of time the unit is in operation; therefore downtime is counted for in the calculations

 $^{^{(3)}}$ The maximum potential fume generation is based on operation 24 hrs/day 365 days/yr $\,$

 $^{^{(5)}} Volume \ of \ Material \ Removed \ (in^3/hr) = Maximum \ Metal \ Cut \ Speed \ (in/min) \ x \ Metal \ Thickness \ (in) \ x \ Maximum \ Cut \ Width \ (in) \ x \ 60 \ min/hr$

 $^{^{(6)}} Weight of Material \ Removed \ (lbs/hr) = Volume \ of \ Material \ Removed \ (in^3/hr) \ x \ Density \ of \ the \ Metal \ (lbs/in^3)$

 $^{^{(7)}\} Uncontrolled\ Fume\ Generation\ (lbs/hr) = Weight\ of\ Material\ Removed\ (lbs/hr)\ x\ Fume\ Generation\ Factor\ (\%)$

 $^{^{(8)}} Controlled \ Fume \ Generation \ (lbs/hr) = Weight \ of \ Material \ Removed \ (lbs/hr) \ x \ Fume \ Generation \ Factor \ (\%) \ x \ (1-Control \ Efficiency/100)$

⁽⁹⁾ The elemental chemistry for the metal was obtained from a heat analysis for a shipment received by Modern Welding of Kentucky

 $^{^{(10)}\,}Speciated\;Emission\;Rate\;(lbs/hr) = Individual\;Metal\;Component\;Weight\;Percent\;(\%)\;x\;Fume\;Generation\;(lbs/hr)$

 $^{^{(11)}} Speciated\ Emission\ Rate\ (tons/yr) = Individual\ Metal\ Component\ Weight\ Percent\ (\%)\ x\ Fume\ Generation\ (tons/yr)$

PLASMA ARC CUTTING TABLE EMISSION CALCULATIONS

Equipment Specifications

Type of Metal Cut: Steel

Manufacturer/Model: Bend-Tech Dragon A400 Powermax 85

Plasma Gas: Air/O2
Shielding Gas: Air
Cutting Type: Dry
Number of Cutters per Station: 1

Sheet Steel

Steel Sheet Density (lbs/in³): 0.284 Control Efficiency: 70%

Controlled Pollutants: PM and PM10 and Heavy Metals

Fume Generation Emission Factor ⁽¹⁾: 7%
Usage Factor ⁽²⁾: 100%

Maximum Potential Fume Generation (3)

Weight of metal removed (lbs/hr) $^{(6)}$:

 Maximum Metal Cut Speed (in/min):
 20

 Metal Thickness (in):
 1

 Maximum Cut Width (in):
 0.14

 Volume of metal removed (in³/hr) (5):
 168.00

Uncontrolled

Controlled

Fume Generation (lbs/hr) $^{(7)}$: 3.340 Fume Generation (tons/yr): 14.63

Worst Case*

Fume Generation (lbs/hr) ⁽⁸⁾: 1.002

Fume Generation (tons/yr): 4.389 Worst Case*

		Spe	eciated Poter	ntial Emissi	ons
		Uncon	itrolled	Cont	rolled
Sheet Steel Chemical Composition (9)	Weight %	(lbs/hr) (10)	(tons/yr) (11	(lbs/hr)	(tons/yr)
Chromium, Cr	0.16%	0.0053	0.0234	0.0016	0.0070
Manganese, Mn	0.94%	0.0314	0.1375	0.0094	0.0413
Nickel, Ni	0.10%	0.0033	0.0146	0.0010	0.0044
Totals:	1.20%	0.0401	0.1755	0.0120	0.0527

47.71

Notes:

lbs = pounds lbs/hr = pounds per hour tons/yr = tons/yr in = inches

⁽¹⁾ The emission factors used are based on plasma cutting fume production testing results provided by the Swedish Institute of Production Engineering Research. The fume generation factor is based on dry plasma cutting.

⁽²⁾ The usage factor represents the percentage of time the unit is in operation; therefore downtime is counted for in the calculations

 $^{^{(3)}}$ The maximum potential fume generation is based on operation 24 hrs/day 365 days/yr

⁽⁵⁾ Volume of Material Removed (in³/hr) = Maximum Metal Cut Speed (in/min) x Metal Thickness (in) x Maximum Cut Width (in) x 60 min/hr

 $^{^{(6)}}$ Weight of Material Removed (lbs/hr) = Volume of Material Removed (in 3 /hr) x Density of the Metal (lbs/in 3)

⁽⁷⁾ Uncontrolled Fume Generation (lbs/hr) = Weight of Material Removed (lbs/hr) x Fume Generation Factor (%)

⁽⁸⁾ Controlled Fume Generation (lbs/hr) = Weight of Material Removed (lbs/hr) x Fume Generation Factor (%) x (1 - Control Efficiency/100)

⁽⁹⁾ The elemental chemistry for the metal was obtained from a heat analysis for a shipment received by Modern Welding of Kentucky

⁽¹⁰⁾ Speciated Emission Rate (lbs/hr) = Individual Metal Component Weight Percent (%) x Fume Generation (lbs/hr)

 $^{^{(11)}} Speciated\ Emission\ Rate\ (tons/yr) = Individual\ Metal\ Component\ Weight\ Percent\ (\%)\ x\ Fume\ Generation\ (tons/yr)$

Haul Road Emission Factors

Emission Factor (lb/ton) = (2 x D x EF)/30

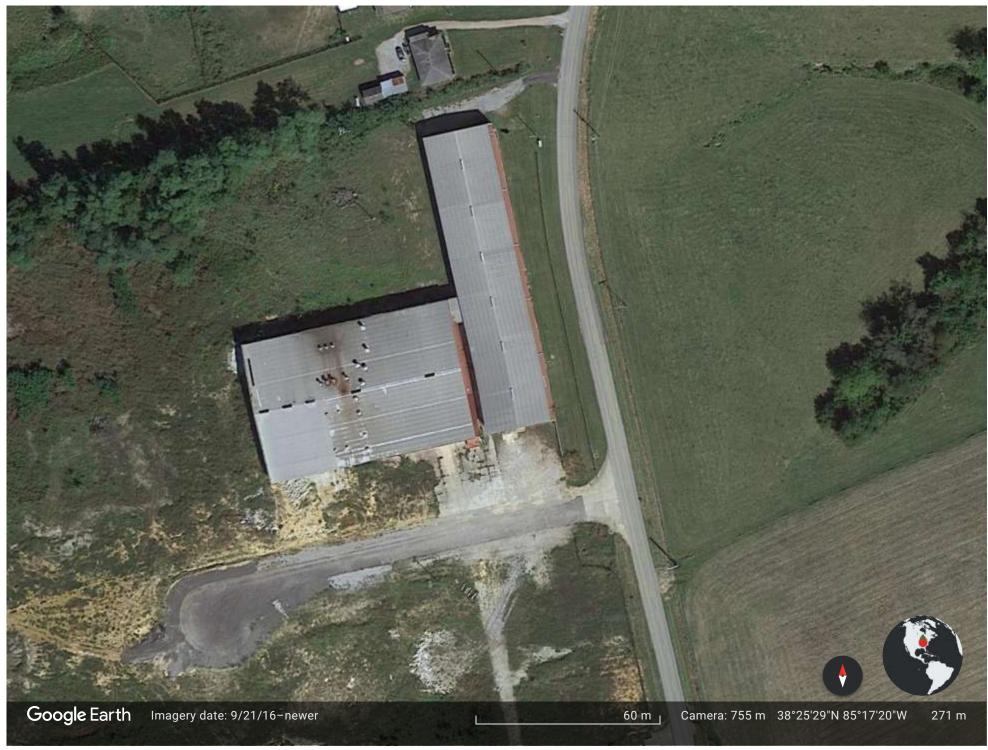
		EF		EF	
	D	Particu	ılates	F	PM ₁₀
		Emission	Emission	Emission	Emission
	Distance	Factor	Factor	Factor	Factor
Surface	(miles)	(lb/VMT)	(lb/ton)	(lb/VMT)	(lb/ton)
unpaved < 0.25 miles	0.18	3.90	0.04680	1.404	0.01685
unpaved ≥ 0.25 miles		7.80	0.00000	2.808	0.00000
paved		0.78	0.00000	0.453	0.00000

VMT = Vehicle Miles Traveled

Facility-wide Emissions

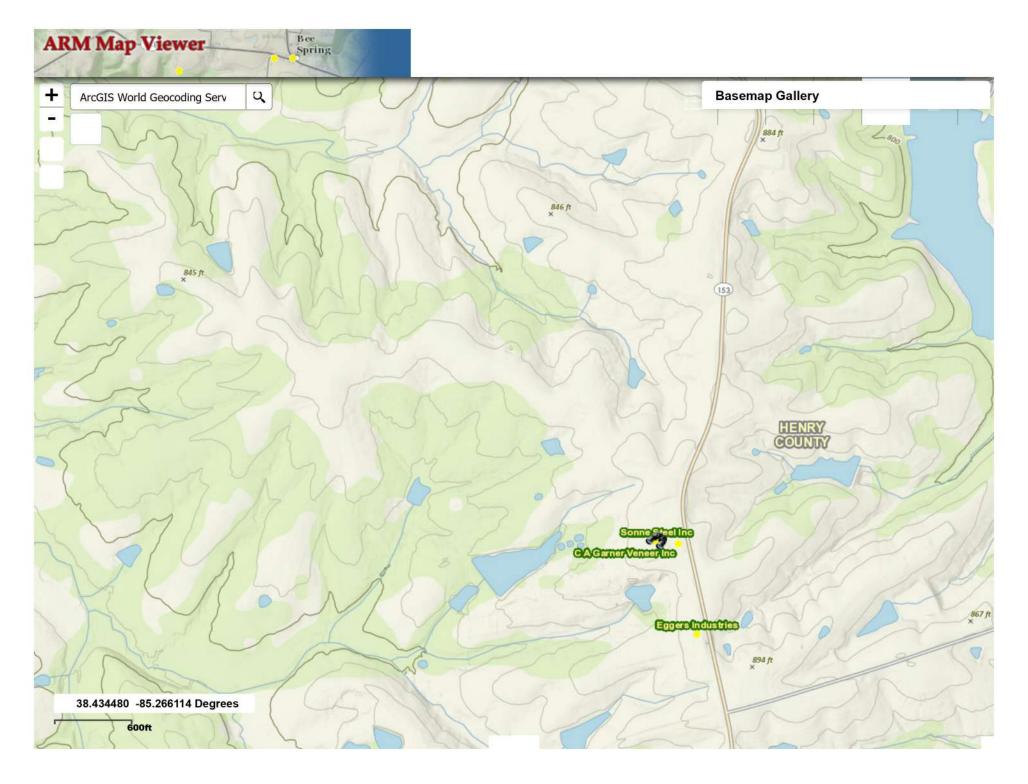
	Uncontrolled	Controlled	Requested
Pollutant	TPY	TPY	Limit
PM	241.93	9.82	90.00
PM ₁₀	241.85	9.74	90.00
VOC	203.36	203.36	90.00
Toluene	4.69	4.69	
Xylene	31.41	31.41	9.00
Cumene	2.67E-01	2.67E-01	
Ethylbenzene	9.35	9.35	
Chromium	6.76E-04	1.87E-04	
Manganese	1.85E-03	4.82E-04	
Nickel	8.35E-05	1.74E-05	
Total HAPs	45.73	45.73	22.50

8/21/23, 1:04 PM Google Earth



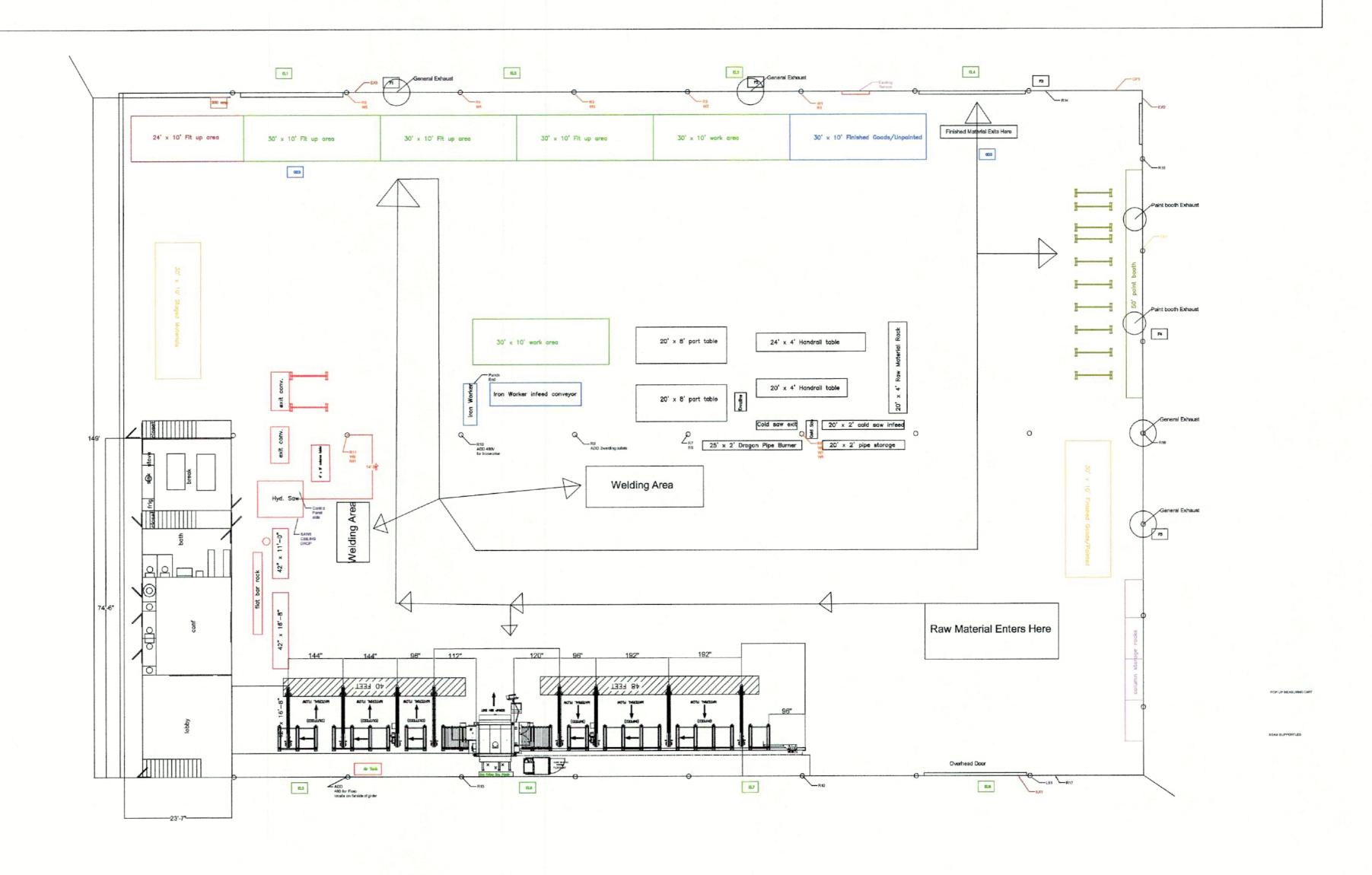


1 of 1 8/21/2023, 1:07 PM



1 of 1 8/21/2023, 1:08 PM

Outside Laydown Area/Truck Loading



SPRAY BOOTH INFORMATION FORM

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: The following information is required to estimate emissions from your facility. Please fill out all requirements for each spray booth at your facility and indicate "NA" for those that are not applicable and "UN" for those that are unknown at this time. Emission estimates and permit applications will only be as accurate as the information provided on the questionnaire. If additional assistance is needed, please contact KY Division of Compliance Assistance at (800) 926-8111.

SF	RA	Y PAINTING
	1.	What type of product is being coated? Structural Steel
	2.	Is your coating process Continuous or Batch? Batch
	3.	How many spray booths do you have at this facility?
	4.	For each spray booth at your facility, fill out the Spray Booth Information Form
A.	Sp	ray Booth
	1.	This sheet corresponds to spray booth number/
	2.	Booth Description: Manufacturer Col-Met Model IBC -50-08-00-2
	3.	Pending Installation Date:
B.	Scl	nedule
	1.	Minutes of spraying done per hour of paint booth operation?
	2.	Hours per day the spray booth is in operation?
	3.	Days per week the paint booth is in operation?
	4.	Weeks per year the paint booth is in operation?
C.	Spi	ray Gun(s)
	1. V spra	What is the maximum number of spray guns that can be used at the same time in this ay booth?
	2.	What is the actual number of spray guns used in this spray booth at the same time ?

3. Please include manufacturer's specification sheets for each gun used in this spray booth.

	Spray Gun 1	Spray Gun 2	Spray Gun 3	Spray Gun 4
Manufacturer of gun	Graco			
Model of gun	695			
Rated Capacity*	.95 gal.	mm		
Type of Gun**	airless			8

^{*}Manufacturer rated capacity (e.g., gallons/hr or ounces/min) - please specify units

D. Coating/Paint Material

1. Complete the appropriate table for your facility and include a current MSDS for each product listed below as well as **annual usage rates** for each product listed below.

Unmixed Table

Coating Name (e.g., top, base, primer, clear, thinner, hardener, reducer, etc.)	Manufacturer	Manufacturer's Product Name	Annual Usage Rate (gallons)
Universal Primer	Lanning Chemical Co	Universal Primer	1,970
Xylene	Univar Solutions	Xylene	100
/		7	

^{**} Type of gun used (e.g., HVLP, conventional, airless, electrostatic, etc.)

Mixed Paint Table

Mixture's Name	% Paint	% Thinner	% Hardener	% Reducer
shap promer	95	5	O	0

E. Cleaning/Solvents

1.	Please	describe the cleaning method used for all paint guns
	a.	How are the paint guns cleaned? Own taken and tall part placed
		in xyline over night
	b.	Where are the paint guns cleaned?

2.	Chemicals used for cleaning: Complete the following table for your facility and include a
	current MSDS for each product listed below as well as annual usage rates for each
	product listed below

Manufacturer	Manufacturer's Product Name	Annual Usage Rate (gallons)
Univar Solatons	Xylene	200
	Manufacturer Univor Solutions	and the state of t

F. Control Equipment and Exhaust Information

Please fill in **ALL** un-shaded blocks and include manufacturer's data sheets for filter efficiency.

	Make and Model	Efficiency %	Air Flow (CFM)	Stack Height = feet above ground level Building = roof peak	Stack Diameter (inches)	Exhaust Filter Area (ft² or in²)
Exhaust Fan	Aerovent IM 115		42,000			
Spray Booth	Col-Mut IBC 50-01			15'6"	42"	
Exhaust Filters	Columbus Industries Supra 11	96-99.7				311 8
Building				25'6"		

G. Combustion/Bake Oven Features

1.	Does this booth have a combustion source for drying, curing, baking, or heating air? YES of NO If YES, continue. If NO, you are done and return back to DCA
2.	Manufacturer: Model:
3.	Type of fuel used (natural gas, fuel oil, etc.)?
4.	Rated capacity of combustion source or oven?(thousand gallons/hour or million BTU/hour, please specify units)
5.	Is there a separate stack for combustion exhaust? YES or NO If YES, continue. If NO, go to question 7.
6.	Height of combustion stack/flue stack above ground? Combustion stack/flue stack diameter? CFM of the fan for the combustion stack/ flue stack?

7.	Is there any control equipment associated with the combustion unit or oven? YES or NO If YES, continue. If NO, go to next section.		
8.	Give the type of control equipment, make and model number, and control efficiencies. Please provide manufacturer specifications for the control equipment.		

SAFETY DATA SHEET

LB SERIES FAST DRY PRIMERS

Section 1. Identification

Product name : UNIVERSAL PRIMER

Product code

Other means of LB-87,LB-90,LB-92,LB-99,LB-261,

identification LB-289

Product type : Not available.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable. : ALKYD PRIMER

Manufacturer : Lanning Chemical Co. Inc.

3000 Griffiths Ave. Louisville, KY 40212

Emergency telephone number of the company

: (502)776-8330

Regulatory Information Telephone Number

: (502-777-0060

Transportation Emergency

: (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC

Telephone Number

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category2

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 53.8%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation. May cause cancer.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/7/2015. Date of previous issue : Version : 1.01

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use onlynon-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release crystalline silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Noneknown.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

% by weight	CAS number
48	1317-65-3
4-10	13463-67-7
9-10	14807-96-6
18-20	64742-89-8
.05-1.0	13333-86-4
4-5	1309-37-1
0.2	14808-60-7
	48 4-10 9-10 18-20 .05-1.0 4-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/7/2015. Date of previous issue : Version : 1.01

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 5/7/2015. Date of previous issue : Version : 1.01

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incidentif there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil orair).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill

Large spill

- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits	
Calcium Carbonate Titanium Dioxide			OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
			OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust	
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 5/7/2015.	Date of previous issue	: Version : 1.01	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Quartz Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

octanol/water

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Varies

Odor : Mild aliphatic

Odor threshold: Not available.pH: Not available.Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: 115°C (239°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 10°C (50°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : 1.5 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 0.9% Upper: 10.6%

Vapor pressure : 0.21 kPa (1.599 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor density : 3.66 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 1.5

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : 65 -70 Krebs units

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Calcium Carbonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
Calcium Carbonate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 Micrograms
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
					-
					-
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-

Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
			-
			-
			-
Quartz	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposur	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposur	Target organs
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/7/2015. Date of previous issue : 3/24/2015. Version : 1.01 10/14

Route	ATE value
Oral	14688.5 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	35679.9 ppm

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Calcium Carbonate	Acute LC50 >56000 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 61 mg/g Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours 28 days
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Xylene	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Titanium Dioxide	-	352	low
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc})

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/7/2015. Date of previous issue : 3/24/2015. Version : 1.01 11/14

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classificatio	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	II	II
Environmenta I hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional informatio n	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions Not Applicable	Special provisions (ERG#128)	Special provisions Not Applicable	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user :

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Date of issue/Date of revision 12/14 : 4/7/2015. Date of previous issue : 3/24/2015. Version: 1.01

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

State regulations

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/7/2015. Date of previous issue : 3/24/2015. Version : 1.01 13/14



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Xylene

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Solvent.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company Address Univar Solutions USA, Inc. 3075 Highland Pkwy Suite 200 Downers Grove, IL 60515

United States of America (USA)

Emergency telephone number:

Transport North America: CHEMTREC (1-800-424-9300) CHEMTREC INTERNATIONAL Tel # 703-527-3887

Additional Information: : Responsible Party: Product Compliance Department

E-mail: SDSNA@univarsolutions.com SDS Requests: 1-855-429-2661 Website: www.univarsolutions.com

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 4

Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

: Category 3 (Respiratory system)

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

: Category 2 (Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

SDS Number: 100000002882 1 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 + H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system,

Kidney, Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SDS Number: 100000002882 2 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

Substance / Mixture

: Substance

Hazardous components

CAS-No.	Chemical name	Weight percent
1330-20-7	Mixed xylenes	65 - 100
100-41-4	**Ethylbenzene	10 - 35
98-82-8	**Cumene	0.1 - 1

Any Concentration shown as a range is due to batch variation.

Special Notes: : ** Other substances in the product which may present a

health or environmental hazard.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Consult a physician after significant exposure.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: High volume water jet

SDS Number: 100000002882 3 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocar-

bons (smoke). Aldehydes

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored sepa-

rately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec-

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

: Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Environmental precautions

: Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

: Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge

(which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot

surfaces and sources of ignition.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

SDS Number: 100000002882 4 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

plication area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Conditions for safe storage

No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

CAS-No.	Components	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
1330-20-7	Mixed xylenes	TWA	100 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	100 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
100-41-4	**Ethylbenzene	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST	125 ppm 545 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	125 ppm 545 mg/m3	OSHA P0
98-82-8	**Cumene	TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	50 ppm 245 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	50 ppm 245 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	50 ppm 245 mg/m3	OSHA P0

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn.

SDS Number: 100000002882 5 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concen-

tration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Colour : Clear, Colorless

Odour : aromatic, hydrocarbon-like, sweet

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Freezing Point (Melting

point/freezing point)

: -48 - -26.15 °C (-54 - -15.07 °F)

Boiling Point (Boiling point/boiling range)

: 137 - 139 °C (279 - 282 °F)

Flash point : 27 °C (81 °F)

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : 0.8

(Butyl Acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper explosion limit : 7 %(V)

SDS Number: 100000002882 6 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

Lower explosion limit : 1 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 6 - 7 mmHg @ 20 - 25 °C (68 - 77 °F)

Relative vapour density : 3.7 @ 20 - 25 °C (68 - 77 °F)

(Air = 1.0)

Relative density : 0.86 - 0.88 @ 20 - 25 °C (68 - 77 °F)

Reference substance: (water = 1)

Density : 0.87 g/cm3 @ 20 - 25 °C (68 - 77 °F)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : slightly soluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : 432 - 530 °C

Thermal decomposition : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 0.717 - 0.864 mm2/s @ 20 °C (68 °F)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat, flame, sparks and other ignition

sources.

Exposure to sunlight.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or ex-

pose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents

Strong acids

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Alkalis Plastics

Reducing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon oxides Hydrocarbons

SDS Number: 100000002882 7 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

Aldehydes

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Components:

1330-20-7:

Acute inhalation toxicity

: LC50 (Rat, male): 6700 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 (Rabbit): 1,700 mg/kg

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single contact with skin.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

1330-20-7:

Species: Rabbit Exposure time: 24 h Result: Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

1330-20-7:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritating to eyes.

Carcinogenicity

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

100-41-4 **Ethylbenzene

98-82-8 **Cumene

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen

by NTP.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

SDS Number: 100000002882 8 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

1330-20-7:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

1330-20-7:

Target Organs: Central nervous system, Kidney, Liver

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 2.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

1330-20-7:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

Concentrations substantially above the TLV value may cause narcotic effects.

Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

No data available

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

98-82-8:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: 3.55 (23 °C)

octanol/water

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Product:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Pro-

tection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I

Substances

SDS Number: 100000002882 9 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

: Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and

federal regulations.

For assistance with your waste management needs - including disposal, recycling and waste stream reduction, contact Uni-

var Solutions ChemCare: 1-800-909-4897

Contaminated packaging

: Empty remaining contents.
Dispose of as unused product.

Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (Department of Transportation):

UN1307, XYLENES, (MIXED XYLENES), 3, III

IATA (International Air Transport Association):

UN1307, XYLENES, (MIXED XYLENES), 3, III

IMDG (International Maritime Dangerous Goods):

UN1307, XYLENES, (MIXED XYLENES), 3, III, Flash Point:27 °C(81 °F)

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Mixed xylenes	1330-20-7	100	102
**Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1000	2857

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

SDS Number: 100000002882 10 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

SARA 302 : No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting re-

quirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels es-

tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:

1330-20-7

Mixed xylenes

100-41-4

**Ethylbenzene

Clean Air Act

The following chemical(s) are listed as HAP under the U.S. Clean Air Act, Section 12 (40 CFR 61):

100-41-4 **Ethylbenzene

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

The following chemical(s) are listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489):

1330-20-7

Mixed xylenes

100-41-4

**Ethylbenzene

Clean Water Act

This product contains the following toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

100-41-4

**Ethylbenzene

The following Hazardous Substances are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A:

1330-20-7 Mixed xylenes 100-41-4 **Ethylbenzene 108-88-3 **Toluene 71-43-2 **Benzene

91-20-3 **Naphthalene

The following Hazardous Chemicals are listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3:

1330-20-7 Mixed xylenes 100-41-4 **Ethylbenzene 108-88-3 **Toluene 71-43-2 **Benzene 91-20-3 **Naphthalene

Massachusetts Right To Know

1330-20-7 Mixed xylenes 100-41-4 **Ethylbenzene 71-43-2 **Benzene

Pennsylvania Right To Know

1330-20-7 Mixed xylenes 100-41-4 **Ethylbenzene 98-82-8 **Cumene 108-88-3 **Toluene 71-43-2 **Benzene

California Prop 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including **Ethylbenzene, **Cumene,

SDS Number: 100000002882 11 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

**Benzene, **Naphthalene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and **Toluene, **Benzene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : On TSCA Inventory

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

AICS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

ENCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

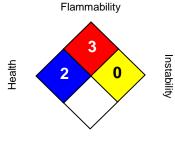
KECI: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PHIL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

SECTION16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA:



Special hazard.

HMIS III:

HEALTH	2*
FLAMMABILITY	3
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High 4 = Extreme, * = Chronic

The information accumulated is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made become available subsequently to the date hereof, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances. This SDS has been prepared by Univar Solutions Product Compliance Department (1-855-429-2661) SDSNA@univarsolutions.com.

Revision Date : 09/01/2019

SDS Number: 100000002882 12 / 14 Xylene



Xylene

Version 2.9 Revision Date: 09/01/2019

Legacy SDS:

: 100000027727

Material number:

16143318, 16128469, 16127723, 16127029, 16118414, 16116444, 16116443, 16109065, 779350, 16063696, 102351, 776944, 763953, 710729, 710728, 708716, 707260, 706448, 638918, 568063, 554061, 554060, 554200, 508616, 508582, 508489, 70145, 70881, 70227, 70442, 53546, 70136, 87256, 53755, 103201, 85972, 103204, 86307, 102898, 69592, 70082, 85965, 54057, 70432, 86513, 102683, 102433, 86815, 103194, 508229, 508294, 508230, 39908, 22253, 22252, 22033, 22034, 20526, 20524, 16066675, 16061583, 16066710, 16084135, 16075696, 16056826, 16056828, 16056827, 16056829, 16056825, 16041807, 16040131, 16036781, 16017302, 16005979, 781040, 102986, 102359, 86304, 53758, 102348, 69917, 502710, 20530, 20529, 20528, 20525, 20523, 20522

Key or le	gend to abbreviations and acronym	s used in	the safety data sheet
ACGIH	American Conference of Govern- ment Industrial Hygienists	LD50	Lethal Dose 50%
AICS	Australia, Inventory of Chemical Substances	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
DSL	Canada, Domestic Substances List	NFPA	National Fire Protection Agency
NDSL	Canada, Non-Domestic Substances List	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health
CNS	Central Nervous System	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service	NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
EC50	Effective Concentration	NOAEL	No Observable Adverse Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50%	NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
EGEST	EOSCA Generic Exposure Scenar- io Tool	OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health Administration
EOSCA	European Oilfield Specialty Chemicals Association	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	PICCS	Philippines Inventory of Commercial Chemical Substances
MAK	Germany Maximum Concentration Values	PRNT	Presumed Not Toxic
GHS	Globally Harmonized System	RCRA	Resource Conservation Recovery Act
>=	Greater Than or Equal To	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
IC50	Inhibition Concentration 50%	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act.
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China	TWA	Time Weighted Average
ENCS	Japan, Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
KECI	Korea, Existing Chemical Inventory	UVCB	Unknown or Variable Composition, Complex Reaction Products, and Biological Materials
<=	Less Than or Equal To	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%		

SDS Number: 100000002882 13 / 14 Xylene

P.O. Box 257 2938 State Route 752 Ashville, Ohio 43103-0257 U.S.A.

SPECIFICATION SHEET

PRODUCT: HIGH CAPACITY SUPRA II MINI-MESH (NON-UL)

APPROXIMATE CLEAN RESISTANCE TO AIRFLOWS:

Velocity (fpm)	Resistance ("w.g.)
100	0.015
150	0.035
200	0.060

COATING	TYPICAL EFFICIENCY RANGE	HOLDING CAPACITY (lbs. @ " w.g.)
High-Solids Bake Enamel	98.5% - 99.9%	9.40 lb @ .20" w.g.
Waterborne Bake Enamel	97.5% - 99.9%	7.80 lb @ .50" w.g.
Water Reducible Air Dry	96% - 99.70%	1.70 lb @ .50" w.g.
2K Epoxy Primer	97.53% - 99.53%	6.75 lb @ .50" w.g.
2K H.S. Polyurethane	99.24% - 99.95%	9.85 lb @ .38" w.g.
Waterborne CARC	99.10% - 99.79%	2.07 lb @ .50" w.g.

II. CONSTRUCTION **

"High Capacity" Paper: 3 Layers

"Large Diamond" Paper: 2 Layers

<u>"Small Diamond" Paper:</u> 1 Layer

"Mini-Mesh" Paper: 1 Layer

Polyester: 1 Layer

This filter meets GACT for sources subject to SUBPART HHHHHH

(Paint Stripping and Miscellaneous Surface Coating at Area Sources) and SUBPART XXXXXX

(Area Source Standards for Nine Metal Fabrication and Finishing Source Categories)

(≥98% EFFICIENT when tested by ASHRAE Method 52.1 in accordance with the 40 CFR PART 63 NESHAP)

^{*} Note: Tests were conducted using modified ASHRAE STANDARD 52-76 test apparatus and procedures (0.5" H₂O test endpoint). Test filter consisted of 20" x 20" pads or pockets, held in a frame/grid module, as used in the field. Overspray was generated by an air atomizing gun with an initial air velocity of 150 fpm. Actual resistances, arrestances and holding capacities may differ due to the variations in paint make-up, mixing ratios, viscosities, booth conditions, etc.

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ See Columbus Industries sales literature for nominal sizes (length, width, and depth) available



(740) 983-2552

Performance Engineered Air Filter Products

SECTION 1 — CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: Paint Collectors - Poly/Paper Sewn, Supra (A,1,2,V,EPG,EPG2), High Capacity, Mini Mesh

Product Use: Filtration

Columbus Industries, Inc. Phone: 740-983-2552

2938 State Route 752

P.O. Box 257 Fax: 740-983-3147

Ashville, OH 43103

Date SDS prepared: 8/31/2017

Emergency Phone No. 740-983-2552 ext. 5265

All Medical Emergencies: Contact Local Emergency Service Provider

SECTION 2 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram None
Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s) May be harmful if ingested.

Precautionary statement(s) Avoid breathing dusts when changing filters.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

None

SECTION 3 — COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	CAS #	Weight Percent %
Cellulose Pulp	65996-61-4	65-78
Polyethlene Terephtalate (PET)	25038-59-9	5-12
Water	7732-18-5	3-4
Sodium Pyrophosphate	7722-88-5	<2

4-FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin Contact: In case of irritation, wash contacted area with soap and water.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with water.

Inhalation: If inhaled, move person to fresh air.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to unconcious person, rinse mouth with water.

5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Means of Extinction:

Use sutiable extinguishing media; water spray, alcohol resistant foam, or dry

chemical.

Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture:

Carbon oxides

Advice for firefighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6. ACCIDEN	TAL RELEASE	MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

When changing or replacing filters avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing

vapours, mist or gas.

Environmental precautions

No special environmental precautions required.

Methods and materials for containment

and cleaning up

Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Further processing of solid materials may result in the formation of combustible dusts. The potential for combustible dust formation should be taken into Observe handling and PPE requirements for sprays, paints, or solvents used

Conditions for safe storage, including any

incompatibilities

Keep in a dry place.

Specific end use(s)

Wear proper protective equipment when handling used filters.

SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Exposure controls

Airborne Exposure Limits:

Ingredient	CAS #	PEL
		15 mg/mg (total dust), 5
Cellulosic Dust	65996-61-4	mg/m3 (respirable dust)
Polyethlene Terephtalate (PET)	25038-59-9	NA
Water	7732-18-5	NA
Sodium Pyrophosphate	7722-88-5	5mg/m3 (ACGIH TLV)

Appropriate engineering controls

General industrial hygiene practice.

Personal protective equipment

No Personal protective equipment needed for handling clean filters. However protective equipment may be required when handling used filters. This may include:

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as

NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

Body Protection

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required. Where protection from nuisance levels of dusts are desired, use type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) dust masks. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

Control of environmental exposure

No special environmental precautions required.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Odor No data available
Odor Threshold No data available
pH No data available

No data available

Melting point/ freezing point

No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point No data available Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Upper/lower

flammability or

explosive limits No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

Conditions to avoid

Extreme heat / flame

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids and high temperatures above 200° C

Hazardous decomposition products

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

No data available

Inhalation: No data available
Dermal: No data available
Skin corrosion/irritation
No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

No data available

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Unused filters are not RCRA hazardous.

Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of used filters with all applicable local and federal regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods

IMDG

Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 302 Components

NA

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

NA

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components CAS-No.

NA

New Jersey Right To Know Components CAS-No.

NΑ

California Prop. 65 Components

NA CAS-No.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

May form combustible dust concentrations in air

HMIS Rating

Health hazard: 1 Slight health hazard if ingested.

Chronic Health Hazard: 0
Flammability: 0
Physical Hazard: 0

NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 1 Slight health hazard if ingested.

Fire Hazard: 0

WELDING INFORMATION FORM

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: The following information is required to estimate emissions from your facility. Please fill out all requirements for each preparation function performed at your facility and indicate "NA" for those that are not applicable and "UN" for those that are unknown at this time. Emission estimates and permit applications will only be as accurate as the information provided on the questionnaire. If additional assistance is needed, please contact KY Division of Compliance Assistance at (800) 926-8111.

A	. W	Velding Unit
	1.	This sheet corresponds to welder number
	2.	Welder Description: Manufacturer Miller Model Miller Matre 25
	3.	
В.	Sc	hedule
	1.	Minutes of welding done per hour of operation?
	2.	Hours per day the welder is in operation? 7.5
	3.	Days per week the welder is in operation?5
	4.	Weeks per year the welder is in operation? 52
C.	W	elder(s)
	1.	What is the maximum number of welders that can be used at the same time?
		What is the actual number of welders used at the same time?
	3.	Please include manufacturer's specification sheets for each welder used at the facility.
D.		elding Material

1 Include a comment MCDC C

1. Include a current MSDS for each product listed below as well as annual usage rates for each product listed below.

Welding Material	Manufacturer	Manufacturer's Product Name	Annual Usage Rate (pounds)
Welding Wire	ESAB Denton	OK Artsto Rod 12:50	4,960 165
Shielding Gas	Holston Gases	Stor Gold	28,500 CF



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name OK AristoRod 12.50

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use

Arc Welding

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

ESAB DENTON

Street address

2800 Airport Road

Denton, TX 76207

Telephone

1-800-372-2123

Email

sds.esab@esab.se

Web site www.esab.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency phone number

1-800-372-2123

Available outside office hours

Nο

Other

Classification(s): EN ISO 14341-A: G 3Si1 SFA/AWS A5.18: ER70S-6

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified

2.2. Label elements

The product do not require labeling

2.3. Other hazards

Skin contact is normally no hazard but should be avoided to prevent possible allergic reactions.

Persons with a pacemaker should not go near welding or cutting operations until they have consulted their doctor and obtained information from the manufacturer of the device.

When this product is used in a welding process, the most important hazards are welding fumes, heat, radiation and electric shock. Fumes: Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. Chronic overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function. Prolonged inhalation of chromium compounds above safe exposure limits can cause cancer. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain, symptoms of which may include slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, disturbances and spastic gait.

Heat: Spatter and melting metal can cause burn injuries and start fires.



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

Radiation: Arc rays can severely damage eyes or skin.

Electricity: Electric shock can kill.

Other

Emergency Overview: Metal wire or rods in varying colours. This product is normally not considered hazardous as shipped. Gloves should be worn when handling to prevent cuts and abrasions.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS No. EC No. REACH No.	Concentration	Classification	R-phrase H-phrase
Iron	7439-89-6 231-096-4 01-2119462838 - 24	96 - 98%	-	-
Manganese	7439-96-5 231-105-1 01-2119449803 - 34	1 - 2%	-	-
Chromium	7440-47-3 231-157-5 -	<1%	-	-
Silicon	7440-21-3 231-130-8 -	<1%	-	-

Product based on This product is a continuous solid metal wire.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Electric shock: Disconnect and turn off the power. Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires. If not breathing, begin artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If no detectable pulse, begin Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR). call emergency physician to the scene of the accident. Call a physician immediately.

Inhalation	If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance immediately! If breathing is difficult, provide fresh air and call physician.
Skin contact	For skin burns from arc radiation, promptly flush with cold water. Get medical attention for burns or irritations that persist. To remove dust or particles wash with mild soap and water.
Eye contact	For radiation burns due to arc flash, see physician. To remove dusts or fumes flush with water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical assistance.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Not applicable

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Not applicable



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

No specific recommendations for welding consumables. Welding arcs and sparks can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning materials and fire situation.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Not applicable

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus as fumes or vapors may be harmful.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Refer to section 13.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Solid objects may be picked up and placed into a container. Liquids or pastes should be scooped up and placed into a container. Wear proper protective equipment while handling these materials. Do not discard as refuse.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 8/13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Preventive handling precautions

Handle with care to avoid stings and cuts. Wear gloves when handling welding consumables. Avoid exposure to dust. Do not ingest. Some individuals can develop an allergic reaction to certain materials. Retain all warning and identity labels.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep separate from chemical substances like acids and strong bases, which could cause chemical reactions.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Arc Welding

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

Use industrial hygiene monitoring equipment to ensure that exposure does not exceed applicable national exposure limits. The following limits can be used as guidance. Unless noted, all values are for 8 hour time weighted averages (TWA). For information about welding fume analysis refer to Section 10.

UK, Workplace Exposure Limits, mg/m3

National occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	CAS no.	EC No.	Exposi e limit mg/m3 ppm		Shor m ex ure l mg/r ppm	imit n3-	Ceilii xpos limit mg/n ppm	ure n3-	Remark	Source	Year
Chromium	7440-4 7-3	231-1 57-5	1	1	1	1	1	-	Metal	OSHA	2016
Chromium	7440-4 7-3	231-1 57-5	0,5	-	-		-	-	as Cr(Cr(II) a nd Cr(III) inor ganic compd s)	OSHA	2016
Chromium	7440-4 7-3	231-1 57-5	0,005	-	-		-	-	as Cr(VI)(wat er sol. and in sol. inorgani c compds)	OSHA	2016
Iron	7439-8 9-6	231-0 96-4		-	-	-	-	-	No PEL	OSHA	2016
Manganese	7439-9 6-5	231-1 05-1		-	-	-	5	-	as Mn (meta I and fume)	OSHA	2016
Silicon	7440-2 1-3	231-1 30-8	15	-	-	-	-	-	Total dust	OSHA	2016
Silicon	7440-2 1-3	231-1 30-8	5	-	-	-	-	-	Respirable fr action	OSHA	2016

8.2. Exposure controls

Not applicable

Other

Avoid exposure to welding fumes, radiation, spatter, electric shock, heated materials and dust. Train welders to avoid contact with live electrical parts and insulate conductive parts.

Ventilation

Use respirator or air supplied respirator when welding or brazing in a confined space, or where local exhaust or ventilation is not sufficient to keep exposure values within safe limits. Use special care when welding painted or coated steels since hazardous substances from the coating may be emitted. Ensure sufficient ventilation, local exhaust, or both, to keep welding fumes and gases from breathing zone and general area.

Personal protective equipment

Wear hand, head, eyes, ear and body protection like welders gloves, helmet or face shield with filter lens, safety boots, apron, arm and shoulder protection. Keep protective clothing clean and dry.

The product as supplied should be handled in gloves to minimize the potential for abrasions or superficial injury to skin arising from the characteristics of the solid product. Suitable gloves for physical hazard protection would include leather gloves, cut-resistant gloves and coated fabric gloves. Anyone with an existing or suspected sensitivity to one of the ingredients, such as nickel when present, should use an impermeable glove such as nitrile, butyl rubber or other barrier



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

material. We do not recommend latex gloves due to their potential to elicit sensitivity or allergic response in some individuals. Barrier gloves can be worn under durable gloves to protect the barrier gloves from potential damage. Gloves specifically designed for welding protection must be used when the product is used in a welding, cutting or gouging activity.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Solid, non-volatile with varying color.		
Appearance, colour	Not applicable		
Appearance, physical state	Not applicable		
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable		
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable		
Evaporation rate	Not applicable		
Explosive properties	Not applicable		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable		
Flash point	Not applicable		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable		
Melting point	>1000°C / >1800°F		
Melting point / freezing point	Not applicable		
Odour	Not applicable		
Odour treshold	Not applicable		
Oxidising properties	Not applicable		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol / water	Not applicable		
pH value	Not applicable		
Relative density	Not applicable		
Solubility	Not applicable		
Upper / lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable		
Vapour density	Not applicable		
Vapour pressure	Not applicable		
Viscosity	Not applicable		



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

Not applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity

Contact with chemical substances like acids or strong bases could cause generation of gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability

Stable at normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not applicable

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid

This product is only intended for normal welding purposes.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Not applicable

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products

When this product is used in a welding process, hazardous decomposition products would include those from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials listed in section 3 and those from the base metal and coating.

The amount of fumes generated from this product varies with welding parameters and dimensions, but is generally no more than 5 to 10 g/kg consumable.

Fumes from this product contain compounds of the following chemical elements. The rest is not analysed, according to available standards.

Fume analysis in weight %:

Fe <65

Mn <5

Cr < 0.1

Pb < 0.1

Cu < 0.5

Ni < 0.1

Si <5

Other

Refer to applicable national exposure limits for fume compounds, including those exposure limits for fume compounds found in Section 8.

A significant amount of the chromium in the fumes can be hexavalent chromium, which has a very low exposure limit in some countries. Manganese has a low exposure limit, in some countries, that may be easily exceeded.

Reasonably expected gaseous products would include carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and ozone. Air contaminants around the welding area can be affected by the welding process and influence the composition and quantity of fumes and gases produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

Information on toxicological effects	Inhalation of welding fumes and gases can be dangerous to your health. Classification of welding fumes is difficult because of varying base materials, coatings, air contamination and processes. The International Agency for Research on Cancer has classified welding fumes as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).
acute toxicity	Acute toxicity: Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes.
skin corrosion/irritation	Not applicable
serious eye damage/irritation	Not applicable
Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not applicable
germ cell mutagenicity	Not applicable
Genotoxicity	Not applicable
carcinogenicity	Not applicable
reproductive toxicity	Not applicable
STOT-single exposure	Not applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	Not applicable
Aspiration hazard	Not applicable

Other

Long term effect

Chronic toxicity: Overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function. Prolonged inhalation of chromium compounds above safe exposure limits can cause cancer. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain, symptoms of which may include slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, disturbances and spastic gait.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Not applicable

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not applicable

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not applicable

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable

12.6. Other adverse effects



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

Not applicable

Other

Welding consumables and materials could degrade/weather into components originating from the consumables or from the materials used in the welding process. Avoid exposure to conditions that could lead to accumulation in soils or groundwater.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal considerations

Discard any product, residue, disposable container or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal and local regulations. Use recycling procedures if available. USA RCRA: Unused products or product residue containing chromium is considered hazardous waste if discarded, RCRA ID Characteristic Toxic Hazardous Waste D007. Residues from welding consumables and processes could degrade and accumulate in soils and groundwater.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other regulations, limitations and legal regulations

Canada: WHMIS classification: Class D; Division 2, Subdivision A Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA): All constituents of this product are on the Domestic Substance List (DSL). USA: Under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, this product is considered hazardous.



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

USA: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.)

United States EPA Toxic Substance Control Act: All constituents of this product are on the TSCA inventory list or are excluded from listing.

CERCLA/SARA Title III Reportable Quantities (RQs) and/or Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs): : Product is a solid solution in the form of a solid article.

- Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee. Section 311 Hazard Class

As shipped: Immediate; In use: Immediate delayed

The following metallic components are listed as SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals" and potential subject to annual SARA 313 reporting. See Section 3 for weight percent. Chromium 1.0% de minimis concentration Manganese 1.0% de minimis concentration

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment

Vο

Other

Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, your employer's safety practices and the health and safety instructions on the label. Observe any federal and local regulations. Take precautions when welding and protect yourself and others.

WARNING: Welding fumes and gases are hazardous to your health and may damage lungs and other organs. Use adequate ventilation. ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill. ARC RAYS and SPARKS can injure eyes and burn skin.

Wear correct hand, head, eye and body protection.

SECTION 16: Other information

Changes to previous revision

This Safety Data Sheet has been revised due to modifications to Sections 1-16.

References to key literature and data sources

Refer to ESAB "Welding & Cutting - Risks and Measures", F52-529 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Electric Welding and Cutting" and F2035 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting and Heating" available from ESAB, and to:

USA: Contact ESAB at www.esabna.com or 1-800 ESAB-123 if you have any questions about this SDS.

American National Standard Z49.1 "Safety in Welding and Cutting", ANSI/AWS F1.5 "Methods for Sampling and Analyzing Gases from Welding and Allied Processes", ANSI/AWS F1.1 "Method for Sampling Airborne Particles Generated by Welding and Allied Processes",

AWSF3.2M/F3.2 "Ventilation Guide for Weld Fume", American Welding Society, 550 North Le Jeune Road, Miami Florida 33135. Safety and Health Fact Sheets available from AWS at www.aws.org.

OSHA Publication 2206 (29 C.F.R. 1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954

American Conference of Governmental Hygienists (ACGIH), Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, 6500 Glenway Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio 45211, USA.

NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work" published by the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169.

UK: WMA Publication 236 and 237, "Hazards from Welding Fume", "The arc welder at work, some



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

OK AristoRod 12.50

Issued: 2017-09-14

general aspects of health and safety".

Germany: Unfallverhütungsvorschrift BGV D1, "Schweißen, Schneiden und verwandte Verfahren".

Canada: CSA Standard CAN/CSA-W117.2-01 "Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes". This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Other

Additional information

ESAB requests the users of this product to study this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product a user should:

- -notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this SDS and any product hazards/safety information.
- -furnish this same information to each of its customers for this product.
- -request such customers to notify employees and customers for the same product hazards and safety information.

The information herein is given in good faith and based on technical data that ESAB believes to be reliable. Since the conditions of use is outside our control, we assume no liability in connection with any use of this information and no warranty, expressed or implied is given. Contact ESAB for more information.

