**Commonwealth of Kentucky** Energy and Environment Cabinet **Department for Environmental Protection Division for Air Quality** 300 Sower Boulevard, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Frankfort, Kentucky 40601 (502) 564-3999

## **Draft**

## AIR QUALITY PERMIT Issued under 401 KAR 52:030

Permittee Name:	Toyota Boshoku Kentucky, LLC
Mailing Address:	1051 Withrow Court, Bardstown, KY 40004
Source Name:	Toyota Boshoku Kentucky, LLC
Mailing Address:	1051 Withrow Court, Bardstown, KY 40004
Source Location:	Same as Above
Permit ID:	F-24-031
Agency Interest #:	3274
Activity ID:	APE20240001
Review Type:	Conditional Major, Operating
Source ID:	21-179-00044
Regional Office: County:	Frankfort Regional Office 300 Sower Boulevard, 1st Floor Frankfort, KY 40601 (502) 564-3358 Nelson
Application Complete Date: Issuance Date: Expiration Date:	May 3, 2024

For Michael J. Kennedy, P.E. Director **Division for Air Quality** 

Version 4/1/2022

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Permit	Permit Type	Activity#	Complete Date	Issuance Date	Summary of Action
F-24-031	Renewal	APE20240001	5/3/2024		Renewal Permit

## **SECTION A - PERMIT AUTHORIZATION**

Pursuant to a duly submitted application the Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet (Cabinet) hereby authorizes the operation of the equipment described herein in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit. This permit was issued under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS) Chapter 224 and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

The permittee shall not construct, reconstruct, or modify any affected facilities without first submitting a complete application and receiving a permit for the planned activity from the permitting authority, except as provided in this permit or in 401 KAR 52:030, Federally-enforceable permits for non-major sources.

Issuance of this permit does not relieve the permittee from the responsibility of obtaining any other permits, licenses, or approvals required by the Cabinet or any other federal, state, or local agency.

## Emission Units 01, 03, 04, 14, 15, and 16 Spray Booths and Substrate Press

#### **Description**:

Emission	Equipment /	Description	Control Equipment	Construction Date(s)
Unit	Process			
EU01	Vacuum	2 Adhesive Spray Booths	Dry filter in each spray	Vacuum Former #3 –
	Former #3	(SB 3) – Binks Model FF8-	booth	March 1, 1991;
	Spray Booth	T, Robot Controlled	90% control efficiency	SB 34 – May 27, 2017
	34	(SB 34) - Manual	70% transfer efficiency	
		Controlled		
		1 Electric oven (FUSO);		
		HVLP air gun		
EU03	Substrate	1 Substrate Press	Combined cyclone for	April 1994
	Press #1	Kawasaki Hydro (600 ton);	1 press	
		120 fiber mats/hour	90% control efficiency	
EU04	Vacuum	4 Adhesive Spray Booths	Dry filter in each spray	SB 11 – June 1992
	Formers #5	(SB 11, 12) – Binks Model	booth	SB 12 – April 1994
	and #6	FF8-T, Robot Controlled	90% control efficiency	SB 32 – February 2015
	Spray Booth	(SB 32, 35) – Manual	70% transfer efficiency	SB 35 – December
	#32, #35	Controlled		2017
		2 Electric ovens (FUSO);		
		HVLP air gun		
EU14	Lexus Edge /	2 Robot Controlled	Dry filter in each spray	February, 2015
	Fold and	Adhesive Spray Booths	or paint booth	SB 36 – September
	Ornament	(SB 27, 28)	90% control efficiency	2018
	Spray Booths	2 Manual Flaw Repair Paint	70% transfer efficiency	
	#27, #28, #29,	Booths	5	
	#36	(SB 29, 36)		
		2 Electric ovens (FUSO)		
EU15	200/220 D	1 Manual Spray Booth (SB	Dry filter	September 2022
	Highlander	37)	90% control efficiency	1
	Process	Other Spraying Uses EU04	70% transfer efficiency	
		Booths	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
EU16	Camry	Two Robot Controlled	Dry filter	January 2024
	Ornament	Adhesive Spray Booths (SB	90% control efficiency	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Spray Booths	38, 39) and 2 Electric	70% transfer efficiency	
	Spray Dooms	Ovens	, s, s transfer effeteney	

#### APPLICABLE REGULATIONS:

**401 KAR 59:010,** *New process operations* 

#### **STATE-ORIGIN REQUIREMENTS:**

401 KAR 63:020, Potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances

#### 1. **Operating Limitations**:

- a. The particulate filters shall be in place and operated according to the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations at any time the associated spray booth is in use.
- b. The cyclone shall be in place and operated according to the manufacturer's specifications and recommendations at any time the substrate press is in use.