Miller 350

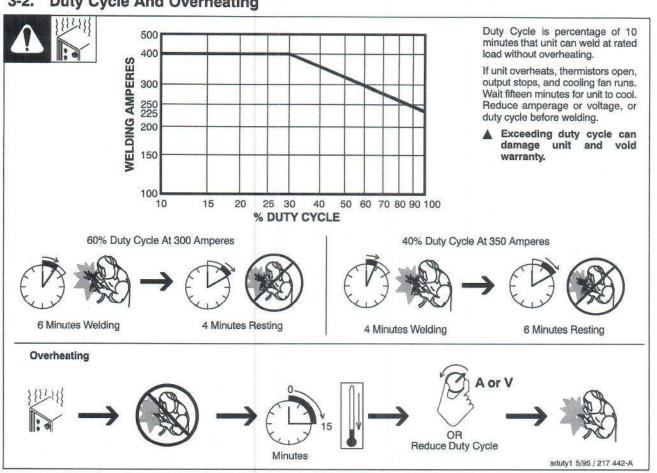
SECTION 3 - INSTALLATION

3-1. Specifications

Rate	d Output	Max. Open Circuit	60 Hz	Amps In		Amps Input at	ut at Rated Output			
Tutou output		Voltage	00 HZ	200 V	230 V	460 V	575V	KVA	KW	
300 A at 32 VDC, 60% Duty	350 A at 90 32 VDC,	90	Single-Phase	69 (1.7*)	61 (1.5*)	30 (0.75*)	24 (0.5*)	13.1	11.2	
Cycle	40% Duty Cycle		Three-Phase	34 (1.7*)	30 (1.5*)	15 (0.75*)	12 (0.5*)	11.6	11.5	

	Wire Type and Diam	eter	Wire Feed Speed	d Dimensions Net		
Solid Steel	Stainless Steel	Aluminum	50-700 IPM H: 34 in (864 mm)		181 lb	
.023 – .045 in (0.8 – 1.1 mm)	.030 – .045 in (0.8 – 1.1 mm)	.035 – .047 in (0.9 – 1.2 mm)	(1.3–17.8 m/min)	W: 19 in (483 mm) D: 41 in (1041 mm)	(82 kg)	
Operating Tempera	ature Range: -20C to +40	ic .	Storage Temperatur	re Range: -30C to + 50C		

3-2. Duty Cycle And Overheating



Miller

252

Complete Parts List is available at www.MillerWelds.com

SECTION 4 - SPECIFICATIONS

4-1. Serial Number And Rating Label Location

The serial number and rating information for this product is located on the back of unit. Use rating label to determine input power requirements and/or rated output. For future reference, write serial number in space provided on back cover of this manual.

4-2. Software Licensing Agreement

The End User License Agreement and any third-party notices and terms and conditions pertaining to third-party software can be found at https://www.millenwelds.com/eula and are incorporated by reference herein.

4-3. Information About Default Weld Parameters And Settings

NOTICE – Each welding application is unique. Although certain Miller Electric products are designed to determine and default to certain typical welding parameters and settings based upon specific and relatively limited application variables input by the end user, such default settings are for reference purposes only; and final weld results can be affected by other variables and application-specific circumstances. The appropriateness of all parameters and settings should be evaluated and modified by the end user as necessary based upon application-specific requirements. The end user is solely responsible for selection and coordination of appropriate equipment, adoption or adjustment of default weld parameters and settings, and ultimate quality and durability of all resultant welds. Miller Electric expressly disclaims any and all implied warranty of fitness for a particular purpose.

4-4. Welding Power Source Specifications (230/460/575 Volt Model)

Rated Weld-	Amperage	Maximum	Amperes Input At Rated Load Output, 60 Hz		60 Hz, Single Phase		
ing Output	Range	Open- Circuit Voltage DC	230 VAC	460 VAC	575 VAC	KVA	KW
250 A, 26.5 volts DC, 40% Duty Cycle	30-300 A	38	61.5 2*	30.8 1*	24.5 0.8*	14.3 0.46*	10.0 0.13*
200 A, 28.0 volts DC, 60% Duty Cycle	30-300 A	38	52.0 2*	26.0 1*	20.0 0.8*	11.9 0.46*	8.0 0.13*

*While idling

Wire Type and Diameter		Wire Feed Speed	Dimensions	Net Weight Without Gun	
Solid Steel	Stainless Steel	Flux Cored	50-700 IPM	H: 30 in. (762 mm)	205 lb
.023045 in. (0.6 - 1.2 mm)	.023045 in. (0.6 - 1.2 mm)	.030045 in. (0.8 - 1.2 mm)	(1.3–17.8 m/min)	W: 19 in. (483 mm) D: 40 in. (1016 mm)	(93 kg)

4-5. Welding Power Source Specifications (208/240 Volt Model)

Rated Welding	Amperage	Maximum Open-	Amperes Input At Rated I		Output, 60 Hz, Sin	gle Phase
Output	Range	Circuit Voltage DC	208 VAC	240 VAC	KVA	KW
300 A, 29.0 volts DC, 25% Duty Cycle	30-300 A	38	68.0	60.0	14.2	12.3
250 A, 26.5 volts DC, 40% Duty Cycle	30-300 A	38	62.1	54.7	13.2	9.8
200 A, 24.0 volts DC, 60% Duty Cycle	30-300 A	38	55.7	49.5	11.7	7.4
150 A, 21.5 volts DC, 100% Duty Cycle	30-300 A	38	48.8	45.0	10.5	5.0

()	Wire Type and Diamete	r	Wire Feed Speed	Dimensions	Net Weight Without Gun
Solid Steel	Stainless Steel	Flux Cored	FO. 700 IDM	H: 30 in. (762 mm)	205 lb
.023045 in. (0.6 - 1.2 mm)	.023045 in. (0.6 - 1.2 mm)	.030045 in. (0.8 - 1.2 mm)	50-700 IPM (1.3-17.8 m/min)	W: 19 in. (483 mm) D: 40 in. (1016 mm)	(93 kg)

4-6. Environmental Specifications

A. IP Rating

IP Rating	
IP21	
This equipment is designed for indoor use and is not intended to be used or stored outside.	

Miller 251

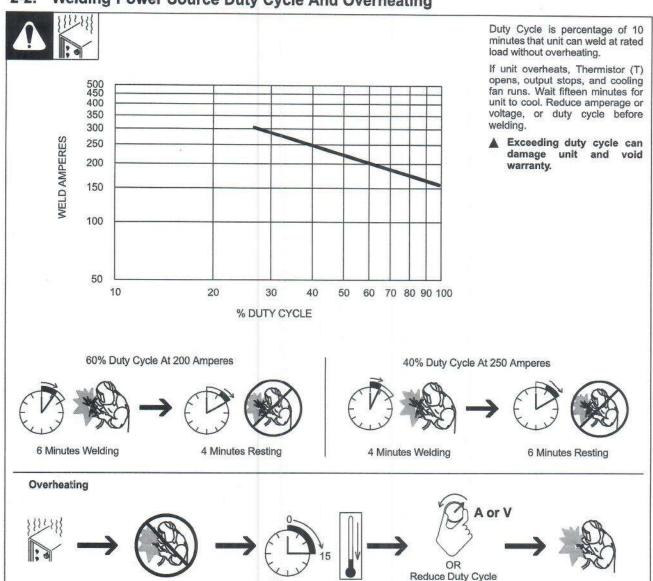
SECTION 2 – INSTALLATION

2-1. Specifications

Rated Output		Max. Open- Circuit	Amps Input	at Rated Or	utput (60% D	uty Cycle), 5	0 or 60 Hz,	Single-Pl	nase
	CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	Voltage	200 (208) V	230 V	400 V	460 V	575 V	KVA	KW
250 A at 28 VDC, 40% Duty Cycle	200 A at 28 VDC, 60% Duty Cycle	38	48 2.3*	42 2*	24 1.2*	21	17 0.8*	9.8 0.46*	7.5 0.13

	Wire Type and Diameter		Wire Feed Speed	Dimensions	Net Weight
Solid Steel	Stainless Steel	Flux Cored	25–700 IPM H: 32 in (813 mm)		215 lb
.023 – .045 in (0.6 – 1.2 mm)	.023 – .045 in (0.6 – 0.9 mm)	.030 – .045 in (0.8 – 1.2 mm)	(.65–17.8 m/min)	W: 19 in (483 mm) D: 39 in (991 mm)	(98 kg)
While idling					100
Operating Temperatu	re Range20C to +40	C	Storage Temperature	Range 30C to + 50C	

2-2. Welding Power Source Duty Cycle And Overheating



Minutes

Technical Specifications

Technical Specifications

	U.S.	Metric		
Sprayer				
Maximum Delivery	0.95 gpm	3.6 lpm		
Maximum Tip Size	0.031	0.031		
Fluid Outlet npsm	1/4 in.	1/4 in.		
Cycles	226 per gallon	60 per liter		
Generator Minimum	5000 W	5000 W		
120V, A, Hz	15, 50/60			
230V, A, Hz	10, 50/60			
Dimensions	A STATE OF THE STA	Audio sustantina surreduced su		
Weight:				
Standard Series Lo-Boy	94 lb	43 kg		
Standard Series Hi-Boy	93 lb	42 kg		
ProContractor Series	103 lb	47 kg		
Height:				
Standard Series Lo-Boy	27.5 in.	69.9 cm		
Standard Series Hi-Boy	28.5 in. (Handle down) 38.75 in. (Handle up)	72.4 cm (Handle down) 98.4 cm (Handle up)		
ProContractor Series	39 in.	99 cm		
Length:				
Standard Series Lo-Boy	37 in.	94 cm		
Standard Series Hi-Boy	26 in.	66 cm		
ProContractor Series	29.5 in.	75 cm		
Width:	22.5 in.	57.2 cm		
Wetted parts	steel, PTFE, Acetal, le	carbon steel, nylon, stainles eather, UHMWPE, aluminun rbide, PEEK, brass		
Noise Level:				
Sound Power	91 dBa*	91 dBa*		
Sound Pressure	82 dBa*	82 dBa*		
	*per ISO 3744; measured at 3.1 ft	*per ISO 3744; measured a		

Initial Notification

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Area Source Standards for Nine Metal Fabrication and Finishing Source Categories 40 CFR 63 subpart XXXXXX

Section 1. Facility Information
Yes, I am subject to 40 CFR Part 63 subpart XXXXXX, National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants: Area Source Standards for Nine Metal Fabrication and Finishing Source Categories
Source category and NAICS code(s) Fabricated Structural Mutal Manufacturing: 332312
Manufacturing. 332312
Compliance Date: Existing source: July 25, 2011 New source: 1/1/2020 (Date of startup)
No, I am NOT subject to 40 CFR Part 63 subpart XXXXXX. Reason not applicable:
If you checked the "No" box above, please complete only Section 1 of this form and then proceed directly to Section 3 of this form (skip Section 2).
Company name Source steel Inc.
Facility name (if different):
Facility (physical location) address: 48 Regula Co. Suithfuld ley
Owner name/title: Etc Sonne / President
Owner/company address:
Owner telephone number 502 - 777 - 0099
Owner email address (if available):
Is the Operator the same person as the Owner?
If the Operator information is different from the Owner, please provide the following:

^a This is an example of the type of information that must be submitted to fulfill the Initial Notification requirement of 40 CFR 63, subpart XXXXXX. You may submit the information in another form or format, or you may use this form.

Operator name/title:	
Operator telephone number:	
Operator email address (if available):	

Section 2. Identification of Affected Operations

The following are the operations at this facility subject^b to subpart XXXXXX (check all that apply):

Dry Abrasive Blasting	
(1) Totally enclosed and unvented blast chambers	
(2) Vented enclosures with a filtration control device	
(3) Objects over 8 feet in any dimension without a filtration control device (includes outdoor blasting of objects over 8 ft in any dimension)	
Dry Machining	
Dry Grinding or Dry Polishing with Stationary Machines	
Spray Painting	
(1) In a spray booth	×
(2) Without a spray booth (for Fabricated Structural Metal facilities or any objects over 15 feet)	
Welding	
(1) Use less than 2,000 pounds of MFHAP-containing ^b welding rod or wire annually	
(2) Use 2,000 pounds or more of MFHAP-containing ^b welding rod or welding wire annually	×

b Important Note: These operations are affected sources under subpart XXXXXX only if/when they use materials that contain or have the potential to emit metal fabrication or finishing metal HAP (MFHAP). MFHAP containing/potential is defined to be when the compounds of cadmium, chromium, lead, manganese, and nickel, or any of these metals in the elemental form with the exception of lead, are used or have the potential to be emitted in quantities of 0.1 percent or more, or 1.0 percent or more for elemental of compounds of manganese.

Section 3. Certification

I hereby certify that the information pres	ented herein is correct to the best of my knowledge
See	8/24/23
(Signature)	(Date)
ENI Some / Areidons	(502) 222 -0099
(Name/title)	(Telephone No.)

Section 4. Submittal

Submit the Initial Notification to one of the following offices, as appropriate:

- a. If your State has been delegated the authority for this regulation under section 112(I) of the Clean Air Act^c, submit the notification to your State agency found at the following link: http://www.4cleanair.org/agencies
- b. If your EPA Region has assumed the authority for this rule, submit the notification to your Regional Office of the EPA, from list below:
- EPA Region I (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont) 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100, Mail code: OES04-2, Boston MA 02109-3912 Attention: Air Clerk
- EPA Region II (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands), Director, Division of Enforcement and Compliance Assistance 290 Broadway, New York, NY 10007-1866
- EPA Region III (Delaware, District of Columbia, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia)
 Director, Air Protection Division, 1650 Arch Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103
- EPA Region IV (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)
 Director, Air, Pesticides and Toxics Management Division
 Atlanta Federal Center, 61 Forsyth Street, Atlanta, GA 30303–3104
- EPA Region V (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)
 Director, Air and Radiation Division, 77 West Jackson Blvd., Chicago, IL 60604–3507
- EPA Region VI (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas)
 Director, Air, Pesticides and Toxics, 1445 Ross Avenue, Dallas, TX 75202–2733
- EPA Region VII (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)
 Director, Air and Waste Management Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
 901 N. 5th Street, Kansas City, KS 66101
- EPA Region VIII (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming)
 Director, Air and Toxics Technical Enforcement Program, Office of Enforcement, Compliance and Environmental Justice, 1595 Wynkoop Street, Denver, CO 80202-1129
- EPA Region IX (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, American Samoa, Guam)
 Director, Air and Toxics Division, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105
- EPA Region X (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)
 Director, Office of Air, Waste and Toxics, 1200 6th Ave., Suite 900, AWT-107, Seattle, WA 98101

^c To determine whether your State has been delegated the authority for this regulation under section 112(I) of the Clean Air Act, contact your EPA Regional Office, listed above.

176721

23-1646 PUTLAK

SONNE STEEL

GĐ	GEI	RD/		CUSTOMER SHI FREDERICK S' 630 GLENDAL	TEEL COMPA	ANY	CUSTOMER E	STEEL LLC W		GRADE A992/A			Vide I	E / SIZE Flange Beam / 8 X	31# / 200	Page 1 / 1 DOCUMENT ID: 0000980334
US-ML-MIDLOTHIAN 300 WARD ROAD MIDLOTHIAN, TX 76065 USA CUSTOMER PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER 43792			CINCINNATI,C USA SALES ORDEI 13232105/0000	OH 45215-1105 SPRINGFIE USA R CUSTOM		NJAMIN DRIVE GFIELD,OH 45502 TOMER MATERIAL N°		40'00" SPECIF ASTM A	LENGTH 40'00" PCS 6 SPECIFICATION / DATE or F ASTM A6-17 ASTM A709-21 GR50		7,440 LB 5805		T / BATCH 57517/04			
			BILL OF LADING 1327-0000540491 DATE 08/07/2023		I	ASTM A992-20, A572-21 CSA G40.21-13 345WM, 50W										
` '	POSITION In (%) 0.94	P (%) 0.024	S (%) 0.038	Si (%) 0.19	Cu (%)	Ni (%) 0.10	Cr (%)	Mo(%) 0.026	Sn (%) 0.006	V (%) 0.002	Nb (%) 0.022	CEqvA6 (%	%)			

Y/T rati (%) 0.790 0.780 G/L (Inches) 8.000 8.000

UTS (MPa) 510 546

COMMENTS / NOTES

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES YS 0.2% (PSI) 58711

61588

UTS (PSI) 73920 79227

Gerdau's steel is 100% recyclable. Support the circular economy through our Metals Recycling Partnership. For details, visit www2.gerdau.com/metals-recycling, or contact metalsrecycling@gerdau.com.

YS (MPa) 405 425

The above figures are certified chemical and physical test records as contained in the permanent records of the company. We certify that these data are correct and in compliance with specified requirements. No weld repair was performed on this material. The material has not been in contact with mercury while in Gerdau possession. For all products other than billets or beam blanks, this material was produced (Electric Arc Furnace, Melted, Continuously Cast, Hot Rolled and, if applicable, Cold-Drawn) in the USA. For billets or beam blanks, this material was produced (Electric Arc Furnace, Melted and Continuously Cast) in the USA. CMTR complies with EN 10204 3.1.

Mackory BHASKAR YALAMANCHILI
QUALITY DIRECTOR

Phone: (409) 267-1071 Email: Bhaskar.Yalamanchili@gerdau.com

Wale A, LL WADE LUMPKINS
QUALITY ASSURANCE MGR.

G/L (mm) 200.0

200.0

Elong. (%) 28.10 23.40

Phone: 972-779-3118 Email: Wade.Lumpkins@gerdau.com



Customer Documents

PythonX



PythonX Technical Support Worldwide Support Available 24/7, 365

+1.519.571.4445

North America Toll Free: 1.833.PYTHONX (798.4669)

Support@PythonX.com

PythonX Headquarters: Burlington Automation 63 Innovation Drive Hamilton, ON Canada L9H 7L8

The Lincoln Electric Company 22801 Saint Claire Avenue Cleveland, OH 44117-1199 USA

PythonX Customer Documents

Table of Contents

Last update: 2022/03/09

Table of Contents	
Shipping	
Notes	
Customer Responsibilites	
Inspect The Machine	4
Unloading	
Select Suitable Location	
Environmental Area	
Stacking	
Tilting	Ę
Tool And Parts List	
Electrical	6
High Frequency Interferrence Protection	
Safety Precautions	
Electrical Installation Notes	
Main Power Feed Connection	
Plasma Unit	
Tidoma Officialistical Control of the Control of th	
Mechanical	
Customer To Supply	8
Mechanical Installation Steps	
Dust Collector	8
Pneumatic Requirements	(
Gas Requirements	11
Cut Gas Feeds	12

SHIPPING

Once a shipment date has been established <u>no changes</u> can be made to the expected shipping dates <u>without incurring storage and handling charges</u>. Additional, changes to the shipping schedule will result in an assignment of new a shipping and installation date based on availability, which may be much later than the original assigned shipping date.

Payment for all prior to shipment invoices will need to be received by wire transfer prior to shipping. We recommend the wire transfer take place at least five days prior to your shipping date to avoid any delays.

NOTES

- Operating temperatures within the work area MUST be maintained above 50° F (10° C).
 Temperatures falling below will cause condensation in cylinders and gearboxes thus having a negative impact on your equipment.
- Burlington Automation is <u>NOT RESPONSIBLE</u> for any damage occurred during installation. The customer must locate and <u>CLEARLY MARK</u> any power sources, electrical lines, pneumatic lines, hydraulic lines, water lines and radiant floor heating systems.
- Please wait for Burlington Automation representatives to arrive prior to beginning installation.
- Burlington Automation recommends a fusible disconnect NOT BREAKERS as shown your electrical layout.

PLEASE NOTE:

ALTHOUGH PARTS ARE ORDERED WHEN YOUR ORDER IS PLACED
YOUR MACHINE FABRICATION DOES NOT BEGIN UNTIL SIGNED LAYOUTS ARE RECEIVED
THIS WILL HAVE AN EFFECT ON YOUR DELIVERY DATE

	THIS WILL HAVE AN EFFECT ON YOUR DELIVERY DATE	
ĺ,	have read and fully understand the customers documents.	
(Print Name)		
Signature:		
Date:		

CUSTOMER RESPONSIBILITES

INSPECT THE MACHINE

The customer assumes responsibility for inspection of all PythonX components before unloading. Make certain that none of the components have been subject to inclement weather conditions or other damages, as this will void the warranty. If weather conditions are serious you may refuse to unload, or use an alternative method of protecting the equipment. If you identify any damage, take photographs before unloading and make notes on the delivery paperwork. Please make certain that you notify Burlington Automation immediately if any damage is evident.

UNLOADING

All lifting equipment used shall be rated for a minimum of 12,000 lbs. (5443 kg.).

Method 1 requires the use of lifting straps. Place the straps as shown in Figure A.1 to ensure no wiring or cables are damaged during the process.

Figure A.1 – Lifting method 1



Method 2 requires the use of a forklift rated for a minimum of 12,000 lbs. (5443 kg.) with 6 ft. (1.83 m) long forks centered under the cutting table keeping the robot structure as low to the ground as possible. See Figure A.2.

Figure A.2 – Lifting method 2



SELECT SUITABLE LOCATION

Position the PythonX in a dry location where there is free circulation of clean air. Dirt, dust or any foreign material that can be drawn into the machine must be kept to a minimum. Failure to observe these precautions can result in excessive operating temperatures and nuisance trips.

- Clear an area of at least 10 ft. (3 m) around the perimeter of the machine location.
- Supply the appropriate input power.
- Floor level must be within +/- 1" (25.4 mm) over the entire area where anchors are to be installed.
- Supply Ethernet connection between machine and office network with a highspeed internet connection (this is a requirement for technical support).

 Ensure that all electrical cabinets and disconnects have the correct clearances for all equipment being installed (check your local code requirements for minimum clearances).

ENVIRONMENTAL AREA

Keep the machine inside and dry at all times. Do not position the PythonX on wet ground or in puddles. Never place liquids on top of the machine

STACKING

The PythonX cannot be stacked.

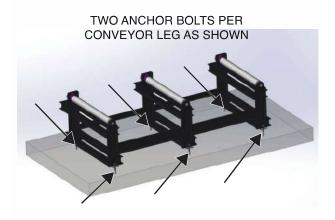
TILTING

Place the PythonX directly on a secure, level surface at all times.

TOOL AND PARTS LIST

• Hammer drill and ram set.

Figure A.3 – Anchor point locations



- Metric and SAE Allen keys up to 7/16".
- 3/8" to 1 5/16" wrench set (2 X 15/16" wrenches).
- 15/16" Deep well nut driver.
- 3/4" 12 point socket.
- 1 1/8" wrench.
- Two 1½" wrenches.
- Nut driver with M6 and M8 Allen drivers.
- A minimum of six 8" C-clamps or Bessey clamps.
- 6 ft. (1.8 m) level.
- Chalk line.
- Laser (swivel head), accurate to +/-1/16th" per 100' or 1.5 mm per 30 m.
- Three 1/2" hand drills (keyed chucks).
- Masonry drill bits up to 1/2".
- M10 x 1.5 tap
- Center locating punch for M10
- 8.4mm (Q) drill for M10 x 1.5 tap
- Extension cords with surge protectors.
- Tape measure.
- Combination square.
- 4 ft. (1.2 m) pry bar.
- Pneumatic impact gun/wrench with sockets up to 7/8".
- Hammer.
- 10ft. (3 m) straight edge.
- Hydraulic jack.
- 15 20 lb. (6.8 9 kg.) sledgehammer.
- Caulk gun with two tubes of high temperature rated silicon (clear).
- 250 ft. (76 m) of string line (aviation cable recommended for outdoor installations).
- Disk grinder.

ELECTRICAL

HIGH FREQUENCY INTERFERRENCE PROTECTION

CAUTION

- Large equipment, such as cranes, may interfere with the operation of this machine.
- This machine may interfere with the operation of other equipment in work area.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Electric connections should be made in accordance with local requirements.
 Ensure compliance with the EMC regulatory arrangements.
- During installation, always use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to avoid injury. This also applies to persons who enter the work area during installation.
- Use sufficient climbing gear and safety guards when working higher than 6 ft. (1.8 m) (local restrictions may apply).
- Never install any product in front of entrances and exits which must be used for emergency services.
- Do not move, puncture, cut or otherwise disturb any gas, water pipes and/or electric cables.
- Ensure the workspace is well illuminated.
- Use common sense. Stay alert and keep your attention to your work. Do not install the product when you are under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.
- Make sure that the installation location contains sufficient approved fire extinguishers.
- Install according to the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) requirements and the state and local authorities having jurisdiction.

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION NOTES

- OUR PYTHONX TECHNICIANS ARE NOT LICENSED TO RUN OR HOOK UP YOUR FACILITY POWER OR MACHINE WIRING WITHIN YOUR BUILDING. YOU'LL NEED TO HAVE ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS PRESENT FROM THE TUESDAY TO SATURDAY OF THE INSTALLATION WEEK.
- Machine cabling supplied by Burlington Automation
- Provide power to the PythonX.
- Burlington Automation technicians are onsite to <u>supervise and lead</u> the installation of your PythonX.
- Make sure you have the proper gauge electrical feeds to the machine for when we arrive onsite, as per your total amperage on your electrical requirements document.
- Ensure that all electrical cabinets and disconnects have the correct clearances to all equipment to be installed. Check your local building code for accepted clearances.
- <u>DO NOT WELD</u> to PythonX as this could result in damage to electrical components.

MAIN POWER FEED CONNECTION



Figure A.4 – Main power feed connection

All components of the PythonX Structural are powered by the main feed. This includes Robot, Plasma system, conveyors and cross transfers. Compressors and air dryers are not included, they are to be provided by the customer.

PLASMA UNIT

All switches, slow-burn fuses and power cables are customer-supplied and must be chosen as outlined by applicable national and local electrical codes. Installation must be performed by a licensed electrician.

The main feed protection device (Circuit Breaker or Fuse) must be sized to handle all branch-feed loads for both inrush and steady-state current. The power supply must be wired into one of the branch-feed circuits.

Use a motor-start circuit breaker or time delay fuses.

MECHANICAL

CUSTOMER TO SUPPLY

- Customer to provide a minimum of three (3) qualified mechanical technicians to assist with installation.
- Floor must be a maximum of +/- 1" (25.4 mm) out of level over entire area where anchors are to be installed.
- Burlington Automation mechanical technicians are onsite to supervise and lead the installation of your PythonX.
- Burlington Automation mechanical technicians will assist with alignment and leveling prior to fastening to the floor.
- Customer is to secure all equipment to the floor when final placement is achieved.
- When installing drag transfers, placement of the operator station is the responsibility of the customer.
- When installation is complete, Burlington Automation recommends mortaring/grouting of all equipment.

MECHANICAL INSTALLATION STEPS

- Rough place the conveyors as your layout drawing dictates (should be within 3 feet of final install location).
- Make sure all tools and equipment are on site when Burlington Automation technicians arrive.
- Please wait for Burlington Automation to arrive before continuing with the installation of your PythonX.

NOTE: If you continue to install without Burlington Automation present and this results in incorrect installation you will be responsible for additional costs requiring time, personnel and travel to correct any issues. DO NOT FASTEN OR SECURE ANY COMPONENTS WITHOUT BURLINGTON AUTOMATION APPROVAL.

(FINAL ALIGNMENT AND LEVELING OF THE MACHINE IS CRITICAL).

DUST COLLECTOR

- Assembly of dust collection unit (if applicable).
- Supply clean dry air to dust collector (90-105 psi) (6.21 7.24 Bar).

Figure A.5– Dust collector ducting

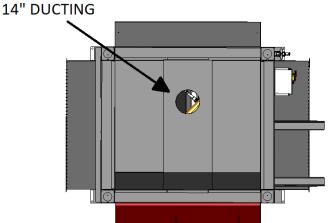


Figure A.6 – Typical ducting

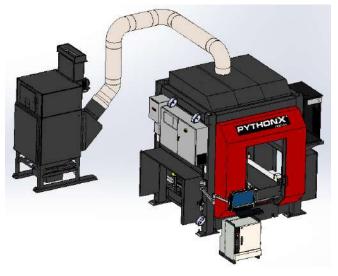


Table A.1 – Supplied Ducting

Some ducting is (as noted below) supplied by Burlington Automation:

3 Pieces Swivel elbows.

2 Pieces of 10' length

** CUSTOMER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SUPLYING ALL DUCTING BEYOND WHAT IS SUPPLIED WITH THE MACHINE.

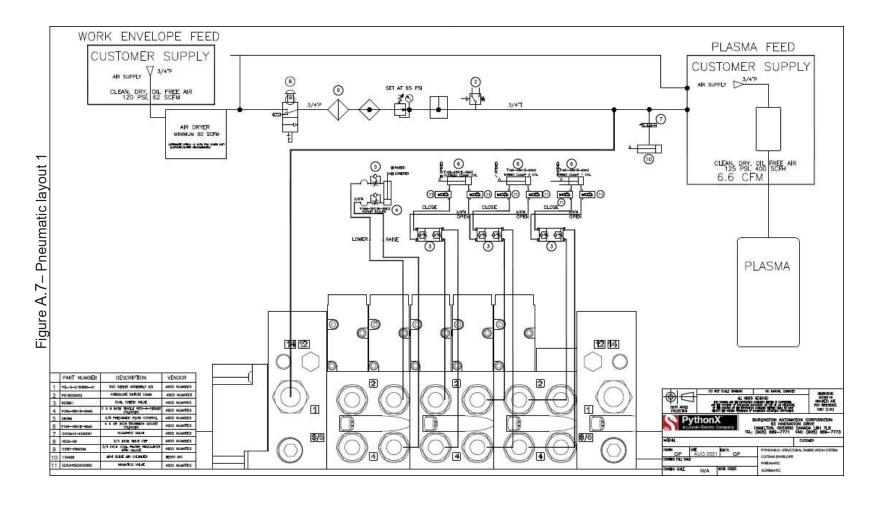
10'
(3m)

3 Pieces
2 Pieces

PNEUMATIC REQUIREMENTS

- Supply clean dry air. PythonX requires a total of 62 SCFM 125 psi (8.61 Bar) (Air dryer is required for Hypertherm unit and Dust Collector) air dryer distance to Hypertherm and dust collector recommended at no more than 15 ft. (4.6 m).
- All air feeds with clean and dry air to all equipment (3/4" pipe is required).
- Air to plasma must maintain clean dry air at 125 psi (8.27 Bar) to get proper cut results (bottled air can be used) 400 SCFH (cubic feet hour) = 6.6 SCFM (cubic feet minute).
- Dust collector requires between 90 105 psi (6.21 7.24 Bar).
- Supply and install air line piping for lift and carry system (if applicable).

^{**} CUSTOMER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SUPLYING ALL DUCTING BEYOND WHAT IS SUPPLIED WITH THE MACHINE.



GAS REQUIREMENTS

Air, Oxygen and Nitrogen are required for mild steel cutting and scribing. Argon can be used for scribing, but is not required.

Table A.2 – System gas requirements

GAS QUALITY AND PRESSURE REQUIREMENTS						
GAS TYPE	FLOW RATE					
O ₂ OXYGEN*	927 kPa / 115 psi (115 PSI) (7.93 Bar)	4250 L/H 150 SCFH				
N₂ NITROGEN*	99.99% PURE CLEAN, DRY, OIL- FREE	927 kPa / 115 psi (115 PSI) (7.93 Bar)	11610 L/H 410 SCFH			
** CLEAN, DRY, OIL-FREE PER ISO 8573-1 CLASS 1.4.2		927 kPa / 115 psi (115 PSI) (7.93 Bar)	11330 L/H 400 SCFH			
Ar ARGON	99.99% PURE CLEAN, DRY, OIL- FREE	927 kPa / 115 psi (115 PSI) (7.93 Bar)	4250 L/H 150 SCFH			

^{*}Required

- Particulates No more than 100 particles per cubic meter of air at a size of 0.1 to 0.5 microns in the largest dimension and 1 particle per cubic meter of air at a size of 0.5 to 5.0 microns in the largest dimension.
- Water The pressure dew point of the humidity must be less than or equal to 37.4° F (3° C).
- Oil The concentration of oil can be no more than 0.1 mg per cubic meter of air.

CUT GAS FEEDS

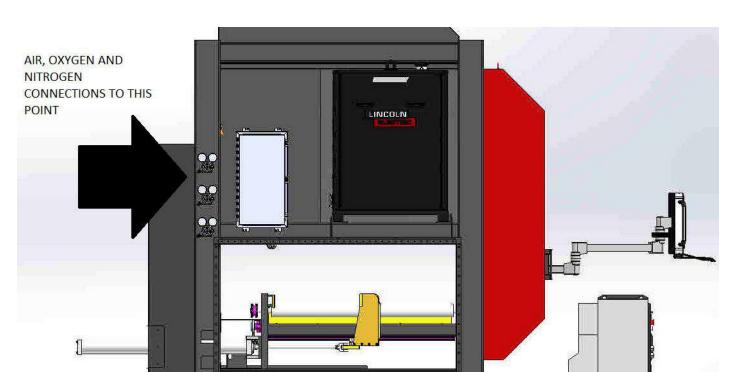
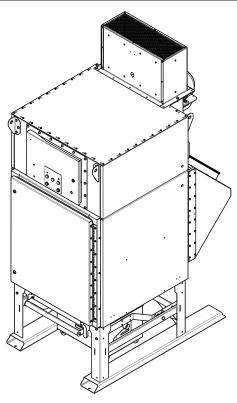


Figure A.8 – Gas Feeds



Operator's Manual

PRISM® COMPACT



For use with machines having Code Numbers:

13218, 13219, 13220, 13221, 13222, 13223, 13224, 13225, 13226, 13422



Register your machine:

www.lincolnelectric.com/register

Authorized Service and Distributor Locator:

www.lincolnelectric.com/locator

Save for future reference

Date Purchased	
Code: (ex: 10859)	
Serial: (ex: U1060512345)	

Need Help? Call 1.888.935.3877

to talk to a Service Representative

Hours of Operation:

8:00 AM to 6:00 PM (ET) Mon. thru Fri.

After hours?

Use "Ask the Experts" at lincolnelectric.com A Lincoln Service Representative will contact you no later than the following business day.

For Service outside the USA:

Email: globalservice@lincolnelectric.com

THANK YOU FOR SELECTING A QUALITY PRODUCT BY LINCOLN ELECTRIC.

PLEASE EXAMINE CARTON AND EQUIPMENT FOR DAMAGE IMMEDIATELY

When this equipment is shipped, title passes to the purchaser upon receipt by the carrier. Consequently, claims for material damaged in shipment must be made by the purchaser against the transportation company at the time the shipment is received.

SAFETY DEPENDS ON YOU

Lincoln arc welding and cutting equipment is designed and built with safety in mind. However, your overall safety can be increased by proper installation ... and thoughtful operation on your part. DO NOT INSTALL, OPERATE OR REPAIR THIS EQUIPMENT WITHOUT READING THIS MANUAL AND THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS CONTAINED THROUGHOUT. And, most importantly, think before you act and be careful.

⚠ WARNING

This statement appears where the information must be followed exactly to avoid serious personal injury or loss of life.

A CAUTION

This statement appears where the information must be followed to avoid minor personal injury or damage to this equipment.

KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF THE FUMES.

DON'T get too close to the arc. Use corrective lenses if necessary to stay a reasonable distance away from the arc.

READ and obey the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the warning label that appears on all containers of welding materials.

USE ENOUGH VENTILATION or exhaust at the arc, or both, to

keep the fumes and gases from

your breathing zone and the general area.

IN A LARGE ROOM OR OUTDOORS, natural ventilation may be adequate if you keep your head out of the fumes (See below).

USE NATURAL DRAFTS or fans to keep the fumes away from your face.

If you develop unusual symptoms, see your supervisor. Perhaps the welding atmosphere and ventilation system should be checked.



WEAR CORRECT EYE, EAR & BODY PROTECTION

PROTECT your eyes and face with welding helmet properly fitted and with proper grade of filter plate (See ANSI Z49.1).

PROTECT your body from welding spatter and arc flash with protective clothing including woolen clothing, flame-proof apron and gloves, leather leggings, and high boots.

PROTECT others from splatter, flash, and glare with protective screens or barriers.

IN SOME AREAS, protection from noise may be appropriate.

BE SURE protective equipment is in good condition.

Also, wear safety glasses in work area **AT ALL TIMES.**



SPECIAL SITUATIONS

DO NOT WELD OR CUT containers or materials which previously had been in contact with hazardous substances unless they are properly cleaned. This is extremely dangerous.

DO NOT WELD OR CUT painted or plated parts unless special precautions with ventilation have been taken. They can release highly toxic fumes or gases.



Additional precautionary measures

PROTECT compressed gas cylinders from excessive heat, mechanical shocks, and arcs; fasten cylinders so they cannot fall.

BE SURE cylinders are never grounded or part of an electrical circuit.

REMOVE all potential fire hazards from welding area.

ALWAYS HAVE FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE AND KNOW HOW TO USE IT.



SECTION A: WARNINGS



CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNINGS



WARNING: Breathing diesel engine exhaust exposes you to chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects. or other reproductive harm.

- Always start and operate the engine in a well-ventilated area.
- If in an exposed area, vent the exhaust to the outside.
- Do not modify or tamper with the exhaust system.
- Do not idle the engine except as necessary.

For more information go to www.P65 warnings.ca.gov/diesel

WARNING: This product, when used for welding or cutting, produces fumes or gases which contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects and, in some cases, cancer. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.)



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm www.P65warnings.ca.gov

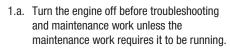
ARC WELDING CAN BE HAZARDOUS. PROTECT YOURSELF AND OTHERS FROM POSSIBLE SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. KEEP CHILDREN AWAY. PACEMAKER WEARERS SHOULD CONSULT WITH THEIR DOCTOR BEFORE OPERATING.

Read and understand the following safety highlights. For additional safety information, it is strongly recommended that you purchase a copy of "Safety in Welding & Cutting -ANSI Standard Z49.1" from the American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135 or CSA Standard W117.2. A Free copy of "Arc Welding Safety" booklet E205 is available from the Lincoln Electric Company, 22801 St. Clair Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199.

BE SURE THAT ALL INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED ONLY BY QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.



FOR ENGINE POWERED EQUIPMENT.





- 1.b. Operate engines in open, well-ventilated areas or vent the engine exhaust fumes outdoors.
- 1.c. Do not add the fuel near an open flame welding arc or when the engine is running. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before refueling to prevent spilled fuel from vaporizing on contact



- with hot engine parts and igniting. Do not spill fuel when filling tank. If fuel is spilled, wipe it up and do not start engine until fumes have been eliminated.
- 1.d. Keep all equipment safety guards, covers and devices in position and in good repair. Keep hands, hair, clothing and tools away from V-belts, gears, fans and all other moving parts when starting, operating or repairing equipment.



- 1.e. In some cases it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.
- 1.f. Do not put your hands near the engine fan. Do not attempt to override the governor or idler by pushing on the throttle control rods while the engine is running.
- 1.g. To prevent accidentally starting gasoline engines while turning the engine or welding generator during maintenance work, disconnect the spark plug wires, distributor cap or magneto wire as appropriate.
- 1.h. To avoid scalding, do not remove the radiator pressure cap when the engine is hot.
- 1.i. Using a generator indoors CAN KILL YOU IN MINUTES.
- 1.j. Generator exhaust contains carbon monoxide. This is a poison you cannot see or smell.
- 1.k. NEVER use inside a home or garage, EVEN IF doors and windows are open.
- 1.I. Only use OUTSIDE and far away from windows, doors and vents.
- 1.m. Avoid other generator hazards. READ MANUAL BEFORE USE.





ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC FIELDS MAY **BE DANGEROUS**

- 2.a. Electric current flowing through any conductor causes localized Electric and Magnetic Fields (EMF). Welding current creates EMF fields around welding cables and welding machines
- 2.b. EMF fields may interfere with some pacemakers, and welders having a pacemaker should consult their physician before welding.
- 2.c. Exposure to EMF fields in welding may have other health effects which are now not known.
- 2.d. All welders should use the following procedures in order to minimize exposure to EMF fields from the welding circuit:
 - 2.d.1. Route the electrode and work cables together Secure them with tape when possible.
 - 2.d.2. Never coil the electrode lead around your body.
 - 2.d.3. Do not place your body between the electrode and work cables. If the electrode cable is on your right side, the work cable should also be on your right side.
 - 2.d.4. Connect the work cable to the workpiece as close as possible to the area being welded.
 - 2.d.5. Do not work next to welding power source.



ELECTRIC SHOCK CAN KILL.

- 3.a. The electrode and work (or ground) circuits are electrically "hot" when the welder is on. Do not touch these "hot" parts with your bare skin or wet clothing. Wear dry, hole-free gloves to insulate hands.
- 3.b. Insulate yourself from work and ground using dry insulation. Make certain the insulation is large enough to cover your full area of physical contact with work and ground.

In addition to the normal safety precautions, if welding must be performed under electrically hazardous conditions (in damp locations or while wearing wet clothing; on metal structures such as floors, gratings or scaffolds; when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with the workpiece or ground) use the following equipment:

- Semiautomatic DC Constant Voltage (Wire) Welder.
- DC Manual (Stick) Welder.
- AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.
- 3.c. In semiautomatic or automatic wire welding, the electrode, electrode reel, welding head, nozzle or semiautomatic welding gun are also electrically "hot".
- 3.d. Always be sure the work cable makes a good electrical connection with the metal being welded. The connection should be as close as possible to the area being welded.
- Ground the work or metal to be welded to a good electrical (earth) ground.
- Maintain the electrode holder, work clamp, welding cable and welding machine in good, safe operating condition. Replace damaged insulation.
- 3.g. Never dip the electrode in water for cooling.
- 3.h. Never simultaneously touch electrically "hot" parts of electrode holders connected to two welders because voltage between the two can be the total of the open circuit voltage of both welders.
- When working above floor level, use a safety belt to protect yourself from a fall should you get a shock.
- 3.j. Also see Items 6.c. and 8.



ARC RAYS CAN BURN.



- 4.a. Use a shield with the proper filter and cover plates to protect your eyes from sparks and the rays of the arc when welding or observing open arc welding. Headshield and filter lens should conform to ANSI Z87. I standards.
- 4.b. Use suitable clothing made from durable flame-resistant material to protect your skin and that of your helpers from the arc rays.
- 4.c. Protect other nearby personnel with suitable, non-flammable screening and/or warn them not to watch the arc nor expose themselves to the arc rays or to hot spatter or metal.



FUMES AND GASES CAN BE DANGEROUS.

5.a. Welding may produce fumes and gases hazardous to health. Avoid breathing these fumes and gases. When welding keen your head out of the functions.

fumes and gases. When welding, keep your head out of the fume. Use enough ventilation and/or exhaust at the arc to keep fumes and gases away from the breathing zone. When welding hardfacing (see instructions on container or SDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce highly toxic fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation unless exposure assessments indicate otherwise. In confined spaces or in some circumstances, outdoors, a respirator may also be required. Additional precautions are also required when welding

on galvanized steel.

- 5. b. The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits.
- 5.c. Do not weld in locations near chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors coming from degreasing, cleaning or spraying operations. The heat and rays of the arc can react with solvent vapors to form phosgene, a highly toxic gas, and other irritating products.
- 5.d. Shielding gases used for arc welding can displace air and cause injury or death. Always use enough ventilation, especially in confined areas, to insure breathing air is safe.
- 5.e. Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions for this equipment and the consumables to be used, including the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and follow your employer's safety practices. SDS forms are available from your welding distributor or from the manufacturer.
- 5.f. Also see item 1.b.



WELDING AND CUTTING SPARKS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION.

- 6.a. Remove fire hazards from the welding area. If this is not possible, cover them to prevent the welding sparks from starting a fire. Remember that welding sparks and hot materials from welding can easily go through small cracks and openings to adjacent areas. Avoid welding near hydraulic lines. Have a fire extinguisher readily available.
- 6.b. Where compressed gases are to be used at the job site, special precautions should be used to prevent hazardous situations. Refer to "Safety in Welding and Cutting" (ANSI Standard Z49.1) and the operating information for the equipment being used.
- 6.c. When not welding, make certain no part of the electrode circuit is touching the work or ground. Accidental contact can cause overheating and create a fire hazard.
- 6.d. Do not heat, cut or weld tanks, drums or containers until the proper steps have been taken to insure that such procedures will not cause flammable or toxic vapors from substances inside. They can cause an explosion even though they have been "cleaned". For information, purchase "Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances", AWS F4.1 from the American Welding Society (see address above).
- Vent hollow castings or containers before heating, cutting or welding. They may explode.
- 6.f. Sparks and spatter are thrown from the welding arc. Wear oil free protective garments such as leather gloves, heavy shirt, cuffless trousers, high shoes and a cap over your hair. Wear ear plugs when welding out of position or in confined places. Always wear safety glasses with side shields when in a welding area.
- 6.g. Connect the work cable to the work as close to the welding area as practical. Work cables connected to the building framework or other locations away from the welding area increase the possibility of the welding current passing through lifting chains, crane cables or other alternate circuits. This can create fire hazards or overheat lifting chains or cables until they fail.
- 6.h. Also see item 1.c.
- 6.I. Read and follow NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work", available from NFPA, 1 Batterymarch Park, PO box 9101, Quincy, MA 022690-9101.
- 6.j. Do not use a welding power source for pipe thawing.



CYLINDER MAY EXPLODE IF

7.a. Use only compressed gas cylinders containing the correct shielding gas for the process used and properly operating regulators designed for the gas and pressure used. All hoses, fittings, etc. should be suitable for the application and maintained in good condition.



- 7.b. Always keep cylinders in an upright position securely chained to an undercarriage or fixed support.
- 7.c. Cylinders should be located:
 - Away from areas where they may be struck or subjected to physical damage.
 - A safe distance from arc welding or cutting operations and any other source of heat, sparks, or flame.
- 7.d. Never allow the electrode, electrode holder or any other electrically "hot" parts to touch a cylinder.
- Keep your head and face away from the cylinder valve outlet when opening the cylinder valve.
- 7.f. Valve protection caps should always be in place and hand tight except when the cylinder is in use or connected for use.
- 7.g. Read and follow the instructions on compressed gas cylinders, associated equipment, and CGA publication P-I, "Precautions for Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Cylinders," available from the Compressed Gas Association, 14501 George Carter Way Chantilly, VA 20151.



FOR ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT.



- 8.a. Turn off input power using the disconnect switch at the fuse box before working on the equipment.
- 8.b. Install equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code, all local codes and the manufacturer's recommendations.
- 8.c. Ground the equipment in accordance with the U.S. National Electrical Code and the manufacturer's recommendations.

Refer to http://www.lincolnelectric.com/safety for additional safety information.

PRISM® COMPACT SAFETY

As a rule of thumb, for many mild steel electrode, if the air is visibly clear and you are comfortable, then the ventilation is generally adequate for your work. The most accurate way to determine if the worker exposure does not exceed the applicable exposure limit for compounds in the fumes and gases is to have an industrial hygienist take and analyze a sample of the air you are breathing. This is particularly important if you are welding with stainless, hardfacing or Special Ventilation products. All Lincoln MSDS have a maximum fume guideline number. If exposure to total fume is kept below that number, exposure to all fume from the electrode (not coatings or plating on the work) will be below the TLV.

There are steps that you can take to identify hazardous substances in your welding environment. Read the product label and material safety data sheet for the electrode posted in the work place or in the electrode or flux container to see what fumes can be reasonably expected from use of the product and to determine if special ventilation is needed. Secondly, know what the base metal is and determine if there is any paint, plating, or coating that could expose you to toxic fumes and/or gases. Remove it from the metal being welded, if possible. If you start to feel uncomfortable, dizzy or nauseous, there is a possibility that you are being overexposed to fumes and gases, or suffering from oxygen deficiency. Stop welding and get some fresh air immediately. Notify your supervisor and co-workers so the situation can be corrected and other workers can avoid the hazard. Be sure you are following these safe practices, the consumable labeling and MSDS to improve the ventilation in your area. Do not continue welding until the situation has been corrected.

NOTE: The MSDS for all Lincoln consumables is available on Lincoln's website: www.lincolnelectric.com

Before we turn to the methods available to control welding fume exposure, you should understand a few basic terms:

Natural Ventilation is the movement of air through the workplace caused by natural forces. Outside, this is usually the wind. Inside, this may be the flow of air through open windows and doors.

Mechanical Ventilation is the movement of air through the workplace caused by an electrical device such as a portable fan or permanently mounted fan in the ceiling or wall.

Source Extraction (Local Exhaust) is a mechanical device used to capture welding fume at or near the arc and filter contaminants out of the air.

The ventilation or exhaust needed for your application depends upon many factors such as:

- Workspace volume
- Workspace configuration
- Number of welders
- Welding process and current
- Consumables used (mild steel, hardfacing, stainless, etc.)
- Allowable levels (TLV, PEL, etc.)
- Material welded (including paint or plating)
- · Natural airflow

Your work area has adequate ventilation when there is enough ventilation and/or exhaust to control worker exposure to hazardous materials in the welding fumes and gases so the applicable limits for those materials is not exceeded. See chart of TLV and PEL for Typical Electrode Ingredients, the OSHA PEL

(Permissible Exposure Limit), and the recommended guideline, the ACGIH TLV (Threshold Limit Value), for many compounds found in welding fume.

Ventilation

There are many methods which can be selected by the user to provide adequate ventilation for the specific application. The following section provides general information which may be helpful in evaluating what type of ventilation equipment may be suitable for your application. When ventilation equipment is installed, you should confirm worker exposure is controlled within applicable OSHA PEL and/or ACGIH TLV. According to OSHA regulations, when welding and cutting (mild steels), natural ventilation is usually considered sufficient to meet requirements, provided that:

- 1. The room or welding area contains at least 10,000 cubic feet (about 22' x 22' x 22') for each welder.
- 2. The ceiling height is not less than 16 feet.
- Cross ventilation is not blocked by partitions, equipment, or other structural barriers.
- 4. Welding is not done in a confined space.

Spaces that do not meet these requirements should be equipped with mechanical ventilating equipment that exhausts at least 2000 CFM of air for each welder, except where local exhaust hoods or booths, or air-line respirators are used.

Important Safety Note:

When welding with electrodes which require special ventilation such as stainless or hardfacing (see instructions on container or MSDS) or on lead or cadmium plated steel and other metals or coatings which produce hazardous fumes, keep exposure as low as possible and below exposure limit values (PEL and TLV) for materials in the fume using local exhaust or mechanical ventilation. In conned spaces or in some circumstances, for example outdoors, a respirator may be required if exposure cannot be controlled to the PEL or TLV. (See MSDS and chart of TLV and PEL for Typical Electrode Ingredients.) Additional precautions are also required when welding on galvanized steel.

PRISM® COMPACT SAFETY

BIBLIOGRAPHY AND SUGGESTED READING

ANSI Z87.1, Practice for Occupational and Educational Eye and Face Protection, American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036.

Arc Welding and Your Health: A Handbook of Health Information for Welding. Published by The American Industrial Hygiene Association, 2700 Prosperity Avenue, Suite 250, Fairfax, VA 22031-4319.

NFPA Standard 51B, Cutting and Welding Processes, National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, P.O. Box 9146, Quincy, MA 02269-9959.

OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910 Subpart Q. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Available from the Occupational Safety and Health Administration at http://www.osha.org or contact your local OSHA office.

The following publications are published by The American Welding Society, P.O. Box 351040, Miami, Florida 33135. AWS publications may be purchased from the American Welding society at http://www.aws.org or by contacting the AWS at 800-443-9353.

ANSI, Standard Z49.1, Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes. Z49.1 is now available for download at no charge at http://www.lincolnelectric.com/community/safety/ or at the AWS website http://www.aws.org.

AWS F1.1, Method for Sampling Airborne Particulates Generated by Welding and Allied Processes.

AWS F1.2, Laboratory Method for Measuring Fume Generation Rates and Total Fume Emission of Welding and Allied Processes.

AWS F1.3, Evaluating Contaminants in the Welding Environment: A Strategic Sampling Guide.

AWS F1.5, Methods for Sampling and Analyzing Gases from Welding and Allied Processes.

AWS F3.2, Ventilation Guide for Welding Fume Control

AWS F4.1, Recommended Safe Practices for the Preparation for Welding and Cutting of Containers and Piping That Have Held Hazardous Substances.

AWS SHF, Safety and Health Facts Sheets. Available free of charge from the AWS website at http://www.aws.org.

LISTED BELOW ARE SOME TYPICAL INGREDIENTS IN W THEIR TLV (ACGIH) GUIDELINES AND PEL (OSHA		AND	
INGREDIENTS	CAS No.	TLV mg/m³	PEL mg/m
Aluminum and/or aluminum alloys (as AI)*****	7429-90-5	1.0	15
Aluminum oxide and/or Bauxite*****	1344-28-1	1.0	5**
Barium compounds (as Ba)*****	513-77-9	0.5	0.5
Chromium and chromium alloys or compounds (as Cr)*****	7440-47-3	0.5(b)	0.5(b)
Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	18540-29-9	0.05(b)	.005(b)
Copper Fume	7440-50-8	0.2	0.1
Cobalt Compounds	7440-48-4	0.02	0.1
Fluorides (as F)	7789-75-5	2.5	2.5
Iron	7439-89-6	10*	10*
Limestone and/or calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	10*	15
Lithium compounds (as Li)	554-13-2	15	10*
Magnesite	1309-48-4	10	15
Magnesium and/or magnesium alloys and compounds (as Mg)	7439-95-4	10*	10*
Manganese and/or manganese alloys and compounds (as Mn)*****	7439-96-5	0.02	5.0(c)
Mineral silicates	1332-58-7	5**	5**
Molybdenum alloys (as Mo)	7439-98-7	10	10
Nickel****	7440-02-0	0.1	1
Silicates and other binders	1344-09-8	10*	10*
Silicon and/or silicon alloys and compounds (as Si)	7440-21-3	10*	10*
Strontium compounds (as Sr)	1633-05-2	10*	10*
Zirconium alloys and compounds (as Zr)	12004-83-0	5	5

Supplemental Information:

- (*) Not listed. Nuisance value maximum is 10 milligrams per cubic meter. PEL value for iron oxide is 10 milligrams per cubic meter. TLV value for iron oxide is 5 milligrams per cubic meter.
- (**) As respirable dust.
- (*****) Subject to the reporting requirements of Sections 311, 312, and 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 and of 40CFR 370 and 372.
- (b) The PEL for chromium (VI) is .005 milligrams per cubic meter as an 8 hour time weighted average. The TLV for water-soluble chromium (VI) is 0.05 milligrams per cubic meter. The TLV for insoluble chromium (VI) is 0.01 milligrams per cubic meter.
- (c) Values are for manganese fume. STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is 3.0 milligrams per cubic meter. OSHA PEL is a ceiling value.
- (****) The TLV for soluble barium compounds is 0.5 mg/m³.

TLV and PEL values are as of October 2013. Always check Safety Data Sheet (SDS) with product or on the Lincoln Electric website at http://www.lincolnelectric.com

INSTALLATION	SECTION A
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS	A-1
GENERAL DESCRIPTION	A-2
THE INTENDED PURPOSE	A-2
TRANSPORT AND ERECTION	A-2
SELECT SUITABLE LOCATION	A-2
ENVIRONMENTAL AREA	A-2
INSTALLATION OF PRISM® COMPACT	A-3
ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS	A-6
OPERATION	SECTION B
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	B-1
USERS	B-1
INTENDED USE	
MODIFICATIONS	
RESTRICTIONS	
CONTROL	
SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION	
FUNCTIONS	
OPERATION	
SMARTWIRE DEVICE LEARNING	
STARTUP	
SET POINTS	
PRISM® COMPACT THERMAL SUPPRESSION OVERVIEW	
INSTALLATION	D-/
ACTIVATION	
OPERATION AND DIAGNOSTICS	
DISCHARGE AND RECOVERY	
ALARM IDENTIFICATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING	
THERMAL PROTECTION SYSTEM	B-13
ACCESSORIES	CECTION O
REPLACEMENT FILTER OPTIONS	
REPLACEIVENT FILTER OPTIONS	U-I
MAINTENANCE	CECTION D
MALFUNCTIONS AND EMERGENCIES EFFECTING THE FILTER UNIT	
ESCAPE OF NOXIOUS SUBSTANCES OR RADIATION	
PERIODIC MAINTENANCE	
MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE	
REPLACING FILTER CARTRIDGES	D-4
TROUBLESHOOTING	SECTION E
DIAGRAMS	SECTION F
PARTS LIST	

PRISM® COMPACT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL						
TYPE OF CLEANING	Pulse jet					
DUTY CYCLE	100%					
COMPRESSED AIR PRESSURE AND QUALITY	72 - 87 psi (5 - 6 bar) clean, dry and oil free					

FII TER (CI FANING	COMPRESSED	AIR CONSUI	MPTION
	JEEANING	COMPRESSED	AIN CONSUL	

Compressed Air pressure: 6 bar (87 psi) *5 bar (72 psi) approx 20% less* volume

PAUSE TIME: 15 SEC (factory default "bold")
PULSE LENGTH: 250ms (factory default)

		Air Consumption CFM, (L/MIN)			
		Cleaning Cycle			
Pause Time (Sec)	5	51.6 (1464)			
	10	25.8 (732)			
	15	17.2 (488)			
	20	12.9 (366)			
	25	10.3 (293)			
	30	8.6 (244)			
	35	7.4 (209)			
	40	6.5 (183)			
	45	5.7 (163)			
	50	5.2 (146)			
	55	4.7 (133)			
	60	4.3 (122)			

NOTE: Compressed air must be clean and dry, and have a dew point of -40°F (-40°C).

FILTER CLASS (AC	FILTER CLASS (ACCORDING TO ASHRAE 52.2)				
KP4519-1	MERV 11				
KP4519-2	MERV 16 NANO				
KP4519-3	MERV 16 PTFE				
KP4519-4	MERV 11 OIL RESISTANT				
KP4519-5	MERV 16 OIL RESISTANT NANO				

AMBIENT CONDITIONS				
MINIMUM TEMPERATURE	-4°F (-20°C) 37°F (3°C) *Normal			
MINIMUM TEMPERATURE	operation with thermal			
	suppression			
MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE	113°F (45°C)			
MAXIMUM RELATIVE HUMIDITY	75%			

PRISM® COMPACT: AD2455-1, AD2455-3, AD2455-5 AD2455-7 & AD2455-9				
INPUT VOLTAGE NOMINAL +/- 10%	380-480V/3~/50-60Hz			
MAXIMUM CURRENT	7.5 A			
MOTOR POWER	5HP			
INSULATION CLASS FAN MOTOR	F			
PROTECTION CLASS FAN MOTOR	IP54			
DIMENSIONS	See Section F			
SUPPLY FUSE	CLASS J OR CC 30A/600V			
ALARM LEVEL	1500Pa (factory default)"			

PRISM® COMPACT: AD2455-2, AD2455-4, AD2455-6, AD2455-8, AD2455-10				
INPUT VOLTAGE NOMINAL +/- 10%	380-480V/3~/50-60Hz			
MAXIMUM CURRENT	14.5 A			
MOTOR POWER	10 HP			
INSULATION CLASS FAN MOTOR	F			
PROTECTION CLASS FAN MOTOR	IP54			
DIMENSIONS	See Section F			
SUPPLY FUSE	Class J OR CC 30A/600V			
ALARM LEVEL	1500Pa (factory default)			

PRISM® COMPACT INSTALLATION

INSTALLATION

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Prism® Compact is a reduced-footprint fan/filtration unit combination designed with robotic welding and plasma cutting system in mind. The 4-filter configurations can provide extraction capacity for just about any automated system equipped with a hood.

Pre-assembly allows for easy and quick installation.

The fan pulls the air with particulate through the filters. When the pressure over the filter reaches a preset point, the internal self cleaning mechanism begins to clean the filter cartridges by means of compressed air shots, resulting in the particulate dropping into a dustbin at the bottom of the unit.

THE INTENDED PURPOSE

Extraction of fumes that are released in the course of using welding equipment for cutting and joining non-alloy and alloy steels, including highalloy chromium/nickel steels with a nickel and chromium content of $\geq 30\%$

TRANSPORT AND ERECTION

! ATTENTION

Instruct all persons whose presence is not required to stay out of the hazard area



Do not stand under or next to the load when it is being lifted up or set down

Transport the unit or erection components on the pallets provided, and secure them against falling over or slipping.

Transport them with a suitable pallet truck or forklift truck

Taller units should be built up on site

Filter units must be secured to the foundations

The foundations must have adequate load-bearing strength and be free of vibration

! ATTENTION

- The installer is responsible for following federal, state and local safety codes and regulations.
- Before drilling, verify locations of existing gas, water or electrical conduits.



! WARNING

Excluded Uses!

- Welding fumes containing oil
- Aluminium dust
- Burning or incandescent materials
- Cigarettes
- Aggressive media
- Water and moisture
- Explosive gases and/or dust mixtures
- Dusts with toxic characteristics other than welding fumes
- The installation of this product is exclusively reserved to authorized, well-trained and qualified professional electrical and mechanical contractors. A goal of the Smartwire is quick installation, possibly without any LE involvment.
- Inspect the product and check it for damage. Verify the functioning of the safety features.
- Electrical connection to be executed in accordance with local requirements. Ensure compliance with the EMC regulatory arrangements.
- Check the working environment. Do not allow unauthorized persons to enter the working environment.
- Protect the product against water and humidity.
- Use common sense. Stay alert and keep your attention to your work. Do not use the product when you are under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medicine.
- Ensure the workspace is well-illuminated.
- Make sure the room is always sufficiently ventilated; this applies especially to confined spaces.
- Never install the product in front of entrances and exits which must be used for emergency services.
- Make sure that the workshop, in the vicinity of the product, contains sufficient approved fire extinguishers.
- Make sure the wall, ceiling or support system are strong enough to carry the product.
- Air containing particles such as chromium, nickel, beryllium, cadmium, lead etc., which is a health hazard, should never be recycled. This air must always be brought outside the working area.

SELECT SUITABLE LOCATION

- Do not place equipment near radiant heat sources.
- Do not place in a confined space. Allow a minimum of 3 feet of clearance around machine at all times for maintenance requirements.

ENVIRONMENTAL AREA

Keep the machine inside and dry at all times. Do not place on wet ground or in puddles. Never place liquids on top of the machine.

PRISM® COMPACT INSTALLATION

INSTALLATION OF PRISM® COMPACT (AD2455-1, AD2455-2, AD2455-5, AD2455-6, & AD2455-9 ONLY)

TOOLS NEEDED

- 5/16" Nutdriver
- 9/16" Nutdriver
- Ladder/Lift
- Drill + 1/4" Drill Bit

Step 1 - Remove The Wood Frame

Remove lag bolts and discard wood frame and pallet.

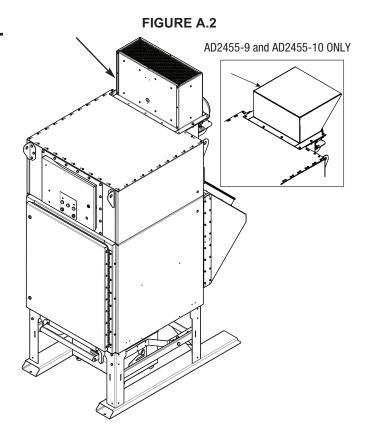
FIGURE A.1

Wood pallet bolted at bottom of machine frame (not pictured).

Step 2 - Install Fan Silencer

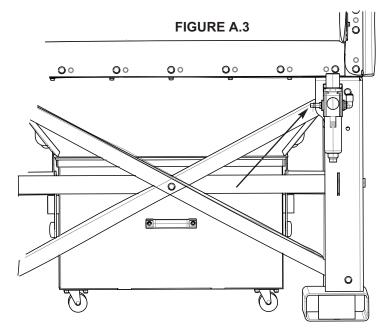
Remove the fan silencer from the pallet (or discharge grill and rain guard for AD2455-9). Remove it from the packaging. Install fan silencer using 3/8 inch bolts (See Figure A.2). For AD2455-9 only, place the discharge grill on the fan outlet, then place the rain guard on the discharge grill. Fasten them using 3/8 inch bolts.

AD2455-1: 10 bolts AD2455-2: 12 bolts AD2455-5: 10 bolts AD2455-6: 12 bolts AD2455-9: 10 bolts AD2455-10: 12 bolts



Step 3 - Compressed Air Connection

Connect Compressed air source to fitting (ISO 6150 B profile - 1/4"). Adjust regulator pressure to 6 bar (87 psi) max.

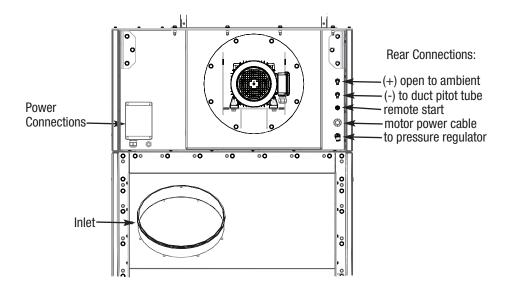


PRISM® COMPACT INSTALLATION

Step 4 - Install Pitot Tube

- a. Drill 1/4" hole into the 16" straight duct pipe 40-50" away from the inlet of the unit.
- b. Insert pitot tube and secure it with 2 sheet metal screws (screws included).
- c. Connect the clear tube from the pitot tube to the negative (-) pressure connection mounted on the back side of the unit.

FIGURE A.4



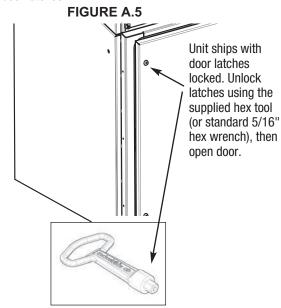
PRISM® COMPACT INSTALLATION

Step 5 - Install Filters (See section D for filter replacement instructions)

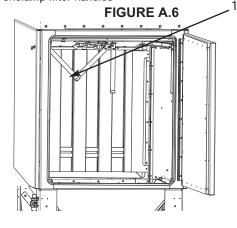
∴ WARNING

Before opening door, unit must be off and the power switch on the side of the control panel turned to the off position.

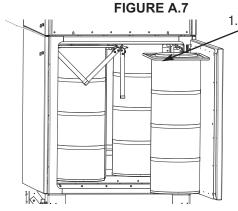
a. Unlock door latches



b. Unclamp filter handles

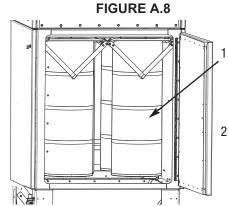


Unclasp handles for filter installation. c. Install new filters.



Slide filters into unit as shown, making sure they are pushed against rear of unit.

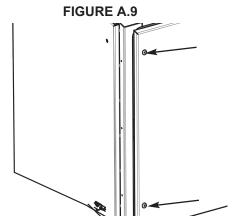
d. Reclasp filter handles



- . Reclasp filter handles to lift filters to their sealed position.
- Close and latch door.

Step 6 - lock door

To prevent accidental door opening during unit operation, lock door latches using the supplied hex tool (or standard 5/16" hex wrench.



ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

Make all electrical connections compatible to your local city \slash state code.

. ! . WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Only qualified personnel should perform this installation.
- Turn the input power OFF and unplug the machine from the receptacle before working on this equipment.



- Insulate yourself from the work and ground.
- Always connect the Prism® Compact to a power supply grounded according to the National Electrical Code and local codes.

! WARNING

All electrical wiring which includes primary, secondary and control wiring must be done by certified/licensed electrician.

ELECTROCUTION HAZARD.

Disconnect mains before servicing. Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury or death.

Do not attempt installation of this unit unless you are familiar with the necessary tools, equipment, utility connections and potential hazards. Installation should be performed only by a qualified service provider. Failure to do so could result in reduced performance of the unit, serious personal injury or death.

OPERATION

Safety Precautions

Only use the product for the welding processes described in the General Description. Avoid using the product for extracting and/or filtering fumes and gases which are released during the following (welding) processes:

Never use the product for:

- oxy-fuel cutting
- aluminium laser cutting
- oil mist
- paint mist
- extraction of hot gases (more than 80°C/176°F continuously)
- · grinding aluminium and magnesium
- flame spraying
- extraction of cement, saw dust, wood dust, grit etc.
- explosive environments or explosive substances/gases (This list is not comprehensive.)

If the product is used in above situations it could result in potential fire hazard, non-compliance with local regulations and reduction in product performance and life.

USERS

The use of this product is exclusively reserved to authorized, well-trained and qualified users. Temporary personnel and personnel in training can only use the product under supervision and responsibility of skilled engineers.

! WARNING

Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable federal, state and/or local regulations and guidelines (i.e. OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV limits in the U.S.).

INTENDED USE

The product has been designed as a filtration unit for dry dust and fumes. Using the product for other purposes is considered contrary to its intended use. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damages or injury resulting from such use. The product has been built in accordance with state-of-the-art standards and recognized safety regulations.

Only use this product when in technical perfect condition in accordance with its intended use and the instructions explained in the user manual.

MODIFICATIONS

Modifications of (parts of) the product is not allowed.

RESTRICTIONS

The Lincoln Electric "BANK" system may only be used for filtration of fumes and dust generated by some dry processing industries. Max 80°C (176°F) gas temperature.

∕!\ WARNING

- During use, always use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to avoid injury. This also applies for persons who enter the work area.
- Check the working environment. Do not allow unauthorized persons to enter the working environment.
- Protect the product against water and humidity.
- Make sure the room is always sufficiently ventilated; this applies especially to confined spaces.

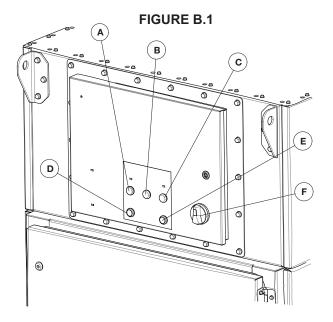
WARNING

Saturation or clogging of the filter cartridge results in a decrease of the extraction capacity which could result in a higher localized concentration of welding fumes.

The controls will automatically maintain airflow via a PID loop controlling the Danfoss FC 101 Variable Speed Drive (VFD) motor speed so that it keeps the duct pressure consistent. The VRD has a parameter setting to maintain the required pressure and therefore airflow is set during installation of the unit. For changes to this setting contact Lincoln Electric Service.

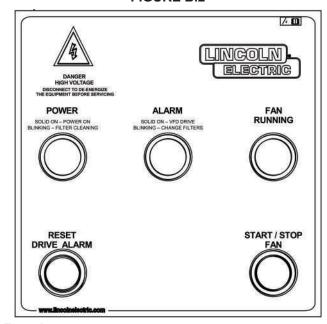
CONTROL

The PLC Controls produce both an input and an output when connected to a robotic welding cell. When the unit is powered on and operating, the remote output will produce a 24VDC "running" signal. If dry contact is made between the input and 24V source line the Fan Running Light will illuminate green. Starting remotely prevents the local panel button from stopping the unit, as a maintained start signal will take precedence. For further details refer the "Connections Diagram" in section "F" of this manual.



- A. Power On (Light)
- B. Alarm (Light)
- C. Fan Running (Light)
- D. Reset Drive Alarm (Switch)
- E. Start/Stop fan (Switch)
- F. Main Switch Input Power

Display System Control Panel FIGURE B.2



Functions

- **A. POWER** Light (white): indicates the unit has power, is online, and available for operation. Blinking light indicates that filter cleaning is in progress.
- B. ALARM Light (red): indicates one of two potential issues with the unit. Blinking light indicates the filter differential pressure has surged above the maximum DP Alarm set point for two hours continuously and the filter should be changed. Solid light indicates that the fan's VFD Drive has faulted or Thermal suppression alarms such as SERVICE, SMOKE, DISCHARGE or DAMPER faults.
- C. FAN RUNNING Light (green): indicates the unit is operational and fan is running.

D. RESET DRIVE ALARM BUTTON

Resets the VFD fault. You may have to manually reset the drive on it's front panel display-- Refer this activity to qualified maintenance service personnel who are allowed inside a powered control cabinet. Pressing this button for 5 seconds will start manual cleaning process.

E. START/STOP FAN Button: starts the fan operation when the unit is in Stand-by mode with no active thermal suppression or VFD alarms, and also stops the fans if already operational.

NOTE - Fans will NOT stop if the unit has been remotely started.

NOTE - Refer control panel label for wiring specifications.

PRODUCT FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The Prism® Compact is controlled by PLC with the following functions:

- Start/Stop Fan feature activated by push button on the cabinet front.
- Remote Start/Stop Fan feature activated by an external switch or remote control.
- Automatic main filter cleaning function triggered in the following cases:
 - a) Filter bank online cleaning activated once the differential pressure across filter exceeds filter set point.
 - b) Offline filter pressure cleaning active at three levels of filter pressure drop (low, medium, high). Each level gradually increases filter cleaning.

Pressure level	Default set pressure limit	# Cleaning Cycles
Below low	<400	No cleaning
Low	400	2
Medium	600	4
High	800	6

- c) When the fan is running the filter pressure is monitored. Once a level is reached, the system will wait for the fan to shit down before offline cleaning begins. Aside from hearing air blasts cycling to each filter, the Power On Indicator will flash as a visual indication that the unit is cleaning. The default pulse time is 250ms. After the first valve is pulsed, the next one is delayed. This delay is the valve pulse timer at work, and the default delay time is 15 seconds. The delay allows the air accumulators within the filter bank to charge.
- d) Online cleaning is activated with the Delta P pressure drop settings. Default level is 800Pa with a range of 100Pa-2500Pa. When the fan is running, and the Delta P level has been reached, the Power On white light will flash and filter cleaning will start from the top. The same pulse and pause times from the offline cleaning are used. Online cleaning will not stop until the filter pressure falls below the Delta P level.
- 4) The Delta P Alarm default is set at 1500Pa. When the alarm is active, the red Alarm light will blink on the main control cabinet. At this time filters should be ordered from Lincoln Electric.
- 5) The PLC will trigger an Alarm in case of:
 - a) Motor speed control (VFD) Faults with a solid red alarm light.
 - b) The filter is clogged due to passing the *Differential Filter (DP) Alarm setting, giving you a flashing on/off red Alarm light.
- * The VFD alarm can be reset by pushing the reset alarm button.
- * The DP alarm only stops once your DP pressure across the filter is below the alarm set point.

FUNCTIONS OF THE PRISM® COMPACT FILTER UNIT:

- Manual start/stop ventilator.
- Remote start/stop of unit along with a "running" signal available that the remote Robotic Welding Cell can monitor.
- Adjustable ventilator speed via a duct mounted pressure sensor and a PID loop that controls the motor speed with a Variable Frequency Drive (VFD).
- 4) Automated on line filter cleaning.
- 5) Automated off line filter cleaning.
- 6) Manual filter cleaning.
- 7) Alarm signal (optical) for:
 - a. Faulted VFD (Variable Speed Drive).
 - b. Clogged filter
- 8) Reset Alarm

OPERATION

Start/Stop Fan - ventilator operation is activated with the Start/Stop Fan push button or with the remote Start/Stop.

NOTE: remote input takes precedence in operation. If the remote signal starts the unit, pushing the Start/Stop Fan button on the control panel will not stop the fans. The remote signal has to be removed (opened) This will allow the Start/Stop Fan button to operate normally again.

Reset Alarm - Reset Alarm push button is used to reset the alarm if the VFD faults, and some thermal suppression system alarms. Use the black button above the key switch on the side of the unit for thermal suppression alarms for service, discharge, smoke and damper alarms. There are fault codes that can be read off the VFD LCD. Pressing this button for 5 seconds will start manual cleaning process.

CAUTION: only qualified persons with proper protections in place should open control cabinets under power.

Ventilation Fan Speed and Operation - Ventilator fan is set for proper airflow during installation by setting a parameter in the VFD. The fan uses a duct mounted pressure sensor which gives a 0-10 VDC reading back to the controls, which allows a constant airflow to be maintained up to the limits of the fan motor operation during filter loading. The speed of the fan will be automatically adjusted between the minimum (35Hz) and maximum (60Hz) speeds. Contact Lincoln Electric service department for guidance with adjustment of the fan parameters.

A solid red alarm light indicates a problem was detected by the VFD and it signaled the controls, the controls will try to reset the VFD when you press the VFD Fault Reset button. If the alarm will not clear or returns you will need help from your qualified maintenance personal to review the VFD for possible fault conditions and address it.

STARTUP

The following points are to be checked and implemented before the filter unit is put into operation:

Electricity - Check for connection to a proper three phase line voltage connection for optimal performance. The VFD and motor will be rated for the applied line voltage to the unit. Ensure supply lines to the unit are properly fused and all local electrical codes are followed.

Pneumatics - Check that the compressed air is connected. Compressed air should be clean, dry and oil free and at a minimum pressure of 87 psi (6 bar).

SET POINTS

Default values enable basic unit operation. Each value should be given consideration for optimized operation, and can be adjusted with continued use and experience using the equipment. Consult Lincoln Electric Field Service to shorten the learning curve. Of vital importance is the initial PID value setting for the airflow. This setting determines the unit's air flow cubic feet per minute (cfm) the fan maintains as it monitors the duct pressure, and this ramps up fan speed as the filter loads and creates a higher differential pressure across it but maintaining system airflow cfm up to the limit of the fans maximum speed.

The Lincoln Electric standard control cabinet comes with automatic controlled frequency converter. After the airflow is set with the PID setting the system will automatically adjust itself.

PLC DISPLAY FOR CODES 13220 & 13224:

1. Following screens in PLC will display the system status Home screen

I7.	ECN
RE I	DC P
FR 15 03	
Q	RUN
AUTOIP act	

By pressing the left arrow <- the following screen will be visible.

STANDBY			
FiltrPr		0	рa
DuctPr		0	рa
PauseT		15	S
PULSES	0	S0L‡	1 0
FiltrHr		()Hr

FiltrPr: This is the differential pressure measured across the filter, indicates the amount of filter clogging.

DuctPr: This is the pressure measured in the Duct which is proportional to the air flow. The fan speed is

regulated using Duct pressure to maintain even air flow.

PauseT: This is the time delay between solenoid pulses.

FilterHr: This is the time count for the filter used hours and normally reset to '0' when filter is changed.

PULSES: It is a count of number of pulses in a cleaning cycle.

SOL#: It is the indication of which solenoid is pulsed recently.

Software Version.



This display indicates the software version.

Following parameters can be adjusted

Set Parame	eters	LowPr#CY	2
LowPr	400pa	MediumCY	4
MediumPr	600pa	HighCY	6
HighPr	800pa	DLen⊍DLint	30s
FiterHr	0Hr	FanMinRnTme	0 s
FiterHrmin	0	InsertSD	

Offline cleaning will not initiate if the pressure is below 400.

If the filter pressure is in between 400-600 offline cleaning will initiate for 2 cycles.

If the filter pressure is in between 600-800 offline cleaning will initiate for 4

cycles. If the filter pressure is above 800 offline cleaning will initiate for 6 cycles.

DLen: Data log enable

Dint: Data log interval.

Fan Running:

FAN RUNNING FiltrPr 0 pa DuctPr 0 pa PauseT 15 S PULSES 0 SOL# 0 FiltrHr 0Hr

Manual cleaning.

MANUAL (CLE	EANIN	16	ì
FiltrPr		0	p	a
DuctPr		0	P	a
PauseT		15	S	>
PULSES	1	S0L‡	ŧ	1
FiltrHr		6	ðΗ	lr

Alarm reset button pressed long for more than 5 seconds, the system triggers MANUAL CLEANING.

Standby Mode:

STANDBY			
FiltrPr		0	рa
DuctPr		0	рa
PauseT		15	S
PULSES	0	SOL#	0
FiltrHr		0	Hr

Standby mode is active when there is no cleaning or fan running.

PRISM® COMPACT THERMAL SUPPRESSION

(AD2455-3, AD2455-4, AD2455-7, AD2455-8 ONLY)

OVERVIEW

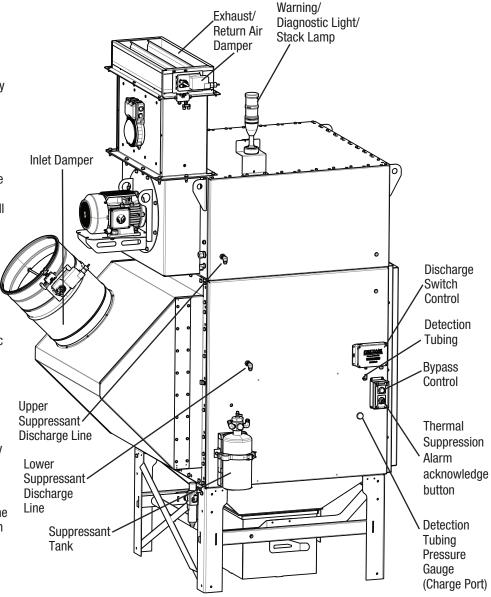
The Prism® Compact indirect low pressure thermal suppression system uses an extinguishing agent commonly known as Novec 1230. It is a colorless low odor fluid, low in toxicity, electrically non-conductive, leaves no residue, and is an extremely effective fire suppression agent.

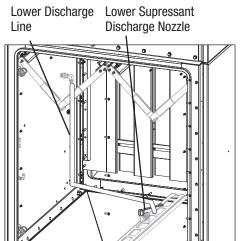
The unit utilizes a UL recognized component (per UL standard 521), a Linear Heat Detector known as Firetrace Automatic Fire Detection Tubing, which when pressurized with Dry Nitrogen, will allow the fire suppression valve to remain in the closed position. This tubing acts as a continuous linear thermal detector that ruptures upon direct flame impingement or at temperatures above 212°F when pressurized to 195 psi. Once the detection tubing is ruptured, the valve automatically opens, allowing the Novec 1230 agent to flow through the discharge piping, distributing the extinguishing agent through the nozzles into the protected volume.

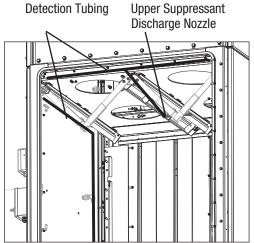
When the system's smoke detector is activated or the detection tubing is ruptured, the integrated controls quickly shut down the fan and close the two dampers to create a protected volume.

A LED strobe light provides visual notification of any system discharge. The stack light also gives visual feedback on any system malfunction as detailed in the Operations and Diagnostics section.

The thermal suppression system components are identified on page C-2.







INSTALLATION OF PRISM® COMPACT WITH THERMAL SUPPRESSION

TOOLS NEEDED

5/16" Nut Driver 3/8" Nut Driver 9/16" Nut Driver Ladder/Lift Drill + 1/4" Drill Bit

STEP 1- Remove pallet. Remove lag bolts from unit and fan silencer/damper. Lift off pallet and discard pallet. See **Figure C.1** below.

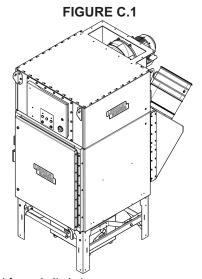
STEP 2 - Install Fan Silencer/Damper. Install fan silencer/damper using 3/8 bolts. See **Figure C.2**.

AD2455-3: 10 bolts **AD2455-4**: 12 bolts **AD2455-7**: 10 bolts **AD2455-8**: 12 bolts

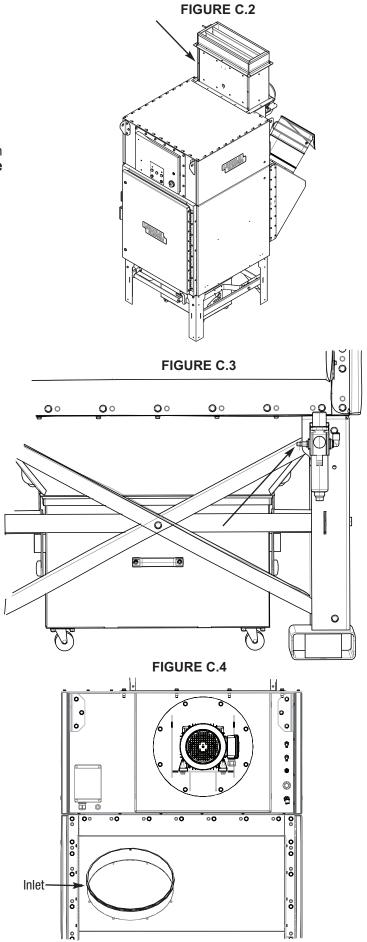
STEP 3 — Connect Compressed air source to fitting. Adjust regulator pressure to 6 bar (87 psi) max. See **Figure C.3**.

STEP 4 - Drill ¼" hole into the 16" straight duct pipe 40-50" away from the inlet of the unit. Insert pitot tube and secure it with 2 sheet metal screws (screws included). Connect the clear tube from the pitot tube to the negative (-) pressure connection on the back side of the unit. See **Figure C.4.**

STEP 5 - Open main door of unit and remove stack light assembly. Remove stack light assembly from package. Remove 2 - 1/4" bolts where shown. Install stack light assembly as shown and secure with 2 - 1/4" bolts. Do not cross thread bolts. Hand start bolts only.

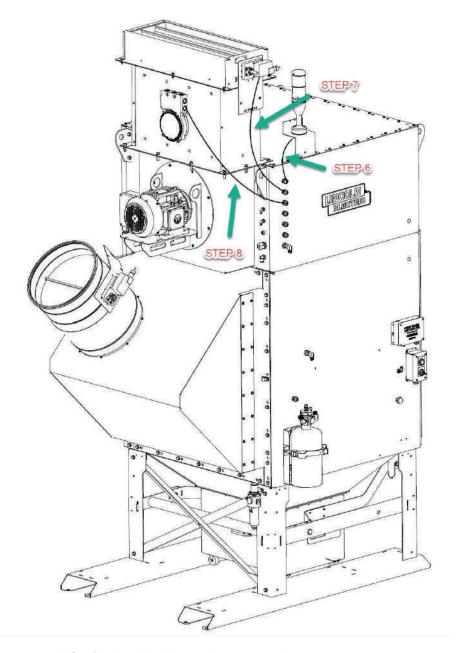


Pallet frame bolted at bottom of machine frame (pallet not pictured).



STEP 6 - Connect the cable to the Warning/Diagnostic Light stack.

STEP 7 - Connect the cable to the outlet damper.
STEP 8 - Connect the cable to the smoke detector mounted to the back of the outlet silencer.



**See filter installatoin instructions on page A-5.

ACTIVATION

STEP 1 — With the ball valve on the suppressant tank still closed, remove the detection tubing pressure gauge and replace with the filling adapter included in the Nitrogen charge kit. Nitrogen charge kits are available through your Lincoln sales representative.

STEP 2 – Using a regulated nitrogen supply, pressurize the detection tubing through the filling adapter to 195 psig (10.3 bar).

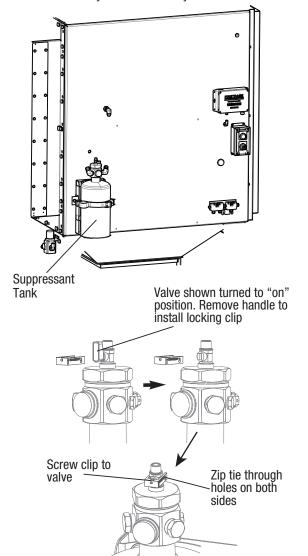
STEP 3 - Remove the filling adapter and thread the pressure gauge & o-ring into its place to verify that the tubing is pressurized to at least 195 psig. This is the normal pressure at 70°F. Pressure will drop at lower temperatures.

STEP 4 – Wait 30 minutes and then observe the pressure gauge. Any decrease in pressure is an indication of a leak. Locate the leak using a soapy water solution at each of the red detection tubing connection points. Fix the leak, then recharge the system.

STEP 5 – After confirming there is no leakage in the detection tubing, SLOWLY rotate the tank's ball valve lever counter clockwise to the "ON" position.

CAUTION: If the ball valve lever is opened abruptly, activation of the cylinder valve may occur, causing the unit to discharge

STEP 6 – Tamper proof the unit by removing the ball valve lever, then screwing the tamper-proof clip to the valve. Complete installation of clip by using zip tie through clip's backside holes. The unit is now fully armed and ready for use.



OPERATION & DIAGNOSTICS

NORMAL OPERATION DESCRIPTION

A Prism® Compact with thermal suppression has active protection even during a power outage since a discharge of suppressant is exclusively dependent on heat induced rupture of the detection tubing. The detection tubing is routed through the filter (dirty air) side of the filter bank. Intake and exhaust dampers are used to contain an event and maximize the effectiveness of a suppressant discharge. A smoke detector shuts down the fan motor and closes the dampers if smoke or particulate due to bypass of a damaged filter is detected in the fan exhaust but this will not trigger a discharge since that can only be caused by heat from a thermal event.

B. FAN/DAMPER SHUTDOWN

There are three alarm conditions that will cause the fan to shut down and the dampers to close. The first cause is a smoke detector alarm, the second is heat induced rupture of the detection tube, i,e Discharge. and if damper fails to close or open.

The lower of the two stack lights (on top of the Prism®) will activate on any thermal event alarm and give a pulsed code of the type of alarm condition that the unit saw to cause it to shut down. A set of pulses followed by a 3 second off time can be decoded according to the alarm codes chart. If there are no system malfunctions, the dampers close when the fan is turned off. Offline cleaning initiated when the fan is shut down will delay damper closing until the cleaning is complete.

C. DISCHARGE NOTIFICATION

Flashing of the Stack Light's upper high intensity light indicates there has been a suppressant discharge. A set of pressure switches are contained in a Firetrace dual pressure switch box. The 195psi normal charge on the detection tubing keeps the discharge switch open. A significant loss of pressure caused by detection tubing rupture, closes the switch which triggers system shutdown and stack light visual notification.

D. SYSTEM MALFUNCTION ALARMS

The Prism® thermal suppression system monitors important functional conditions and provides visual display of any fault by flashing a pulsed code on the LED stack light's lower light. There are four coded alarms.

Inlet and exhaust damper alarm. Dampers are closed when the fan is off but are triggered to open when the fan is started. After opening, the damper's actuator switch sends a verification signal that they are opened. If a signal is not received within 10 seconds, the fan is shut down and a coded flash of pulses identifies which damper failed to open.

The dual pressure switch box monitors pressure in the red detection tubing. If the pressure drops too low due to a slow leak, it trips a pressure switch and flashes a coded pulse on the lower stack light.

The smoke detector alarm triggered by smoke or particulate bypassing the filters triggers a coded pulse on the lower stack light

E. ALARM ACKNOWLEDGE/BYPASS CONTROL

To allow continued system operation, two of the alarms can be temporarily bypassed using the key switch box - the smoke detector alarm and low pressure in the detection tubing circuit. (SERVICE) Note the important caution statements listed in the troubleshooting section. Damper alarms can not be bypassed since both dampers must be open for the fan to move air through the unit. The discharge alarm can not be bypassed either since the cause of this alarm must be resolved and the system reconditioned prior to additional use. Bypass mode is identified when the lower light on the stack light is solid red.

F. RESOLVING ALARMS

Identify the alarm using the "Prism® Stack Light Alarm Codes" table, then use the troubleshooting section to resolve alarm codes. When you have any alarm with a coded pulse on the stack light's lower light, there are some ways the controls are helpful to assist in troubleshooting. The signals for damper open switch, discharge switch input, service pressure switch input, smoke detector input are all digital IO inputs. Use the system wiring print to make sure cables are connected to the correct IO input. Damper feedback function can be verified by manually moving a damper (black button is a clutch on the damper actuator).

It is possible to have multiple alarm conditions, but only one code can flash at a time. Resolving one and clearing it will allow the flashing of any unresolved alarm conditions. Resolving all alarms must be completed before the controls will allow a normal startup.

The alarm status can be cleared by following steps

- 1. FAN RUN push button switch must be deactivated / Remote Fan run signal shall be deactivated
- 2. Clean the alarm condition
- 3. Press Alarm Reset key on the front panel and thermal suppression alarm acknowledge button on the side box above the key switch for bypass for thermal suppression alarms.

DISCHARGE AND RECOVERY

INSPECTION

In the event of a discharge of the thermal suppression system, allcomponents of the system must be inspected and any damaged or compromised components replaced. Un-ruptured red detection tubing can be reused only if there is no evidence of heat damage. That also applies to interior detection tube fittings containing internal seals that can be compromised by exposure to high heat. The suppressant tank has a pressure gauge that should show zero after a discharge. It will need to be re-charged or replaced. If there is any evidence of high heat exposure on any system components they must be replaced.

B. REPLACEMENT

For quick repair, it is advisable to keep a stock of internal replacement parts along with a spare suppressant tank. Replacement parts can be ordered through Lincoln Electric. Detection tubing is the heart of system and special attention should be made to replace it with the same lenghts/routing/locations. Altering from the factory installed method can affect the systems ability to properly react to any future thermal event. The suppressant tank can be re-charged by the manufacturer instead of discarding it. A local distributor can be located at the following website: https://www.firetrace.com/find-a-firetrace-distributor

C. RECOMMISSION

After the system has been repaired, it must be re-commissioned. This can be done by a Lincoln Electric Field Service Technician. A proper nitrogen charge kit can be used to recharge the detection tubing yourself and complete the steps to return the unit to full operation. Contact the Lincoln Electric Service department if you need help/guidance with any of the steps outlined here.

ALARM IDENTIFICATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Prism Stack Light Alarm Codes

LIGHT CODE	ALARM/CONDITION	PRIMARY CAUSE (See Alarm Troubleshooting and Resolutions)
1 - Lower Light: One flash with 3 seconds delay	Service Input Alarm	Detection tubing pressure too low
2 - Lower Light: Two flashes with 3 seconds delay	Smoke Alarm	Smoke/particulate detected in fan exhaust
3 - Lower Light: Three flashes with 3 seconds delay	Intake Damper Alarm	After fan is started, intake damper fails to open within 10 seconds
4 - Lower Light: Four flashes with 3 seconds delay	Exhaust Damper Alarm	After fan is started, exhaust damper fails to open within 10 seconds
Upper High Intensity Light: Continuous Flashing	Discharge Warning	Suppressant discharge detected
Lower Light: Solid red	Bypass Mode Engaged	Keyed switch turned to bypass

- NOTE 1: Multiple codes can be stored. In these instances, clearing first code will reveal remaining code(s). Highest (first) priority is code 1.
- NOTE 2: Both the upper discharge warning light and lower coded lights can flash at the same time
- NOTE 3: All alarm codes will also trigger a solid red alarm light on the main control panel

ALARM TROUBLESHOOTING AND RESOLUTION

ALARM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION
Service Input Alarm	1. Detection tubing pressure too low (below 160psi)	 Verify system pressure on gauge to right of main control panel or gauge on suppressant tank. If it falls below green target proceed to step 2. Check the detection tubing circuit for leaks. Repair and then recharge the circuit with Nitrogen to 195psi as described in the activation section. Verify pressure holds for at least 30 min. Press reset on main control panel. The unit is now ready for operation.
		Enabling Temporarily Bypass (until cause of leak resolved) 1. Deactivate the FAN RUN switch/ Remote fan run 2. Turn keyed switch to "Bypass" 3. Hit reset on main control panel CAUTION: Resolve low pressure as soon as possible. Further loss of pressure can lead to a discharge alarm (without an actual suppressant
Smoke Alarm	Smoke detector senses smoke or particulate in fan exhaust	 Verify source of alarm and resolve. Both smoke and bypass of particulate due to filter damage can be sources for alarm. Press reset on smoke detector body. Press reset on main control panel. The unit is now ready for operation.
		Enabling Temporarily Bypass 1. Deactivate the FAN RUN switch/ Remote fan run 2. Turn keyed switch to "Bypass" 3. Hit reset on main control panel CAUTION: Resolve cause of alarm as soon as possible to maintain early detection feature provided by the smoke alarm
Intake Damper Alarm	1. After fan is started, intake damper fails to open in 10 seconds. Damper's actuator switch fails to signal damper is open.	Deactivate the FAN RUN switch/ Remote fan run Repair damper. Possible causes include failed actuator, failed actuator switch, obstruction in damper, loose actuator connection to damper. Press Firetrace "thermal suppression alarm acknowledge button" button twice Press reset on main control panel. The unit is now ready for operation. Contact a Lincoln Electric technician for possible temporary resolutions
Exhaust Damper Alarm	After fan is started, exhaust damper located under fan fails to open in 10 seconds. Damper's actuator switch fails to signal damper is open.	Deactivate the FAN RUN switch/ Remote fan run Repair damper. Possible causes include failed actuator, failed actuator switch, obstruction in damper, loose actuator connection to damper. Press Firetrace "thermal suppression alarm acknowledge button" button twice Press reset on main control panel. The unit is now ready for operation.
		Contact a Lincoln Electric technician for temporary resolutions resolutions
Discharge Warning	Suppressant discharge triggered by heat induced rupture of detection tubing. Extremely low detection	Deactivate the FAN RUN switch/ Remote fan run Repair unit as required and recondition as described in the discharge recovery section. Press Firetrace "thermal suppression alarm acknowledge button" button twice Press reset on main control panel
	tubing pressure	Repair detection tubing circuit as described in the "Service Input Alarm" section. The suppressant tank will need to be reconditioned or replaced.

THERMAL PROTECTION SYSTEM

OPERATION

Start/Stop Fan - ventilator operation is activated with the Start/Stop Fan push button or with the remote Start/Stop.

NOTE: remote input takes precedence in operation. If the remote signal starts the unit, pushing the Start/Stop Fan button on the control panel will not stop the fans. The remote signal has to be removed (opened). This will allow the Start/Stop Fan button to operate normally again.

Reset Alarm - Reset Alarm push button is used to reset the alarm if the VFD faults, and some thermal suppression system alarms. Use the black button above the key switch on the side of the unit for thermal suppression alarms for service, discharge, smoke and damper alarms. There are fault codes that can be read off the VFD LCD. Pressing this button for 5 seconds will start manual cleaning process. Should open control cabinets under power.

Ventilation Fan Speed and Operation - Ventilator fan is in the VFD. The fan uses a duct mounted pressure sensor which gives a 0-10 VDC reading back to the controls, which allows a automatically adjusted between the minimum (35Hz) and maximum (60Hz) speeds. Contact Lincoln Electric service department for guidance with adjustment of the fan parameters. A solid red alarm light indicates a problem was detected by the VFD and it signaled the controls, the controls will try to reset the VFD when you press the VFD Fault Reset button. If the alarm will maintenance personal to review the VFD for possible fault conditions and address them

FUNCTIONALITIES:

FIRE TRACE SILENCE / RESET INPUT:

Two pushes within 5 sec will clear ALARM based on priority.

FIRETRACE BY PASS:

When fire trace BYPASS is enabled, the system ignores SERVICE AND SMOKE detector alarm input.

When it is disabled, smoke detector alarm is displayed using the alarm codes defined shown below BYPASS CODE will display.

SMOKE DETECTOR INPUT: Wherever smoke detector alarm is active (LOW), following action are followed, Shut down the fan (LOW) EM1 Q4 Close Inlet and outlet dampers (HIGH – close) EM2 Q3 Q4 Display Alarm Code 2 using stack lamp Exit Smoke Alarm after Smoke detector Alarm deactivates, or Bypass enable.

SERVICE ALARM INPUT: Wherever service alarm is active (LOW), ALARM code 1 display's using stock lamp. Fan stops, however with Alarm reset and Bypass enabled will allow the fan to turn ON.

DISCHARGE INPUT

Active low (Alarm activated when it is low), following action are followed

Shut down the fan (LOW) EM1 Q4.
Close Inlet and outlet dampers (HIGH – close) EM2 Q3 Q4.
Display Alarm Code 5 using stack lamp.
Exit only after discharge input is deactivated.
Once the alarm conditions are cleared push the ALARM RESET button to clear the alarm.

1. PLC DISPLAY:

- 1. Following screens in PLC will display the system status
 - a) PLC display for 10 seconds immediately after power on

PRISM COMPACT	TS
DAMPER OL □ SW	
DAMPER IL □ SW	
DISCRG□ SERVCE	
SMK DR□ BYPASS	
ALRM☑ SL1□ SL2	₽

The power on status of Damper Outlet / Inlet and corresponding switch positions are indicated above. If Damper o/p is active the corresponding switch will closed within 10 seconds. Also status of Discharge, Service, Smoke and Bypass status are indicated. During this time user cannot start the fan.

Standby mode

STANDBY M	ANUL	STANDBY	MANUL
	L pa	FiltrPr	941 pa
) pa	DuctPr	0 pa
		PauseT 159	SBYPASS
PULSES 0/ 0 S	SL#↓	PULSES 0/	0 SL#0
FiltrHr	0Hr	FiltrHr	0Hr

STANDBY: Indicates the fan is not running, and the system is ready to start as there are no active alarms.

Manual: Indicates the system is function in Manual mode. User can turn ON the fan using front panel START push button or from remote START signal. If the system is in AUTO mode, ON OFF time shall be programmed user Weekly timer screens, which schedules FAN on of time.

STANDBY	7	f	1U1	ГО
FiltrPr			0	рa
DuctPr			0	рa
PauseT	159	3		
PULSES	0/	0	SL	_#0
FiltrHr				0

Pause T: Time between two cleaning pulses.

BYPASS: If BYPASS switch is active, then it is indicated in this screen. When cleaning in process number of current cleaning pulse and total cleaning pulses along with solenoid number indicated.