#### 2. <u>Emission Limitations</u>:

a. No person shall cause, suffer, allow, or permit any continuous emission into the open air from a control or stack associated with any affected facility which is equal to or greater than twenty (20) percent opacity. [401 KAR 59:010, Section 3(1)]

#### **Compliance Demonstration Method:**

Refer to **4.** <u>Specific Monitoring Requirements</u> and **5.** <u>Specific Recordkeeping</u> <u>Requirements</u> for opacity compliance demonstration.

No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit the emission into the open air of particulate matter from any affected facility which is in excess of 2.34 lb/hr. [401 KAR 59:010, Section 3(2)]

#### **Compliance Demonstration Method**:

The permittee is assumed to be in compliance when the air filter systems and the cyclone are in place and properly maintained. Refer to **4**. <u>Specific Monitoring Requirements</u> and **5**. <u>Specific Recordkeeping Requirements</u>.

- c. Refer to Section D for the source-wide VOC and HAPs emission limitations.
- d. Persons responsible for a source from which hazardous matter or toxic substances may be emitted shall provide the utmost care and consideration, in the handling of these materials, to the potentially harmful effects of the emissions resulting from such activities. No owner or operator shall allow any affected facility to emit potentially hazardous matter or toxic substances in such quantities or duration as to be harmful to the health and welfare of humans, animals and plants. Evaluation of such facilities as to adequacy of controls and/or procedures and emission potential will be made on an individual basis by the cabinet. [401 KAR 63:020, Section 3]

#### **Compliance Demonstration Method:**

Based upon the emission rates of toxics and hazardous air pollutants determined by the Cabinet using information provided in the application and supplemental information

submitted by the source, the Cabinet determines the affected facility to be in compliance with 401 KAR 63:020.

#### 3. <u>Testing Requirements</u>:

Testing shall be conducted at such times as may be requested by the Cabinet. [401 KAR 50:045, Section 1]

#### 4. <u>Specific Monitoring Requirements</u>:

- a. The permittee shall perform a qualitative visual observation of the opacity of emissions at each roof monitor no less than weekly while the affected facility is operating. If visible emissions from the roof monitor are observed (not including condensed water in the plume), the permittee shall determine the opacity using U.S. EPA Reference Method 9. In lieu of determining the opacity using U.S. EPA Reference Method 9, the permittee shall immediately perform a corrective action which results in no visible emissions (not including condensed water in the plume). [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]
- b. The permittee shall install, maintain and operate according to manufacturer's specifications a monitoring device (differential pressure gauges or manometers) to determine the pressure drop across the dry filters once a day during the operation of the spray booth. A permanent label displaying the operating range established for each collector shall be posted next to the selected instrument. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]
- c. The permittee shall monitor the 12-month rolling total VOC and HAPs emissions monthly. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]
- d. For EU03, substrate press, the permittee shall clean the vent lines from the substrate press to the cyclones once per quarter. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]

#### 5. Specific Recordkeeping Requirements:

- a. The permittee shall maintain a log of the qualitative visual observations made as specified in 4. <u>Specific Monitoring Requirements</u> a. including the date, time, initials of observer, whether any emissions were observed (yes/no), and any U.S. EPA Reference Method 9 readings taken. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]
- b. The permittee shall maintain a log of the pressure drop readings across the filters, including the date, and document filter replacements. For any booth that is not in operation on a given date, this fact should also be noted. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]
- c. The permittee shall keep a log of the date of EU03, substrate press, vent line cleanings. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]
- d. The permittee shall keep manufacturer's control device specifications on site. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]

- e. The permittee shall maintain monthly records of all materials used containing VOC and HAP, including the product type, amount used and the weight percentages for VOC and all individual HAPs. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]
- f. For EU03, substrate press, the permittee shall maintain monthly records of the number of woodmats processed. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]
- g. At the end of each month, the permittee shall calculate VOC and HAP emissions according to Section D, and every month, a new 12-month rolling total for VOC and HAP emissions shall be calculated and recorded. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]