Set Parameter:

By pressing < push button the following screen shown for setting the parameters.

```
Set Parameters
FiltPrTh 800pa
AlarmPrTh 1500pa
PauseT 15S
PulseT 250mS
16/06/2022 15 30
```

FiltPrTh: User can set the Pressure threshold for initiating online cleaning, when pressure across filter exceeds this set limit.

AlarmPrTh: Alarm threshold pressure, if pressure across filter exceeds this threshold for defined time (2Hr default) alarm lamp flashes to indicate filter change.

PauseT: Time between cleaning pluses can be adjusted.

Date and time can be set.

Offline cleaning settings:

Offline	CLg	CYC	L
LowPr	400	ра	2
MedPr	600	ра	-4
Hi Pr	808	ра	6
FiterHr			0
PreCoatHr			0

Offline cleaning cycles are based on maximum filter pressure recorded during previous fan running period. Low, medium and high pressure and corresponding number of cleaning cycles can be set. This display also allows to set Filter use hour. Also user can set Pre-coat cleaning prohibition hours. If pre-coat hour is set to 24Hr, the cleaning is inhibited from the filter change time.

Alarm status:

ACTIVE ALARM
DISCHARGE ☑
SMOKE ☑
SERVICE ☑
DAMPER□ IN□ OUT□
VFD ALARM ☑

Following screen help to see the status of active alarm when Discharge, Smoke, Service and VFD alarm is active low.

Minimum fan run time and Alarm delay time can be set in the following screen:

Set Parameters MinFanRunTm 120s AlarmDly 120m

Following screen help to see the status of alarm bits for diagnostics

PRISM COMPACT TS

DAMPER OL SW DAMPER IL SW DISCRG SERVCE SMK DR BYPASS DAMPER SL1 SL2 SL2

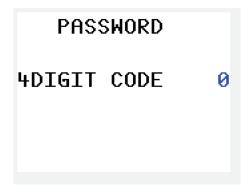
Damper OL (out let) and corresponding switch.

Damper IL (in let) and corresponding switch.

DESCRG: Discharge alarm active low. SERVICE: If service alarm active low. SMK DR: Smoke Detector active low. BYPASS: Bypass switch active high. ALARM: Font panel alarm lamp status.

SL1 and SL2 indicates the status of stack lamp1 and stack lamp2.

Password:



User has to enter pass code 1234 for accessing AUTO MODE schedule setting.

Auto mode: By selecting the check box, the system enters to AUTO mode. During auto mode, fan turns on based on schedule set in the following screen for each week. Turning START push button is mandatory. If the START push button is deactivated the fan is turned off. Fan starts if START push button is active and turn on schedule has reached.

AUTO MODE		HW1	ON	0FF
HW1 ON	0FF	DAY	HH MM	HH MM
DAY HH M	1 HH MM	TUE	7: 0	12: 0
SAT 0: 0	0:0	WED	7: 0	12: 0
SUN 0: 0	0:0		7: 0	
MON 7: (12: 0	FRI	7: 0	12 0

			HW2 ON	0FF
HW2	ON	0FF	DAY HH MM	HH MM
DAY	HH MM	HH MM	TUE 13: 0	17: 0
SAT	0: 0	0:0	WED 13: 0	17 0
SUN	0: 0	0:0	THR 13: 0	17: 0
MON	13: 0	17: 0	FRI 13: 0	17: 0

Datalog: Dataologger is enabled if the SD card is inserted in the system. Following data is set to recored when fan is turned ON.

- 1. Filter pressure
- 2. Duct pressure
- 3. Alarm status bits
- 4. Filter hour

PRISM® COMPACT ACCESSORIES

ACCESSORIES

REPLACEMENT FILTER OPTIONS

- KP4519-1 MERV 11-rated filter cartridge featuring spun bond polyester media construction.
- KP4519-2 MERV 16-rated (high efficiency) filter cartridge featuring nano fibers.
- KP4519-3 MERV 16-rated (high efficiency) filter cartridge featuring a thermal bonded PTFE membrane.
- KP4519-4 MERV 11 OIL RESISTANT
- · KP4519-5 MERV 16 OIL RESISTANT NANO
- · KP4680-1 Pre-Filter

All filters should be replaced at the same time; all should be of the same type. Replacement filters include dust mask, gloves and plastic bag (for spent filter).

MAINTENANCE

! WARNING

Have qualified personnel do the maintenance work. Turn the power off before working inside the machine. In some cases, it may be necessary to remove safety guards to perform required maintenance. Remove guards only when necessary and replace them when the maintenance requiring their removal is complete. Always use the greatest care when working near moving parts.

If a problem cannot be corrected by following the instructions, contact your local Lincoln Electric representative for service options or contact Lincoln Electric Customer Service.

ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill.

- Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing.
- Insulate yourself from work and ground.
- Always wear dry insulating gloves



 Use in open, well ventilated areas or vent exhaust outside.



MOVING PARTS can injure.

- Do not operate with doors open or quards off.
- Stop before servicing.
- Keep away from moving parts.



! WARNING

Dismantling and disposal

- Only a qualified electrician may disconnect the machine or the electrical system
- Before dismantling it the machine must be disconnected from the power supply and from the external compressed air supply
- · Before dismantling it, clean the equipment
- The dismantling area must be cleaned afterwards
- During dismantling work, the working area must be adequately ventilated; this can be achieved by provision of a mobile ventilation unit
- During dismantling work, wear appropriate personal protective equipment. We recommend half-face breathing masks to DIN EN 141/143, protection class P3
- The pollutants and dust, together with the dirty filter cartridges, must be properly disposed of in a professional manner in accordance with statutory instructions, using the plastic sack disposal system supplied

ATTENTION

Maintenance should only be performed by authorized, qualified and trained persons (skilled) using appropriate work practices.



! WARNING

When cleaning equipment or replacing filter use personal protection equipment (PPE) such as gloves, respirators and protective clothing to protect against overexposure to particulate. It is



recommended that a vacuum cleaner or wet methods be used to clean up any loose particulate that is present in the extraction arm. It is necessary to use a vacuum cleaner with HEPA rated filtration.

- Observe the maintenance intervals given in this manual.
 Overdue maintenance can lead to high costs for repair and revisions and can render the guarantee null and void.
- During service, maintenance and repair jobs, always use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to avoid injury. This also applies to persons who enter the work area during installation.
- Always use tools, materials, lubricants and service techniques which have been approved by the manufacturer. Never use worn tools and do not leave any tools in or on the product.
- Safety features which have been removed for service, maintenance or repairs, must be put back immediately after finishing these jobs and it must be checked that they still function properly.
- Use sufficient climbing gear and safety guards when working on a higher level than 6 feet.
- Ensure the workspace is well illuminated.

MALFUNCTIONS AND EMERGENCIES EFFECTING THE FILTER UNIT

Fire

- In the event of fire, an approved extinguisher for fire classes A, B and C should be used
- The manufacturer must be contacted.

ESCAPE OF NOXIOUS SUBSTANCES OR RADIATION

- The Prism® Compact contains no noxious substances.
- If the filter ruptures, welding fumes can be released into the building; welding activities must be suspended and the Prism® Compact repaired.

PRISM® COMPACT MAINTENANCE

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

The product has been designed to function without problems for many hours with minimal maintenance. In order to ensure this, some simple, regular maintenance and cleaning activities are required which are described in this section. If you observe the necessary caution and carry out the maintenance at regular intervals, any problems that occur will be detected and corrected before they lead to a total breakdown.

The indicated maintenance intervals can vary depending on the specific working and ambient conditions. Therefore it is recommended to thoroughly inspect the complete product once every year other that the indicated periodic maintenance.

The maintenance activities in Table D.1 indicated by [*] can be carried out by the user; other activities are strictly reserved for well trained and authorized service engineers.

TABLE D.1 – PERIODIC MAINTENANCE				
COMPONENT	ACTION	EVERY MONTH	EVERY 3 MONTHS	EVERY 6 MONTHS
Control Panel	Check filters for damage. Take them out of the door of the control panel and clean them with compressed air.	X [*]		
	*Clean inside using an industrial vacuum cleaner.		X	
Drum	*Check levels of dust and dirt particulate. Empty if necessary.	X	X	X

^{*} Frequency depends on welding or cutting process.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

NOTE: * REQUIRES Lincoln Electric factory authorized service technician.

AS NEEDED

- Replace filters (See filter replacement instructions).
- Inspect and test functionality of the filter media cleaning system. *
- Program and verify system performance. *
- Clean spiral ducting. *

MONTHLY

- Check particulate collection drum and dispose of particulate if necessary.
- · Check and log filter pressure.
- Check incoming pressure

EVERY 6 MONTHS

 Ensure that the air flow Cubic Feet per Minute (CFM) is operating to the engineered specifications based on the individual system *

UNIT HOUSING

- Clean housing with a non-aggressive detergent.
- Check the connections to the duct work, seal if necessary.
- Inspect and clean (with a non-aggressive detergent) the filter control box.

YEARLY

- Inspect unit for proper operation and function, address any issues found.
- Fan motor temperature is within normal ranges, a hand held IR temp meter is a good tool for this. High motor temps indicate bearing or winding issues and predict a failure. This can also apply to the electrical power connections to the unit- elevated temps on junction boxes and wire terminations are precursors to problems.

MOTOR/FAN HOUSING

! WARNING

Observe safety precautions when working on the inside of the fan box or control panel. Removing power and observing LOTO (Lockout-Tagout) procedures as required.

- Check the integrity of the fan housing and tighten all bolts and screws if necessary.
- Clean housing with a non-aggressive detergent.
- Check connection of silencer to fan housing and seal if necessary.
- Check connection of ductwork to silencer and seal if necessary.

- Check fan motor blades for encrusted particles and clean if necessary.
- Inspect and clean control panel with a non-aggressive detergent.
- Check inlets and outlets for tears or wear.

CONTROL PANEL

- Check for functionality of control panel fan.
- Inspect and clean any buildup or dirt on fan blade impellers in control panel.
- Inspect and replace control panel filters if necessary.

REPLACING FILTER CARTRIDGES OR EMPTYING DUSTBINS

Shut off the compressed air feed and empty the pressure tank(s) of air by opening the drain valve on the bottom of the tank.

NOTE: The power must always be switched off at the circuitbreaker or by the line fuses. Protective gloves and mask should always be worn.

! WARNING

Take necessary precautions so that you and your fellow workers are not overexposed to particulate. Wear suitable personal protection equipment, such as gloves, respirator, eye glass and protective clothing when disposing of the filter and particulate.

Check with local waste management or local agency(ies) for assistance in the disposal of filter. If filter has collected certain types of particulate which local agencies define as hazardous waste, filter may be classified as hazardous waste and will need to be disposed in accordance with federal, state and local regulations - which could vary from state to state and between local municipalities within the state.

Use protective gloves. If not carried out with the necessary caution, may cause serious personal injury.

Use breathing protection. If not carried out with the necessary caution, may cause serious personal injury.

- Maintenance work and functional testing should be performed regularly to TRGS 560 section 5, paragraph 9 and to TRGS 528.
- During maintenance the machine must be deenergized and secured against switching on again.
- The maintenance area must be cleaned afterwards.
- During maintenance work the working area must be adequately ventilated; this can be achieved by provision of a mobile ventilation unit.
- During maintenance, appropriate personal protective equipment should be worn. We recommend half-face breathing masks to DIN EN 141/143, protection class P3.
- The dust and the dirty filter cartridges must be properly disposed of in accordance with statutory instructions, using the plastic sack disposal system supplied.

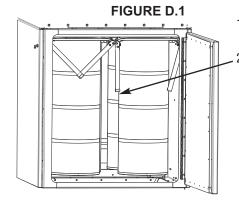
REPLACING FILTER CARTRIDGES

! WARNING

Before opening door, unit must be off and the power switch on the control panel turned to the off position.

Verify power has been switched off at the control panel, then unlock door latches using the supplied hex tool or any standard 5/16" hex wrench.

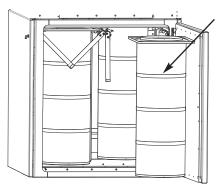
a. Unclamp handles and lower filters.



- 1. Unlock door latches using the supplied hex tool or any 5/16" hex wrench, then open door.
- 2. Unclasp handles to lower filters for removal

b. Remove filters.

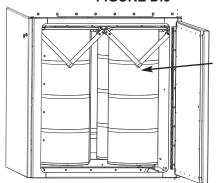
FIGURE D.2



- Slide filters out of unit through the door opening as shown.
- If required by federal, state and/or local regulations and guidelines, conceal filter cartridge in appropriate bag, e.g. plastic bag.
- 3. Dispose of the filter cartridge in accordance with all federal, state and/or local guidelines.
- Clean the filter compartment with an industrial vacuum cleaner that meets OSHA guidelines for Cr6 housekeeping.

c. Install new filters.

FIGURE D.3



- 1. Install new filters, making sure they are pushed against rear of unit.
- 2. Reclasp filter handles to lift filters to their sealed position.
- 3. Re-lock door latches using the supplied hex wrench or any standard 5/16" hex wrench.

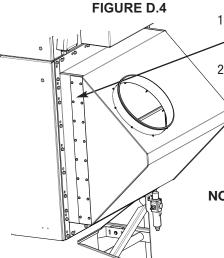
REPLACING PRE-FILTERS

! WARNING

Before removing cover plates, unit must be off and the power switch on the control panel turned to the off position.

Verify power has been switched off at the control panel, then from either side of the unit, remove 16 - 1/4" bolts with a 5/16" nut driver.

a. Pull off the cover plate.

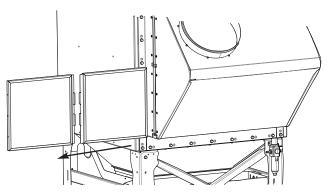


- 1. Remove the 16 1/4" bolts that attach cover plate using a 5/16" nut driver. Set bolts aside for reassembly.
- Pull cover plate off of the machine frame. Set aside for reassembly.

NOTE: There are 2 pre-filters hooked together. When you pull on the first re-filter, you will also be removing the second pre-filter at the same time (See Illustration Below).

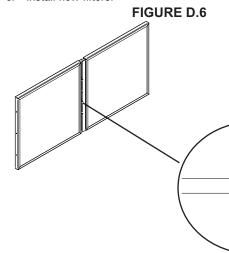
b. Pull out pre-filter.





- 1. Slide pre-filters out of unit through the opening as
- 2. Once the first pre-filter is completely out of the unit, this will disengage from the second pre-filter.
- 3. Now finish removing the second pre-filter.
- 4. Dispose of the pre-filters in accordance with all federal, state and/or local guidelines.

c. Install new filters.



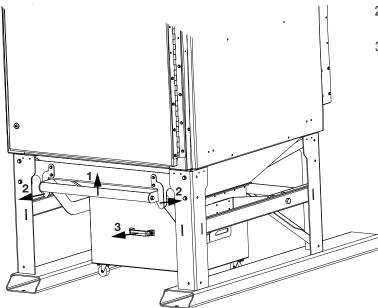
- Install new pre-filter approximately three fourths into the unit. Take second pre-filter and interlock brackets. Make sure the interlock looks as shown to the left.
- 2. Install second pre-filter by pushing on both pre-filters. The pre-filter should be flush with unit when fully installed.
- 3. Replace cover panel with the 16 1/4" bolts.

PRISM® COMPACT MAINTENANCE

REMOVING AND INSTALLING THE DUST BIN

a. Removing the dust bin.

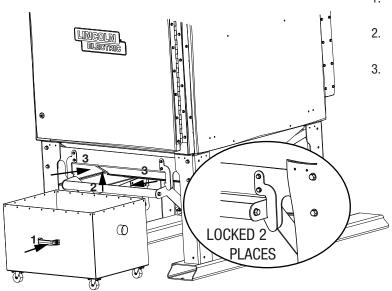
FIGURE D.7



- 1. Lift handle.
- 2. Rotate left and right latches outward and let handle drop down.
- 3. Pull dust bin out from under machine.

b. Installing the dust bin.

FIGURE D.8



- 1. Center the dust bin and push it into the machine until it stops.
- 2. Lift the handle and allow the left and right latches to rotate inward.
- 3. Release the handle and ensure both latches are engaged with the handle, and the handle is locked into place.

PRISM® COMPACT TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE



Service and Repair should only be performed by Lincoln Electric Factory Trained Personnel. Unauthorized repairs performed on this equipment may result in danger to the technician and machine operator and will invalidate your factory warranty. For your safety and to avoid ELECTRICAL SHOCK, please observe all safety notes and precautions detailed throughout this manual.

This Troubleshooting Guide is provided to help you locate and repair possible machine malfunctions. Simply follow the three-step procedure listed below.

Step 1. LOCATE PROBLEM (SYMPTOM).

Look under the column labeled "PROBLEM (SYMPTOMS)". This column describes possible symptoms that the machine may exhibit. Find the listing that best describes the symptom that the machine is exhibiting.

Step 2. POSSIBLE CAUSE(S).

The second column labeled "POSSIBLE AREA(S) OF MISADJUSTMENTS" lists the obvious external possibilities that may contribute to the machine symptom.

Step 3. RECOMMENDED COURSE OF ACTION

This column provides a course of action for the Possible Areas of Misadjustment(s).

Service and Technical Support

For information about specific adjustments, maintenance or repair jobs which are not dealt with in this manual, please contact Lincoln Electric Automation Department 888-935-3878.

Make sure you have the following data on hand:

- product name
- serial number
- purchase order (number + date) for warranty verification



PRISM® COMPACT TROUBLESHOOTING

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual				
PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE	RECOMMENDED		
(SYMPTOMS)	CAUSE	COURSE OF ACTION		
	FUNCTION I	PROBLEMS		
White Power On light does	1. Main Switch is in off position	Turn on main switch		
not light up.	2. No power supply	1. Check power supply.		
	3. Fuse(s) defective	2. Check for normal component operation.		
		3. Are green power lights illuminated on PLCs and components? If not, replace.		
Cleaning cycle is not functioning.	Possible bad connection between control box and junction box.	Verify that the Fan running LED (Green) and the white power on light is illuminated.		
	2. Possible bad electrical connection.	2. Verify the correct input voltage is being applied.		
	3. Possibly no or low compressed air.	3. Verify that all fuses and circuit breakers are not blown/tripped.		
		4. Verify compressed air is present and with adequate pressure.		
Cleaning valve fails to open.	1. The pulsation cycle may be faulty.	1. Verify that the pulsation cycle is OK, that it's within the parameters		
	2. Possible dirt in the housing of the	recommended by Lincoln Electric.		
	valve.	2. Clean the housing of the valve.		
	3. Possible incorrect flow direction on the cleaning valves.	3. Verify that the airflow directions on the cleaning valves are in accordance with the airflow.		
	4. Possible incorrect control voltage for the magnetic valves.	4. Verify that the cleaning system is working properly - 87 PSI (6 BAR)		
		5. Verify that control voltage for the magnetic valve is 24V DC.		
Cleaning valve fails to close.	1. The pulsation cycle may be faulty.	Close the control valve to stop air loss and debug the system.		
	2.Possible dirt in the housing of the valve.	Verify that the pulsation cycle is OK, that it's within the parameters recommended by Lincoln Electric.		
	Possible incorrect control voltage for the magnetic valves.	2. Clean the housing of the valve.		
		3. Verify that the cleaning system is working properly, minimum - 87 PSI (6 BAR)		
		4. Verify that control voltage for the magnetic valve is 0 Volts.		

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

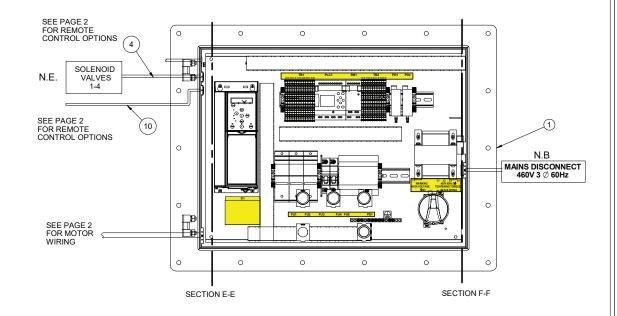
Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual				
		RECOMMENDED		
(SYMPTOMS)	CAUSE	COURSE OF ACTION		
	FUNCTION PROBLEMS			
Filter replacement alarm does not function.	Wrong DP reading reported by sensor. Incorrect duct air velocity.	1. The Differential Pressure sensor PD1 is read by PLC1, after confirming solid electrical and tubing connections you can tap into the readings with a "T" fitting with a hand held manometer to confirm its readout matches the real DP. Calibrate or re-zero the sensor if needed, change it if it doesn't operate properly.		
		2. Verify the duct air velocity is not too low. Measure and adjust as necessary.		
The air flow is diminished.	1. Filter may be clogged.	1. Replace filter if necessary.		
	2. Faulty dampers.	2. Make sure your duct pressure sensor PD2 is giving a proper reading into the VFD. Fan speed is controlled via this input feeding into a PID control loop.		
		3. If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility. 1-888-935-3878.		
		4. Check damper operation.		
Particulate is emitting from the	1. Collection drum is full.	1. Empty the collection drum.		
collection drum.	2. Possible bad seal and clamp on the collection drum.	If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility. 1-888-935-3878.		
There is an abnormal amount of weld fume in the work zone.	1. Check to make sure the machine is powered on.	Machine may not be powered ON Nozzle blocked		
	2. Check nozzle position.	VFD is not running at proper speed Fault duct pressure sensor		
	3. Have an electrician check fan speed on VFD.	5. Clogged / damaged filters / If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists,		
	4. Make sure your duct pressure sensor PD2 is giving a proper reading into the VFD. Fan speed is controlled via this input feeding into a PID control loop.	Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility. 1-888-935-3878.		
	5. Check for clogged / torn filter.			

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual

Observe all Safety Guidelines detailed throughout this manual				
PROBLEMS	POSSIBLE	RECOMMENDED		
(SYMPTOMS)	CAUSE	COURSE OF ACTION		
	FUNCTION PROBL	EMS		
Poor suction.	1. Outlet(s) are blocked.	1. Replace filter if necessary.		
	2. Filter cartridge is clogged.	2. If all recommended possible areas of misadjustment have been checked and the problem persists, Contact your local Lincoln Authorized Field Service Facility. 1-888-935-3878.		
Dust or smoke coming out of the	1. Filter cartridge is damaged.	Replace the filter cartridge.		
outlet opening(s). Pollution of the facility.	2. Sealing on filter cartridge is damaged.	Replace sealings.		
Dust or smoke coming out of the	1. Outlets blocked.	1. Remove obstructions from the outlet opening(s) and/or		
inlet opening(s). Pollution of the facility.	2. Filter cartridge clogged.	connected ductwork.		
luolity.	3. Non-return valve(s) installed	2. Replace filter cartridge.		
	incorrectly.	3. Install non-return valve(s) correctly.		
Alarm - Red Alarm LED lights.	1. Red alarm light is on solid if controls know there is a fault with the VFD.	1.Press alarm reset and investigate VFD fault issue. Note the VFD LCD will display a fault code to help determine reason for the fault.		
	2. Red alarm light is flashing if the DP alarm set point is reached.	2. If the Differential Pressure read by the sensor is higher than your DP Alarm set point your alarm light will be on and flashing and the unit most likely has already passed your online cleaning set point (default of which is 1500 Pa). Filters need to be changed if this DP reading is correct and your set point is realistic.		
Fan does not start running	No power VFD has red fault light on or shows no lights at all.	Check Fuse FU1, FU2, and FU3 for incoming power to the drive and FU4, FU5 and FU6 for the controls power and replace if necessary.		
	Motor defective Controller defective	Remove and re-apply AC line voltage to the unit after a 1 minute delay. VFD will reset for some faults. If this cycle repeats locate the source of fault- checking motor, wiring and each connection point to motor and the VFD. Replace VFD if determined to be faulty.		
		After checking for proper 24VDC supply to devices. Replace suspected component(s).		

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY	
1	CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY 5HP	1	#
] '	CONTROL PANEL ASSEMBLY 10HP	'	##
2	SOLENOID CABLE 1		
3	SOLENOID CABLE 2		N.A
4	SOLENOID CABLE 3		N.A
5	SOLENOID CABLE 4		N.A
6	24VDC SOLENOID	4	N.A
7	MOTOR CABLE 5HP	1	#
	MOTOR CABLE 10HP	'	## N.F
8	ROBOT INTERFACE ISOLATION RELAY KIT	1	
9	IF15	1	
10	CABLE ASSEMBLY	1	
11	ROBOTIC START/STOP SIMULATOR	1	

COMPACT PRISM SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM EASYE4 L18435 & L18501



NOTES:

N.A.CABLES SUPPLIED WITH SOLENOID VALVE

N.B. DISCONNECTING MEANS AND BRANCH CIRCUIT

PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE INSTALLER

N.C DRY CONTACT BETWEEN 1 & 2 IS UNIT REMOTE START. UNIT WILL OUTPUT A HIGH (24VDC) ON 4 REFERENCED

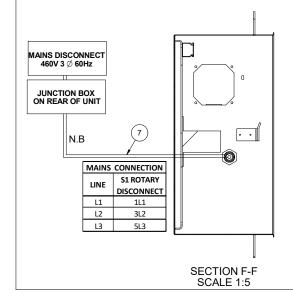
TO 3 IF UNIT IS ON AND READY FOR ACTIVE FUME EXTRACTION

N.D. ITEM 17 SHALL BE CUT AT FEMALE END AND CONNECT TO THE

ROBOT I/O AS SHOWN.

N.E. CUT TO REQUIRED LENGTH.

N.F. BASED ON MOTOR POWER THE CABLE OPTION SHALL BE SELECTED

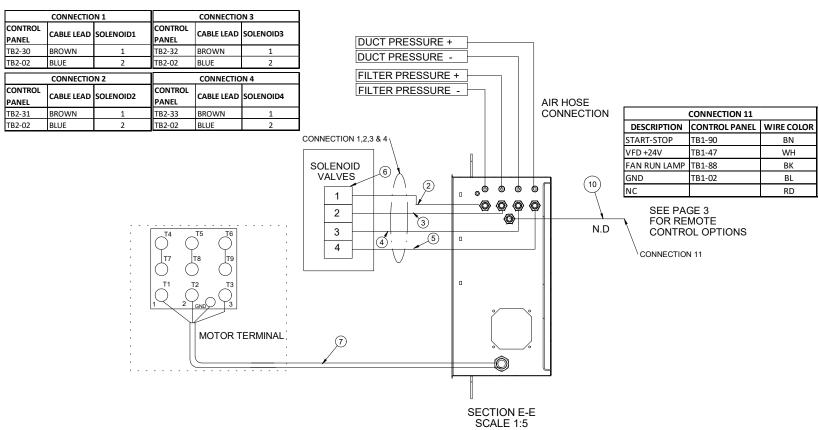


Ξ

THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY LINCOLN. World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products
Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide
Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199 U.S.A. ELECTRIC

A.04 M28161PRINT Sheet 1 of 3

COMPACT PRISM SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM EASYE4 L18435 & L18501



WIRE COLOR		
BK	BLACK	
WH	WHITE	
BL	BLUE	
PL	PURPLE	
OR	ORANGE	
RD	RED	
GN	GREEN	
BN	BROWN	



THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY

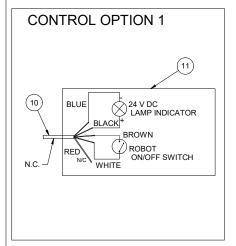
World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199 U.S.A. A.04 M28161PRINT Sheet 2 of 3

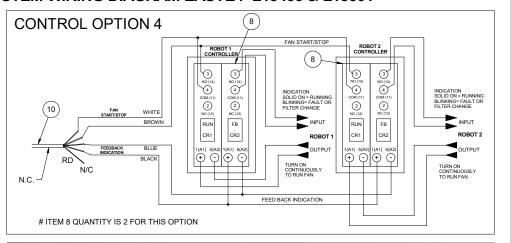
A.04 M28161PRINT

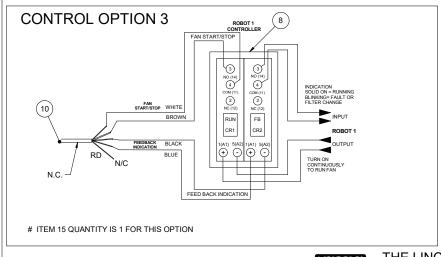
Sheet 3 of 3

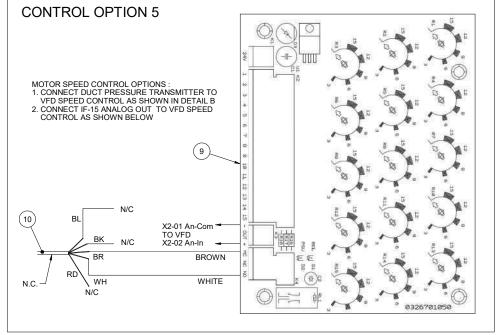
COMPACT PRISM SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM EASYE4 L18435 & L18501

ITEM 17 CONNECTS TO ITEM 1 IN PAGE 1





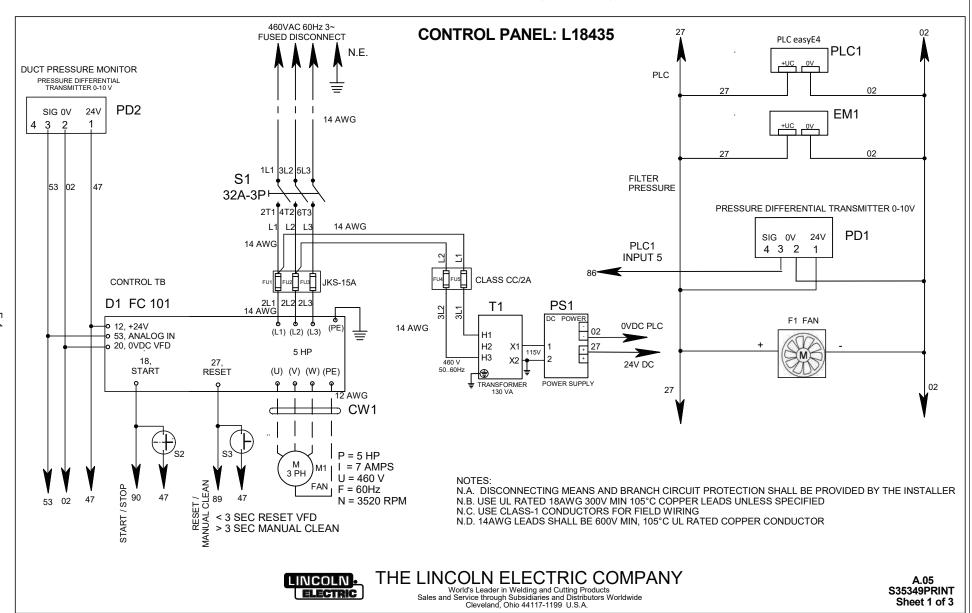


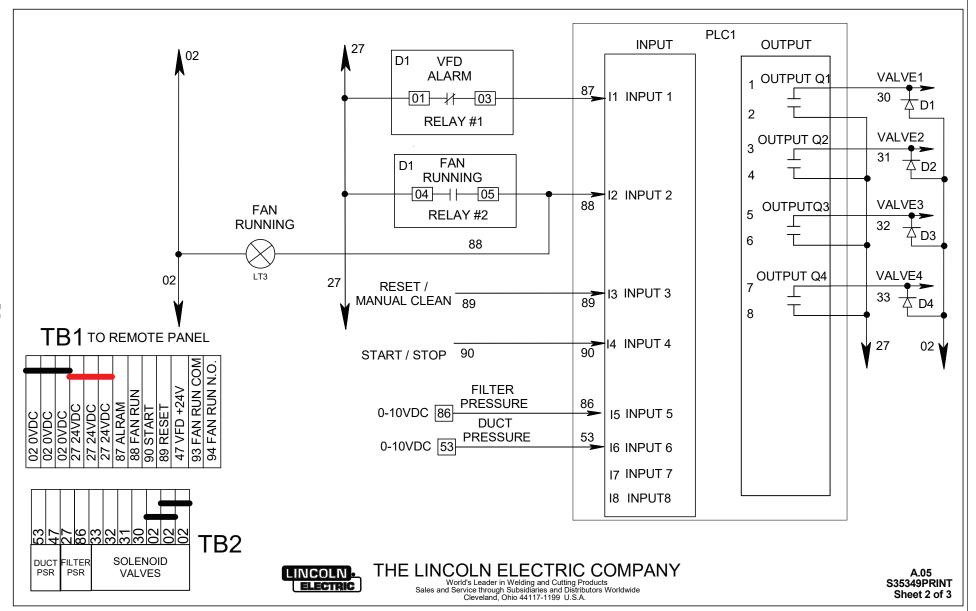


THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY
World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products
Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide
Cleveland, Onio 44117-1199 U.SA.

ELECTRIC

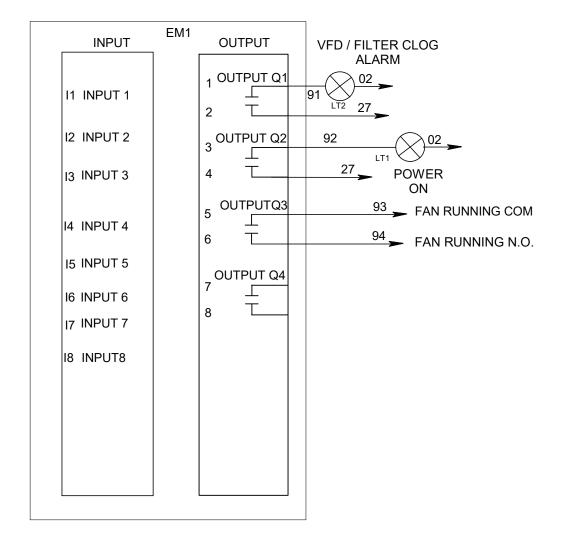
FOR USE WITH CODES 13218, 13222, 13226





A.05 S35349PRINT

Sheet 3 of 3

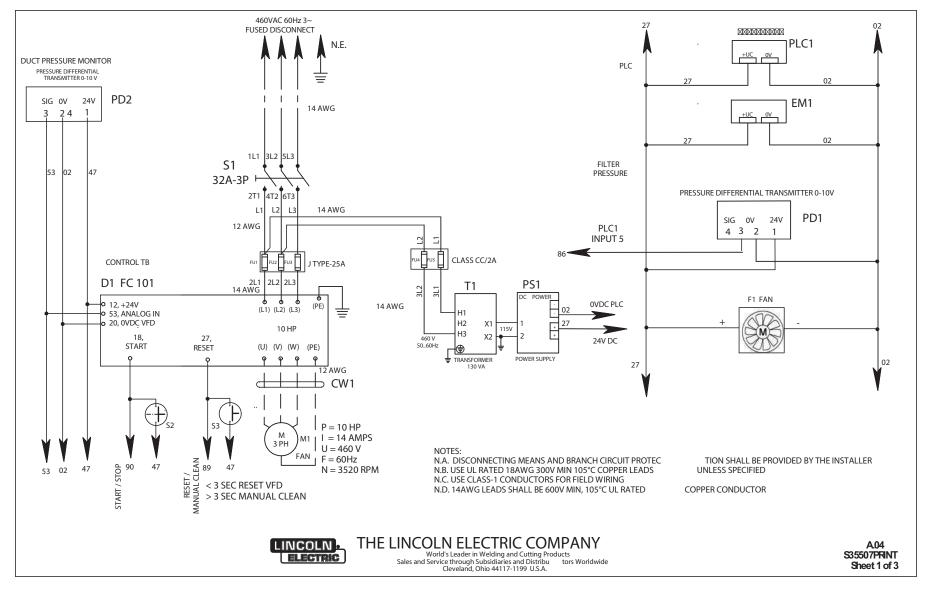




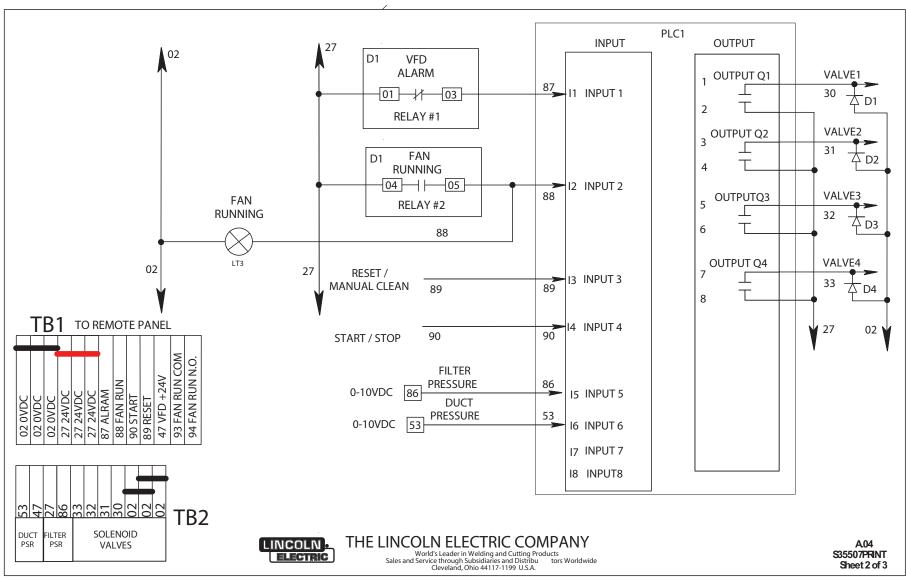
THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY

World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199 U.S.A.

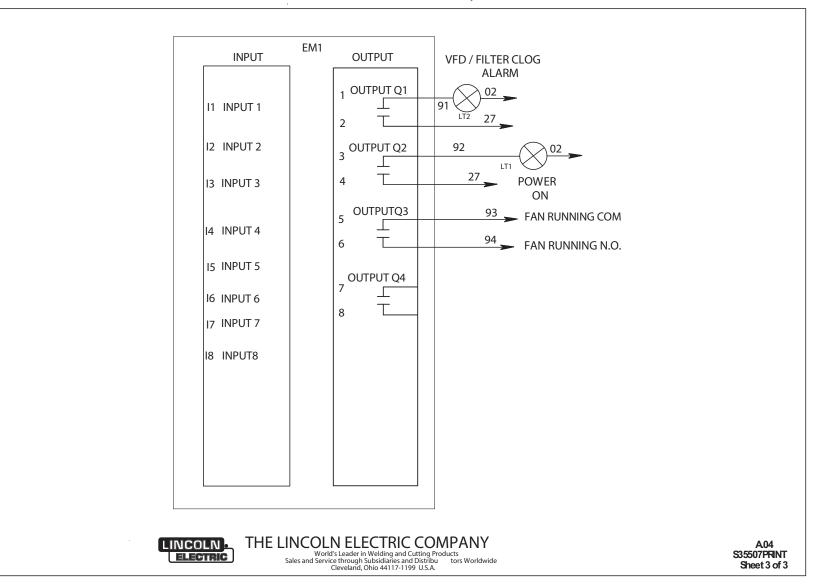
FOR USE WITH CODES 13219, 13223 & 13422



FOR USE WITH CODES 13219, 13223 & 13422



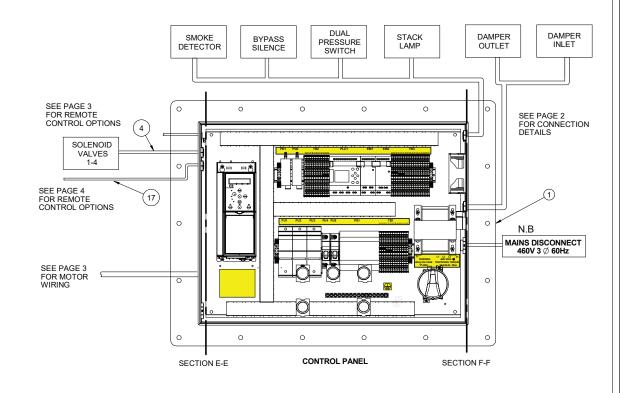
FOR USE WITH CODES 13219, 13223 & 13422



FOR USE WITH CODES 13220, 13221, 13224 & 13225

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY]
1	CONTROL PANEL 5HP EASYE4 TS	1	#
1	CONTROL PANEL 10HP EASYE4 TS	1	##
2	SOLENOID CABLE 1		N.A
3	SOLENOID CABLE 2		N.A
4	SOLENOID CABLE 3		N.A
5	SOLENOID CABLE 4		
6	24VDC SOLENOID	4	N.A
7	MOTOR CABLE 5HP		# N
	MOTOR CABLE 10HP	1	## '
8	ROBOT INTERFACE ISOLATION RELAY KIT	1	
9	IF15	1	
10	CABLE FEMALE M12 5C SINGLE ENDED	6	N.E
11	SMOKE DETECTOR	1]
12	BYPASS RESET CONTROL	1	
13	DUAL PRESSURE SWITCH ASSEMBLY	1	
14	STACK LIGHT MOUNTING BASE	1	
15	DAMPER ACTUATOR ELECTRONIC	2	
16	AUXILIARY SWITCH SPDT	2	
17	CABLE ASSEMBLY	1	
18	ROBOTIC START/STOP SIMULATOR	1	J
19	CONNECTOR MALE STRAIGHT 5PIN	4	
20	SMARTWIRE SPLIT DEVICE	2	1

COMPACT PRISM SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM L18625 & L18626



NOTES:

N.A.CABLES SUPPLIED WITH SOLENOID VALVE

N.B. DISCONNECTING MEANS AND BRANCH CIRCUIT PROTECTION SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE INSTALLER

N.C. DRY CONTACT BETWEEN 1 & 2 IS UNIT REMOTE START.
UNIT WILL OUTPUT A HIGH (24VDC) ON 4 REFERENCED

TO 3 IF UNIT IS ON AND READY FOR ACTIVE FUME EXTRACTION

N.D. ITEM 17 SHALL BE CUT AT FEMALE END AND CONNECT TO THE ROBOT I/O AS SHOWN.

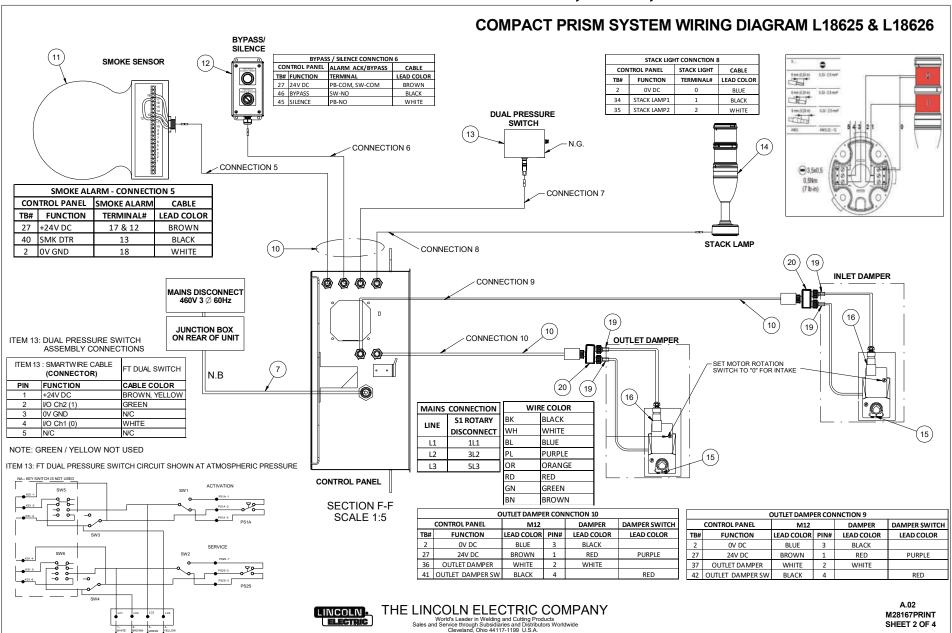
N.E. CUT TO REQUIRED LENGTH.

N.F. BASED ON MOTOR POWER THE CABLE OPTION SHALL BE SELECTED

N.G. TO MATCH SWITCH CONFIGURATION SHOWN ON SYSTEM WIRING PRINT SET SLIDE SWITCHS SW1 UP, SW2 UP, SW3 DOWN, SW4 DOWN, SW5 AND SW6 ARE NOT USED.



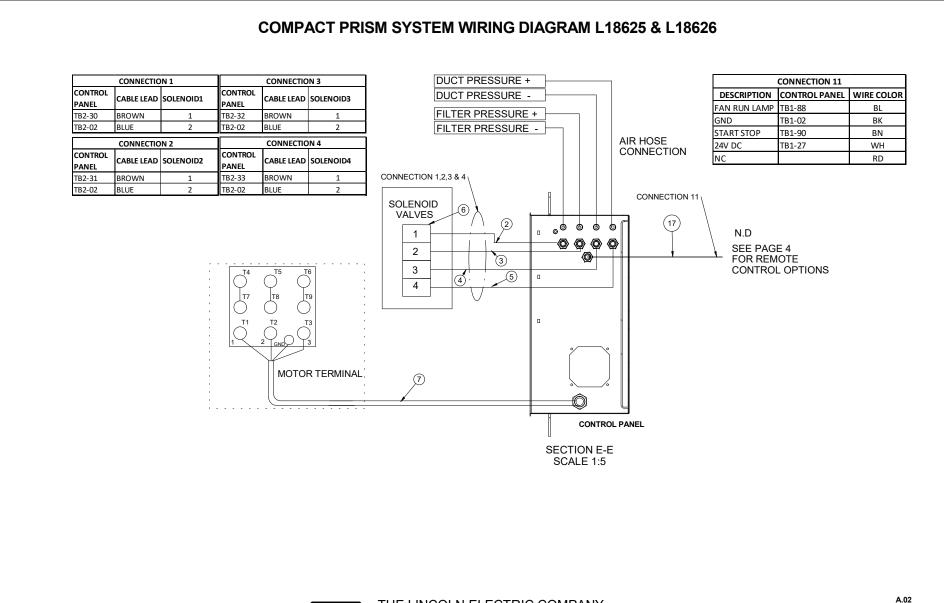
FOR USE WITH CODES 13220, 13221, 13224 & 13225



M28167PRINT

SHEET 3 OF 4

FOR USE WITH CODES 13220, 13221, 13224 & 13225



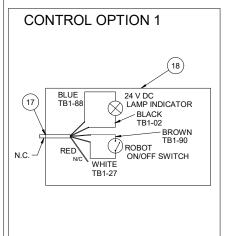
M28167PRINT

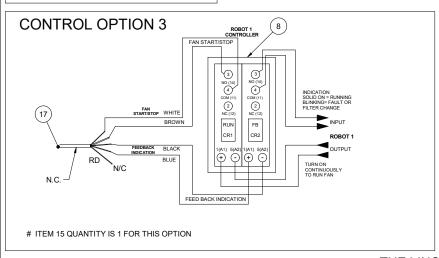
SHEET 4 OF 4

FOR USE WITH CODES 13220, 13221, 13224 & 13225

COMPACT PRISM SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM L18625 & L18626

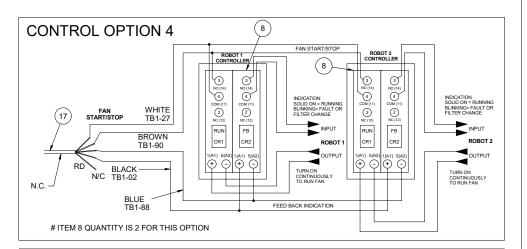
ITEM 17 CONNECTS TO ITEM 1 IN PAGE 3

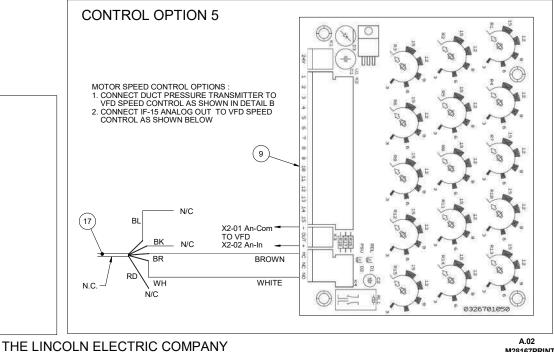


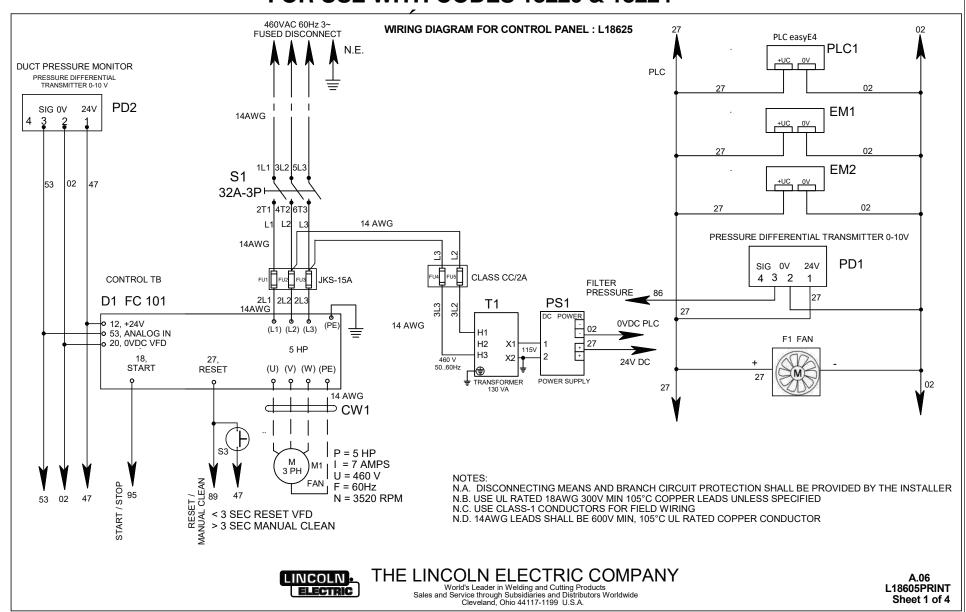


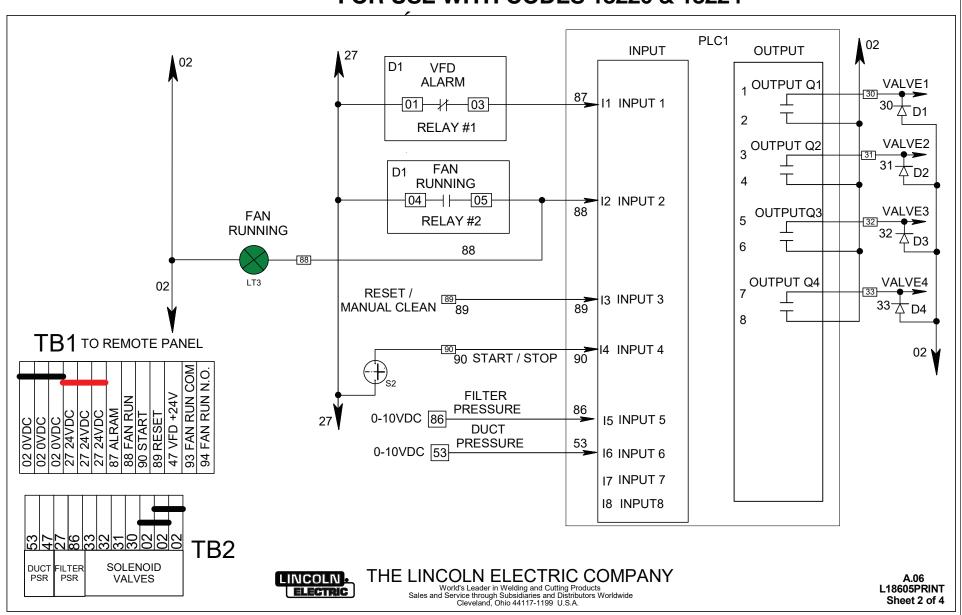
LINCOLN.