#### 6. <u>Specific Reporting Requirements</u>:

- a. The permittee shall submit a copy of the inspection and repair log for those times when corrective actions are required due to an opacity exceedance and/or records of any U.S. EPA Reference Method 9 opacity observations as noted in 4. Specific Monitoring Requirements (a). Copies of these records shall be submitted as a part of the semiannual reporting as required in Section F (5) & (6). [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]
- b. The permittee shall report the number of gallons of each coating applied, the amount of VOC's and HAP's contained in the coatings, and the source wide monthly and 12 month rolling total VOC and HAPs emissions as part of the semiannual reporting as required in Section F (5) & (6). [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10 (F permit)]

#### 7. <u>Specific Control Equipment Operating Conditions:</u> Refer to Section E

#### Emission Unit 11 (11) Back-Up Emergency Generator

Description: Caterpillar Diesel Fuel-Fired Standby Power Generator Set – Model 3516 Horsepower: 2167 BTU input: 5.5 MM BTU/hour Power Output: 1500 kW Construction date: 1991

#### **APPLICABLE REGULATIONS:**

**401 KAR 63:002 Section 2(4)(eeee), 40 C.F.R. 63.6580 to 63.6675, Tables 1a to 8, and Appendix A (Subpart ZZZZ),** *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines* 

#### 1. **<u>Operating Limitations</u>**:

- a. The permittee shall comply with the requirements in Table 2d to 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ and the operating limitations in Table 2b to 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ that apply. [40 CFR 63.6603(a)]
  - (1) The permittee must meet the following requirements, except during periods of startup: [40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, Table 2d(4.)]
    - i. Change oil and filter every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first; [40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, Table 2d(4.)(a.)]
    - ii. Inspect air cleaner every 1,000 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first; and [40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, Table 2d(4.)(b.)]
    - iii. Inspect all hoses and belts every 500 hours of operation or annually, whichever comes first, and replace as necessary. [40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, Table 2d(4.)(c.)]
  - (2) During periods of startup the permittee must minimize the engine's time spent at idle and minimize the engine's startup time at startup to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the non-startup emission limitations apply. [40 CFR 63.6625(h); 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, Table 2d]
  - (3) If an emergency engine is operating during an emergency and it is not possible to shut down the engine in order to perform the management practice requirements on the schedule required in Table 2d of 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ, or if performing the management practice on the required schedule would otherwise pose an unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law, the management practice can be delayed until the emergency is over or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. The management practice should be performed as soon as practicable after the emergency has ended or the unacceptable risk under federal, state, or local law has abated. Sources must report any failure to perform the management practice on the schedule required and the federal, state or local law under which the risk was deemed unacceptable. [40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ, Table 2d, Footnote 2]
- b. The permittee must use diesel fuel that meets the requirements in 40 CFR 1090.305 for nonroad diesel fuel. [40 CFR 63.6604(b)]

- c. The permittee must be in compliance with the emission limitations, operating limitations, and other requirements in 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ that apply at all times. [40 CFR 63.6605(a)]
- d. At all times the permittee must operate and maintain any affected source, including associated air pollution control equipment and monitoring equipment, in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. The general duty to minimize emissions does not require the permittee to make any further efforts to reduce emissions if levels required by this standard have been achieved. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Administrator which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the source. [40 CFR 63.6605(b)]
- e. The permittee must operate and maintain the stationary RICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or develop a maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. [40 CFR 63.6625(e)(3)]
- f. The permittee shall install a non-resettable hour meter if one is not already installed. [40 CFR 63.6625(f)]
- g. The permittee has the option of utilizing an oil analysis program in order to extend the specified oil change requirement in Tables 2c and 2d to 40 CFR 63 subpart ZZZZ. The oil analysis must be performed at the same frequency specified for changing the oil in Table 2c or 2d to 40 CFR 63 subpart ZZZZ. The analysis program must at a minimum analyze the following three parameters: Total Base Number, viscosity, and percent water content. The condemning limits for these parameters are as follows: Total Base Number is less than 30 percent of the Total Base Number of the oil when new; viscosity of the oil has changed by more than 20 percent from the viscosity of the oil when new; or percent water content (by volume) is greater than 0.5. If all of these condemning limits are not exceeded, the permittee is not required to change the oil. If any of the limits are exceeded, the permittee must change the oil within 2 business days of receiving the results of the analysis; if the engine is not in operation when the results of the analysis are received, the permittee must change the oil within 2 business days or before commencing operation, whichever is later. The permittee must keep records of the parameters that are analyzed as part of the program, the results of the analysis, and the oil changes for the engine. The analysis program must be part of the maintenance plan for the engine. [40 CFR 63.6625(i)]
- h. The permittee must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(1) through (4). In order for the engine to be considered an emergency stationary RICE under 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ, any operation other than emergency operation, maintenance and testing, and operation in non-emergency situations for 50 hours per year, as described in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(1) through (4), is prohibited. If the permittee does not operate the engine according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(1) through

(4), the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ and must meet all requirements for non-emergency engines. [40 CFR 63.6640(f)]

- (1) There is no time limit on the use of emergency stationary RICE in emergency situations. [40 CFR 63.6640(f)(1)]
- (2) The permittee may operate their emergency stationary RICE for the purpose specified in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(2)(i) for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year. Any operation for non-emergency situations as allowed by 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(3) and (4) counts as part of the 100 hours per calendar year allowed by this paragraph. [40 CFR 63.6640(f)(2)]
  - i. Emergency stationary RICE may be operated for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state or local government, the manufacturer, the vendor, the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator, or the insurance company associated with the engine. The permittee may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency RICE beyond 100 hours per calendar year. [40 CFR 63.6640(f)(2)(i)]
- (3) Emergency stationary RICE located at area sources of HAP may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year in non-emergency situations. The 50 hours of operation in non-emergency situations are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance and testing provided in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(2). Except as provided in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(4)(i) and (ii), the 50 hours per year for non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving or non-emergency demand response, or to generate income for a facility to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity. [40 CFR 63.6640(f)(4)]

### 2. <u>Emission Limitations</u>:

Refer to Section D for source-wide VOC and HAP emission limitations.

## 3. <u>Testing Requirements</u>:

Testing shall be conducted at such times as may be requested by the Cabinet. [401 KAR 50:045, Section 1]

## 4. Specific Monitoring Requirements:

The permittee shall monitor hours of engine use through the non-resettable hour meter. [401 KAR 52:030, Section 10]

## 5. <u>Specific Recordkeeping Requirements</u>:

- a. The permittee shall keep the records described in 40 CFR 63.6655(a)(1) through (a)(5), (b)(1) through (b)(3) and (c). [40 CFR 63.6655(a)]
  - A copy of each notification and report that was submitted to comply with 40 CFR 63 subpart ZZZZ, including all documentation supporting any Initial Notification or Notification of Compliance Status that was submitted, according to the requirement in 40 CFR 63.10(b)(2)(xiv). [40 CFR 63.6655(a)(1)]

- (2) Records of the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of operation (i.e., process equipment) or the air pollution control and monitoring equipment. [40 CFR 63.6655(a)(2)]
- (3) Records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions in accordance with 40 CFR 63.6605(b), including corrective actions to restore malfunctioning process to its normal or usual manner of operation. [40 CFR 63.6655(a)(5)]
- b. The permittee shall keep records of the maintenance conducted on the stationary RICE in order to demonstrate that the permittee operated and maintained the stationary RICE according to its maintenance plan. [40 CFR 63.6655(e)]
- c. The permittee must keep records of the hours of operation of the engine that is recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. The permittee must document how many hours are spent for emergency operation, including what classified the operation as emergency and how many hours are spent for non-emergency operation. If the engine is used for the purpose specified in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), the permittee must keep records of the notification of the emergency situation, and the date, start time, and end time of engine operation for these purposes. [40 CFR 63.6655(f)]
- d. The permittee's records must be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review according to 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1). [40 CFR 63.6660(a)]
- e. As specified in 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1), the permittee must keep each record for 5 years following the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record. [40 CFR 63.6660(b)]
- f. The permittee must keep each record readily accessible in hard copy or electronic form for at least 5 years after the date of each occurrence, measurement, maintenance, corrective action, report, or record, according to 40 CFR 63.10(b)(1). [40 CFR 63.6660(c)]

#### 6. <u>Specific Reporting Requirements</u>:

- a. The permittee must report each instance in which the engine did not meet each emission limitation or operating limitation in Tables 1a and 1b, Tables 2a and 2b, Table 2c, and Table 2d to 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ that apply. These instances are deviations from the emission and operating limitations in 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ. These deviations must be reported according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.6650. [40 CFR 63.6640(b)]
- b. If the engine operates for the purpose specified in 40 CFR 63.6640(f)(4)(ii), the permittee must submit an annual report according to the requirements in 40 CFR 63.6650(h)(1) through (3). [40 CFR 63.6650(h)]

## SECTION C - INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

The following listed activities have been determined to be insignificant activities for this source pursuant to 401 KAR 52:030, Section 6. Although these activities are designated as insignificant the permittee must comply with the applicable regulation. Process and emission control equipment at each insignificant activity subject to an opacity standard shall be inspected monthly and a qualitative visible emissions evaluation made. Results of the inspection, evaluation, and any corrective action shall be recorded in a log.