World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide Cleveland. Ohio 44117-1199 U.S.A.









24V

27

27

47

EM1

INPUT

I1 INPUT 1

➤ I2 INPUT 2

➤I3 INPUT 3

14 INPUT 4

FOR USE WITH CODES 13220 & 13224

OUTPUT

1 OUTPUT Q1

OUTPUT Q2

OUTPUTQ3

OUTPUT Q4

92

LT1

93 FAN RUN COM

94 FAN RUN N.O.

2

4

6

VFD / FILTER CLOG

ALARM

POWER

ON

24V

DISABLE

ENABLE

24V

BK

27

BK

THERMAL PROTECTION ALARM ACKNOWLEDGE/BYPASS

DUAL PRESSURE SWITCH

GN

COM Service Discharge

OR

FIRE TRACE SILENCE / RESET 45

FIRETRACE

BYPASS

DISCHARGE OR

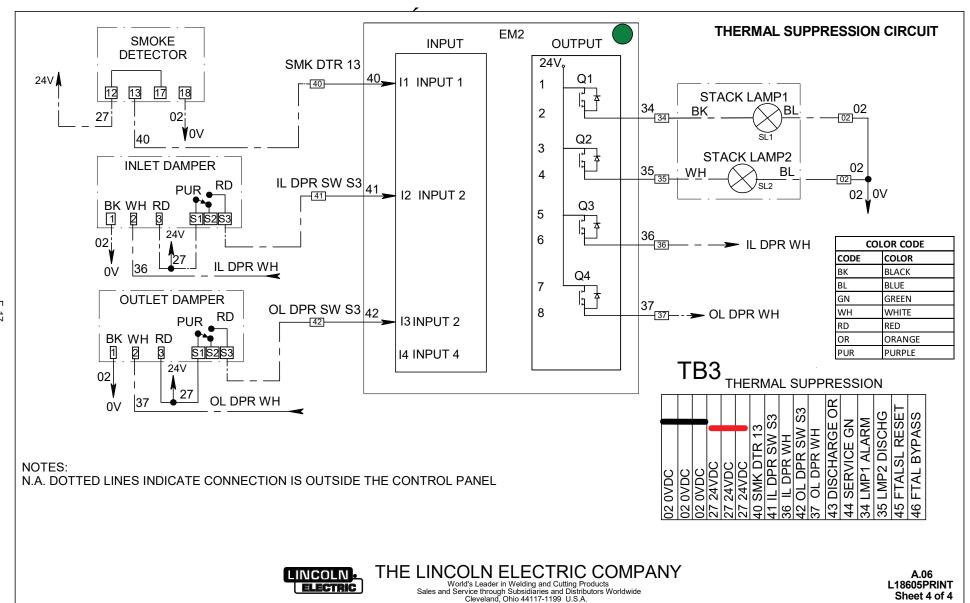
SERVICE GN

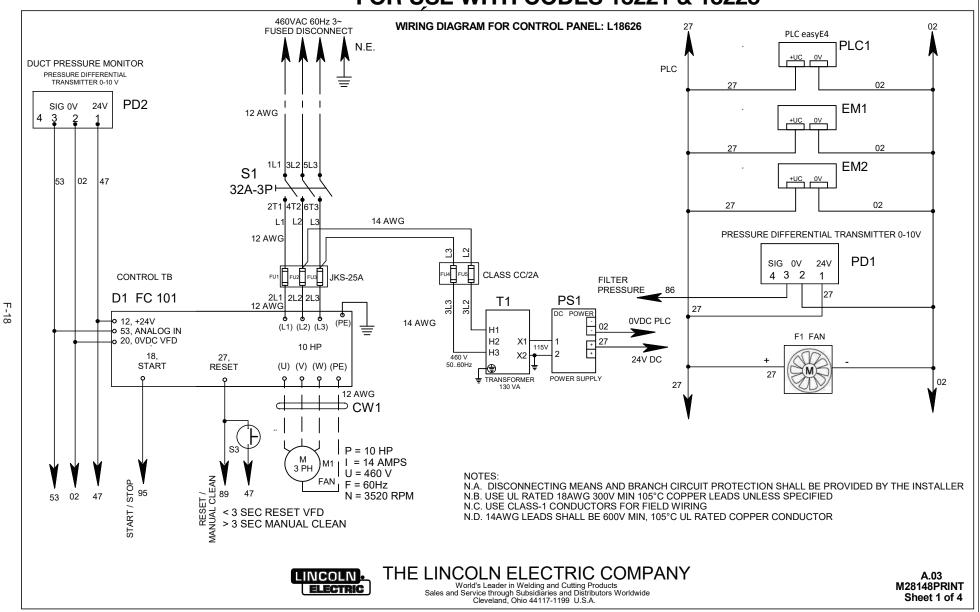
46

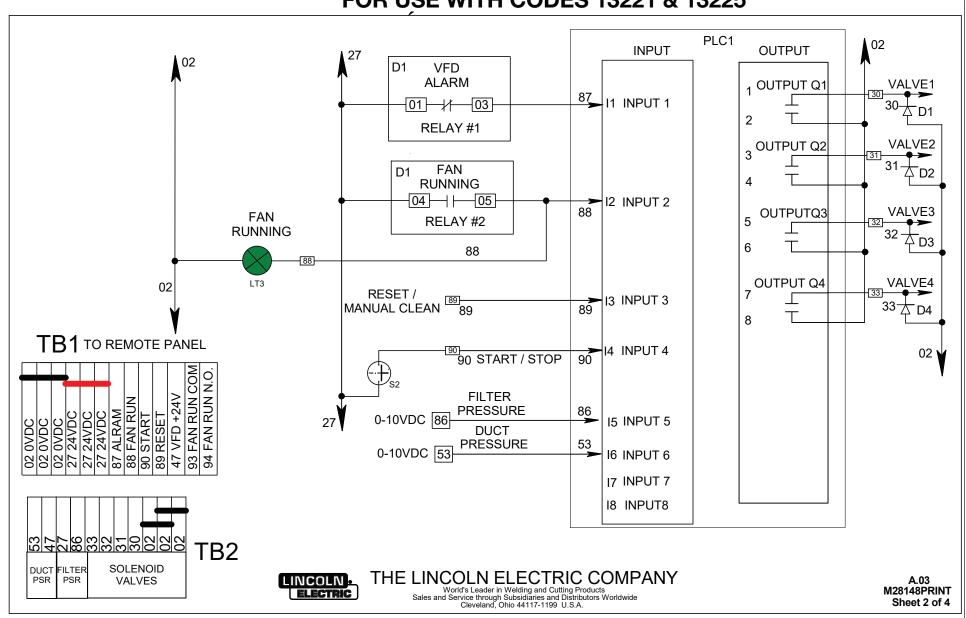
43

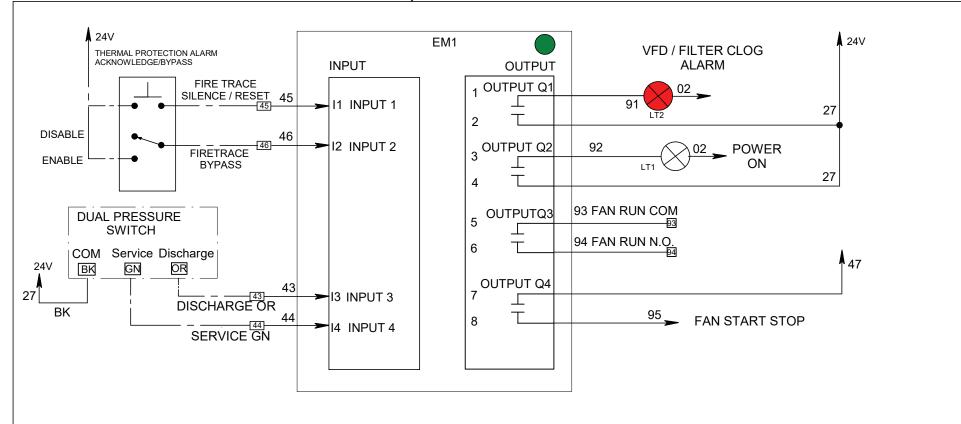
THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY

World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199 U.S.A.







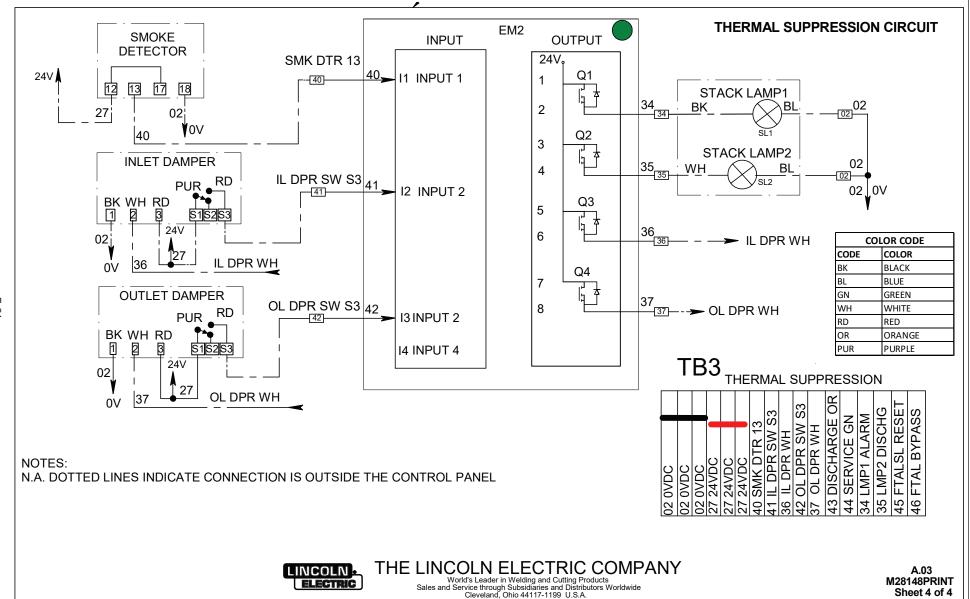


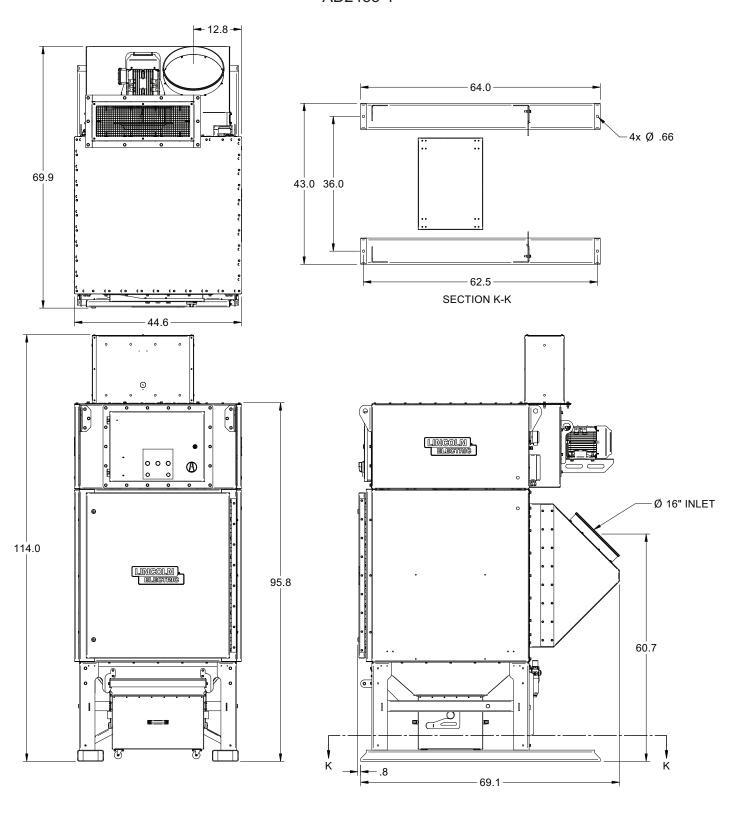


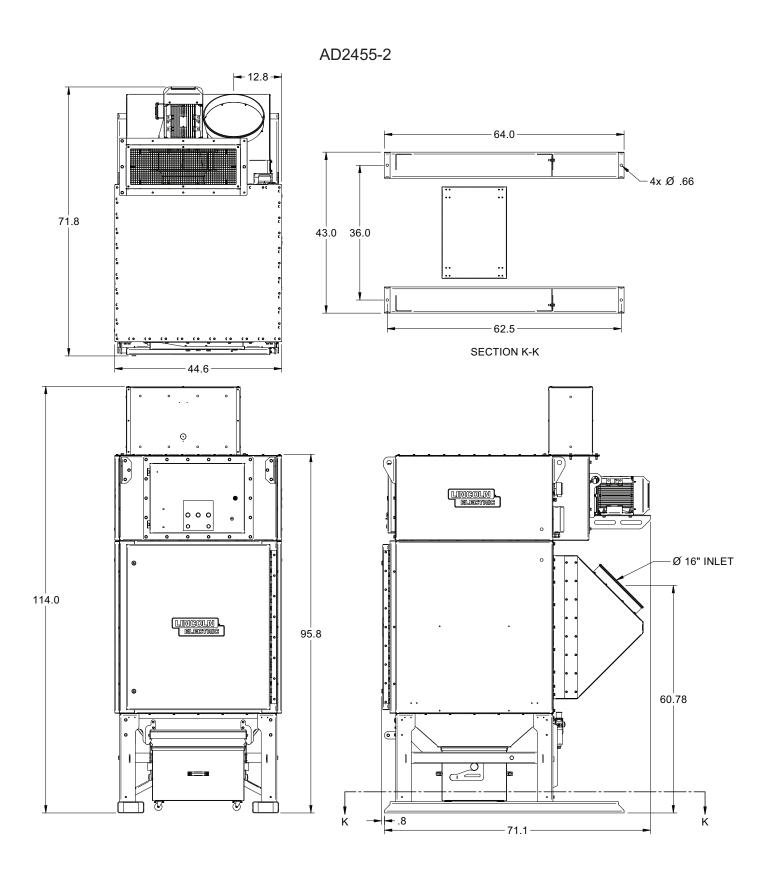
THE LINCOLN ELECTRIC COMPANY

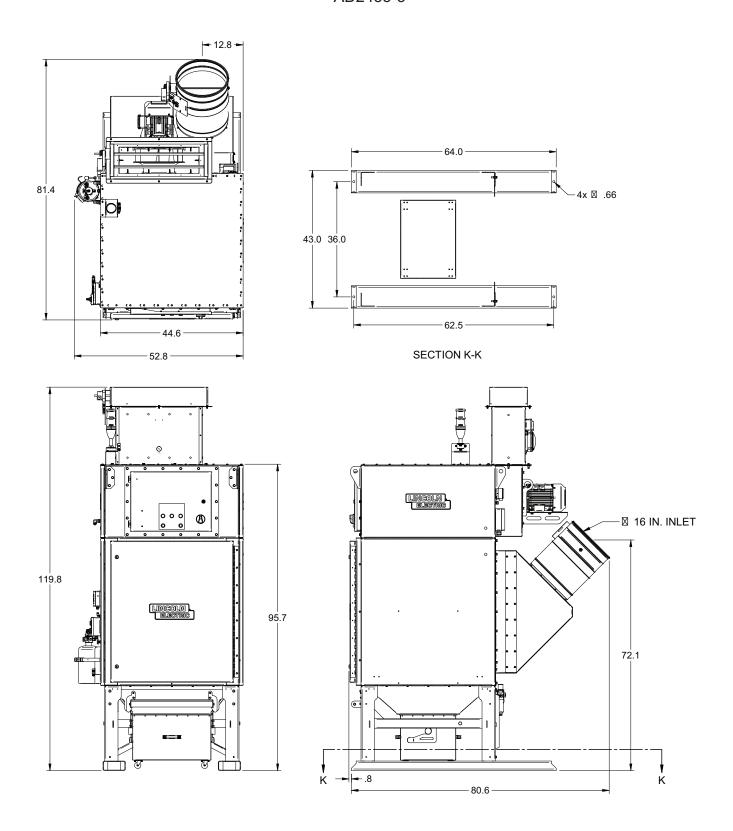
World's Leader in Welding and Cutting Products
Sales and Service through Subsidiaries and Distributors Worldwide
Cleveland, Ohio 44117-1199 U.S.A.

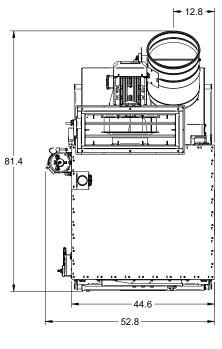
A.03 M28148PRINT Sheet 3 of 4



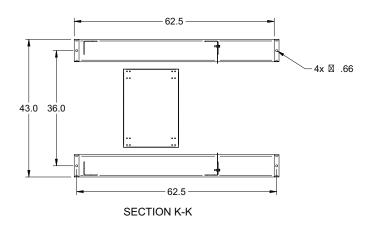


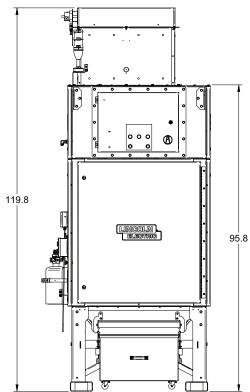


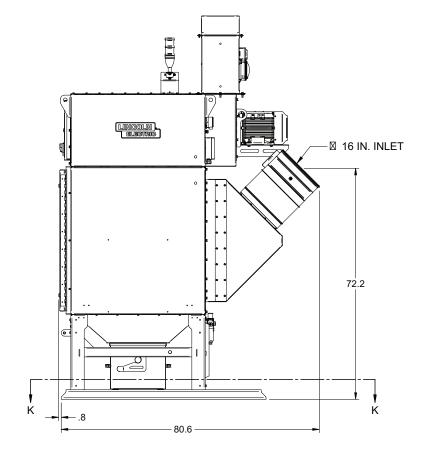


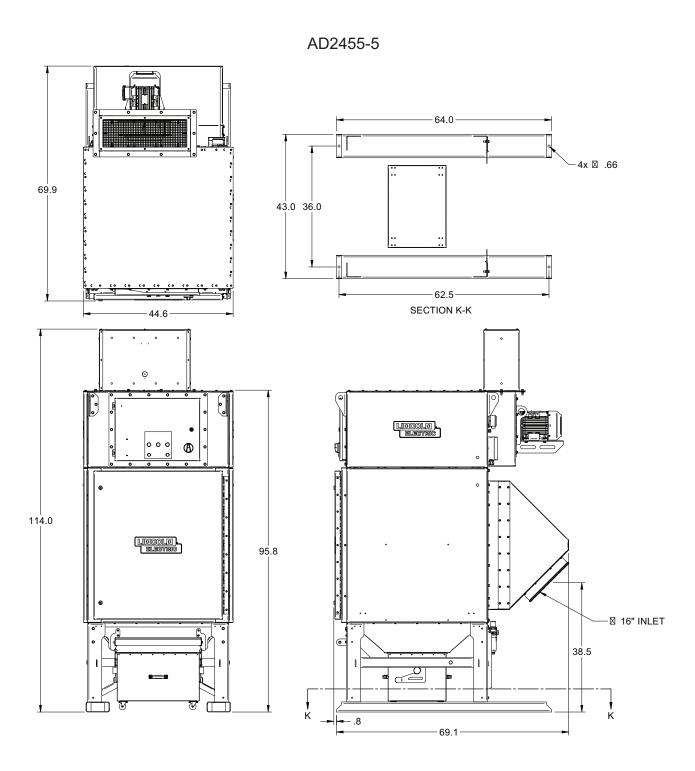


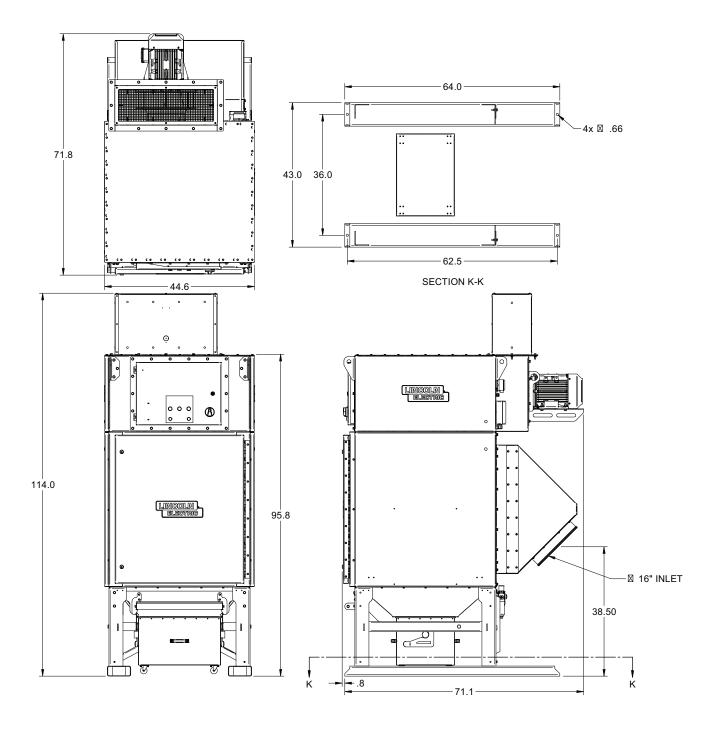


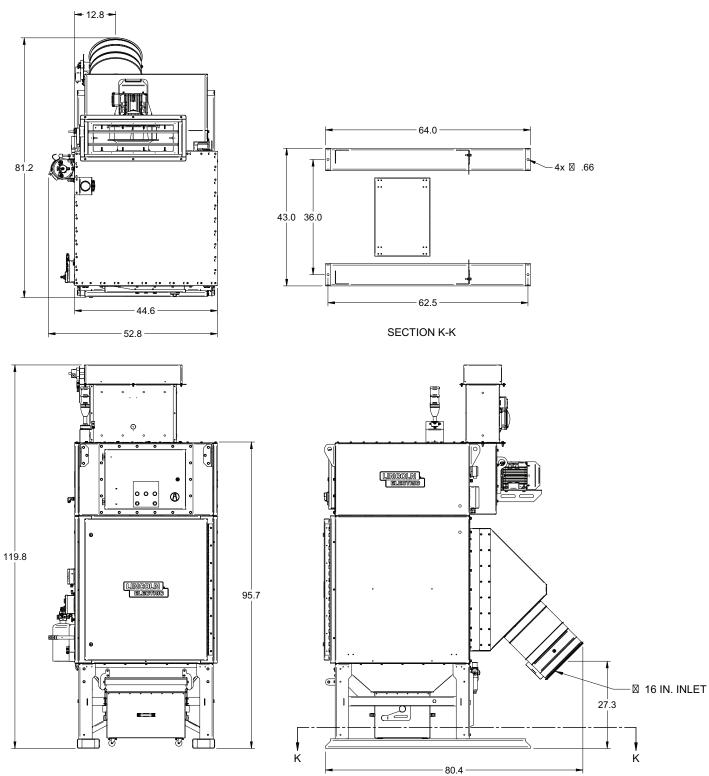


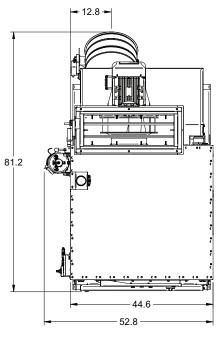


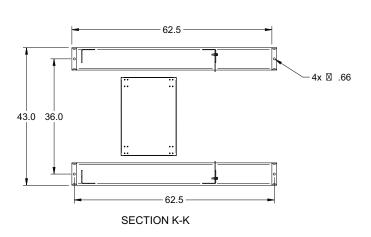


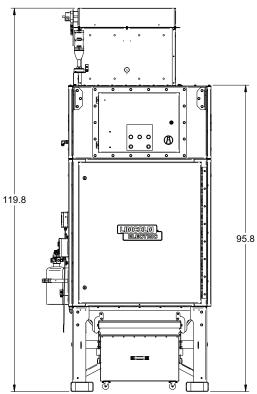


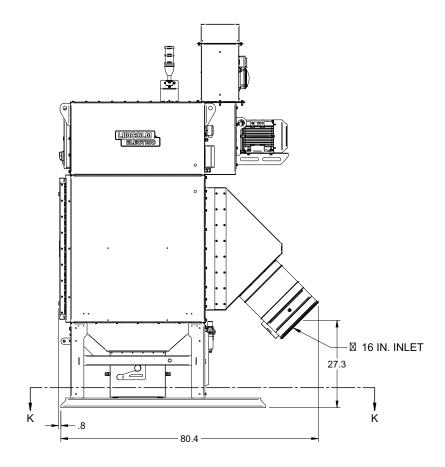


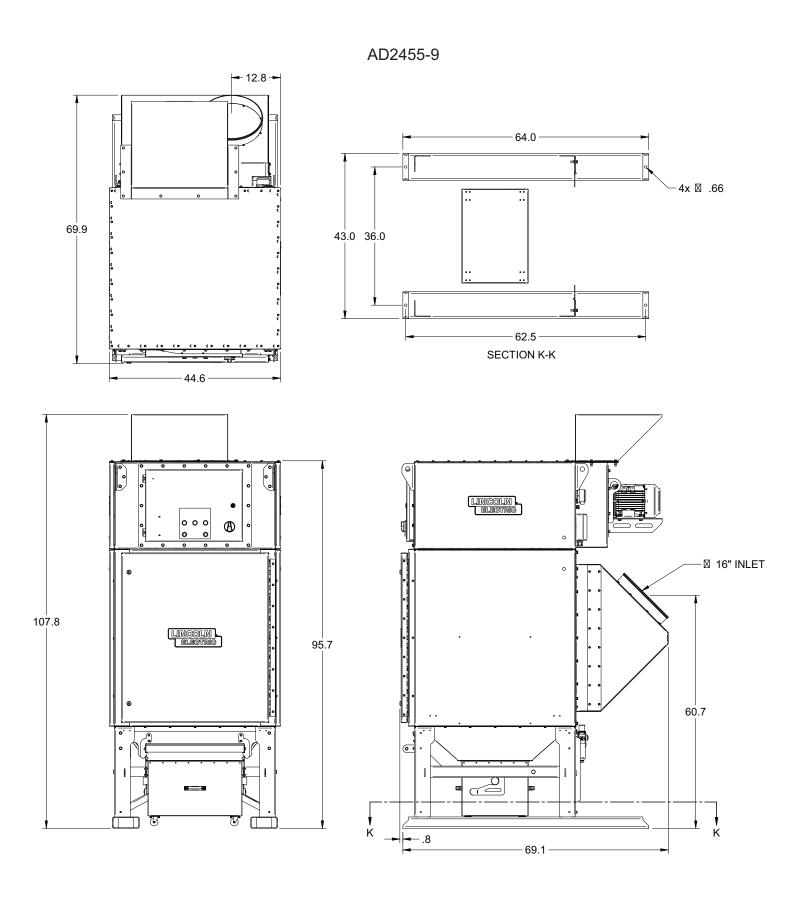


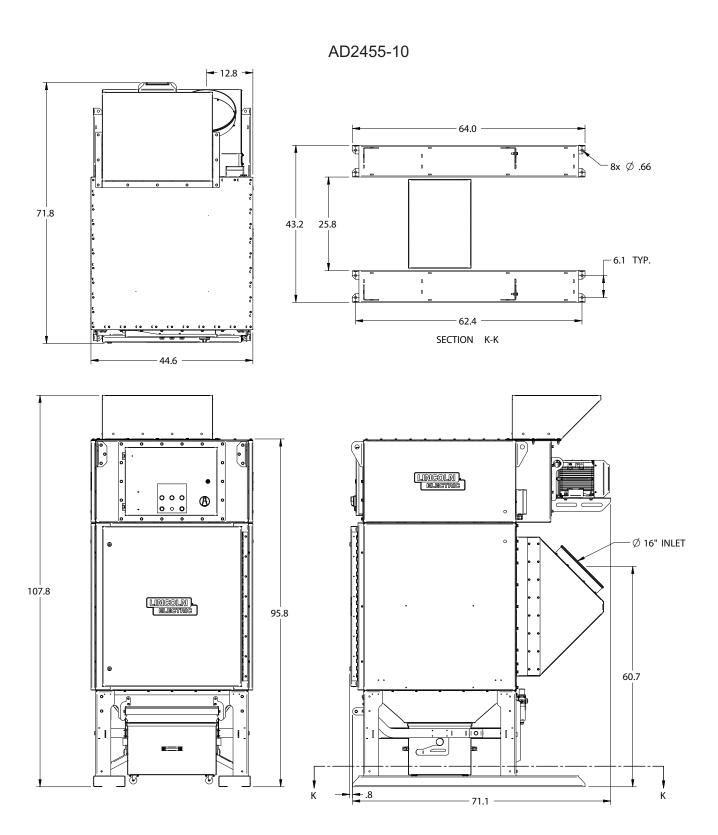












WARNING	Do not touch electrically live parts or electrode with skin or wet clothing. Insulate yourself from work and ground.	● Keep flammable materials away.	Wear eye, ear and body protection.
AVISO DE PRECAUCION	 No toque las partes o los electrodos bajo carga con la piel o ropa moja- da. Aislese del trabajo y de la tierra. 	 Mantenga el material combustible fuera del área de trabajo. 	 Protéjase los ojos, los oídos y el cuerpo.
ATTENTION	 Ne laissez ni la peau ni des vêtements mouillés entrer en contact avec des pièces sous tension. Isolez-vous du travail et de la terre. 	 Gardez à l'écart de tout matériel inflammable. 	Protégez vos yeux, vos oreilles et votre corps.
WARNUNG	 Berühren Sie keine stromführenden Teile oder Elektroden mit Ihrem Körper oder feuchter Kleidung! Isolieren Sie sich von den Elektroden und dem Erdboden! 	Entfernen Sie brennbarres Material!	 Tragen Sie Augen-, Ohren- und Kör- perschutz!
ATENÇÃO	 Não toque partes elétricas e electrodos com a pele ou roupa molhada. Isole-se da peça e terra. 	Mantenha inflamáveis bem guardados.	 Use proteção para a vista, ouvido e corpo.
注意事項	●通電中の電気部品、又は溶材にヒ フやぬれた布で触れないこと。●施工物やアースから身体が絶縁されている様にして下さい。	● 燃えやすいものの側での溶接作業は絶対にしてはなりません。	● 目、耳及び身体に保護具をして下 さい。
Chinese 整 生 言 ロ	● 皮肤或濕衣物切勿接觸帶電部件及 銲條。● 使你自己與地面和工件絶縁。	●把一切易燃物品移離工作場所。	● 佩 戴眼、耳及身體勞動保護用具。
Rorean 위험	● 전도체나 용접봉을 젖은 헝겁 또는 피부로 절대 접촉치 마십시요. ● 모재와 접지를 접촉치 마십시요.	●인화성 물질을 접근 시키지 마시요.	● 눈, 귀와 몸에 보호장구를 착용하십시요.
Arabic	 ♦ لا تلمس الإجزاء التي يسري فيها التيار الكهرباني أو الالكترود بجلد الجسم أو بالملابس المبللة بالماء. ♦ ضع عاز لا على جسمك خلال العمل. 	 ضع المواد القابلة للاشتعال في مكان بعيد. 	 ضع أدوات وملابس واقية على عينيك وأذنيك وجسمك.

READ AND UNDERSTAND THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTION FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AND THE CONSUMABLES TO BE USED AND FOLLOW YOUR EMPLOYER'S SAFETY PRACTICES.

SE RECOMIENDA LEER Y ENTENDER LAS INSTRUCCIONES DEL FABRICANTE PARA EL USO DE ESTE EQUIPO Y LOS CONSUMIBLES QUE VA A UTILIZAR, SIGA LAS MEDIDAS DE SEGURIDAD DE SU SUPERVISOR.

LISEZ ET COMPRENEZ LES INSTRUCTIONS DU FABRICANT EN CE QUI REGARDE CET EQUIPMENT ET LES PRODUITS A ETRE EMPLOYES ET SUIVEZ LES PROCEDURES DE SECURITE DE VOTRE EMPLOYEUR.

LESEN SIE UND BEFOLGEN SIE DIE BETRIEBSANLEITUNG DER ANLAGE UND DEN ELEKTRODENEINSATZ DES HERSTELLERS. DIE UNFALLVERHÜTUNGSVORSCHRIFTEN DES ARBEITGEBERS SIND EBENFALLS ZU BEACHTEN.

	*		
Keep your head out of fumes. Use ventilation or exhaust to remove fumes from breathing zone.	Turn power off before servicing.	Do not operate with panel open or guards off.	WARNING
 Los humos fuera de la zona de respiración. Mantenga la cabeza fuera de los humos. Utilice ventilación o aspiración para gases. 	Desconectar el cable de ali- mentación de poder de la máquina antes de iniciar cualquier servicio.	No operar con panel abierto o guardas quitadas.	AVISO DE PRECAUCION
 Gardez la tête à l'écart des fumées. Utilisez un ventilateur ou un aspirateur pour ôter les fumées des zones de travail. 	Débranchez le courant avant l'entre- tien.	 N'opérez pas avec les panneaux ouverts ou avec les dispositifs de protection enlevés. 	ATTENTION
 Vermeiden Sie das Einatmen von Schweibrauch! Sorgen Sie für gute Be- und Entlüftung des Arbeitsplatzes! 	 Strom vor Wartungsarbeiten abschalten! (Netzstrom völlig öff- nen; Maschine anhalten!) 	 Anlage nie ohne Schutzgehäuse oder Innenschutzverkleidung in Betrieb setzen! 	WARNUNG
 Mantenha seu rosto da fumaça. Use ventilação e exhaustão para remover fumo da zona respiratória. 	 Não opere com as tampas removidas. Desligue a corrente antes de fazer serviço. Não toque as partes elétricas nuas. 	 Mantenha-se afastado das partes moventes. Não opere com os paineis abertos ou guardas removidas. 	ATENÇÃO
● ヒュームから頭を離すようにして下さい。● 換気や排煙に十分留意して下さい。	● メンテナンス・サービスに取りかかる際には、まず電源スイッチを必ず切って下さい。	● パネルやカバーを取り外したま家で機械操作をしないで下さい。	注意事項
●頭部遠離煙霧。 ●在呼吸區使用通風或排風器除煙。	●維修前切斷電源。	●儀表板打開或沒有安全罩時不準作 業。	Chinese 警告
 얼굴로부터 용접가스를 멀리하십시요. 호흡지역으로부터 용접가스를 제거하기 위해 가스제거기나 통풍기를 사용하십시요. 	● 보수전에 전원을 차단하십시요.	● 판넽이 열린 상태로 작동치 마십시요.	Rorean 위 험
 ابعد رأسك بعيداً عن الدخان. استعمل التهوية أو جهاز ضغط الدخان للخارج لكي تبعد الدخان عن المنطقة التي تتنفس فيها. 	 ● اقطع التيار الكهربائي قبل القيام بأية صيانة. 	 ♦ لا تشغل هذا الجهاز اذا كانت الإغطية الحديدية الواقية ليست عليه. 	Arabic تحذیر

LEIA E COMPREENDA AS INSTRUÇÕES DO FABRICANTE PARA ESTE EQUIPAMENTO E AS PARTES DE USO, E SIGA AS PRÁTICAS DE SEGURANÇA DO EMPREGADOR.

使う機械や溶材のメーカーの指示書をよく読み、まず理解して下さい。そして貴社の安全規定に従って下さい。

請詳細閱讀並理解製造廠提供的説明以及應該使用的銀捍材料,並請遵守貴方的有関勞動保護規定。

이 제품에 동봉된 작업지침서를 숙지하시고 귀사의 작업자 안전수칙을 준수하시기 바랍니다.

اقرأ بتمعن وافهم تعليمات المصنع المنتج لهذه المعدات والمواد قبل استعمالها واتبع تعليمات الوقاية لصاحب العمل.

CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE POLICY

The business of The Lincoln Electric Company is manufacturing and selling high quality welding equipment, consumables, and cutting equipment. Our challenge is to meet the needs of our customers and to exceed their expectations. On occasion. purchasers may ask Lincoln Electric for advice or information about their use of our products. We respond to our customers based on the best information in our possession at that time. Lincoln Electric is not in a position to warrant or guarantee such advice, and assumes no liability, with respect to such information or advice. We expressly disclaim any warranty of any kind. including any warranty of fitness for any customer's particular purpose, with respect to such information or advice. As a matter of practical consideration, we also cannot assume any responsibility for updating or correcting any such information or advice once it has been given, nor does the provision of information or advice create, expand or alter any warranty with respect to the sale of our products.

Lincoln Electric is a responsive manufacturer, but the selection and use of specific products sold by Lincoln Electric is solely within the control of, and remains the sole responsibility of the customer. Many variables beyond the control of Lincoln Electric affect the results obtained in applying these types of fabrication methods and service requirements.

Subject to Change – This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. Please refer to www.lincolnelectric.com for any updated information.

WELD FUME CONTROL EQUIPMENT

The operation of welding fume control equipment is affected by various factors including proper use and positioning of the equipment, maintenance of the equipment and the specific welding procedure and application involved. Worker exposure level should be checked upon installation and periodically thereafter to be certain it is within applicable OSHA PEL and ACGIH TI V limits.



FINELINE® 300HD

HIGH DEFINITION PLASMA CUTTING SYSTEM



FineLine 300HD Power Source FineLine Arc Start Console FineLine Gas Controller Magnum® PRO LC300M Plasma

Shown:

Magnum® PRO LC300M Plasma Straight Torch w/ handle and torch leads

DESIGNED TO MAXIMIZE CUT QUALITY

When it comes to maintaining a competitive automated plasma cutting operation, maximizing output and productivity is essential. Whether the material is a flat plate, structural beam, or pipe, the FineLine High Definition Plasma Cutting System delivers excellent cut quality. If you're planning to stay ahead of the game, you need quality cuts, a fast production rate, and a low cost the first time, every time. You need a FineLine Plasma Cutting System from Lincoln Electric.



Processes »

Plasma Cutting & Marking

Cutting Type »

Mechanized Cutting

Applications »

- · Steel Fabrication
- · Pipe Cutting
- · Structural Steel Fabrication
- · Automotive/Transportation
- · Maintenance and Repair
- Shipbuilding
- · Steel Service Center

Output »



Input »







FineLine Gas Controller



FineLine Arc
Start Console





CUT CAPACITY in	nches (mm)		
Mild Steel-	Production Capacity ⁽¹⁾	1.75 (45)	
	Maximum Cutting Capacity ^[2]	3 (75)	
Stainless Steel-	- Production Capacity ⁽¹⁾	1.25 (32)	
	Maximum Cutting Capacity ⁽²⁾	2 (50)	
Aluminum-	Production Capacity ⁽¹⁾	1 (25)	
	Maximum Cutting Capacity ^[2]	2 (50)	
INPUT POWER: \	/OLTAGE/PHASE/HERTZ	380-415/460/575v/3Ph/50/60Hz	
	FineLine Power Supply FineLine CE Power Supply	380-415/3Ph/50/60Hz	
RATED OUTPUT:	CURRENT/VOLTAGE/DUTY CYCLE	300/210/100%	
INPUT CURRENT	@ RATED OUTPUT		
	FineLine Power Supply	3PH/100%/123/108/95	
	FineLine CE Power Supply	3PH/100%/123	
OUTPUT RANGE		20-300A	
INLET GAS PRES	SURE	105-145 PSI (7.6-10 Bar)	
CUTTING GAS			
Mild Steel-		Oxygen/Air, Oxygen/Oxygen	
Stainless Steel	-	Air/Air, Air/Nitrogen, H17/Nitrogen	
Aluminum-		Air/Nitrogen	
MARKING GAS		Argon/Air, Nitrogen/Nitrogen	
WEIGHT lb (kg)			
FineLine Power	r Supply	750 (340.2)	
FineLine Gas Co	ontroller	15.7 (7.12)	
FineLine Arc St	art Console	43 (19.5)	
DIMENSIONS inc			
FineLine Power		50.40x33x36.93 (1280x838x938)	
FineLine Gas Controller		6.51x11.08x7.30 (165x281x185)	
FineLine Arc St	art Console	10.98x5.29x13.52	

[1] Material type and composition can influence dross free performance, (2) Maximum capacity pierce requires the use of precision torch height control

CUSTOMER ASSISTANCE POLICY

The business of Lincoln Electric is manufacturing and selling high quality welding equipment, automated welding systems, consumables, and cutting equipment. Our challenge is to meet the needs of our customers, who are experts in their fields, and to exceed their expectations. On occasion, purchasers may ask Lincoln Electric for information or technical information about their use of our products. Our employees respond to inquiries to the best of their ability based on information and specifications provided to them by the customers and the knowledge they may have concerning the application. Our employees, however, are not in a position to verify the information provided or to evaluate the engineering requirements for the particular weldment, or to provide engineering advice in relation to a specific situation. Accordingly, Lincoln Electric does not warrant or guarantee or assume any liability with respect to such information or communications. Moreover, the provision of such information or technical information does not create, expand, or alter any warranty on our products. Any express or implied warranty that might arise from the information or technical information or technical information or technical information or summand or technical information or technical information or summand or technical information or summand or technical information or technical information or summand or technical information or technical information or summand or technical information or te

Lincoln Electric is a responsive manufacturer, but the definition of specifications, and the selection and use of specific products sold by Lincoln Electric is solely within the control of, and remains the sole responsibility of the customer. Many variables beyond the control of Lincoln Electric affect the results obtained in applying these types of fabrication methods and service requirements.

Subject to Change - This information is accurate to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. Please refer to www.lincolnelectric.com for any updated information.



S20P SERIES III

393297

Thank you,

On behalf of everyone at HYD·MECH Group Limited, I would like to thank and congratulate you on your decision to purchase a HYD·MECH bandsaw.

Your new machine is now ready to play a key role in increasing the efficiency of your operation, helping you to reduce cost while boosting quality and productivity.

To ensure you are maximizing the power and versatility of your new HYD·MECH bandsaw, please take the time to familiarize yourself and your employees with the correct operation and maintenance procedures as outlined in this manual.

We sincerely appreciate the confidence you have demonstrated in purchasing our product and look forward to building a long and mutually beneficial relationship.

Thank you

Hyd·Mech Group Limited P.O. Box 1030, 1079 Parkinson Road Woodstock, Ontario, N4S 8A4

Phone: (519) 539-6341 Service: 1-877-237-0914 Sales: 1-877-276-SAWS (7297)

Fax: (519) 539-5126

e-mail: <u>info@hydmech.com</u>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 0 - SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

BASIC RULES SAFETY HAZARD LABELS	SUMMARY	0.1
SECTION 1 - INSTALLATION 1.1	BASIC RULES	0.4
INSTALLATION	SAFETY HAZARD LABELS	0.9
INSTALLATION		
INSTALLATION	SECTION 1 - INSTALLATION	
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS		1.1
### SECTION 2 — OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OPERATOR CONTROL PANEL MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION SECTION 2 — OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OPERATOR CONTROL PANEL MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION SETTING HEAD UP AND HEAD DOWN LIMITS CYCLE PARAMETER DISPLAY MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS HEAD SWING AND BREAK COOLANT FLOW GUIDE ARM POSITIONING WORK STOP BLADE BASICS SECTION 3 — MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.3 BLADE PRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		
### SECTION 2 — OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OPERATOR CONTROL PANEL MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION SECTION 2 — OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OPERATOR CONTROL PANEL MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION SETTING HEAD UP AND HEAD DOWN LIMITS CYCLE PARAMETER DISPLAY MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS HEAD SWING AND BREAK COOLANT FLOW GUIDE ARM POSITIONING WORK STOP BLADE BASICS SECTION 3 — MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.3 BLADE PRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		
CUTTING FLUID		
CUTTING FLUID	FOUNDATION, LEVELLING AND ANCHORING	1.2
SECTION 2 - OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS	·	
SECTION 2 – OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OPERATOR CONTROL PANEL 2.1 MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION 2.2 SETTING HEAD UP AND HEAD DOWN LIMITS 2.2 CYCLE PARAMETER DISPLAY 2.3 MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES 2.4 SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 HEAD SWING AND BREAK 2.5 COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.1 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.7 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9	HYDRAULIC OIL	1.3
OPERATOR CONTROL PANEL 2.1 MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION 2.2 SETTING HEAD UP AND HEAD DOWN LIMITS 2.2 CYCLE PARAMETER DISPLAY 2.3 MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES 2.4 SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 HEAD SWING AND BREAK 2.5 COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING </td <td>WIRING CONNECTIONS</td> <td>1.3</td>	WIRING CONNECTIONS	1.3
OPERATOR CONTROL PANEL 2.1 MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION 2.2 SETTING HEAD UP AND HEAD DOWN LIMITS 2.2 CYCLE PARAMETER DISPLAY 2.3 MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES 2.4 SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 HEAD SWING AND BREAK 2.5 COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING ASAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING <		
OPERATOR CONTROL PANEL 2.1 MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION 2.2 SETTING HEAD UP AND HEAD DOWN LIMITS 2.2 CYCLE PARAMETER DISPLAY 2.3 MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES 2.4 SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 HEAD SWING AND BREAK 2.5 COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING ASAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING <	SECTION 2 - OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS	
MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION 2.2 SETTING HEAD UP AND HEAD DOWN LIMITS 2.2 CYCLE PARAMETER DISPLAY 2.3 MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES 2.4 SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 MEAD SWING AND BREAK 2.5 COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.1 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.4 BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		2.1
SETTING HEAD UP AND HEAD DOWN LIMITS 2.2 CYCLE PARAMETER DISPLAY 2.3 MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES 2.4 SETTIING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 MECHANICAL GONTROLS 2.5 MECHANICAL FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.1 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.4 BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9	MANUAL MODE MACHINE OPERATION	2.2
CYCLE PARAMETER DISPLAY. 2.3 MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES 2.4 SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 HEAD SWING AND BREAK 2.5 COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.1 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.6 BLADE PRODICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		
MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES 2.4 SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 HEAD SWING AND BREAK 2.5 COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.1 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.4 BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		
SETTING THE HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT) 2.5 MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 HEAD SWING AND BREAK 2.5 COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.1 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.4 BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		
MECHANICAL CONTROLS 2.5 HEAD SWING AND BREAK 2.5 COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 — MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.4 BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		
### HEAD SWING AND BREAK		
COOLANT FLOW 2.6 GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.1 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.4 BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		
GUIDE ARM POSITIONING 2.6 WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.4 BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		_
WORK STOP 2.6 BLADE BASICS 2.7 SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 3.1 LOCK OUT PROCEDURE 3.1 BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE 3.2 BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT 3.4 BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		
SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE A		
SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING		_
SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING		
SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING	SECTION 3 - MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING	
LOCK OUT PROCEDURE		3.1
BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE		
BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT		
BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.5 CARBIDE REPLACEMENT 3.6 BLADE PERPENDICULARITY 3.6 BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT 3.7 ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT 3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT 3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT 3.9		
CARBIDE REPLACEMENT		_
BLADE PERPENDICULARITY		
BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT		
ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT3.8 BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT3.9		
BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT3.9 90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT3.9		
90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT3.9		
LUBRICATION3.10		

SECTION 4 - ELECTRICAL	
FOR ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS AND COMPONENTS PARTS LISTS SEE PDF ON ATTAC CD	
	4. 1
SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC	
CYLINDER LIST	5.1
FOR HYDRAULIC SCHEMATICS AND PLUMBING DIAGRAMS SEE PDF ON ATTACHED	5 1
CD	ə. I
SECTION 6 - MECHANICAL ASSEMBLIES	
FOR MECHANICAL ASSEMBLY DRAWINGS SEE PDF ON ATTACHED CD	6 1
ON MICHANICAL ASSEMBLI DINAVINGS SEL FOI ON ATTACHED OD	0. 1
SECTION 7 - OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT	
FOR OPTIONAL ASSEMBLIES SEE PDF ON ATTACHED CD	7 1
MIST COOLANT SYSTEM	7 1
WORK STOP ASSEMBLY	
WORK LAMP ASSEMBLY	
VARIABLE VISE PRESSURE OPTION	
OVERHEAD BUNDLING	
SECTION 8 - SPECIFICATIONS	
S20P BANDSAW SPECIFICATION LIST	8.1
S20P SERIES III LAYOUT	
S20P SERIES III FOOTPRINT	8.3
SECTION 9 - WARRANTY	
	0.4

ii

SECTION 0 - SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

SUMMARY

All persons operating this machine must have read and understood all of the following sections of this Manual:

Section 0 SAFETY

Section 2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

However, as a memory aid, the following is a summary of the Safety Section.

Put Safety First

Mandatory Information – What operators and maintenance people must have read and understood.

Signatures – Everyone involved with this machine must sign to confirm they have read and understood mandatory information.

Basic Rules – only use this machine when

- it is in good working order
- all safety equipment is in place and functional
- operations are in compliance with this manual
- materials are within designed specifications and are non-hazardous

Owner is responsible to

- keep Manual accessible at the machine
- ensure only reliable, fully trained personnel work with the machine
- clearly define responsibilities of all personnel working with the machine
- keep the machine in good working order

Operator and Maintenance Personnel are responsible to:

- keep all safety equipment in order, check its function at the beginning of each shift, and report any shortcomings
- shut-down machine and report any faults or malfunctions which could impair safety
- understand and obey safety hazard labels
- not to wear un-restrained long hair, loose clothing or jewelry
- · wear all required personal protective equipment
- not to wear gloves within 24 inches of moving blade
- maintain a clean working area and machine
- always use Lock-out when performing maintenance or repairs.



FOREWORD

Put Safety First!

This Safety Section contains important information to help you work safely with your machine and describes the dangers inherent in our machines. Some of these dangers are obvious, while others are less evident.

It really is important to PUT SAFETY FIRST. Make it a habit to consider the hazards associated with any action BEFORE you do it. If you're still uncertainty, stop and find a safer approach to the action. If you're still uncertain, ask for advice from your supervisor.

The SAFETY FIRST approach is particularly necessary when you do something new, or different, and most people instinctively recognize this, although impatience may still cause them to take unnecessary risks.

Danger also lurks in the routine task that we have done over and over. Here, familiarity, boredom, or tiredness may lull us into unthinking, automatic repetition. Be alert for this, and when you feel it happening, stop and take stock of your situation. Review the safety hazards associated with what you are doing. That should get your brain working again.

Certainly production is important, but if you think you're too busy to put safety first, think how much production you'll lose if you get hurt.

You owe it to yourself, your family, and your co-workers to PUT SAFETY FIRST.

Mandatory Information

All persons operating this machine must have read and understood all of the following sections of this Manual:

Section 0 SAFETY

Section 2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Personnel involved in installation and maintenance of the machine must have read and understood all sections of the manual

Persons who have difficulty reading, or for whom English is not their first language, must receive particularly thorough instruction.



Signatures

Everyone involved in operation of this machine must sign below to confirm that:

I have read and understood all parts of Section 0 – Safety, and Section 2 – Operating Instructions.

Name	Date	Signature

Everyone involved in the installation, inspection, maintenance, and repair of this machine must sign below to confirm that: I have read and understood all parts of this Operation and Maintenance Manual.

Name	Date	Signature
		9

BASIC RULES

Intended Use

Our machines are designed and built in line with the state of the art, and specifically in accordance with American National Standards Institute Standard B11.10 *Safety Requirements for Metal Sawing Machines*. However, all machines may endanger the safety of their users and/or third parties, and be damaged, or damage other property, if they are operated incorrectly, used beyond their specified capacity, or for purposes other than those specified in this Manual.

Exclusion of Misuse

Misuse includes, for example:

Sawing hazardous materials such as magnesium or lead

Sawing work pieces which exceed the maximum workload appearing in the Specifications

Operating the machine without all original safety equipment and guards

Liability

The machine may only be operated:

When it is in good working order, and

When the operator has read and understood the Safety and Operating Instructions Sections of the Manual, and

When all operations and procedures are in compliance with this Manual.

Hyd-Mech Group cannot accept any liability for personal injury or property damage due to operator errors or non-compliance with the Safety and Operating Instructions contained in this Manual.

Responsibilities of the owner

Organization of work

This Operation and Maintenance Manual must always be kept near the machine so that it is accessible to all concerned.

The general, statutory and other legal regulations on accident prevention and environmental protection must also be observed, in addition to the Manual material. The operators and maintenance personnel must be instructed accordingly. This obligation also includes the handling of dangerous substances and the provision and use of personal protective equipment.

Choice and qualification of personnel

Ensure that work on the machine is only carried out by reliable persons who have been appropriately trained for such work.

Training

Everyone working on or with the machine must be duly trained with regard to the correct use of the machine, the correct use of safety equipment, the foreseeable dangers that may arise during operation of the machine, and the safety precautions to be taken.

In addition, the personnel must be instructed to check all safety devices at regular intervals.

Define responsibilities

Clearly define exactly who is responsible for operating, setting-up, servicing and repairing the machine.

Define the responsibilities of the machine operator and authorize him to refuse any instructions by third parties if they run contrary to the machine's safety.

Persons being trained on the machine may only work on or with the machine under the constant supervision of an experienced operator. Observe the minimum age limits required by law.

Condition of Machine and Workplace

Ensure that the machine and its safety equipment is kept in good working order.

Ensure that the work area is well lit, and protected from the elements, such as rain, snow, abrasive dust, and extremes of temperature.

Ensure that the machine is installed with sufficient clearance around it for the safe loading and unloading of work pieces.



Responsibilities of the operator and maintenance personnel

Safety equipment

All machines are delivered with safety equipment that must not be removed or bypassed during operation.

The correct functioning of safety equipment on the machine must be checked:

- at the start of every shift.
- after maintenance and repair work
- when starting for the first time, and after prolonged shutdowns

Emergency Stop Button (E-Stops)

Always be aware of the location of the Emergency Stop Buttons). Do not allow material or objects to block your access to an Emergency Stop.

Damage

If any changes capable of impairing safety are observed in the machine or its operation, such as damage, malfunctions, or irregularities, then appropriate steps must be taken immediately, the machine switched off, locked-out, and the fault reported to the responsible person.

Safe operation

The machine may only be operated when in good working order and when all protective equipment is in place and operational.

Keep a safe distance from all moving parts – especially the blade and vises

Stock should not be loaded onto the saw if the blade is running

Long and heavy stock should always be properly supported in front of and behind the saw.

Faults

The machine must be switched off and locked-out before starting to remedy any faults.

Safety hazard labels

Safety hazard labels, and other instructional labels on the machine must be observed. They must be clearly visible and legible at all times. If they become damaged they must be replaced.

Clothing, jewelry, protective equipment

Personnel operating or working on the machine must not wear un-restrained long hair, loose-fitting clothes and dangling jewelry.

When operating or working on the machine, always wear suitable, officially tested personal protective equipment such as safety glasses and safety boots and any other equipment required by plant regulations.



Gloves

Experience has shown that careless use of gloves around machinery is a major factor in serious hand injuries.

Gloves should not be worn when operating or adjusting the machine, except:

Wear protective gloves when handling bandsaw blades at blade changes.

Gloves may be worn when handling work pieces, only if the machine is in Manual Mode and the bandsaw blade is not running.

If the machine is running in Auto Mode, and only if the cut parts are greater than 24 inches long, it may be possible to safely wear gloves for handling the cut parts, but the wearer of the gloves must never put his hands near the blade for any reason. If the cut parts are less than 24 inches long, it is required to arrange their automatic flow into a parts bucket or other suitable arrangement to avoid the necessity to pick them off the machine by hand.

Hearing protection

Ear protection must be worn whenever necessary.

The level and duration of noise emission requiring hearing protection depends upon the national regulations in the country in which the machine is being used.

The actual level of noise emission by band sawing machines depends upon work piece size, shape and material, blade type, blade speed and feed rate.

The only practical course of action is to measure the actual noise emission levels for the type of work that is typically done. With reference to national standards, decide upon the necessary hearing protection required.

In the absence of such measurements, it is advisable for anyone exposed to long periods of moderate to loud noise to wear hearing protection. It is important to understand that hearing loss is gradual and easily goes unnoticed until it is serious and irreversible.

Workplace

A clear working area without any obstructions is essential for safe operation of the machine. The floor must be level and clean, without any build-up of chips, off-cuts, coolant, or hydraulic oil.

The workplace must be well lit, and protected from the elements, such as rain, snow, abrasive dust, and extremes of temperature

Nothing may ever be placed on, or leaned against the machine, with the obvious exception of the work piece on the table and conveyor of the machine.



Master Disconnect

Lock-out the machine before undertaking any maintenance or repair work on it. 'Lock-out' refers switching off the master electrical disconnect switch, and locking it out so that it cannot be switched on again without authorization.

On Hyd-Mech machines the Master Disconnect Switch will be of one of three types:

- Rotary switch mounted in electrical control cabinet door and inter-locked with door
- Lever switch mounted in separate box mounted on the machine
- Supply disconnect switch supplied by user at installation and usually wall-mounted within sight of the machine, depending upon local regulations.

In almost all jurisdictions, it is required that owners of industrial equipment establish and post lock-out procedures. Know and use the lock-out procedures of your company or organization.

Residual Risks

The machine is still not completely de-energized if an electrical cabinet door type switch is locked-out.

The line side of the disconnect switch itself remains energized.

Variable speed blade drives store dangerous voltage in their capacitors, and this requires time to dissipate. After locking out power, wait 3 minutes before beginning to work on machine electrical circuits.

If compressed air is supplied to the machine to power a mist lubrication system or other devices, it should be disconnected, and any stored air pressure released before working on the machine.

The weight of individual machine components represents stored potential energy that can be released if they fall when disconnected. Secure these components with adequate hoisting gear before disassembly.

SAFETY HAZARD LABELS

The safety hazard labels attached to your machine represent important safety information to help you avoid personal injury or death.

All supervisors, operators, and maintenance personnel must locate and understand the safety information associated with each hazard label prior to operating or servicing the machine.

The safety hazard labels shown below are located at various positions on the machine to indicate possible safety hazards. The location, and re-order part number of all the safety labels associated with this particular model of bandsaw are indicated at the end of this section of the manual. It is important to replace any safety hazard label that becomes damaged or illegible.

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE INSIDE



Contact with high voltage may cause death or serious injury. Never perform maintenance on, or near, electrical components until the machine's electrical power source has been disconnected. Lock-out power in accordance with your company's lock-out procedures before any such maintenance. The "Stop" or "Emergency Stop" push button does not disconnect the machine's power supply. Hazardous voltage is still present in the machines electrical circuits.

The machine's Electrical Disconnect Switch does disconnect voltage from the machine's circuits, however hazardous voltage is still present inside the main

electrical cabinet, on the infeed (line) side of the main fuses. Therefore keep hands and tools away from the infeed side of the control panel main fuses. If these fuses need to be replaced, use a fuse puller.

Allow three minutes after locking-out power before opening any electrical enclosures. Your machine may be equipped with a variable frequency drive that stores high voltage within its capacitors. Three minutes will allow sufficient time for this voltage to safely discharge.

Never spray coolant directly at electrical components or cabinets.

MOVING BANDSAW BLADE WILL CUT



Do NOT operate with guard removed.

Do NOT place hands or fingers near moving bandsaw blade.

For blade changing, always follow the proper Blade Changing Procedure, as given in Section 3 of this manual.

PINCH POINT

Machine parts may move without warning because of another person initiating the motion. Keep hands clear of all labeled pinch points, whenever the machine is running. Machine vises and bundling can exert great force and cause severe injury. Keep hands clear of vises and work piece when the vises and bundling are opened or closed. Be aware that vise and bundling



closing or opening may result in potentially dangerous work piece movement. Be aware also that the head swing either left or right, and the advancement or retraction of the head may create potential pinch points.



LOCATION AND PART NUMBERS OF SAFETY HAZARD LABELS ON S20MP





Danger Hazardous voltage inside Item N0. 391938



Warning Pinch Point Item No. 392801



Danger Moving bandsaw blade will cut Item N0. 391937

SECTION 1 - INSTALLATION

INSTALLATION

Upon delivery of your new S20P saw, it is imperative that a thorough inspection be undertaken to check for any damage that could have been sustained during shipping. Special attention should be paid to the electrical and hydraulic systems to check for damaged cords, hoses and fluid leaks. In the event of damage caused during shipping, contact your carrier to file a damage claim.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The S20P has been designed to give years of reliable service. It is essential that operators be alerted to the safe operation of this saw, and the practices to avoid that could lead to injury. The following safety rules are at the minimum necessary for the safe installation, operation, and maintenance of the saw. Take every precaution for the protection of operators and maintenance personnel.

- POWER HOOK-UPS AND REPAIRS SHOULD BE ATTEMPTED ONLY BY QUALIFIED TRADESMEN.
- THE SAW SHOULD BE LOCATED IN AN AREA WITH SUFFICIENT ROOM TO SAFELY LOAD STOCK INTO THE SAW. SECURE THE SAW TO THE FLOOR.
- THE AREA AROUND THE SAW SHOULD BE MAINTAINED IN A CLEAN AND TIDY CONDITION TO AVOID OBSTACLES OPERATORS COULD TRIP OVER.
- THE S20P SHOULD ONLY BE OPERATED ACCORDING TO THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE SAW. AVOID UNSAFE USAGE PRACTICES.
- IF AT ANY TIME THE SAW DOES NOT APPEAR TO BE OPERATING PROPERLY IT SHOULD BE STOPPED IMMEDIATELY AND REPAIRED.

OPERATOR:

- THE SAW SHOULD NEVER BE OPERATED UNLESS ALL GUARDS AND DOORS ARE IN PLACE AND CLOSED.
- KEEP A SAFE DISTANCE FROM ALL MOVING PARTS ESPECIALLY THE BLADE AND VISES.
- LOOSE CLOTHING AND GLOVES SHOULD NEVER BE WORN WHILE OPERATING THE SAW. COVER LONG HAIR.
- STOCK SHOULD NOT BE LOADED ONTO THE SAW IF THE BLADE IS RUNNING.
- LONG AND HEAVY STOCK SHOULD ALWAYS BE PROPERLY SUPPORTED IN FRONT OF AND BEHIND THE SAW.
- NEVER ATTEMPT TO DISLODGE OR MOVE STOCK WHILE THE BLADE IS MOVING. TAKE THE TIME TO STOP THE SAW BLADE, REMOVE OBSTRUCTIONS, AND RESTART BLADE.
- MUST WEAR EYE PROTECTION
- MAINTAIN PROPER ADJUSTMENT OF BLADE TENSION, AND BLADE GUIDES
- HOLD WORK PIECE FIRMLY AGAINST TABLE
- DO NOT REMOVE JAMMED CUTOFF PIECES UNTIL BLADE HAS STOPPED.

NO MODIFICATIONS TO THE MACHINE ARE PERMITTED WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL FROM HYD-MECH. ANY APPROVED MODIFICATIONS SHOULD ONLY BE UNDERTAKEN BY TRAINED PERSONNEL.

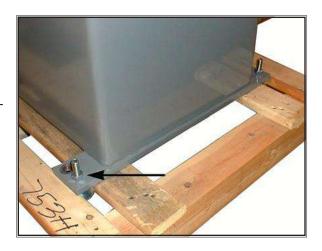


LIFTING THE S20P WITH A FORK LIFT

The S20P is shipped with a shipping pallet attached to the saw. When lifting the pallet with a forklift truck make sure that the load is firmly balanced. Minimum fork length of 72" (1827 mm) is recommended to safely lift the pallet.

WRAPPED FOR SHIPPING

The S20P is shrink-wrapped for shipping from our plant. Remove the wrapping from around the saw. Complete the inspection for signs of damage. Undo the bolts that hold the saw to the pallet. Retain these bolts to use for leveling. The following photo illustrates the floor mounting plates located at the corners of the saw.

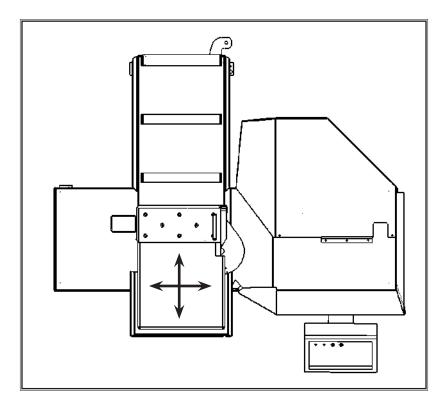


FOUNDATION, LEVELLING AND ANCHORING

Machine location should be carefully selected. A flat concrete floor area should be chosen. It should have enough free space surrounding the machine to enable free access for safe operation and maintenance. The machine should be leveled in both directions (from side to side & from front to back). Six leveling screws used for securing the machine to the pallet during transport, should be installed, one in each corner of the machine base, as shown below. It might be required to place steel plates under leveling bolts to prevent their sinking into the concrete floor. In cases when the machine is to be anchored permanently, anchoring holes are provided. They are located next to the leveling screw holes. The larger diameter hole is used for retaining during shipping and for use with concrete floor anchors. The smaller diameter threaded hole at each corner, are used for leveling the saw.

Using a level on the machine out-feed table, level machine front to back and side to side.

NOTE: In some cases leveling the saw infeed with a slight slope towards the blade is recommended. This will prevent coolant from running down the raw stock. (This is especially true when cutting tubing or bundles).





CUTTING FLUID

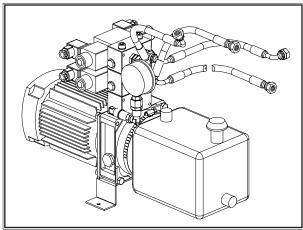
The S20P uses a pump and reservoir to circulate the necessary cutting fluid to the blade for maximum blade life. Your saw blade supplier will be able to provide information to the cutting fluid products that are available for your needs.

No cutting fluid (coolant) is supplied with the machine. There are two types of coolant available:

- Oil based; dilute 1:10 ratio (one part concentrated coolant to 10 parts water)
- Synthetic; dilute as recommended by manufacturer.

HYDRAULIC OIL

The S20P is supplied with FOX YE 32 hydraulic oil. Substitutes should be of the same viscosity hydraulic oil.



WIRING CONNECTIONS

After the machine is leveled and anchored the necessary power hook-up needs to be performed. Check that there is no sign of shipping damage to the electrical conduits, cords or hydraulic hoses.

As supplied, the S20P is built to run on three phase AC Voltage, as indicated on the machine serial plate and voltage label. Machine voltage is customer specific and should be indicated while ordering the machine. If machine voltage does not match available power source contact factory.

Power connection to the machine is made in the junction box, located on the back side of the machine. The power cable can be routed through the supplied hole in the junction box, and connections made to L1, L2, L3, and ground terminals. Proper strain relief should be used on the incoming power cable.



240V & 480V Junction Box



208V & 600V Junction Box



SECTION 2 – OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

OPERATOR CONTROL PANEL

The operator control panel provides the operator with all the controls necessary to operate the saw after the cutting angle has been set and the stock has been loaded and secured. All of the electrical functions and Feed Rate setting are operated from the control panel. For all the functions to work machine has to be powered up. The Main Disconnect switch, which is located on the side of control box, has to be in ON position. Emergency Switch has to be released (turn Emergency Knob clockwise to release). For the blade to operate the blade door has to be completely shut and blade tensioned to minimum tension of 600 kg.



Main Disconnect switch is located on the side on the machine control box.





Manual Mode Machine Operation

Manual mode allows for a manual operation of the saw. In this mode all functions are activated be selection of the respective function button on the user interface.

To enter the manual mode after the main power has been turned off, press the Machine Start button. Follow the instructions on the display, and select the Manual Mode. A lit LED adjacent to the Manual Mode or Semi-Automatic Mode button indicates machine mode.

Cut in Manual Mode

- 1 Open vise
- 2 Raise head
- 3 Position material
- 4 Close vise
- 5 Start blade
- 6 Press Cycle Start. To pause the head feed press Cycle Pause. To resume head feed press Cycle Start.
- 7 Machine will shut off blade when head reaches downward most position.
- 8 Raise head
- 9 Open vise

Semi-Automatic Mode Machine Operation

Upon initial power up, press MACHINE START. You will be prompted to press the reset button. Follow the onscreen instructions.

- 1 Set the HEAD UP and HEAD DOWN LIMITS. Refer to Setting Head Up and Head Down Limits.
- Open vise by pressing the VISE OPEN button.
- 3 Position material.
- 4 Close the vise by pressing the VISE CLOSE button.
- 5 Start the blade by pressing the BLADE ON/OFF button.
- 6 Start the cycle by pressing the CYCLE START button.

The machine will automatically close the vise and proceed to advance the head. Upon reaching the head down limit, which under most operating conditions should be set to the bottom most travel of the head. The blade will turn off, the head will go up to the preset head up limit and the vise will open. Subsequent cuts from the same material may be made by repeating step 3 through 6.

Setting Head Up and Head Down Limits

The machine can be setup to restrict the head movement in Semi-Auto mode between bottom and top limit settings. During normal operating conditions where a complete through cut is required, the head down limit should be set to the bottom most position of the head travel. Setting the head down limit at any other position will result in a partially cut piece. The head up limit should be set according to the material height. In cycle mode the head will respect these two preset limits.

To Set Head Down Limit

- Position the head at the desired head down position by pressing the HEAD UP or HEAD DOWN buttons.
- Press the HEAD DOWN LIMIT button.

To Set Head Up Limit

- Position the head at the desired head up position by pressing the HEAD UP or HEAD DOWN buttons.
- Press the HEAD UP LIMIT button.



Cycle Parameter Display

The machine is capable of displaying many parameters, not all of which can de shown on the screen at the same time. Pressing the CYCLE PARAMETERS button will toggle the display of the parameters. The following is a list of available parameters and the corresponding abbreviations as they are shown on the display.

Blade speed BS
Cut time CT
Blade tension BT
Head position HP
Amp draw of blade motor IBM

Pieces cut PC (To reset press COUNT RESET button)

Total run time of blade motor TOTALIZ

Machine Parameters

Machine parameters control the behavior of the machine, the type of optional equipment, which may be installed, and the language in which to communicate with the operator. Modifying machine parameters may adversely effect the behavior of the machine. Prior to making changes care should be taken to ensure a complete understanding of each parameter and its effect on the operation of the saw.

To enter machine parameters toggle the main power off and on. Press the MACHINE PARAMETERS AND MACHINE START buttons in that order.

To move from parameter to parameter press the HEAD DOWN or HEAD UP LIMIT button. Notice the horizontal arrows under the button depicting forward or backward scroll thought the parameter list. To change the value of a parameter use the HEAD DOWN LIMIT button. Notice an up arrow under the button depicting an upward change in value. The button to the right of the HEAD DOWN LIMIT clears the parameter value.



PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	FACTORY SET VALUE
LANGUAGE	Language which will be displayed on the interface	English
MACHINE TYPE	Machine type	S 20 P
MAN & SAD CYCLE	Manual and semi automatic	YES
PEDAL START	Pedal start option	NO
INVERTER	Inverted blade motor drive	YES
BLADE SPEED PROXY	Machine equipped with blade speed proximity switch	YES
MINIMAL LUBRIF	Machine equipped with low level lubricant sensor for mist coolant	NO
RHLS/FHLS OUTS	Head down / head up outputs enabled. Allows for control board to supply output signal for respective head position.	NO
STOP BLADE MOTOR NVR/RHLS/FHLS	Controls when the blade motor is to stop. Values of the parameter are 0 for when the head is in down limit, 1 for when the head is in up position and 2 for never.	0
HEAD VISE OPEN RHLS/FHLS	Controls when to open vise. Values of parameter are 0 for down limit and 1 for up limit.	0
VISE OPEN/CLOSE TIME =	'	2.0
MAX BLADE MOTOR I =	Full load amperage of the blade motor. (Depends on voltage of machine)	8.0
UNIT OF MEASURE FIPS/MKS	Controls which unit system to display. 1 for imperial, 0 for metric.	0
BLADE MIN TENS THRES =	Minimum blade tension required for the machine to start.	600 kg (1320 lbs)
LCD BACKLIGHT DURATION	Time duration of display backlight to stay on min.	0.5
TT =	Total time blade motor run. Software version.	Value depending on run time.
RHLS / FHLS LIMIT HEAD POS =	Head position - SEE PROCEDURE (SETTING the HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/ FHLS LIMIT)	Value depending on head position.

MACHINE ALARMS AND EMERGENCIES

The machine's controller notifies the operator if any alarm or emergency condition which may occur during operation by way of acoustic and visual signals. This section lists the message shown on the display.

PRESS RESET

This message is displayed during the initialization phase after pressing the MACHINE START key.

PRESS RESET FCTI-FCTA ERROR This message is displayed when the cutting start position is lower than the previously set head down position.

Save both the FCTI (head up) and FCTA (head down) positions again.

PRESS RESET HEAD NOT AT FCTI This message is displayed if the head is not positioned at the FCTI, position when the cycle is STARTED.

Return the head to the FCTI (head up) position before resuming the cycle.

PRESS RESET SELECT SPEED This message is displayed if the cycle is STARTED without having first selected the cutting speed.

Return the head to the FCTI (head up) position before resuming the cycle.



SETTING the HEAD LINEAR POTENTIOMETER (RHLS/FHLS LIMIT)

Cycle through the parameters until the following is on the display: RHLS/FHLS LIMIT HEAD POS = XXX

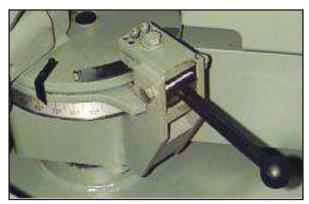
- * You must push the RESET button to energize the emergency relays *
- 1. The head must be lowered until it reaches the mechanical bottom position. In order to execute this operation you must first push the shift button (CYCLE PARAMETERS) and while holding this button depressed then push the (HEAD DOWN) button until the head reaches its bottom limit. Increase the number value displayed by 1 unit (Raise the Head) by holding the (CYCLE PARAMETERS) and while holding this button then press (HEAD UP).
- 2. The current value of the linear potentiometer must be stored. First push the shift button (CYCLE PARAMETERS) and while holding this button depressed then push the (HEAD DOWN LIMIT) button.
- 3. Once completed the display will read the following message: FHLS = XXX
- 4. The head must now be raised until it reaches the mechanical top position. Push the shift button (CYCLE PARAMETERS) and while holding this button depressed then push the (HEAD UP) button until the head reaches its upper limit.
- 5. Store the current value of the linear potentiometer by first pushing the shift button (CYCLE PARAMETERS) and while holding this button depressed push the (HEAD UP LIMIT) button.
- 6. Once completed the display will read the following message: RHLS = XXX

During machine operation the display will show a certain value at the head up limit position and "0" at the head down position.

MECHANICAL CONTROLS

HEAD SWING and BREAK

An integral function of the S20P is the ability to make mitered cuts at angles between 90 and 30 degrees. The Head swing of the S20P is easily changed to set a different cutting angle by first releasing the Angle Brake lever, and then manually moving the Head to the cutting angle desired. An angle scale with a pointer in clear view of the saw operator allows for accurate setting of the cutting angle. The Angle Brake lever is then locked in position by forcing it into the down position. It should be noted that the angle brake should be locked into position whenever cutting with the saw. The photo illustrates the Angle Brake in the locked position at 65 degrees. To set the saw to the 90 degree position, the Head (in the fully down position) is moved until the frame meets the 90 degree stop bolt.



Head swing scale and angle brake locked



COOLANT FLOW

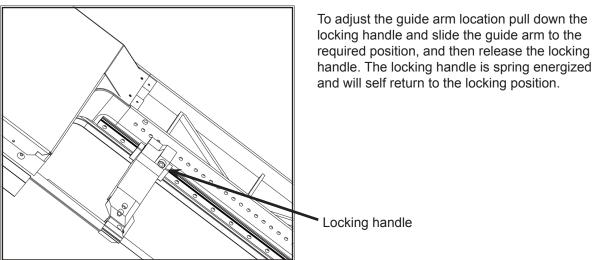
The S20P bandsaw is equipped with a coolant pump supplying coolant flow to four coolant outlets.

- The wash gun is provided for clearing chip accumulations.
- Guide arm coolant nozzles, one at each guide arm, are equipped with a flow control shut-off valve. The guide arm nozzles should be adjusted to apply an even covering of coolant to the blade.
- The flexible nozzle can be pointed directly where necessary. It should be used when cutting wide work pieces, bundles, or structurals. Set extra coolant into the saw kerf at about mid span of the cut. The flexible nozzle has a flow control shut-off valve.

NOTE: When cutting materials that do not need constant coolant, such as cast iron, some coolant flow is still required for blade lubrication to prevent blade scoring by carbide pads as the blade moves through them.

GUIDE ARM POSITIONING

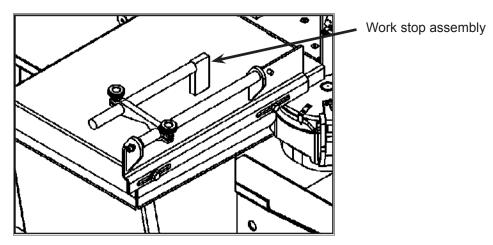
The S20P idler side guide arm is adjustable to accommodate varying material widths. The guide arm should be adjusted as close to the material as possible while still allowing it to pass. This process of matching the guide arm spacing to the material size is important to optimize blade life and ensure straightness of the cut.



OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT/CONTROLS

WORK STOP

The work stop is used to set a consistent cut length from 0 to 34 inches. The photo shows the stop at a short length, which is adjusted with one or both of the locking handles. The bar with the actual stop attached to it can be removed, turned 180 degrees end for end, and inserted for longer lengths. The work stop may also be swung out of the work area when it is not required.





BLADE BASICS

Technology is rapidly changing all aspects of production machining. Metal cutoff is no exception. The advances made in the bandsaw industry have definitely brought down the cost per cut, despite the three-fold increase in the price of newer technology blades. Variable pitch (following pages), bi-metal blades (like the ¾ or 4/6 bi-metal blade supplied with the Hyd-Mech machine) last much longer, cut faster and more accurately than the conventional carbon steel blades. In order to take advantage of the superiority of bi-metal blades, it is critical to properly "break in" a new blade. This is accomplished by taking two or three cuts through solid four or five-inch diameter mild steel at an extremely slow feed rate. These two or three slow cuts sufficiently lap (polish) the new blade so that it does not snag the material being cut. Proper break-in will alleviate blade vibration, improve surface finish and accuracy, and improve expected blade life.

- 1. A new blade must be properly "broken-in". Proper break-in will alleviate blade vibration, improve surface finish and accuracy, and improve expected blade life. The most convenient way to do this is to cut the intended work-piece, at the standard recommended blade speed for that material, but with the feed rate reduced to about 25% of normal. Near the end of the first cut, increase the feed rate again, and once again when the blade approaches the end of the second cut. Keep increasing feed rate in this fashion, so that normal feed rate is reached after 300 to 400 square centimeters of cutting.
- 2. Generous coolant application is essential with almost all materials. A high quality and well-mixed coolant will dramatically extend blade life, and will increase cutting rate and surface finish. On those few materials where coolant is undesirable, a slight coolant flow or periodic oiling of the blade is necessary to prevent the blade from being scored by the carbide guides.
- 3. The Stock being cut must be securely clamped in the vises. Stock movement during cutting will strip blade teeth. Noticeable stock vibration reduces cutting performance and blade life consideration should be given to reorientation of the stock, or additional clamping measures (e.g. wood between vise jaws and work-piece).
- 4. The proper blade speed for the work-piece material must be selected. Use the following chart as a starting point:

Blade speeds higher than recommended will quickly dull the blade. Blue chips are evidence of excessive blade speed.

Lower than recommended speeds will not prolong blade life, and will require reduced feed rate. However, reduced speeds may be helpful in reducing vibration, and therefore may increase blade life.

BLADE BASICS - CUTTING SPEEDS FOR VARIOUS MATERIALS

® 1	Blade		Coolant	
	Speed	(FPM)	Required	₩
Free Cutting Steels	1		ſ	
1100 & 1200 Series	370		YES	
Low&Medium Carbon	11		1	
1008 - 1045	220	İ	YES	
High Carbon Steets	1			
1046 - 1095	140,220		YES	- J
Alfoy Steels	140,220		YES	
Tool Steels	80,140		YES	-
Pipe & Structurals	140,220		YES	335
Nickel Base Alloys	90,140		YES	- 5
Copper Base Alloys	140,220		YES	- 3
Stainless Steels			1	-
430F,416,420F,503	140,220	i	YES	•
Cast Iron	140,226		NO	•
			Oil Blade	

Figure 2A:2 Blade Speed Selection Chart

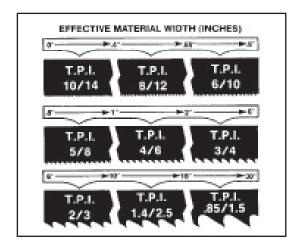
5. The proper feed rate must be applied. Feed rate is the speed which the head "free-falls" and is set with the feed rate control knob. The head will descend more slowly when the blade encounters the work-piece. Verification of proper feed rate is provided by the appearance of the cut chips, which ideally form nicely curled "clock springs". Note that cast irons and interrupted cuts result in short, broken chips even at ideal feed rates. Excessive feed rate will result in short blade life and/or crooked cuts.



DETERMINE OPTIMUM BLADE PITCH – TEETH PER INCH (T.P.I.)

Selecting a blade with proper tooth pitch is important in order to achieve optimal cutting rates and good blade life. For cutting narrow or thin wall structural materials, a fine blade with many teeth per inch (T.P.I.) is recommended. For wide materials a blade with a coarse pitch should be used. See the sketch below for the blade pitch changes for differing effective material widths.

It is impractical to change the blade to the proper pitch every time a different width of material is cut and it is not necessary, but remember that the optimum blade will cut most efficiently. Too fine a blade must be fed slower on wide material because the small gullets between the teeth will get packed with chips before they get across and out of the cut. Too coarse a blade must be fed slower because it has fewer teeth cutting and there is a limit to the depth of a cut taken by each tooth.



SECTION 3 – MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

SAFETY DURING MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

"Lock-out", or "Lock-out Tag-out" are terms that refer to procedures taken to prevent the unexpected start-up, or other release of energy, by a machine, whenever anyone is required to remove or bypass safety guards or devices, or whenever anyone is required to place part of his body in a hazard area.

In almost all jurisdictions, it is required that owners of industrial equipment establish and post lock-out procedures. Know and use the lock-out procedures of your company or organization. In the absence, of such posted procedures, use the following procedure.

LOCK OUT PROCEDURE

Whenever work is to be performed on a machine, which requires removal or bypassing of safety guards or devices, or the placement of part of anyone's body in a hazard area, the following steps shall be taken:

- 1. Operator shuts down the machine. The head must be lowered fully, or onto suitable supports, before any hydraulic service is performed, to prevent the head from moving unexpectedly.
- 2. The supervisor in charge of the machine must be informed of the intention to Lock-out the machine.
- 3. The Main Power Disconnect Switch must be turned off, and locked in the off position by means of a padlock. The key for this padlock must be kept by the person performing the work on the machine. If more than one person is performing work on the machine, then a multiple lock hasp shall be used, and each person shall apply his or her own lock to the hasp.
- 4. Prior to starting any work on the locked-out machine, the supervisor shall attempt to start the machine to ensure that the lock-out device provides adequate protection. Operating controls must be reset to the "off" position after this test.
- 5. Work on the locked-out machine may now proceed.



The main power disconnect switch used for safety lockout purposes.

RESTORING MACHINE TO USE

After completion of all repairs or maintenance to the locked-out machine, it shall be restored to use as follows:

The person(s) who performed the work shall verify that all areas around the machine are safe, before the machine is re-energized. No-one shall be permitted in un-safe areas around the machine. All guards and covers shall be properly installed.

Each lock-out padlock shall be removed by the person who applied it.

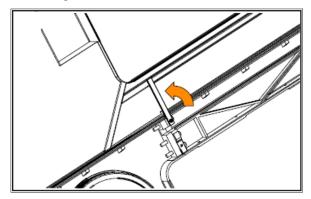
After the lock-out padlocks are removed, and before the machine is started, the supervisor and all other employees who use the machine, shall be informed that the lock-out has been removed. After notification is made, the machine may be re-started.



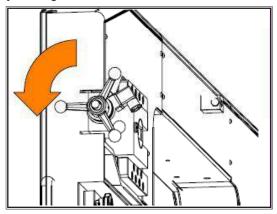
BLADE CHANGING PROCEDURE

NOTE: Wear gloves for protection from the sharp blade.

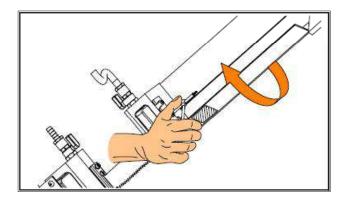
1. Open the Wheels door by unscrewing the two knobs.



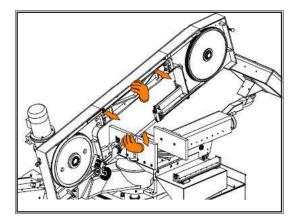
2. Loosen the Blade Tensioner by turning counter clockwise.



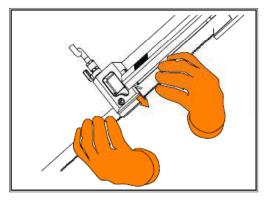
3. Open the blade guard at idler guide arm by undoing the mounting screws and removing it as illustrated below.



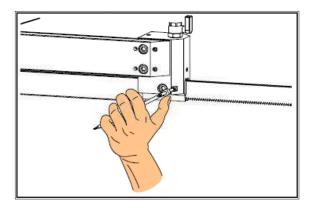
4. Remove the worn blade by sliding it off the wheels and out off both guide blocks



- 5. Your new blade will be in a coil. While wearing gloves, hold the blade away from yourself; twist the blade to uncoil it. Do not let the blade teeth bounce on the concrete floor as some damage may be caused.
- 6. Place the new blade in the carbide guides and then slide the blade over the wheels. The teeth should be pointing towards the drive side as they pass through the carbide guides.
- 7. Make sure there is a small amount of play between the blade and guide carbides. The blade band should be snug but able to move freely up and down.



8. If the amount of play is not sufficient for the blade to run smoothly, adjust the locking torque of the screws with an Allen key.



- 9. With the blade in place, turn the tensioner handle clockwise until Bade Tension Display shows required value. Recommended blade tension is between 1250 - 1350 kg. If blade is under tensioned the blade motor will not start.
- 10. Replace the blade cover and close wheels door.
- 11. Jog the blade a few rotations to check that the blade is not moving in or out on the blade wheels. As the blade tracking will stay fairly constant, it should be checked occasionally by measuring the gap between the back of the blade and wheel flange. The gap should measure .040-.080". If the tracking requires adjustment, follow the instructions below.

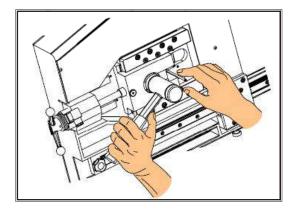
BLADE TRACKING ADJUSTMENT

First, inspect the blade wheels for wear or damage and repair as required, Blade tracking adjustment should always begin at the wheel where the tracking is farthest out of specification. Using the instructions below, adjust the worst wheel, jog the blade and recheck both wheels. Repeat this process until both wheels are within specification.

Idler Wheel Adjustment

The Idler Wheel must be adjusted so that it is aligned with the drive wheel. The purpose of the adjustment is to ensure that the back of the blade remains about .040-.080" away from the wheel flange during rotation.

- 1. Release blade tension.
- Open wheel cover.
- 3. Loosen the screw and using a mallet tap the shaft in or out.

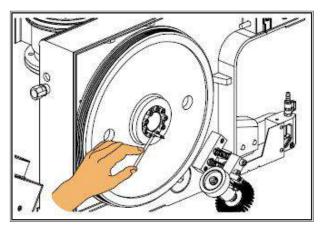


- 4. Restore the machine and run blade for few wheel rotations.
- 5. Check the distance between the blade and wheels flange.
- 6. If necessary repeat above steps until proper gap is achieved.

Drive Wheel Adjustment

The Drive Wheel adjustment is closely linked to adjustment of the Idler Wheel. The purpose of the adjustment is to ensure that the back of the blade remains about .040-.080" away from the wheel flange during rotation.

- 1. Open wheel cover.
- 2. Loosen all the screws on the wheel and manually move it in or out until the blade is correctly distanced from the wheel flange.

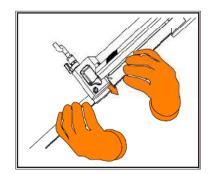


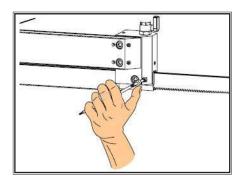
- 3. Restore the machine and run blade for few wheel rotations.
- 4. Check the distance between the blade and wheels flange.
- 5. If necessary repeat steps until proper gap is achieved.

BLADE GUIDE ADJUSTMENT

At the bottom of the guide arms are the blade guide block assemblies with carbide pads. These assemblies will need to be adjusted occasionally as the carbide pads become worn, or if a blade with different thickness is used. To adjust properly, follow this simple procedure.

- 1. Make sure there is a small amount of play between the blade and guide carbides. The blade band should be snug but able to move freely up and down.
- 2. If the amount of play is not sufficient for the blade to run smoothly, adjust the locking torque of the screws with an Allen key.

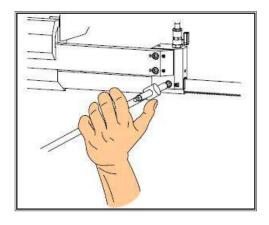


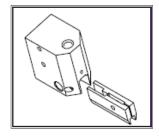


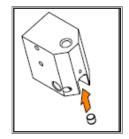


CARBIDE REPLACEMENT

The blade guide blocks are equipped with one top carbide and two side carbide inserts each. The working life of carbide guides is practically the same as that of the machine itself. However, if required they can be replaced by removing the plate fixing screw as shown.





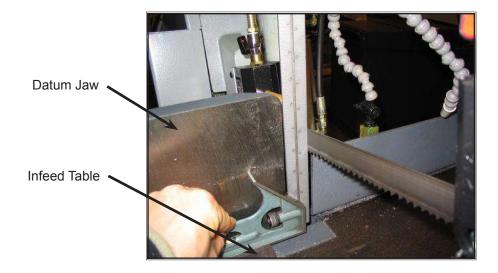


The top carbide is press fit into the guide block. If the top carbide needs replacement the whole guide block has to be changed.

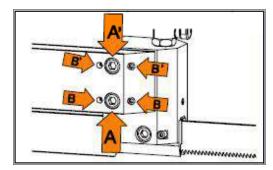
BLADE PERPENDICULARITY

The perpendicularity of the blade to the work table and proper blade tension are vital for achieving a straight cut. This adjustment is carried out using a workshop square, which should be placed against the side of the blade while resting on the work table in the middle of the guide arm span. The square edge should contact the blade uniformly along the whole blade width. Follow the procedure below if the guides need to be adjusted to achieve the proper blade perpendicularity.

- 1. Disconnect machine from power.
- 2. Open the vise.
- 3. Position the square on the clean work surface of the infeed table against the blade close to the datum jaw at a point where the blade teeth do not prevent contact.



4. If the blade touches the square at the bottom loosen the top fixing screw "A" and tighten screws "B" the same amount until the square edge contacts the blade uniformly along the whole blade width. If contact is at the top of the square, loosen the bottom fixing screw "A" and tighten screws "B" the same amount until the square edge contacts the blade uniformly along the whole blade width.



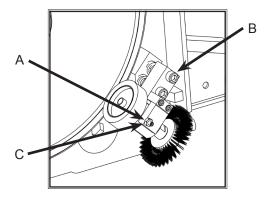
5. Position the square on the clean work surface of the infeed table against the blade close to the movable guide block at a point where the blade teeth do not prevent contact.



6. Repeat step 4 to adjust the movable guide block.

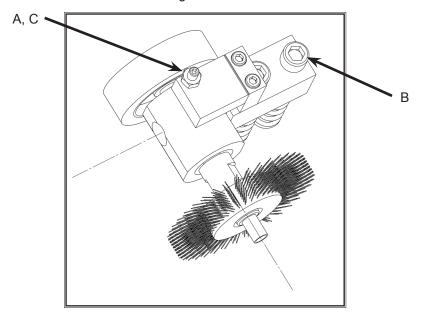
BLADE BRUSH ADJUSTMENT

The machine leaves the factory with the blade brush adjusted for maximum life of the brush. This setting places the ends of the blade brush wires so as to contact the blade at the bottom of the blade gullets. The plastic drive wheel that is driven by the drive wheel face should be held against the wheel face with the minimum force that is necessary to ensure brush rotation. As the blade brush wears it is necessary to periodically adjust it closer to the blade or if a new brush is installed, further away from the blade.





As shown, there are two springs on socket head screws holding the brush assembly against the blade. There is also an adjusting stop socket set screw **A** with a hex nut **C** on it. This adjusting set screw works as a stop determining the brush position in respect to the blade. To move the brush closer to the blade loosen the hex nut and turn the setscrew **A** counter clockwise with an Allen key. Then rotate the brush stem towards the blade and turn the spring loaded socket head bolts **B** in to maintain proper spring preload. To move the brush away from the blade loosen the spring loaded socket bolts **B** respectively. Then rotate the brush stem away from the blade and turn setscrew **A** clockwise to lock the brush in position. Lock the hex nut to prevent the set screw from loosening.

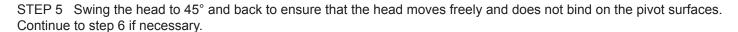


ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT

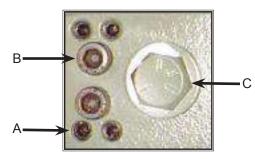
The clamping force on the swivel brake can be adjusted to ensure that the Head is held securely and does not move during cutting. The brake handle should be adjusted so that it does not "bottom out" or hit its movement limit, yet holds the head securely.

ANGLE BRAKE ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

- STEP 1 Loosen locking cap screws "B" with a 6mm Allen key.
- STEP 2 Tighten all 4 set screws "A" until snug with a 4mm Allen key
- STEP 3 Back out the "A" screws 1/4 of a turn
- STEP 4 Tighten the locking cap screws "B"



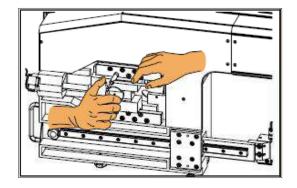
STEP 6 Adjust the clamping force bolt "C" with a 19mm wrench. If not tightened enough, the locking handle will "bottom out" and not hold the head firmly



BLADE TENSION SLIDE ADJUSTMENT

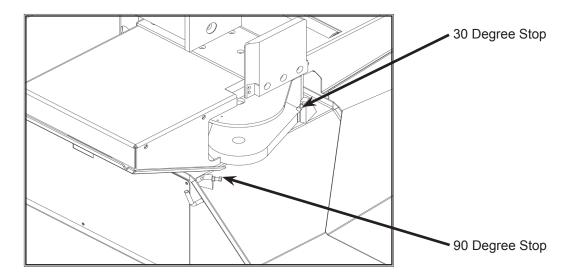
To reduce the play, which may develop over time between the blade tensioner slide and slide gibs, adjust the screws between the gibs and slide as follows:

- 1. Remove the head front cover.
- 2. Undo blade tension.
- 3. Remove blade from wheels.
- 4. Remove the pin connecting tensioner actuator with slider.
- 5. Move the slider by hand back and forth to locate any friction or excessive play.
- 6. Loosen the nuts, using tubular nut driver while holding the set screws firm with Allen key.
- 7. Tighten the set screws to take up any play or loosen them up in case of excessive friction.
- 8. Retighten the nuts with tubular nut drive.



90 AND 30 DEGREE STOP ADJUSTMENT

There are two adjustable mechanical stops for 90 degree and 30 degree head swing position that can be recalibrated if required.



GEARBOX LUBRICATION

The machine is equiped with a worm gear which is permanently lubricated and therefore manitenance free. The box has no filler cap, level checker and drain, as it already contains the correct quantity of synthetic oil, guaranteeing perpetual lubrication of the crown and worm gear. Below is a short list of synthetic oils for permanent lubrication:

BP Energol SG XP220 KLUBER Syntheso D220EP ESSO Glycolube Range 220 IP CT614 SHELL Tivela Oil SC 320

Gearbox Capicity - 0.084 Gallons (0.320 Litres)



LUBRICATION

The S20P was designed to minimize the maintenance requirements. Moving assemblies and contact faces need lubrication on a regular schedule whether they are in heavy use or not. The lubrication requirements of the S20P are primarily the saw pivot points which are equipped with grease fittings, and metal to metal surfaces that require lubrication to prevent wear and seizure.

It is recommended to use LPS ThermaPex Hi-Load bearing Grease manufactured by LPS Laboratories or equivalent, for lubrication of the shuttle assembly. For other points of lubrication general purpose grease is sufficient.

The lubricant should be applied as frequently as required. Main lubrication points are indicated on the following pictures.



Swivel Pivot



Runner Block Movable Guide Arm



Vise/Bundling



Head Cylinder Rod End



SECTION 4 - ELECTRICAL

FOR ELECTRICAL SCHEMATICS AND COMPONENTS PARTS LISTS SEE PDF ON ATTACHED CD

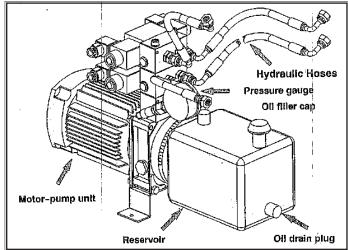
SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC

The S20P hydraulic system does not require any special work on a new machine before its start up. The hydraulic tank is filled with FOX YE 32 hydraulic oil and all machine functions have been tested at the factory to ensure proper operation upon initial start up.

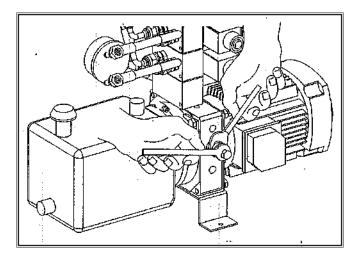
In case of changing the brand of oil, the hydraulic system should be drained and thoroughly flushed. Following is a list of recommended replacement oils:

- ESSO SPINESSO 22
- TOTAL AZOLLA ZS 22
- VALVOLINE ETC 22
- MOBILE DTE 22
- SHELL TELLUS OIL 22

The oil level in the hydraulic power pack should be maintained, and if necessary, topped up. The usable volume of the oil reservoir is 0.66 US gallons (2.5 litres).



The operating pressure can be adjusted by the adjusting valve shown below. Release the hex nut on the relief valve, and using an allen key, increase (clockwise) or reduce (counter clockwise) the pressure reading on the pressure gauge. Tighten the hex nut once adjustment is complete.



CYLINDER LIST

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
800047	Head Cylinder	1
800048	Vise Cylinder	1
800001	Bundling Cylinder (Option)	0 (1)

FOR HYDRAULIC SCHEMATICS AND PLUMBING DIAGRAMS SEE PDF ON ATTACHED CD.



SECTION 6 - MECHANICAL ASSEMBLIES

FOR MECHANICAL ASSEMBLY DRAWINGS SEE PDF ON ATTACHED CD

SECTION 7 - OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT FOR OPTIONAL ASSEMBLIES SEE PDF ON ATTACHED CD

MIST COOLANT SYSTEM

Mist Coolant – the air powered pump delivers a regulated number of pulses of lubricant to a single applicator nozzle.

The unit has two control screws.