	Description	Generally Applicable Regulation
1.	Touch up Spray Paint and Coatings 11,500 cans per year at 300 ml/can.	401 KAR 59:010 401 KAR 63:020
2.	Spray Nozzle Cleaning	None
3.	Adhesive Mixing and Storage	None
4.	Hot Knife Cutting Area – Fabric cut with electrically powered hot wire.	401 KAR 59:010
5.	Heating Units for Building – Natural Gas Units (4 heaters, each less than 4,320,000 BTU/hr maximum rating).	401 KAR 63:020
6.	Adhesive Line Flushing – Mineral spirits used to flush lines	None
7.	Pellet Unloading –32,400 tons/yr maximum.	401 KAR 59:010
8.	Injection Molding of Polypropylene Five 950-ton Presses Two 2,500-ton Presses Two 1,550-ton Presses One 500 Ton Presses Four 700 Ton Presses Four 220 Ton Presses All machines total 32,805 tons/yr of maximum polypropylene processing.	None
9.	Injection Molding Die Maintenance	401 KAR 59:010
10	. Assembly Stations	401 KAR 59:010
11	. Camry Leather Ornament Cleanup	401 KAR 59:010
12	. Diesel Storage Tank – 1,000 gallon above ground storage tank	None

## SECTION C - INSIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Description	Generally Applicable Regulation
13. Cutting Department Oven (electric oven)	None
14. Wood Substrate Sanding	401 KAR 59:010
15. Polypropylene Scrap Regrind	401 KAR 59:010
16. Building Heaters – Natural Gas Units (18 heater each less than 250,000 BTU/hr maximum rating	

# SECTION D - SOURCE EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND TESTING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. As required by Section 1b of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26; compliance with annual emissions and processing limitations contained in this permit, shall be based on emissions and processing rates for any twelve (12) consecutive months.
- 2. VOC, HAP, Particulate Matter, and Opacity emissions, measured by applicable reference methods, or an equivalent or alternative method specified in 40 C.F.R. Chapter I, or by a test method specified in the state implementation plan shall not exceed the respective limitations specified herein.
  - a. Source-wide emissions of VOC shall not exceed 90 tons during any consecutive 12-month period. [To preclude 401 KAR 52:020]

#### **Compliance Demonstration Method:**

Monthly VOC emissions from paint and adhesive spraying =  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} M_i \rho_i$ 

Where;

- $\rho$  = weight of VOC in each gallon of solvent containing material less water and/or exempt solvent used during the month, (lbs/gal).
- i = individual solvent containing material (i.e. adhesive, hardener and cleaning solvent, etc.)
- n = total number of solvent containing materials used
- M = gallons of solvent containing material "i" used

Source-wide VOC emissions =  $\Sigma$  [VOC emissions from paint and adhesive spraying operations] +  $\Sigma$  [VOC emissions from substrate press operations] +  $\Sigma$  [VOC emissions from fuel combustion units] +  $\Sigma$  [VOC emissions from insignificant activities, if applicable]

b. Source-wide emissions of any single HAP shall not exceed nine tons during any consecutive 12-month period:

#### **Compliance Demonstration Method:**

Monthly HAP emissions from paint and adhesive spraying;  $HAP_j = \sum_{i=1}^{n} M_i \rho_i$ 

Where;

- $\rho$  = weight of HAP<sub>j</sub> in each gallon of material "i", (lbs/gal).
- i = individual HAP containing material (i.e. adhesive, hardener and cleaning solvent, etc.)
- j = individual HAP emission (i.e. naphthalene, xylene, etc.)
- n = total number of solvent containing materials used containing single HAP<sub>j</sub>
- M = gallons of solvent containing material "i" used

### SECTION D - SOURCE EMISSION LIMITATIONS AND TESTING REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Source-wide HAP emissions =  $\Sigma$  [HAP emissions from paint and adhesive spraying operations] +  $\Sigma$  [HAP emissions from substrate press operations] +  $\Sigma$  [HAP emissions from insignificant activities, if applicable]

c. Source-wide emissions of Combined HAPs shall not exceed 22.5 tons during any consecutive 12-month period. [To preclude 401 KAR 52:020]

#### **Compliance Demonstration Method:**

Combined HAP Emissions = 
$$\sum_{j=1}^{m} \text{HAP}_j$$

Where; j = individual HAP emission (i.e. xylene, etc.) m = total number of single HAP emissions

d. Compliance with annual limits is based on a rolling 12-month total. Emissions shall be calculated on a monthly basis and shall be added to previous eleven months emissions to get the total actual emissions for each consecutive 12-month period.