Pulse / Minute – adjusts rate of lubricant use. About 8 to 12 pulse per minute is optimum – more is not better.

Air Screw – regulates the jet of air that projects the lubricant from the nozzle onto the blade. Adjustment should be such that lubricant covers the blade without blowing the mist beyond the back edge of the blade.

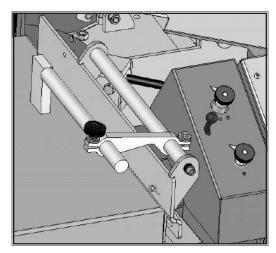
Note: New blade may require initial lubrication with a small quantity of mist coolant applied to the blade at the idler guide arm to prevent squealing.



PULSE / MINUTE

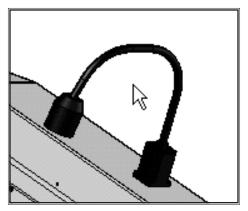
AIR SCREW

WORK STOP ASSEMBLY



Work Stop Assembly S20M-G17-00

WORK LAMP ASSEMBLY



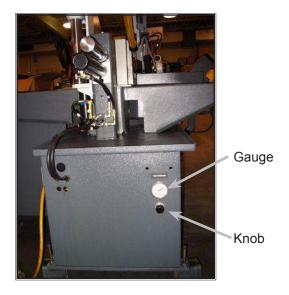
Lamp 24VDC 20W #371789



VARIABLE VISE PRESSURE OPTION

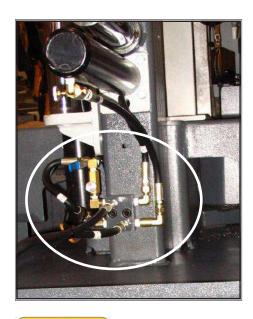
Vise clamping pressure adjustment is located on the idler side of the machine base. Clamping pressure is indicated by the pressure gauge above the pressure control knob. Turning the knob clockwise increases clamping pressure. The clamping pressure can be changed infinitely form 50PSI to 600PSI (full pump pressure). It has to be taken under consideration that clamp pressure setting will affect the clamp speed. The actual usable low clamp pressure setting maybe higher than achievable by controls and is limited by mechanical friction of the vise assemblies.





OVERHEAD BUNDLING

- 1. The relative speed of the bundling jaw and vise jaw can be adjusted with the needle valve at the cylinder.
- 2. The following steps will ensure the efficient operation of the Overhead Bundling:
 - a) The material should be loaded into the machines vise and advanced to a position where a trim can be performed.
 - b) Close the Fixed Vise until the Overhead Bundling Arm is slightly (1/32" to 1/64") above the material to be cut.
 - c) Close the ball valve located on the Fixed Overhead Bundling cylinder to lock the position of the Overhead Bundling Arm and then operate as normal.







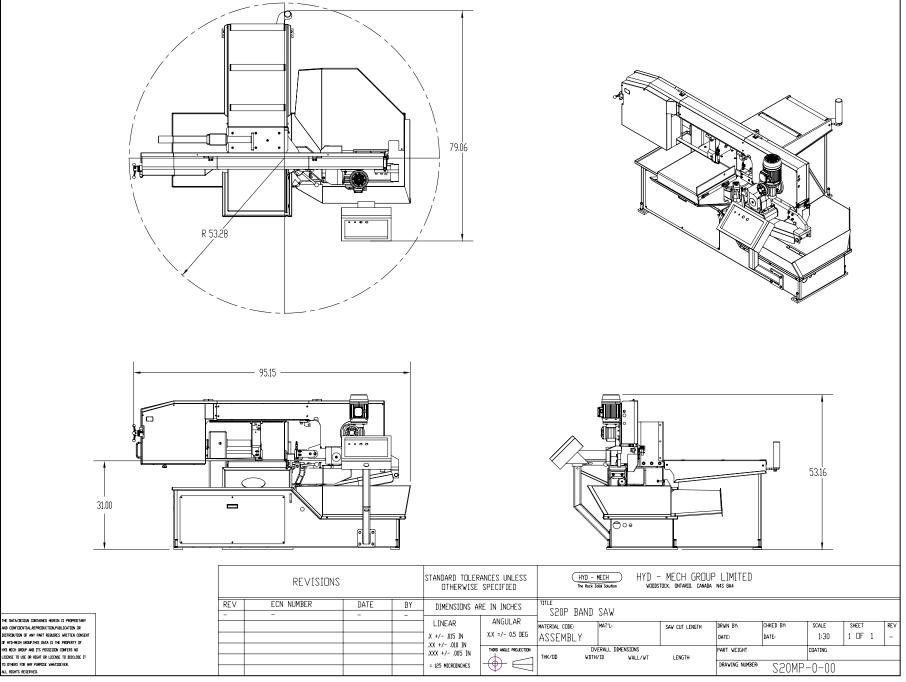
SECTION 8 - SPECIFICATIONS

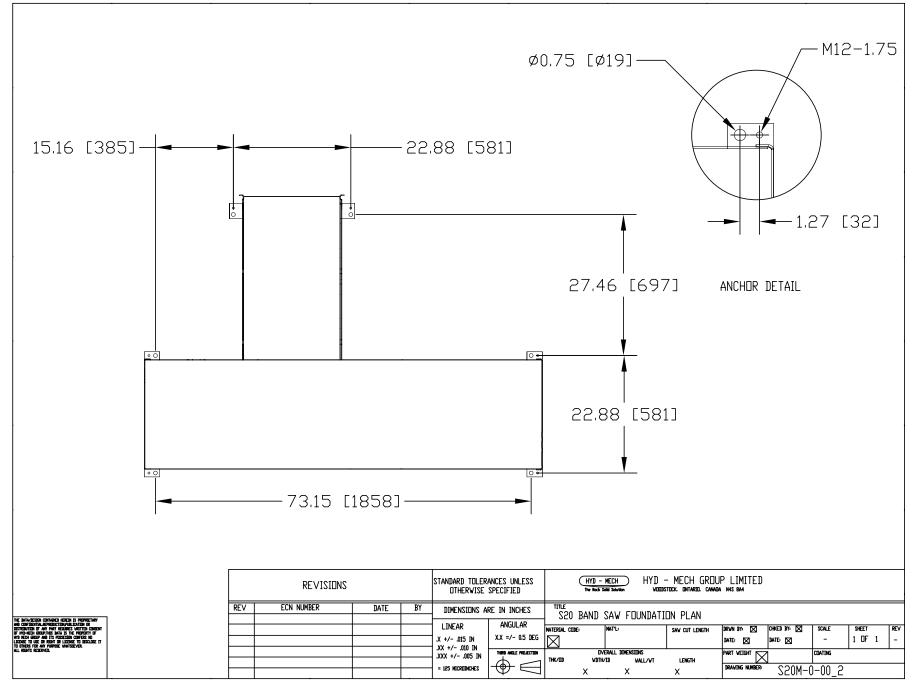
S20P Bandsaw Specification List

S-20P SERIES III BANDSAW SPECIFICATIONS			
Capacity - 90°	rectangular	13" (355mm) high x 18" (457mm) wide	
	round	13" (330mm) dia	
Capacity - 45°	rectangular	13" (355mm) high x 10.9" (277mm) wide	
-	round	12" (305mm) dia	
Capacity - 60°	rectangular	13" (355mm) high x 7.3" (185mm) wide	
	round	8" (203mm) dia	
	Length	14'-10" (4521mm)	
Blade	Width	1" (25.4mm)	
	thickness	.035" (.89mm)	
Blade Tension	Manual		
Blade Speed	VFD	46 - 328 sf/min (14 - 100 m/min)	
Blade Guides	Pre Set carbide inserts		
Blade Wheel Dia.	17 3/4" (451mm)		
	blade drive	3 hp (2.2kW)	
Drive	hydraulic pump drive	1/2 hp (0.37 kW)	
Hydraulic System	400 PSI (2758 kPa)		
Hydraulic Tank Capacity	0.66 U.S. Gallons (2.5 Liters)		
Coolant Tank Capacity	6 U.S. Gallons (23 Liters)		
Coolant Pump	2.4 U.S. Gal. / min (9.2 Liters/min)		
Table Height	31" (787mm)		
Machine Weight	1800 lbs (817 Kg)		
Machine Workload	5000 lbs (2268 Kg)		
Overall Dimensions	97" (2464mm) Wide, 8	34" (2134mm) Long, 55" (1397mm) High	
	Full capacity bundling		
	Work light		
Options	Variable vise pressure		
	Out of stock switch		
	Material stop		



HAD-WECH





SECTION 9 - WARRANTY

Warranty

Hyd-Mech Group Limited warrants parts/components on each new S20P bandsaw to be free from failure resulting from defective material and workmanship under proper use and service for a period of two years on following the date of shipment from the factory. Hyd-Mech's sole obligation under this warranty is limited to the repair or replacement without charge, at Hyd-Mech's factory, warehouse, or approved repair shop any part or parts which Hyd-Mech's inspection shall disclose to be defective. Return freight must be prepaid by the user.

This warranty, in its entirety, does not cover maintenance items, including but not limited to lubricating grease and oils, filters, V-belts, saw blades, etc., nor any items therein which show signs of neglect, overloading, abuse, accident, inadequate maintenance, or unauthorized altering.

MOTOR, GEARBOX, PUMP, ELECTRIC COMPONENTS, VALVES, HOSES, FITTINGS, and any other items used in the manufacture of the S20P, but not originally manufactured by Hyd·Mech are subject to the original manufacturer's warranty. Hyd·Mech will provide such assistance and information as is necessary and available to facilitate the user's claim to such other manufacturer.

Liability or obligation on the part of Hyd·Mech for damages, whether general, special or for negligence and expressly including any incidental and consequential damages is hereby disclaimed. Hyd·Mech's obligation to repair or replace shall be the limit of its liability under this warranty and the sole and exclusive right and remedy of the user.

THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

This warranty may not be changed, altered, or modified in any way except in writing by Hyd-Mech Group Limited

HYD·MECH GROUP LIMITED 1079 Parkinson Road P.O. BOX 1030 Woodstock, Ontario N4S 8P6 Phone: (519) 539-6341

Phone: (519) 539-6341 Fax: (519) 539-5126

Toll Free: (877) 276-SAWS (7297) E-mail: info@hydmech.com







Manual Cold Saw | CS-250EU

Product Images





Short Description

Manual Cold Saw - CS-250EU

Additional Information

Stock Number	BA9-1002426
Model Number	CS-250EU
Motor (HP)	1
Prop 65	Cancer and Reproductive Harm
Solid Round at 45 Degrees (In.)	1.2"
Solid Round at 90 Degrees (In.)	1.2"
Style (Type)	Single Action with Cam Lock
Tubing Rectangle at 45 Degrees (In.)	2.4" x 2"
Tubing Rectangle at 90 Degrees (In.)	2.5" x 2"
Tubing Round at 45 Degrees (In.)	2.5"
Tubing Square at 45 Degrees (In.)	2.1" x 2.1"
Tubing Square at 90 Degrees (In.)	2.5"
Weight (Lbs.)	390





SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Product name : Lenox® Band Ade®

: Metalworking fluid

Manufacturer : Lenox Tools

301 Chestnut Street

East Longmeadow, MA 01028

number (with hours of operation)

Emergency telephone: CHEMTREC (U.S. and Canada) 1800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (Outside the U.S.) 1-703-527-0585

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 17.8%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash **Prevention**

hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out

of the workplace.

: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Response

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and **Disposal**

international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/12/2015. : 1/23/2015. 1/10 Date of previous issue Version: 3

Lenox® Band Ade®

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	10 - 20	25322-69-4
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	2 - 5	64742-47-8
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	2 - 5	102-71-6
2-butylaminoethanol	0.1 - 2	111-75-1
2-aminoethanol	0.1 - 2	141-43-5
2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	0.1 - 2	4719-04-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/12/2015. Date of previous issue : 1/23/2015. Version : 3 2/10

Lenox® Band Ade®

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: CO₂, water, water spray, Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/12/2015. Date of previous issue : 1/23/2015. Version : 3 3/10

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Aerosol
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-aminoethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 7.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 8 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours.
	· ·
	TWA: 8 mg/m³ 10 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/12/2015 : 1/23/2015 Date of previous issue Version :3

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 6 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls

- : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Yellow.

Odor threshold : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 9.65

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : 100°C (212°F)

Flash point : Not available.

Burning time : Not applicable.

Burning rate : Not applicable.

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/12/2015. Date of previous issue : 1/23/2015. Version : 3 5/10

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flammability (solid, gas)

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available. : Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available. **Relative density** : 1.0104

Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water : Not available. : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **SADT** : Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity**

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. Reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: No specific data.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : strong acids, oxidizing substances, nitrates, nitrites

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-butylaminoethanol 2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat	7.39 g/kg 1150 mg/kg 1720 mg/kg 763 mg/kg	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 15 milligrams	-

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/12/2015. : 1/23/2015. Version:3 6/10 Date of previous issue

Lenox® Band Ade®

Section 11. Toxicological information

				Intermittent	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Mouse	-	50 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 560	-
				milligrams	
2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250	-
				Micrograms	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505	-
				milligrams	

Sensitization

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-aminoethanol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/12/2015. Date of previous issue : 1/23/2015. Version : 3 7/10

Lenox® Band Ade®

Section 11. Toxicological information

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	Acute LC50 650000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	Acute LC50 100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11800000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 16000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
2-aminoethanol	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 170000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	Acute EC50 26.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
,	Acute LC50 39 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	-0.68 to 0.01	-	low
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol	-1	<3.9	low
2-butylaminoethanol	-	3.16	low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31	-	low
2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3, 5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	-2	-	low

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a

Section 13. Disposal considerations

safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 20 2 - 5	No. Yes.	No. No.	No. No.	Yes. No.	No. No.
2,2',2"-nitrilotriethanol 2-butylaminoethanol 2-aminoethanol 2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3, 5-triyl)triethanol	2 - 5 0.1 - 2 0.1 - 2 0.1 - 2	No. No. Yes. No.	No. No. No. No.	No. No. No.	Yes. Yes. Yes. Yes.	No. No. No. No.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/12/2015. : 1/23/2015. 9/10 Date of previous issue Version: 3

Lenox® Band Ade®

Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylene oxide 1,4-dioxane ethyl acrylate	Yes.	No.		Yes. No. No.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Hydrotreated light distillate

CEPA Toxic substances: None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue/Date of : 3/12/2015.

revision

Date of previous issue : 1/23/2015.

Version : 3

Prepared by : Product Safety.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

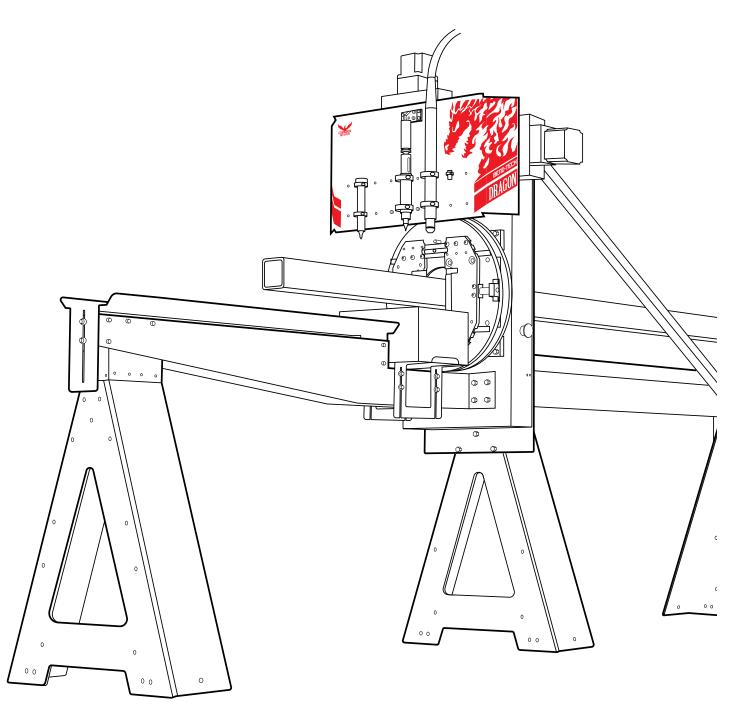
Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations. The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations. The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/12/2015. Date of previous issue : 1/23/2015. Version : 3 10/10

Part 1 of 1

DRAGON A400

Assembly Manual



©2023 Bend-Tech LLC All rights reserved. The information in this manual is subject to change without notice. Bend-Tech LLC strives to produce the most complete and accurate information regarding its products. We are constantly working to improve and advance our products to increase performance, user satisfaction and experience. Bend-Tech LLC assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions regarding this manual. Bend-Tech LLC assumes no liability for damages

resulting from the use of the information contained in this publication.

Dragon A400

Assembly Manual Version 11003 01

English
Original Instructions

June 2023

Bend-Tech LLC 729 Prospect Ave. Osceola, WI 54020 USA

(651) 257-8715 www.bend-tech.com support@bend-tech.com

Contents

Contentsiv	3.2.1 Component Boxes 18
Limited Warranty vi	3.2.2 Swivel Levelers 18
Customer Satisfaction Commitmentvii	3.2.3 Machine Components 19
Customer Service vii	3.3 Moving the Head into Position 20
Alerts viii	3.4 Assembling the Machine 22
Glossaryx	3.4.1 Install the Cable Track Tray Brackets
01	3.4.2 Install Cable Track Tray #1 22
Safety12	3.4.3 Position Leg #4 23
1.1 Introduction	3.4.4 Install Cable Track #2 23
1.2 Assembly Safety	3.4.5 Install Cable Track Tray #3 24
1.2.1 Safety Equipment 13	3.4.6 Install Cable Track Tray #4 24
	3.4.7 Unfasten the Tail Support Beam 24
02 Tools and Equipment14	3.4.8 Install the Support Beams and Racks
2.1 Tools	3.5 Securing the Support Beam 26 3.5.1 Secure the Support Legs 26
	3.5.2 Secure the Rails 27
2.2 Crate Parts List	3.6 Setting the Rack Spacing 28
2.3 Optional Parts	3.7 Installing the Parts Catcher 28
03	04
Assembling the Dragon 17	Leveling and Alignment 30
3.1 Getting Started	4.1 Leveling and Alignment Overview 304.1.1 Checking Support Beam Level 30
3.1.2 Crate Disassembly 17	4.1.2 Adjusting Swivel Levelers 30
3.2 Unpacking the Crate 18	4.2 Straightening the Dragon A400 31 4.2.1 Checking the Straightness 31

05 Mounting to the Floor	32
5.1 Mounting Overview	32
5.1.1 Concrete Sleeve Anchors	
5.3 Preparing the Floor Brackets	33
5.4 Installing Concrete Sleeve Anchors	33
06	
Cables and Control Box	34
6.1 Preparing Cable Track	34
6.2 Installing the Cable Track	35
6.4 Installing the Control Box	36
6.5 Connecting the Cables	37
07	20
Air Line	38
7.1 Air Line Connection Overview	38
08 Tamah	20
Torch	39
8.1 Torch Cable	
8.2 Installing the Torch Wand	40
8.3 Routing the Torch Lead	41

Limited Warranty

Covering Bend-Tech Dragon

Bend-Tech LLC provides a limited warranty on all new Dragon machines that are manufactured directly or under license by Bend-Tech LLC, and sold by Bend-Tech LLC or its approved distributors

Warranty Coverage

Each Bend-Tech Dragon machine is warrantied by the manufacturer against defects in material workmanship for 12-months. The warranty period commences upon delivery of the Dragon machine to the customer's facility.

Repair or Replacement Only

The Manufacturer's sole liability, and the Customer's exclusive remedy under this warranty shall be limited to repairing or replacing the defective part. Repair or replacement of parts is at the sole discretion of the manufacturer. The Customer is responsible for warranty parts installation. Bend-Tech does not provide warranty service labor.

Limits

This warranty does not cover components subject to wear due to normal use of the machine such as belts, lights, tooling etc. This warranty is void if Bend-Tech LLC has determined any failure is the result of mishandling, abuse, misuse, improper installation, improper storage, improper maintenance or unauthorized modification of the machine. The warranty does not cover damage due to natural disasters, fire, flood or other external factors. The warranty may become void or limited in the event that hardware changes or adaptations are made to the machine.

Software

The standard 2-year software maintenance plan is included with the purchase of a Dragon. Before the 2-year maintenance plan has expired, the customer may purchase an extended maintenance plan. The maintenance plan and extended maintenance plans will ensure the customer always has the newest version of Dragon Software. The maintenance plan is critical to keeping Dragon software updated with the newest capabilities possible, and is critical to the servicing of the machine. Bend-Tech LLC will contact the Customer regarding updates to the maintenance plan within 1-month of expiration. Contact Bend-Tech Support to ensure software is up to date: support@bend-tech.com.

Customer Satisfaction Commitment

Congratulations on your purchase of the world's best CNC plasma tube and pipe cutting machine, the Bend-Tech Dragon. Bend-Tech LLC places great pride in customer satisfaction and it is our promise to offer you the best support available for your Dragon. We recognize that our support is a key factor in your success.

Contact Us

Bend-Tech's hours of operation are Monday - Friday, 8:00 am - 5:00 pm EST. The Bend-Tech support team and sales team are always available during our hours of operation.

Phone: 651-257-8715

Email: Sales team: sales@bend-tech.com

Support team: support@bend-tech.com

Address: Bend-Tech, 729 Prospect Ave., Osceola, WI 54020, U.S.A..

Customer Service

Comments, questions, or concerns regarding the Dragon Machine, this manual, or the Bend-Tech Software can be directed to Bend-Tech sales and service representatives at the above contact information. Check out the following links for more information regarding Dragon Machines and Bend-Tech Software.

Website, Socials, and Online Resources

- http://www.bend-tech.com
- https://www.facebook.com/2020ssi
- https://www.instagram.com/bend_tech
- https://www.youtube.com/bendtech2020
- http://www.bend-tech.com/wiki7

Alerts

Bend-Tech manuals use specific callouts to highlight important information. Each style of callout pertains to specific types of information being given. The machine operator should familiarize themselves with the following definitions and examples of each type.

Definitions & Examples

Danger

! Danger!



Danger indicates a serious condition that could cause severe injury or death to the operator or bystanders if the instructions are not followed.

Warning

! Warning!



A Warning indicates there is a possibility for minor injury if the instructions are not followed correctly.

Caution

! Caution!



Caution warns the operator that minor injury or machine damage could occur if instructions are not followed. It could also mean that not following directions could affect the overall procedure being performed.

Important Alerts

Important

Important notes give clarification or focuses on information that is critical or unique to an operation.

Notes and Tips

Note or Tip

Notes and tips give additional helpful information for operating the Dragon machine or Dragon software. They are meant for supplemental information and not information that is critical for operating procedures.

Glossary

Axis

A fixed reference line.

Beak

The front assembly that includes the Parts Catcher and Parts Bin/Bucket. The Material Coolant System replaces most of the Beak when installed.

CAD

Computer Aided Design. Modeling or design software for creating parts, components, or whole assemblies. Used for manufacturing or similar industries. Can be 2D or 3D design.

CAM

Computer Aided Manufacturing or Machining. Uses the computer to assist in operating machines by converting CAD models into G-Code that the machine recognizes.

Chuck

Secures and rotates the material. Part of the Trolley. Also referred to as the Y-Axis.

Control Box

Contains the motor drivers and other electrical components that allows the Dragon CAM software to control the Dragon machines.

Deadzone

The space between the Chuck and the Laser Light position when the Chuck is all the way forward.

Emergency Stop

Abbreviated E-STOP. A button which shuts down machine operations. Four are located on the machine and one is part of Machine Control.

Gate

The adjustable mechanism that holds the material in place at the Head of the Machine.

Head

The machine assembly that makes up the front end of the machine.

Limit Switch

The switch that operates as an automatic control to prevent a mechanism or process from going beyond a prescribed limit.

Load Position

The position the machine enters after clicking START on machine control the first time after starting a cutting project. This allows the operator to easily load the designated material into the machine.

Mach3

The driving software behind Machine Control. Required for the machine to operate.

Machine Control

The computer interface that controls the machine operations. Used by the operator when running projects.

Material Coolant System

The system that transports coolant through the material during cutting operations.

Material Support Lift

The mechanism that supports the material during cutting. Sometimes referred to as the Lifter.

Parts Catcher

The Parts Catcher is placed at the front of the machine to catch parts as they are cut.

Support Beam

Forms the backbone of the machine. Comprised of Aluminum Beams and Steel Rails

Tail

The machine assembly that makes up the far end of the machine.

Task Menu

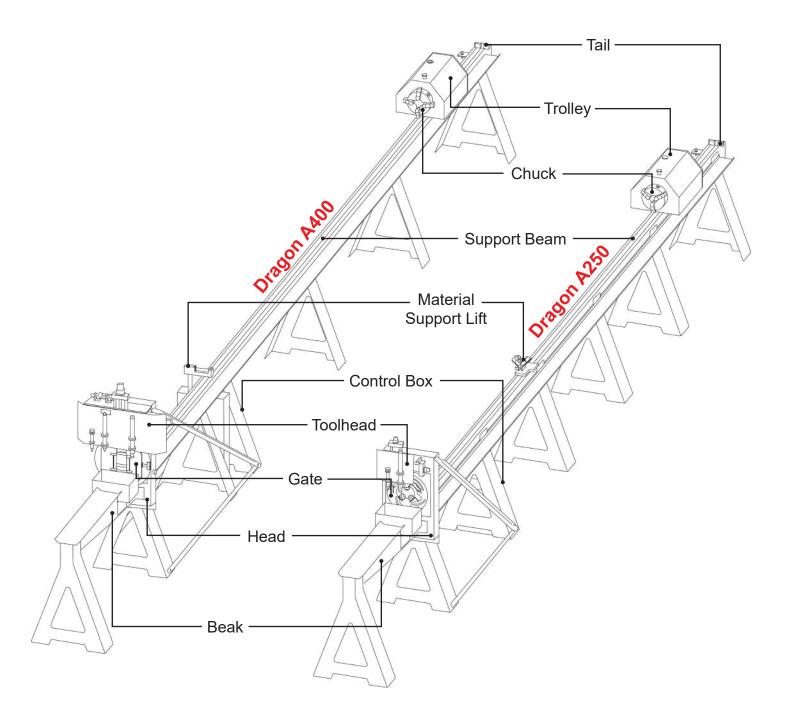
The first menu that opens upon starting the Dragon Software or the Bend-Tech software. From this menu various tasks can be started, such as part designing, importing, library access, etc.

Toolhead

The machine component that the tools are attached too. Maneuvers the tools into position with the A and Z axes.

Trolley

The machine component that includes the Chuck. Travels along the Support Beam on the X-Axis.





1.1 Introduction

Before assembling the Dragon A400, read this manual and ensure that all personnel involved in assembling the machine are properly trained in lifting procedures and tool operation. Ensure all personnel are aware of the dangers and hazards involved in assembling the machine.

Important

Assembling the Dragon A400 requires a moderate level of mechanical skill and experience. Assembly should not be undertaken by personnel without experience in assembling machinery or experience in industrial or machine maintenance.

1.2 Assembly Safety

! Danger!



Certain Dragon A400 parts are heavy. Handling them incorrectly could result in severe injury or possibly death. Always use caution and follow safety procedures for moving heavy equipment when assembling the Dragon A400.

Safety Precautions

- Do not attempt to assemble the Dragon without reading this manual first.
- Have the correct tools listed in the Tool List on hand.
- Enlist help of 1-3 additional personnel trained to install industrial machinery.
- Follow the methods and procedures outlined in this manual.
- · Do not attempt to lift heavy materials without assistance.
- Before beginning, ensure the workspace is clean and of appropriate size for Dragon A400 assembly.

! Warning!



Altering the installation methods and procedures outlined in this manual could result in improper installation, machine damage or personal injury.

1.2.1 Safety Equipment

Bend-Tech recommends using the proper safety equipment when installing the Dragon A400. Safety equipment standards for each shop should be outlined in Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standards. Also, individual shops may have their own standards. Always consult safety regulations before beginning work. Basic safety equipment may include:



Safety Glasses



Safety Shoes



Work Gloves



Hearing Protection

Tools and Equipment

2.1 Tools

The Installer(s) should ensure the proper complement of tools are on hand to assemble the Dragon A400. Bend-Tech does not recommend attempting to assemble the machine without the tools listed in this chapter.

2.1.1 Tool List

The following are the recommended tools needed to perform the complete assembly procedure.

- Forklift
- · Cordless drill/driver
- T25 bit
- Support Blocks
- · Side cutters
- Tin snips
- 3/16 in. Allen wrench
- 1/8 in. Allen wrench
- 5/16 in. Allen wrench
- 5/32 in. Allen wrench
- Level (laser, digital or bubble)
- Ratchet
- % in. socket
- ½ in. socket

- % in. wrench
- ½ in. wrench
- 5/8 in. wrench
- Rubber mallet or Dead Blow plastic hammer
- Tape measure
- Zip ties
- Clamp
- Magnet Tool (Provided)
- Bridge Rack (Provided)

2.2 Crate Parts List

Standard Length Dragon A400 Assembly

- · Machine Head
- Machine Tail
- Support Beam Section (2)
- Rail Support Leg (2)
- Rack (2)
- Beak
- Cable Track Trays (4)
- Cable Track Tray Brackets (10)
- · Trolley Housing
- Chuck
- Computer
- Monitor

Miscellaneous Box

- Startup Manual (1)
- Cutoff Drop Tank (1)
- Swivel Levelers (14)
- Wrench (1)
- Magnetic Tool (1)
- 1/4 T-Handle Allen Wrench (1)
- Ethernet Cable (1)
- Power Cable (1)
- Torch Cable (1)
- Coiled Wire Harness Tubing (1)
- Hardware Bags (5)
- String (1)
- Bridge Rack (1)

2.3 Optional Parts

Technology Package

- Computer Cabinet
- Battery Backup
- 1/8 T-handle Allen wrench (1)
- 3/16 T-handle Allen wrench (1)
- Feeler Gauge Set (1)
- Vernier Caliper (1)
- Torpedo Level (1)
- 26 Piece Radius Gauge Set (1)
- WD40 Gel Lube (1)
- Main Drive Belt 260 XL (1)
- Thomson Sensor (1)

Plasma Unit

2.4 Electrical Requirements

- 220-240v Outlet (for plasma system see owner's manual for more information)
- 1x 110-120v 20Amp Outlet (A250 & A400 machine)
- Misc 110-120v Outlets (computer, monitor, etc.)



3.1 Getting Started

The Dragon A400 is shipped from the Bend-Tech manufacturing facility in a custom-fabricated shipping crate. This crate features a steel reinforced floor and is fully-enclosed to ensure the protection of the Dragon A400 during shipping. The Dragon A400 machine is completely secured within the crate. The order in which components are removed from the crate is important in executing proper assembly of the machine. For best results in assembling the Dragon A400, carefully follow the steps outlined in this Assembly Manual.

3.1.1 Dragon A400 Shop Position

Before beginning assembly, ensure there is adequate space to accommodate the machine on the shop floor. Plan on reserving a minimum of 32-feet for the standard length machine, more room will be needed if the material cooling system is installed or a longer machine has been purchased.

3.1.2 Crate Disassembly

! Caution!



Enlist the help of additional personnel when removing components from the crate and assembling the machine. A dropped crate component could cause injury to bystanders or damage the machine. Crate sides are large and heavy and should not be lifted without help.

REQUIRED TOOLS & EQUIPMENT

- Drill
- T25 Bit

Disassemble the crate first. Use a cordless driver and T25 bit to remove the screws that fasten the top of the crate to the sides of the crate. Lift the top off and set it aside. Unfasten the first of the larger crate sides, including the fasteners that secure the 2x4 braces, and set it aside.

! Caution!



When removing the 2x4 braces, ensure someone is holding them to prevent the 2x4s from falling onto the machine or other personnel.

Unfasten and remove the 2x4 braces at the top of the crate. Next, unfasten and remove the crate ends. Set these aside. Remove the remaining large crate side last, and set it aside.

3.2 Unpacking the Crate

Removing the Dragon A400 components from the crate properly, and keeping them in order, is critical to achieving the quickest and most seamless installation possible. As shipped, the components of the machine will be secured to each other and the floor of the crate.

3.2.1 Component Boxes

Remove the component boxes that are packed around the Dragon A400 machine. The Component Boxes are labeled for reference during the assembly process.

3.2.2 Swivel Levelers

Locate the Miscellaneous Box, and remove the 14 Swivel Levelers. These need to be installed on each Support Leg during assembly.

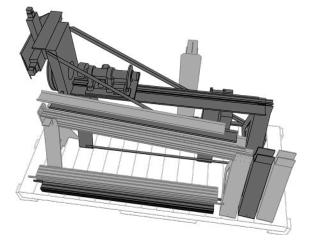
Important

The Dragon A400 Support Legs are mounted to the floor of the shipping crate using the Floor Brackets. When assembling the machine, the Floor Brackets should be left in place. The Installer will use the Swivel Levelers to true the machine, and then bolt it to the shop floor using the Floor Brackets.

3.2.3 Machine Components

REQUIRED TOOLS & EQUIPMENT

- 1/2" socket and ratchet
- Tin Snips
- 3/16" Allen Wrench
- Forklift
- Support Blocks



Take care to keep components of the machine organized when unpacking the crate, so they can be located easily. After removing all of the boxes from around the machine components, use a 1/2" socket and drill to remove the machine components. Tin snips will be required to remove the Support Beams. The middle three racks are secured to the beams, use a 3/16" Allen wrench to remove the racks. Only loosen the racks enough to slide them out. Take care not to damage the racks or lose the T-nuts when moving them.

Leave the head of the machine for last. The head of the Dragon A400 will need to be removed and set in place using a forklift.

Important

Do not remove any strapping or shrink wrap from the head of the Dragon A400. It is important to keep components secure while the head is being removed from the crate.

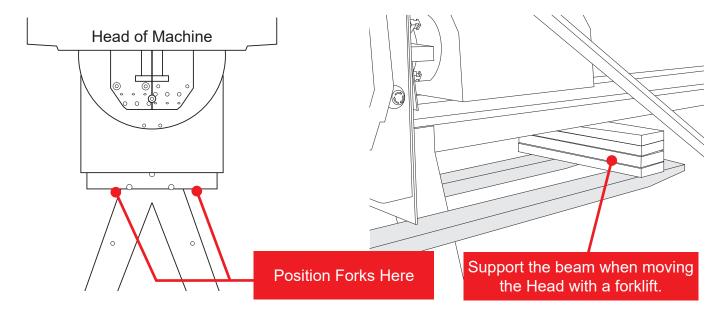
3.3 Moving the Head into Position

The head of the machine is extremely heavy. Great care should be taken not to damage any machine's components during moving and installation.

Important

Remove all other contents of the crate before attempting to move the Head of the machine.

Use a ½ in. socket and drill to remove the lag bolts securing the head of the machine to the floor of the crate.



Approach the head of the machine from the front with the forklift. Position the forks under the head in the indicated position. It is recommended that the installer use fork extensions and lay blocks of wood across the forks to support the beam of the machine.

! Danger!



The head of the machine is heavy. Bend-Tech does not recommend moving the head of the machine manually. If the head falls or tips over it could cause severe injury or death.

Carefully lift the head of the machine off the crate floor and slowly move it into position. Do not set the head onto the floor at this time. The swivel levelers need to be installed first.

Before placing the head onto the floor, retrieve the Swivel Levelers from the Miscellaneous Box. Install these, as shown in INSTALLING SWIVEL LEVELERS, on the first and third set of legs on the head. Once the Swivel Levelers are installed, set the head of the machine into position. Ensure there is adequate space for the remaining sections of the machine to be put into place. The standard length Dragon A400 requires a minimum of 32 feet of space.



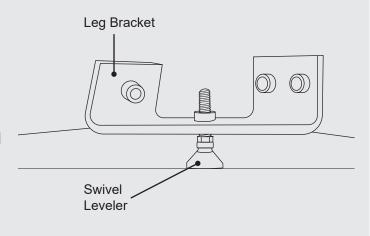
Install the remaining Swivel Levelers on leg #4, the un-numbered leg, and the two legs that make up the tail section of the machine.

Installing Swivel Levelers

TOOLS NEEDED

- 9/16" wrench
- 5/8" wrench

Two Swivel Levelers need to be installed in each Support Leg. Each base of the Support Leg will have a bracket with a threaded hole. Prepare the Swivel Leveler for installation by positioning the jam nut approximately one inch above the adjustment hex at the bottom of the Swivel Leveler.



Thread the Swivel Leveler into the threaded hole in the base of the Support Leg until it bottoms out on the jam nut. This method will place all of the Swivel Levelers at approximately the same distance, providing a baseline for leveling the machine.

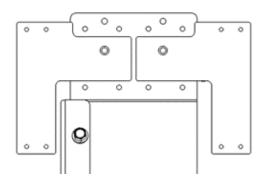
Install Swivel Levelers on each Support Leg as the installation progresses. A 5/8" wrench may be needed to thread the Swivel Levelers into the bottom of the Rail Support Legs. A 9/16" wrench is required to adjust the jam nut.

Important

Do not assemble the Dragon machine alone. Get help for moving and supporting the machine components during assembly.

3.4 Assembling the Machine

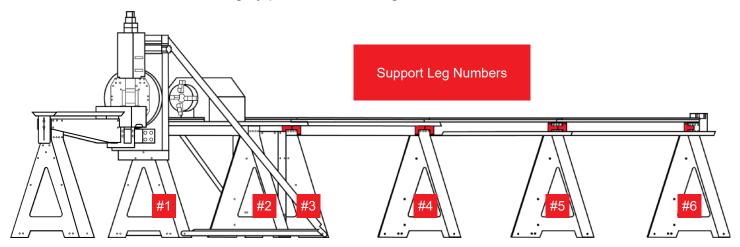
3.4.1 Install the Cable Track Tray Brackets



REQUIRED TOOLS & EQUIPMENT

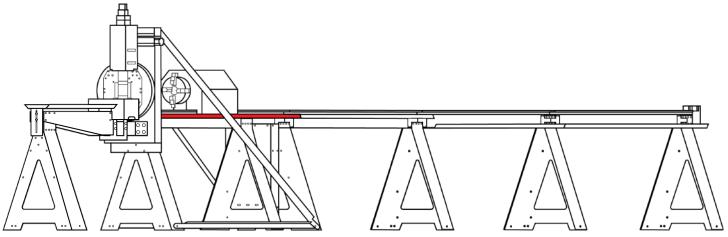
- Rubber mallet
- Magnet tool
- 3/16" Allen wrench
- 5/32" Allen wrench

After the head is placed into position, locate and install two cable track brackets on each of the middle legs except for #2. The first and last leg will only need one bracket each. Install a right bracket on leg #1 and a left bracket on leg #6. Insert two 3/8-16 x 0.375" button head screws in the middle mounting holes of each bracket and use a 5/32" Allen wrench to tighten them. Keep the brackets oriented roughly parallel to the length of the machine.



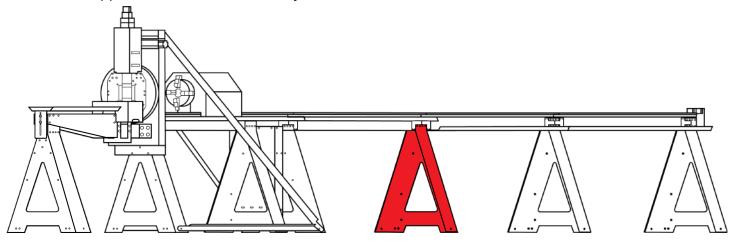
3.4.2 Install Cable Track Tray #1

Locate the Cable Track Tray labeled #1. Align the Cable Track Tray #1 with the top mounting holes in the cable track tray brackets. Insert four 1/4-20 x 0.5" button head screws. Use a 5/32" Allen wrench to tighten. Tray #1 acts as a cover, so the 45-degree flange should be pointed down.



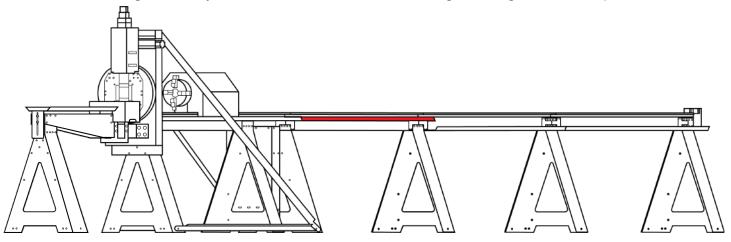
3.4.3 Position Leg #4

Ensure the Swivel Levelers are installed onto Support Leg #4. Place it in the approximate postion in relation to the Head and Tail of the machine. Leg #4 will not stand freely; make sure it is supported until cable track tray #2 is installed.



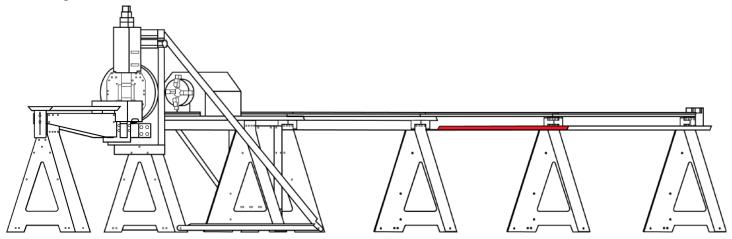
3.4.4 Install Cable Track #2

Locate the Cable Track Tray labeled #2. Align Cable Track Tray #2 with the top mounting holes in the cable track tray brackets. Insert four 1/4-20 x 0.5" button head screws. Use a 5/32" Allen wrench to tighten. Tray #2 acts as a cover, so the 45-degree flange should be pointed down.



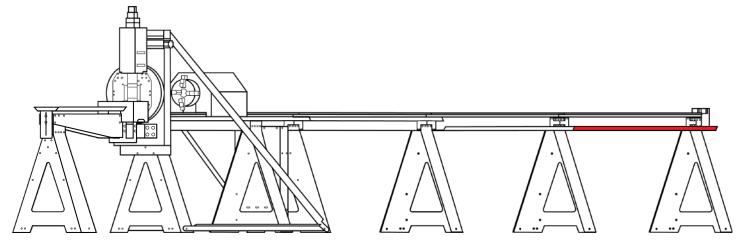
3.4.5 Install Cable Track Tray #3

Set the Tail section of the machine into position. Locate the Cable Track Tray labeled #3 and align it with the bottom mounting holes in the brackets. Install the tray so that the 45-degree flange is pointing up. Insert four 1/4-20 x 0.5" button head screws. Use a 5/32" Allen wrench to tighten.



3.4.6 Install Cable Track Tray #4

Locate the Cable Track Tray labeled #4 and align it with the bottom mounting holes in the brackets. Install the tray so that the 45-degree flange is pointing up. Insert four 1/4-20 x 0.5" button head screws. Use a 5/32" Allen wrench to tighten.

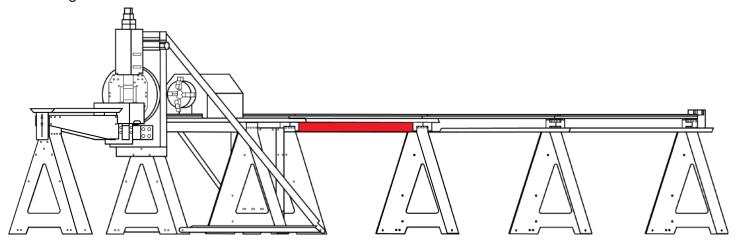


3.4.7 Unfasten the Tail Support Beam

Unfasten the bolts securing the Tail Support Beam to Legs #5 and #6 using a 3/16" Allen wrench. Slide the Support beam back and support it or set it aside. Do not lose the T-Nuts. They will be needed later to resecure the beam.

3.4.8 Install the Support Beams and Racks

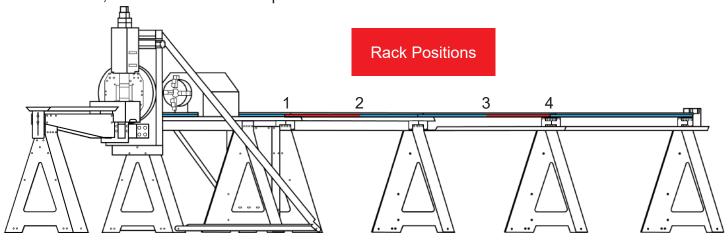
Set Support Beam #2 (labeled 3 on one end and 4 on the other end) into place. Align the end labeled 3 with the support beam section at the head of the machine. This should also align with leg #3.



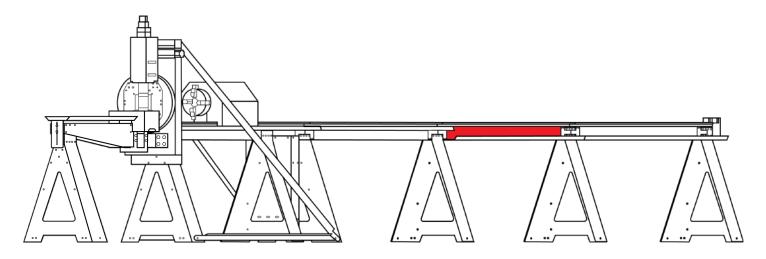
Note

The support beams have alignment pins that need to be aligned correctly. A rubber mallet may be needed to set the beams flush against the previous beam.

Next, slide Rack #2 into place. Butt the end labeled 1 against the rack installed in the head section, with the end labeled 2 positioned towards the tail of the machine.



Locate and set Support Beam #3 (labled 4 on one end and 5 on the other) into place. Align the end labeled 4 against Support Beam #2.



Slide Rack #3 into position. Ensure the end labeled 2 matches up with the end of Rack #2. Next, slide Rack #4 into position. Ensure the end labeled 3 matches up with the end of Rack #3. Refer to the Rack Position image previously for reference.

Re-install the Tail Support Beam.

The 5th rack comes pre-installed on the Tail of the machine. Loosen the bolts fastening it to the support beam. Position it so that the rack butts up against the previous rack. Do not tighten the rack fasteners yet.

Note

During this process ensure that everything remains aligned and that all joints butt up as seamless as possible.

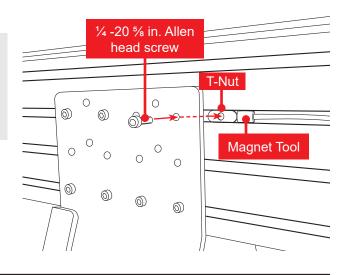
3.5 Securing the Support Beam

3.5.1 Secure the Support Legs

REQUIRED TOOLS & EQUIPMENT

- 3/16" Allen Wrench
- Magnetic Tool

Secure and tighten the Support Legs fasteners. The 1/4 - 20 x 5/8 in Allen head screws and T-nuts are located in Hardware Bag No. 1. Use the magnetic tool provided.



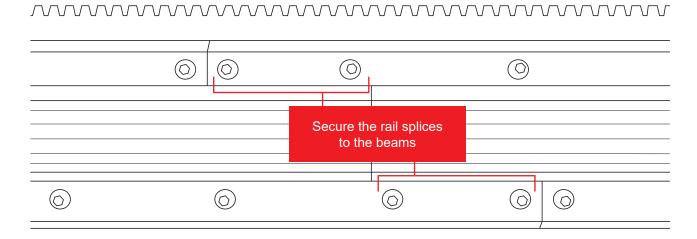
Slide the T-nut behind the Support Leg brace until it aligns with the mounting hole in the Support Leg. Insert the Allen head screw and thread it into the T-nut, using a 3/16" Allen wrench. Repeat this process for all eight fasteners on each side of the Support Legs. Eight screws per side per leg are required. Only use the top and bottom rows of holes. Leave the middle row empty as shown.

3.5.2 Secure the Rails

REQUIRED TOOLS & EQUIPMENT

• 1/8" Allen Wrench

The rail splices should be secured to the beams using the 1/8" Allen fasteners from Hardware Bag No. 3. They only need to be secured at the rail joints. There are four screws needed for each joint.



Important

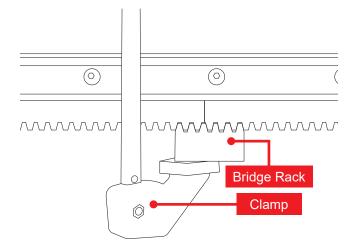
Aligning the Rail Splices and ensuring they are straight is critical to the Dragon A400 setup. Bend-Tech recommends experienced personnel perform the Rail Splice installation.

3.6 Setting the Rack Spacing

REQUIRED TOOLS & EQUIPMENT

- 3/16" Allen Wrench
- Bridge Rack
- Clamp

Use the bridge rack, which is located in the miscellaneous box, to set the spacing between the racks. Hold the bridge rack in place with a clamp to ensure proper spacing between racks while tightening the 3/16" Allen bolts. Additional clamps may need to be used to hold the rack in

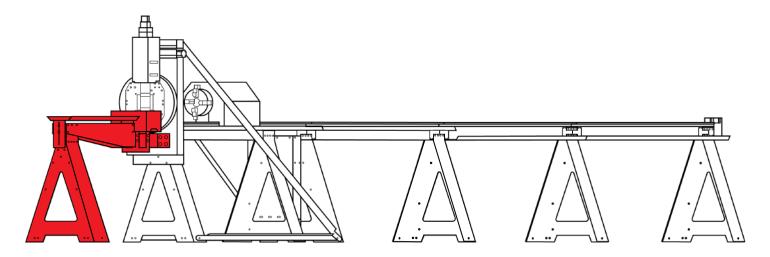


clamps may need to be used to hold the rack in place when aligning it.

3.7 Installing the Parts Catcher

REQUIRED TOOLS & EQUIPMENT

- Drill with 9/16" Socket
- 5/16" Allen Wrench



The Parts Catcher, also called the Beak, prevents parts that have been cut by the machine from falling to the ground, and possibly being damaged or causing injury. It is assembled from three sections, the catcher, leg, and parts bin.

The catcher is placed on end, inside the crate, alongside the head of the machine. This part of the assembly should have been removed from the crate prior to moving the head of the machine. Before installing the catcher ensure the last remaining Support Leg is fitted with Swivel Levelers.

Place the catcher at the front of the machine and attach it to the head using the 1 ½ in. bolts from Hardware Bag No. 2 and tighten with a 9/16" socket. Machines equipped with a standard gate require 4 bolts per side, while machines equipped with a powered gate only require 3 bolts per side. The top bolts nearest the gate are not installed. Once secured to the head, slide the Support Leg under the other end of the catcher. Secure the Support Leg with the 5/8" long Allen head screws from Hardware Bag No. 2, and tighten with a 5/16" Allen wrench.

Place the parts bin just in front of the gate in the provided space. The parts bin can be found in the Miscellaneous Box.

Note

Water can be added to the Parts Bin to help cool drop parts during production.

Important

Shorter machines will have a different configuration of beams and racks. Use the numbers on the beams, racks, and other components to assemble the machine in the correct order.

Leveling and Alignment

4.1 Leveling and Alignment Overview

Ensuring the Dragon A400 is straight and level is the most critical part of machine assembly. Many operational difficulties can be traced back to improper machine installation, and the majority of installation issues center around the machine not being true. This process is also covered in the A400 Startup Manual.

• 9/16" wrench

Level

• 5/8" wrench

Tools Needed

4.1.1 Checking Support Beam Level

Each Support Beam section should be checked for level side-to-side and lengthwise using a bubble level. If the Support Beam needs to be adjusted, use the Swivel Levelers to adjust machine level. The Swivel Levelers should be installed upon assembly.

Bubble Level

4.1.2 Adjusting Swivel Levelers

To adjust the Swivel Levelers, use a $\%_6$ in. wrench to loosen the jam nut and ensure it

is backed off to the base of the Swivel Leveler. Place a % in. wrench on the hex adjustment at the base of the Swivel Leveler. When viewing from above, turn clockwise to raise the leg, turn counterclockwise to lower the leg.

4.2 Straightening the Dragon A400

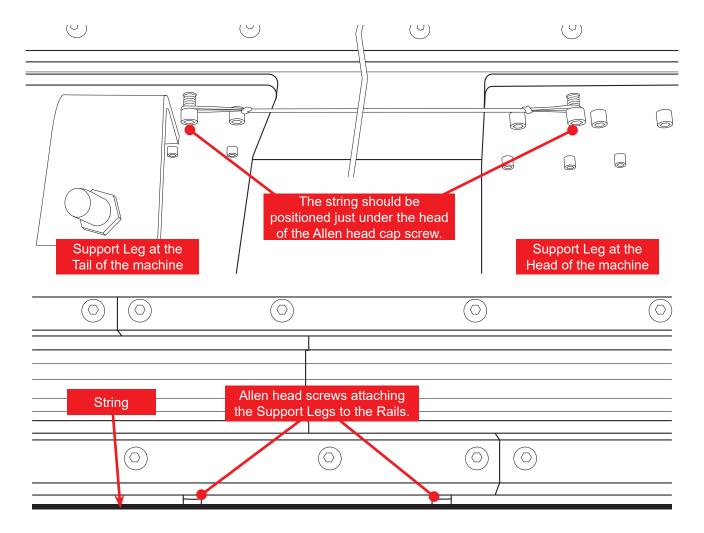
Ensuring the Dragon A400 is straight is one of the most important steps in preparing the machine for operation. Bend-Tech has found the simplest way to determine if the machine is straight, is to use a length of string. The string used during assembly at the Bend-Tech facility has been provided with the machine. Follow the instructions regarding its use to ensure the machine is straight.

The machine will come with an Allen head cap screw pre-installed on the Support Leg at the Head of the machine and on the rearmost Support Leg at the Tail of the machine. The string has been provided in the Misc. Box.

4.2.1 Checking the Straightness

Hook the loops of the string around the Allen head cap screws at the front and rear of the machine. Ensure the string is positioned just under the head of the Allen head cap screw.

With the string installed, verify it is even with the tops of the Allen head cap screws installed in each of the Support Legs. The string should be flush with the top of each fastener along the length of the machine, as pictured.





5.1 Mounting Overview

To maintain long-term precision of the Dragon A400, Bend-Tech recommends mounting the machine to the floor of the shop. A machine not securely mounted to the floor can result in inconsistent operation.

Tools Needed

- 7/16" Concrete Bit
- 3 in. long, 3/8" concrete anchor sleeves (14)
- Hammer Drill

- Hammer
- 1/2" Socket
- Torque Wrench
- Shop Vac or Compressed Air

5.1.1 Concrete Sleeve Anchors

Bend-Tech requires $\frac{3}{6}$ in. diameter, $\frac{3}{6}$ in. long concrete sleeve anchors to mount the Dragon A400 to the floor. Installing the concrete sleeve anchors will require a $\frac{7}{6}$ in. concrete drill bit. One concrete sleeve anchor per Floor Bracket is sufficient for anchoring the Dragon A400. Installing concrete sleeve anchors requires the use of a hammer drill.

5.3 Preparing the Floor Brackets

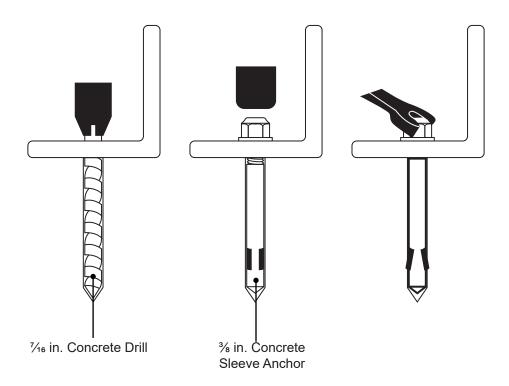
With the machine level and true, loosen the Floor Brackets on the Support Legs so they are snug, but can be lowered to the surface of the floor. Use a marker or pencil to mark the floor where the concrete sleeve anchor will be placed.

Remove the Floor Brackets from the machine. Removing the Floor Brackets makes it easier to drill the holes for the concrete sleeve anchors.

Drill the holes to the depth specified by the concrete sleeve anchor manufacturer. Once holes are drilled, clean the holes out with a vacuum or compressed air. Re-install the Floor Brackets on the machine. Do not tighten the Floor Brackets onto the Support Legs at this time. Ensure the Floor Brackets are snug to the Support Leg, but that they are still able to be adjusted.

5.4 Installing Concrete Sleeve Anchors

With the Floor Bracket snug on the Support Legs but still adjustable, line up the hole in the Floor Bracket with the hole drilled in the concrete. Insert a concrete anchor into the hole. Tap the concrete anchor into place lightly with a hammer, ensuring the Floor Bracket is flush with the floor and the concrete sleeve anchor is snug to the Floor Bracket. Tighten the concrete sleeve anchor nut with fingers. Using a ½ in. socket and torque wrench, torque to manufacturer specs (typically 8 ft. lbs. for ¾ in. concrete sleeve anchor). Tighten the Floor Bracket to the Support Leg.



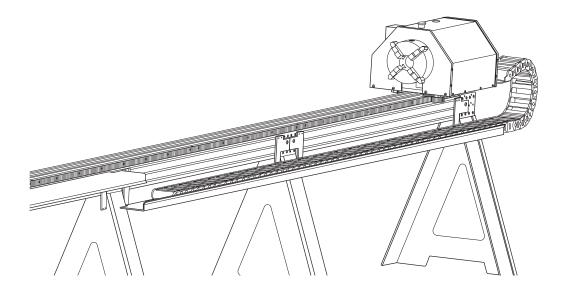


6.1 Preparing Cable Track

Note

Only after the Dragon is assembled, leveled, and secured to the floor should the shrink wrap be carefully removed from the Head of the machine and Cable Track.

Remove the shrink wrap and unroll the Cable Track onto the Cable Track Tray.



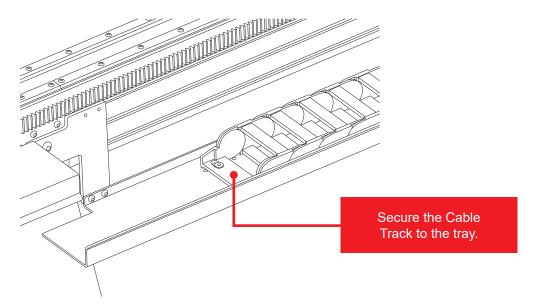
34

6.2 Installing the Cable Track

Tools Needed

• 5/32" Allen wrench

Align the Cable Track over the slotted holes and secure using two 1/4-20 x 7/8" FHCS and two 1/4-20 Lock Nuts.



Note

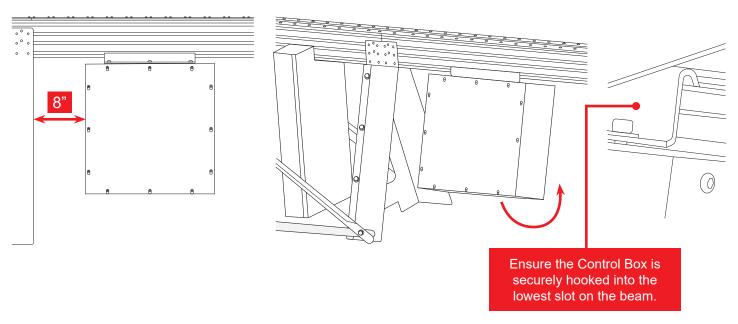
You may need to run the track back and forth a few times and adjust the mounting position for it to track properly.

6.4 Installing the Control Box

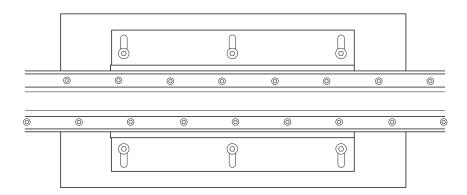
Tools Needed

• 3/16" Allen wrench

Position the Control Box in place by inserting one side of the bracket into the bottom beam slot and then the other side. The Control Box should be positioned 8-inches behind Support Leg #3. Ensure the FRONT of the Control Box is facing the head of the machine.



Push the bracket sides into the beam so they are secure in the lowest slot on the beam. Tighten the six bolts with a 3/16" Allen wrench.



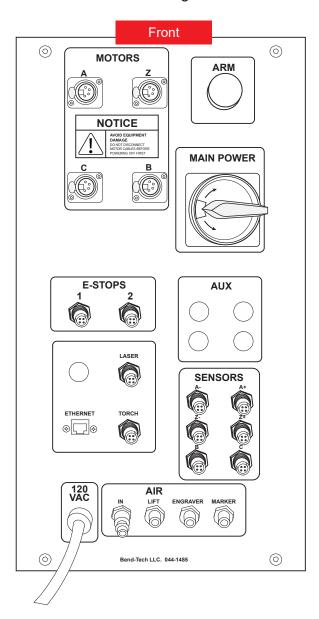
6.5 Connecting the Cables

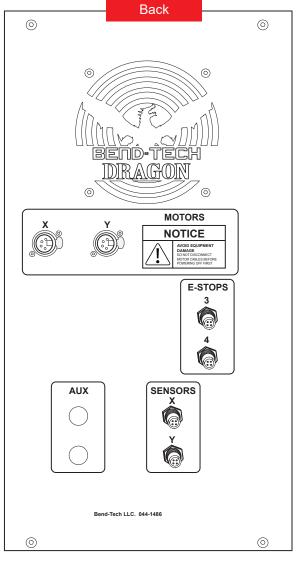
! Warning!



Ensure the machine is disconnected from power and the Main Power Switch is off before connecting the cables to the Control Box.

Connect all the cables to the Control Box. The cables are labeled. Ensure that they are connected to the matching label on the Control Box.

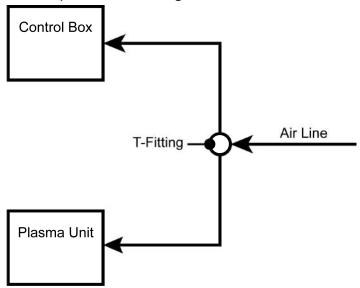






7.1 Air Line Connection Overview

The Dragon A400 requires two air line feeds. One air line is connected to the air inlet on the Control Box. A second air line is connected to the Plasma Unit. It is recommended that the air supply to the Dragon A400 be equipped with an air water separator and filter. If compressed air is used, a single air line split with a T-fitting can be utilized instead of two separate air lines.



Important

A direct air line connection to the Plasma Unit is needed when Nitrogen is used as the operating gas.

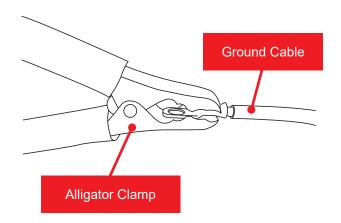


8.1 Torch Cable

The Installer should have attached the Torch Cable to the Control Box as outlined in Chapter 6. Connect the loose end of the Torch Cable to the power cable connection on the Plasma Unit.

8.1.1 Torch Ground

Connect the alligator clamp from the Plasma Unit to the ground cable on the Dragon A400.



Note

Bend-Tech recommends attaching the ground cables together with a bolt.

8.2 Installing the Torch Wand

The Torch is mounted to the Toolhead using two mounting collars. For the initial install, the Torch should only be secured in the top collar until the Torch Mount Procedure can be completed. The Torch Mount Instructions are located in the Dragon A400 Startup Manual.

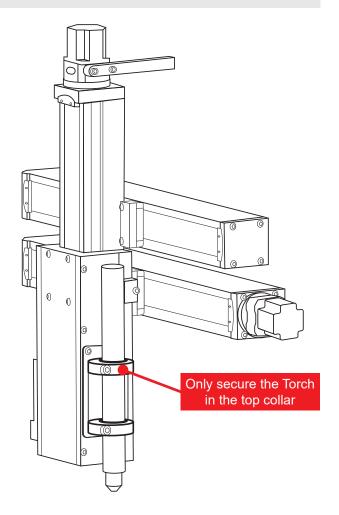
Loosen the adjustment screws in the top collar using a $\frac{3}{16}$ in. Allen wrench. Slide the Torch into the collar from above, with the tip of the Torch pointing down.

When the ceramic body of the Torch is nearly touching the bottom collar, hold the Torch in place and tighten the top collar securely by hand. Do not install the Torch in the bottom collar at this time.

This is in reference to the Hypertherm Torch Wand, if a different Plasma Unit and Torch are used, this setup may differ. Refer to any documentation provided for the specific plasma unit and torch that came with the machine.

Tools Needed

- 3/16" Allen wrench
- Flathead screwdriver

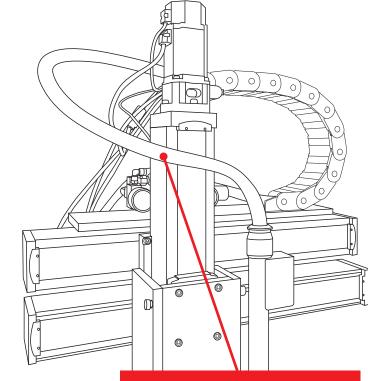


8.3 Routing the Torch Lead

When mounting the Torch Wand on the Toolhead, Bend-Tech reccomends routing the Torch Lead through the toolhead cable track. Routing it into the top opening and out the lower opening as shown.

To do this, find the gap between the mounting piece and the first link of the cable track chain. Insert a flathead screwdriver and carefully twist to separate the links.

Do this on both sides and pull back to fully separate and create enough clearance to route the plasma cable through.



Ensure the Torch Lead is routed into the top of the toolhead cable track and out the bottom section.

Use a flathead screwdriver to separate the first link from the track mount link.

! Caution!

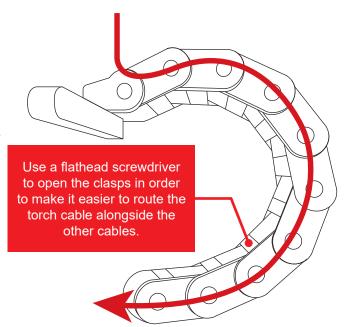


Separating the links can cause damage to the cable track if not done carefully. Take care to separate the links so the cable track is not damaged.

Follow the curve as shown when inserting the cable through the cable track.

Insert the end of the flathead screwdriver into the tab at one end of the clasp. Push down on the handle of the screw driver to free the clasp. This provides access and makes it easier to route the torch cable along side the other cables.

Once the torch cable is routes through the cable track, resecure the clasps and reconnect the upper links that were loosened. Route and secure the torch cable and the remaining cables out of the way of any moving parts.



Important

Running the Torch Mount utility is required before the Dragon Machine is ready for operation. This utility is used to set the torch operating height. The Torch Mount procedure is outlined in the A400 Startup Manual Part 3.

Important

For any questions or concerns regarding the assembly of the Dragon machine or installation of any of the Dragon components, contact Bend-Tech support at 1-651-257-8715 or support@Bend-Tech.com.









Video gallery

Powermax85 SYNC plasma cutter

The Powermax85 SYNC® is a next-generation professional grade air plasma cutter that dramatically simplifies system operation for gouging and recommended cutting up to 25 mm (1"). Features automated system process set-up via advanced RFID-enabled SmartSYNC® torches and a revolutionary single-piece cartridge consumable that provides trackable utilization data. The Powermax85 SYNC maximizes productivity through reductions in downtime, optimized cut quality performance and streamlined consumable inventory management.

WHERE TO BUY

REQUEST A QUOTE (/EN-US/CONTACT-US/?FORM=REQUEST-A-QUOTE&PRODUCT=POWERMAX85+SYNC)

(/en-U**%/sqlu**tions/aboutour-

•

WHERE TO BUY

products/powermax-(/en-US/solutions/about-our-products/powermax-plasma-cutting-and-gouging-systems/powermax-plasma-cutting-and-gouging-systems/powermax-systems/powermax-systems/powermax-system-comparison/)

System information

Applications

Benefits

Specifications

Cut capacity

Capacity	Thickness	Cut speed
Recommended	25 mm (1")	500 mm/min (20 ipm)
	32 mm (1-1/4")	250 mm/min (10 ipm)
Severance (hand cutting)	38 mm (1-1/2")	125 mm/min (5 ipm)
Pierce*	20 mm (3/4")	

^{*}Pierce rating for handheld cutting, or mechanized cutting with programmable torch height control.

Maximum removal gouging

Capacity	Metal removal rate	Gouge profile
Typical gouge	8.2 kg (18.2 lbs.) per hour	3.5 mm D x 6.6 mm W (0.14" D x 0.26" W)

General specifications



WHERE TO BUY

Input voltages	200–480 V, 1-PH, 50/60 Hz 200–600 V, 3-PH, 50/60 Hz
Kilowatt output	12.2 kW
Input current	200/208/240/480, 1-PH 70/68/58/29 A @ 12.2 kW 200/208/240/480/600 V, 3-PH 42/40/35/18/17 A @ 12.2 KW
Output current	25–85 A
Rated output voltage	143 VDC
Duty cycle @ 104° F	60% @ 85 A, 230–600 V, 3-PH 60% @ 85 A, 480 V, 1-PH 50% @ 85 A 240 V, 1-PH 50% @ 85 A, 200–208 V, 3-PH 40% @ 85 A, 200–208 V, 1-PH 100% @ 66 A, 230–600 V, 1/3-PH
Open circuit voltage (OCV)	305 VDC
Dimensions with handles	483 mm D; 233 mm W; 430 mm H (19" D; 9.2" W; 17" H)
Weight w/7.6 m (25') torch	32 kg (67 lbs.)
Gas supply	Clean, dry, oil-free air or nitrogen
Optimum inlet gas pressure	7.6–8.3 bar (110–120 psi)
Minimum inlet gas pressure	5.2 bar (75 psi)
Recommended inlet gas flow rate	Cutting: 210 I/min @ 5.9 bar (450 scfh, 7.5 scfm @ 85 psi) Gouging: 210 I/min @ 4.8 bar (450 scfh, 7.5 scfm @ 70 psi)
Input power cable length	3 m (10')
Power supply type	Inverter-IGBT
Engine drive requirement	20 kW for full 85 A output
Certifications	CSA-certified for use in the Americas and Asia, except China
Warranty	Power supplies have a 3-year warranty and torches a 1-year warranty

Torches and consumables

SmartSYNC torches



SmartSYNC torches (/en-US/hypertherm/powermax/smartsync/) feature RFID capability that when coupled with a Hypertherm cartridge will communicate with a Powermax SYNC system to automatically set the amperage and process on the power supply. Available in handheld, mechanized and robotic torch configurations.

	Hand t	orches	Machine torches	Robotic/Mini			
	75°	15°	180°	180°	90°	45°	
4.5 m (15′)				059733			
7.6 m (25')	059726	059723	059719	059734	059731	059729	
10.7 m (35')			059720				
15.2 m (50')	059727	059724	059721	059735	059732	059730	
22.8 m (75')	059728	059725	059722		059767	059766	
MENU		•		WHERE TO B	UY		

	Long torches							
	0.6 m (2'), 45°	0.6 m (2'), 90°	1.2 m (4'), 45°	1.2 m (4'), 90°				
4.5 m (15′)								
7.6 m (25')			528114					
10.7 m (35')								
15.2 m (50')	528116	528117	528118	528119				
22.8 m (75')								

Hypertherm cartridges

The Hypertherm cartridge consumable platform (/en-US/solutions/consumables-and-torches/for-powermax-and-max-systems/hypertherm-cartridges/) is a revolutionary change to standard air plasma consumables. Each single-piece cartridge is optimized by process and amperage to ensure performance while dramatically simplifying the parts needed to cut or gouge with plasma.

Hypertherm cartridges for Powermax systems are manufactured to uphold our high standards for quality and reliability. As part of the manufacturing process, we test-fire each cartridge to ensure proper assembly and function. As a result, there may be burn marks on the tip of the cartridge. This is normal and not a sign of damage.

Drag cutting and FineCut for hand torches

Mechanized and FineCut for machine torches

Max removal and max control gouging

FlushCut options

Related p	roducts
-----------	---------





(/en-US/hypertherm/powermax/powermax65-sync/)

Powermax65 SYNC plasma cutter (/en-US/hypertherm/powermax/powermax65-sync/)

Professional-grade 20 mm (3/4") plasma cutter provides automated process set-up and a revolutionary cartridge consumable platform for ease of use and optimized performance. Featuring a wide variety of torches and application capabilities for handheld and mechanized cutting and gouging.



(/en-US/hypertherm/powermax/powermax105-sync/)

Powermax105 SYNC plasma cutter (/en-US/hypertherm/powermax/powermax105-sync/)

Professional-grade 32 mm (1-1/4") plasma cutter provides automated process set-up and a revolutionary cartridge consumable platform for ease of use and optimized performance.

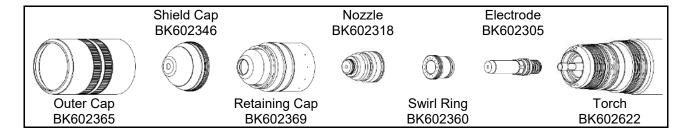
How can we help you?

WHERE TO BUY

	Request a quote	(/en-US/contact-us/?form=request-a- quote&product=POWERMAX85+SYNC)
Q	Contact sales	(/en-US/contact-us/?form=ask-a-product- question&product=POWERMAX85+SYNC)
	Product support	(/en-US/resources/resources-by-product/? productcode=POWERMAX85+SYNC)

MENU \$ WHERE TO BUY

Mild Steel - 300 Amps - Oxygen Plasma / Air Shield



Imperial*

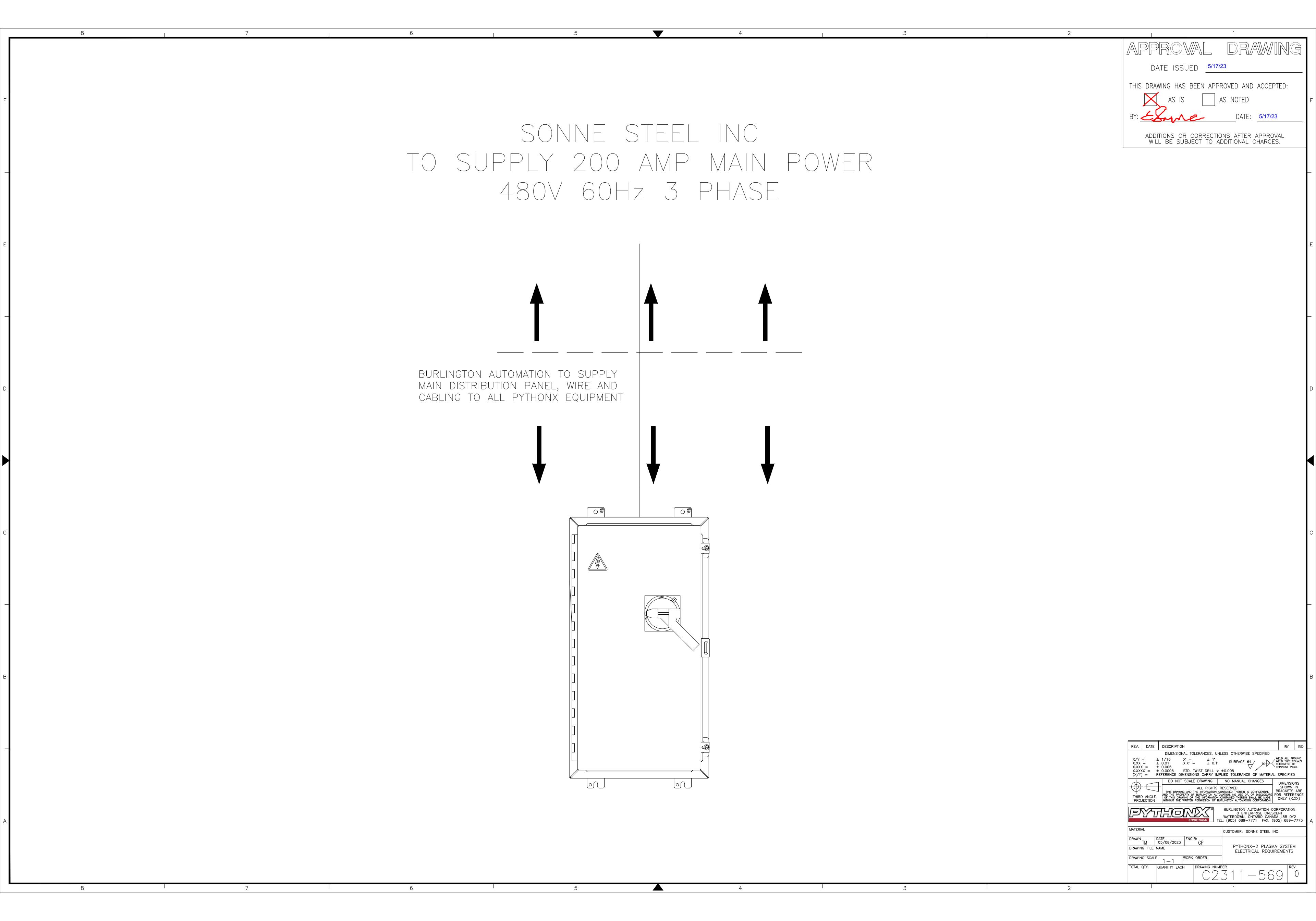
Thickness (in) Plasma (psi) (p	iiiipci iai										
5/8 3/4 7/8 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2** 2.25** 2.5** 2.75** 3/4 131 90 0.140 0.400 900 132 80 0.425 1200 0.450 1300 140 50 0.175 0.650 1800 145 37 0.200 0.750 2500 158 21 0.275 163 16 0.300 168 12 0.450 1500 150 35 174 8 0.325	Thickness					Voltage	Speed	Height	Height	Pierce Time (msec)	Kerf Width (in)
3/4 7/8 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2** 2.25** 2.5** 2.75** 3/4 131 90 0.140 1000 132 80 0.425 1200 0.450 1300 140 50 0.175 0.650 1800 145 37 0.200 0.750 2500 150 30 0.250 0.850 3200 163 16 0.300 168 12 0.450 1500 174 8 0.325	1/2		71		71	134	135			700	
7/8 1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2** 2.25** 2.5** 35 36 132 80 133 70 140 50 0.175 0.650 1800 145 37 0.200 0.750 2500 150 30 0.250 0.850 3200 158 21 0.275 163 16 0.300 168 12 0.450 1500 2.75** 35 174 8 0.325	5/8			58		130	115	1	0.400	900	0.140
1 1.25 1.5 1.75 2*** 2.25** 2.5** 2.75** 35 133 70 0.450 1300 140 50 0.175 0.650 1800 145 37 0.200 0.750 2500 150 30 0.250 0.850 3200 163 16 0.300 168 12 0.450 1500 174 8 0.325	3/4					131	90	0.140		1000	0.140
1.25 1.5 1.75 2** 2.25** 2.5** 2.75** 36 140 50 0.175 0.650 1800 145 37 0.200 0.750 2500 150 30 0.250 0.850 3200 158 21 0.275 163 16 0.300 168 12 0.450 1500 174 8 0.325	7/8]	132	80	1	0.425	1200	
1.5 7 1.75 56 2** 150 2** 30 2.25** 0.275 163 16 168 12 2.75** 0.450 150 30 0.275 0.300 163 16 0.300 0.450 1500 174 8 0.325	1					133	70	1	0.450	1300	0.142
1.5 7 1.75 56 1.75 150 2** 150 2.25** 2.25** 2.5** 44 168 12 2.75** 0.450 150 30 0.275 0.300 168 12 0.450 1500 174 8 0.325	1.25			40		140	50	0.175	0.650	1800	0.160
1.75 150 30 0.250 0.850 3200 2** 158 21 0.275 2.25** 44 163 16 0.300 2.5** 168 12 0.450 1500 2.75** 35 174 8 0.325	1.5	7	56	49	56	145	37	0.200	0.750	2500	0.170
2.25** 44 163 16 0.300 2.5** 168 12 0.450 1500 2.75** 35 174 8 0.325	1.75		50		50	150	30	0.250	0.850	3200	0.190
2.5** 168 12 0.450 1500 2.75** 35 174 8 0.325	2**					158	21	0.275			0.205
2.75** 35 174 8 0.325	2.25**			44		163	16	0.300			0.217
	2.5**]	168	12		0.450	1500	0.240
2**	2.75**			35		174	8	0.325			0.245
3""	3**					180	6				0.254

Metric*

Matarial					۸	Tanada	C: .44:	Diama	D:	17								
Material Thickness (mm)	Preflow (psi)	Plasma (psi)	Shield (psi)	Postflow (psi)	Arc Voltage (volts)	Travel Speed (mm/m)	Cutting Height (mm)	Pierce Height (mm)	Pierce Time (msec)	Kerf Width (mm)								
12		71	58	71	135	3541		10.2	656									
15		60	56	60	121	3061	2.6	10.2	845	3.6								
20			55		131	2210	3.6	10.4	1060	3.0								
25					133	1810		11.4	1287									
30					138	1410	4.2	15.1	1662	3.9								
35	7		49		143	1101	4.8	17.8	2158	4.2								
40	,	EG	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	49	56	146	887	5.5	19.8	2709	4.5
45		56															56	151
50**					157	562	6.9			5.2								
60**			40		165	361	7.9	44.4	4500	5.8								
70**			35	35		174	202	0.2	11.4	1500	6.2							
75**					35		179	162	8.3			6.4						

^{*} Use an arc transfer height (ignition height) of .300" (7.6 mm) for cutting and .100" (2.5 mm) for marking.

^{**} Edge start recommended.





This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 07/13/2018 Supersedes: 10/21/2016

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Trade name : Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen

Chemical name : Nitrogen

Formula : N2

Other means of identification : Dinitrogen, Refrigerant R728, Nitrogen, Medipure Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen,

Nitrogen - Diving Grade

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use

Medical applications. Food applications.

Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Holston Gases, Inc. 545 W Baxter Ave. Knoxville, TN 37921 - USA

T 1-865-573-1917 - F 1-865-573-0063

www.holstongases.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week

- Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Press. Gas (Comp.) H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.

CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

EN (English US)



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 07/13/2018 Supersedes: 10/21/2016

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name : Nitrogen, compressed

	Name	Product identifier	%
ı	Nitrogen		99.5 - 100

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with

plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with

oxygen and hydrogen.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)

and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart

L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting : Compresse

: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire

gnters.

Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat

radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and

drainage systems.

Stop flow of product if safe to do so.

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

EN (English US)



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 07/13/2018 Supersedes: 10/21/2016

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

No additional information available

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product

The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

ACGIH Not established

EN (English US) 3/8



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 07/13/2018 Supersedes: 10/21/2016

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)				
USA OSHA Not established				
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)				
ACGIH	Not established			
USA OSHA	Not established			

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory protection

Appropriate engineering controls : Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in

the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be

acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection : Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where

needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with

product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

Molecular mass : 28 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

Odor : No odor warning properties.

Odor threshold : No data available pH : Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.
Melting point : -210 °C

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : -195.8 °C

Flash point : No data available

Critical temperature : -149.9 °C

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapor pressure : Not applicable.

Critical pressure : 3390 kPa

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.16 kg/m^3 Relative gas density : 0.97

Solubility : Water: 20 mg/l
Log Pow : Not applicable.
Log Kow : Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.

EN (English US) 4/8



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 07/13/2018 Supersedes: 10/21/2016

Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : None.

Explosion limits : No data available

Other information

Gas group : Compressed gas

Additional information : None.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), and magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with

oxygen and hydrogen.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

May occur.

Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Incompatible materials

None.

Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

: Not classified Acute toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified Carcinogenicity Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity - repeated : Not classified

exposure

Aspiration hazard

: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

Persistence and degradability

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)		
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

EN (English US) 5/8



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 07/13/2018 Supersedes: 10/21/2016

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.4. Mobility in soi

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Nitrogen (7727-37-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

Effect on the global warming : None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

SECTION 14: Transport information

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1066 Nitrogen, compressed, 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1066

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Nitrogen, compressed

Class (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 121 (UN1066);120 (UN1977)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows

what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1066

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED

EN (English US) 6/8



Nitrogen, compressed

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 07/13/2018 Supersedes: 10/21/2016

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases

Division (IMDG) : 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gases

MFAG-No : 121

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1066

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED

Class (IATA) : 2.2 - Gases : Non-flammable, non-toxic

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Sudden release of pressure hazard

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Nitrogen, compressed (7727-37-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Nitrogen, compressed(7727-37-9)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

EN (English US) 7/8



Nitrogen, compressed

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 07/13/2018 Supersedes: 10/21/2016

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

 When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture.
 Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product.
 Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Holston Gases asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Holston Gases, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Holston Gases, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product

Holston SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Holston Gases or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Holston Gases sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.holstongases.com. If you have questions regarding Holston SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Holston suppliers in your area, phone or write the Holston Gases Call Center (Phone: 1-865-573-1917; Address: Holston Gases Inc., 545 W Baxter Ave #6846, Knoxville, TN 37921) Holston Gases Inc and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Holston Gases Inc. Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

Revision date : 7/13/2018

NFPA health hazard : 0 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

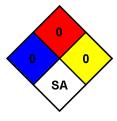
NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical dire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as

concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even

under fire conditions.

NFPA specific hazard : SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



Hazard Rating

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical : 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Holston Gases Inc.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

EN (English US) 8/8



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Name : Oxygen, compressed

Formula : O2

Other means of identification : Oxygen, Compressed; MediPure Oxygen; Aviator's Breathing Oxygen; USP Oxygen;

Oxygen - Diving Grade

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Medical applications

Industrial use

Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Holston Gases, Inc. 545 W Baxter Ave. Knoxville, TN 37921- USA

T 1-865-573-1917 F 1-865-573-0063

www.holstongases.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week

- Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Ox. Gas 1 H270 Compressed gas H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



 \Diamond

GHS03

011000

Signal word (GHS-US) : DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H270 - MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{H280}}$ - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P220 - Keep/Store away from combustible materials, clothing

P244 - Keep reduction valves/valves and fittings free from oil and grease P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place

P370+P376 - In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping

CGA-PG20+CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and

rated for cylinder pressure

CGA-PG22 - Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service

CGA-PG21 - Open valve slowly

EN (English US) 1/9

This document is only controlled while on the Holston Gases, Inc. website and a copy of this controlled version is available for download. Holston Gases cannot assure the integrity or accuracy of any version of this document after it has been downloaded or removed from our website.



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Revision date: 10/21/2016 Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

Breathing 80 percent or more oxygen at atmospheric pressure for more than a few hours may cause nasal stuffiness, cough, sore throat, chest pain, and breathing difficulty. Breathing oxygen at higher pressure increases the likelihood of adverse effects within a shorter time period. Breathing pure oxygen under pressure may cause lung damage and central nervous system (CNS) effects, resulting in dizziness, poor coordination, tingling sensation, visual and hearing disturbances, muscular twitching, unconsciousness, and convulsions. Breathing oxygen under pressure may cause prolongation of adaptation to darkness and reduced peripheral vision.

Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

: Oxygen, compressed Name

Name	%	
Oxygen	99.5	- 100

Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measure

First-aid measures after inhalation Move to fresh air. Get medical advice/attention. First-aid measures after skin contact : Adverse effects not expected from this product.

Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with First-aid measures after eye contact

plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Vigorously accelerates combustion. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire. Water (e.g. safety shower) is the preferred extinguishing media for clothing fires.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard

Oxidizing agent; vigorously accelerates combustion. Contact with flammable materials may cause fire or explosion.

Advice for firefighter

Firefighting instructions

: High-pressure, oxidizing gas

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart

-Fire Protection.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire

fighters.

EN (English US) 2/9



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

Specific methods

: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems

Stop flow of product if safe to do so

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

Other information

: Heat of fire can build pressure in container and cause it to rupture. Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.) No part of the container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 125°F (52°C). Smoking, flames, and electric sparks in the presence of enriched oxygen atmospheres are potential explosion hazards.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Eliminate ignition sources. Evacuate area. Try to stop release. Monitor concentration of released product. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product

The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

EN (English US)



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

7.2. Conditions for safe storage

Storage conditions(including any incompatibilities)

Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g, NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters	
Oxygen, compressed (7782	-44-7)
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Avoid oxygen rich (>23.5%) atmospheres. Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

Eye protection

: Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection

: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138. As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection

When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

Molecular mass : 32 g/mol

Color : Colorless.

Odor : No odor warning properties.

EN (English US) 4/9



Boiling point

Oxygen, compressed

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

Odor threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable.

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable.

Melting point : -219 °C (-362°F)

Freezing point : No data available

Flash point : Not applicable.

Critical temperature : -118.6 °C (-181.48°F)

Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Vapor pressure : Not applicable.

Critical pressure : 50.4 bar (731.4 psia)

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : 0.0827 lb/ft3 (1.325 kg/m3) absolute vapor density at 70°F/21.1°C, 1 atm

: -183 °C (-297°F)

Relative density : 1.1

Density : 1.4289 kg/m³ (at 21.1 °C)

Relative gas density : 1.1

Solubility : Water: 39 mg/l
Log Pow : Not applicable.
Log Kow : Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.
Explosive properties : Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties : Oxidizer.

Explosion limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

Gas group : Compressed gas

Additional information : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground

level

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violently oxidizes organic material.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep equipment free from oil and grease. Consider the potential toxicity hazard due to the presence

of chlorinated or fluorinated polymers in high pressure (> 30 bar) oxygen lines in case of combustion. May react violently with combustible materials. May react violently with reducing

agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

EN (English US) 5/9



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)		
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.	
Oxygen (7782-44-7)		
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.
Oxygen (7782-44-7)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product

EN (English US) 6/9



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

 $: \ \, \text{Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international} \\$

regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1072 Oxygen, compressed, 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1072

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Oxygen, compressed

Class (DOT) : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas

5.1 - Oxidizer





DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 110 - Fire extinguishers transported under UN1044 may include installed actuating cartridges (cartridges, power device of Division 1.4C or 1.4S), without changing the classification of Division 2.2, provided the aggregate quantity of deflagrating (propellant) explosives does not exceed 3.2 grams per extinguishing unit

A14 - This material is not authorized to be transported as a limited quantity or consumer commodity in accordance with 173.306 of this subchapter when transported aboard an aircraft

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 122 (UN1072)

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1072

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : OXYGEN, COMPRESSED

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 122

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1072

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Oxygen, compressed

Class (IATA) : 2

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases nonflammable nontoxic under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Oxygen, compressed (7762-44-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventor	rv

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Sudden release of pressure hazard

Fire hazard

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

EN (English US) 7/9



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Oxygen (7782-44-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Oxygen, compressed (7782-44-7)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations	
Oxygen, compressed(7782-44-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Oxygen (7782-44-7)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Oxygen (7782-44-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

EN (English US) 8/9



This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 06/23/2015

SECTION 16: Other info.

Other information

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Holston Gases asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Holston Gases, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Holston Gases, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Holston SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Holston Gases or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Holston Gases sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.holstongases.com. If you have questions regarding Holston SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Holston suppliers in your area, phone or write the Holston Gases Call Center (Phone: 1-865-573-1917; Address: Holston Gases Inc., 545 W Baxter Ave #6846, Knoxville, TN 37921)

Holston Gases Inc and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Holston Gases Inc. Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

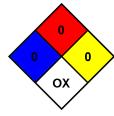
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: OX - This denotes an oxidizer, a chemical which can greatly increase the rate of combustion/fire.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical : 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Holston Gases Inc.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

EN (English US) 9/9



Gas Mixture (Argon 50-90%, Carbon Dioxide 10- 50%)

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/2000 Revision date: 09-28-2017 Supersedes: 10/24/2016

SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : StarGold C10, C12, C15, C17, C18, C20, C25, C40, C50 Shielding Gas Mixtures

Formula : Mixtures of argon and 10-50 percent carbon dioxide

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Electric Arc Welding

Industrial use

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Holston Gases, Inc. 545 W Baxter Ave. Knoxville, TN 37921 - USA

T 1-865-573-1917 - F 1-865-573-0063

www.holstongases.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week

- Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Press. Gas (Comp.) H280

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS04

Signal word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.

CGA-HG01 - MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE

CGA-HG03 - MAY INCREASE RESPIRATION AND HEART RATE.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P261 - Avoid breathing gas, vapors

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.

CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the : Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

EN (English US)



Gas Mixture (Argon 50-90%, Carbon Dioxide 10-50%)

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/2000 Revision date: 09/28/2017 Supersedes: 10/24/2016

classification

Welding-specific: For unique hazards specific to welding, see Sections 8.2, 10.6, and 16.

Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

Not applicable

Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Argon		50 - 90
Carbon dioxide		10 - 50

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

- : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.
- First-aid measures after skin contact
- Wash with plenty of soap and water. For exposure, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.
- First-aid measures after eye contact
- Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an
- ophthalmologist immediately.. Get immediate medical attention. : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.
- First-aid measures after ingestion
 - Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No additional information available

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

: WARNING: High-pressure gas.

Compressed gas: asphyxiant

Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart

L—Fire Protection.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Other information

: Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.).

EN (English US) 2/9



Gas Mixture (Argon 50-90%, Carbon Dioxide 10- 50%)

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/2000 Revision date: 09/28/2017 Supersedes: 10/24/2016

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Warning: High-pressure gas. Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required. Approach suspected leak area with caution. Remove all sources of ignition. if safe to do so. Reduce gas with fog or fine water spray. Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Ventilate area or move container to a well-ventilated area. Before entering the area, especially a confined area, check the area with an appropriate device.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2 Environmental precautions

Try to stop release.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

3.1. Control parameters

Argon (7440-37-1)	
ACGIH Not established	

EN (English US) 3/9



Gas Mixture (Argon 50-90%, Carbon Dioxide 10- 50%)

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/2000 Revision date: 09/28/2017 Supersedes: 10/24/2016

Argon (7440-37-1)				
USA OSHA	Not established			
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)				
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	5000 ppm		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	30000 ppm 9000 mg/m³ 5000 ppm		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)			
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)			

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in

the worker's breathing zone. Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air. Ensure exposure is below occupational

exposure limits (where available).

Hand protection : Wear work gloves when handling containers; welding gloves for welding. Gloves must be free

of oil and grease.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection : Wear work gloves and metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective equipment where

needed. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138. As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as

substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that

meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing

apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection : Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas

Appearance : Colorless gas.

Color : Colorless

Odor : Odorless.

Odor threshold No data available Not applicable. Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) Not applicable. Melting point No data available Freezing point No data available No data available Boiling point No data available Flash point Auto-ignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

Vapor pressure

No data available

No data available

No data available

No data available

Not applicable.

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available

EN (English US) 4/9



Gas Mixture (Argon 50-90%, Carbon Dioxide 10-50%)

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/2000 Revision date: 09/28/2017 Supersedes: 10/24/2016

1.166 - 1.275 kg/m3 HeliStar SS: 1.166 kg/m3 (0.0728 lb/ft3), HeliStar CS: 1.275 kg/m3 Density

(0.0796 lb/ft3)

: 0.962 - 1.062 HeliStar SS: 0.972, HeliStar CS: 1.062 Relative gas density

Solubility Water: No data available

Log Pow Not applicable. Log Kow : Not applicable. Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable. Viscosity, dynamic Not applicable. Not applicable. Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

Explosion limits : No data available

Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

No additional information available

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

Conditions to avoid

No additional information available

Incompatible materia

Alkali metals, Alkaline earth metals, Acetylide forming metals, Chromium, Titanium > 1022°F

(550°C), Uranium (U) > 1382°F (750°C), Magnesium > 1427°F (775°C).

Hazardous decomposition products

Using this product in welding and cutting may create additional hazards. The arc from electric arc welding may form gaseous reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Other decomposition products of arc welding and cutting originate from the volatilization, reaction, and oxidization of the material being worked.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified Carcinogenicity Not classified Reproductive toxicity Not classified Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity - repeated : Not classified

exposure

EN (English US) 5/9



Gas Mixture (Argon 50-90%, Carbon Dioxide 10- 50%)

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/2000 Revision date: 09/28/2017 Supersedes: 10/24/2016

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity Ecology - general

: No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

StarGold C10, C12, C15, C17, C18, C20, C25, C40, C50 Shielding Gas Mixtures				
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.			
Argon (7440-37-1)				
Persistence and degradability	No ecological damage caused by this product.			
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)				
Persistence and degradability No ecological damage caused by this product.				

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

StarGold C10, C12, C15, C17, C18, C20, C25, C40, C50 Shielding Gas Mixtures				
Log Pow	Not applicable.			
Log Kow	Not applicable.			
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.			
Argon (7440-37-1)				
Log Pow	Not applicable.			
Log Kow	Not applicable.			
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.			
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)				
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)			
Log Pow	0.83			
Log Kow	Not applicable.			
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.			

12.4 Mobility in soil

StarGold C10, C12, C15, C17, C18, C20, C25, C40, C50 Shielding Gas Mixtures				
Mobility in soil	No data available.			
Argon (7440-37-1)				
Mobility in soil	No data available. No ecological damage caused by this product.			
Ecology - soil				
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)				
Mobility in soil	No data available.			
Ecology - soil No ecological damage caused by this product.				

12.5 Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1956 Compressed gas, n.o.s., 2.2

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1956

EN (English US) 6/9



Gas Mixture (Argon 50-90%, Carbon Dioxide 10-50%)

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/2000 Revision date: 09/28/2017 Supersedes: 10/24/2016

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Compressed gas, n.o.s.

: 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-flammable compressed gas 49 CFR 173.115 Class (DOT)

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.2 - Non-flammable gas



G - Identifies proper shipping name (PSN) requiring the addition of technical name(s) in **DOT Symbols**

parentheses following the PSN.

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided)

is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1956

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) Compressed gas, n.o.s.

Class (IATA)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 US Federal regulations

StarGold C10, C12, C15, C17, C18, C20, C25, C40, C50 Shielding Gas Mixtures				
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Sudden release of pressure hazard			
	Immediate (acute) health hazard			

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

15.2 International regulations

CANADA

Argon (7440-37-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

EN (English US) 7/9



Gas Mixture (Argon 50-90%, Carbon Dioxide 10-50%)

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. Date of issue: 01/01/2000 Revision date: 09/28/2017 Supersedes: 10/24/2016

15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations				
StarGold C10, C12, C15, C17, C18, C20, C25, C40, C50 Shielding Gas Mixtures()				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No			

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

Argon (7440-37-1)						
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)		
No No		No	No			
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)						
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)		
No	No	No	No			

Argon (7440-37-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right to Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right to Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

EN (English US) 8/9



Gas Mixture (Argon 50-90%, Carbon Dioxide 10-50%)

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/2000 Revision date: 09/28/2017 Supersedes: 10/24/2016

SECTION 16: Other info

Other information

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases. One such contaminant, chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities, poses a special risk. DO NOT USE ELECTRIC ARCS IN THE PRESENCE OF CHLORINATED HYDROCARBON VAPORS—HIGHLY TOXIC PHOSGENE MAY BE PRODUCED. Metal coatings such as paint, plating, or galvanizing may generate harmful fumes when heated. Residues from cleaning materials may also be harmful. AVOID ARC OPERATIONS ON PARTS WITH PHOSPHATE RESIDUES (ANTI-RUST, CLEANING PREPARATIONS)—HIGHLY TOXIC PHOSPHINE MAY BE PRODUCED.

Holston Gases asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Holston Gases, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Holston Gases, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product

Holston SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Holston Gases or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Holston Gases sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.holstongases.com. If you have questions regarding Holston SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Holston suppliers in your area, phone or write the Holston Gases Call Center (Phone: 1-865-573-1917; Address: Holston Gases Inc., 545 W Baxter Ave #6846, Knoxville, TN 37921)

Holston Gases Inc and the Flowing Airstream design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Holston Gases Inc. Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

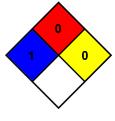
Revision date : 09/28/2017

NFPA health hazard : 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.

 : 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical dire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as

concrete, stone, and sand.

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions



Hazard Rating

NFPA reactivity

NFPA fire hazard

Health : 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical : 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Holston Gases Inc.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

EN (English US) 9/9



Michael G. Adams

SONNE STEEL, INC.

File Amended Annual Report Change Address or Registered Agent			File Certificate of	Assumed Name (DBA)	File Dissolution			
Upload a filing File Registered Agent Resignation								
	Manage Assumed Nar	me Printable	e Forms Subscribe to c	hanges made to this entity	Certificat	e of Good Standing		

General Information

Organization Number 0616450

Name SONNE STEEL, INC.

Profit or Non-Profit P - Profit

Company Type KCO - Kentucky Corporation

 $\begin{array}{cc} \textbf{Status} & A \text{- Active} \\ \textbf{Standing} & G \text{- Good} \end{array}$

State KY

File Date6/29/2005Organization Date6/29/2005Last Annual Report3/21/2023

Principal Office 48 REGINA LANE

SMITHFIELD, KY 40068

Registered Agent

ERIC SONNE 48 REGINA LANE

SMITHFIELD, KY 40068

Authorized Shares

1000

Show Current Officers

Show Initial Officers

Show Images

Show Former Names

Show Assumed Names

Show Activities

Contact Site Map

Privacy Security Disclaimer Accessibility

© Commonwealth of Kentucky All rights reserved.

Kentucky Unbridled Spirit