### **SECTION E - SOURCE CONTROL EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS**

Pursuant to 401 KAR 50:055, Section 2(5), at all times, including periods of startup, shutdown and malfunction, owners and operators shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any affected facility including associated air pollution control equipment in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Division which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source.

# SECTION F - MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Pursuant to Section 1b-IV-1 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030 Section 26, when continuing compliance is demonstrated by periodic testing or instrumental monitoring, the permittee shall compile records of required monitoring information that include:
  - a. Date, place (as defined in this permit), and time of sampling or measurements;
  - b. Analyses performance dates;
  - c. Company or entity that performed analyses;
  - d. Analytical techniques or methods used;
  - e. Analyses results; and
  - f. Operating conditions during time of sampling or measurement.
- 2. Records of all required monitoring data and support information, including calibrations, maintenance records, and original strip chart recordings, and copies of all reports required by the Division for Air Quality, shall be retained by the permittee for a period of five (5) years and shall be made available for inspection upon request by any duly authorized representative of the Division for Air Quality [401 KAR 52:030, Section 3(1)(f)1a, and Section 1a-7 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].
- 3. In accordance with the requirements of 401 KAR 52:030, Section 3(1)f, the permittee shall allow authorized representatives of the Cabinet to perform the following during reasonable times:
  - a. Enter upon the premises to inspect any facility, equipment (including air pollution control equipment), practice, or operation;
  - b. To access and copy any records required by the permit;
  - c. Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters to assure compliance with the permit or any applicable requirements.

Reasonable times are defined as during all hours of operation, during normal office hours; or during an emergency.

- 4. No person shall obstruct, hamper, or interfere with any Cabinet employee or authorized representative while in the process of carrying out official duties. Refusal of entry or access may constitute grounds for permit revocation and assessment of civil penalties.
- 5. Summary reports of any monitoring required by this permit shall be submitted to the Regional Office listed on the front of this permit at least every six (6) months during the life of this permit, unless otherwise stated in this permit. For emission units that were still under construction or which had not commenced operation at the end of the 6-month period covered by the report and are subject to monitoring requirements in this permit, the report shall indicate that no monitoring was performed during the previous six months because the emission unit was not in operation [Sections 1b-V-1 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].

# SECTION F - MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

- 6. The semi-annual reports are due by January 30th and July 30th of each year. All reports shall be certified by a responsible official pursuant to 401 KAR 52:030, Section 22. If continuous emission and opacity monitors are required by regulation or this permit, data shall be reported in accordance with the requirements of 401 KAR 59:005, General Provisions, Section 3(3). All deviations from permit requirements shall be clearly identified in the reports.
- 7. In accordance with the provisions of 401 KAR 50:055, Section 1, the owner or operator shall notify the Regional Office listed on the front of this permit concerning startups, shutdowns, or malfunctions as follows:
  - a. When emissions during any planned shutdowns and ensuing startups will exceed the standards, notification shall be made no later than three (3) days before the planned shutdown, or immediately following the decision to shut down, if the shutdown is due to events which could not have been foreseen three (3) days before the shutdown.
  - b. When emissions due to malfunctions, unplanned shutdowns and ensuing startups are or may be in excess of the standards, notification shall be made as promptly as possible by telephone (or other electronic media) and shall be submitted in writing upon request.
- 8. The permittee shall promptly report deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in the permit, the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken shall be submitted to the Regional Office listed on the front of this permit. Where the underlying applicable requirement contains a definition of prompt or otherwise specifies a time frame for reporting deviations, that definition or time frame shall govern. Where the underlying applicable requirement does not identify a specific time frame for reporting deviations, prompt reporting, as required by Sections 1b-V, 3 and 4 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26 shall be defined as follows:
  - a. For emissions of a hazardous air pollutant or a toxic air pollutant (as identified in an applicable regulation) that continue for more than an hour in excess of permit requirements, the report must be made within 24 hours of the occurrence.
  - b. For emissions of any regulated air pollutant, excluding those listed in F.8.a., that continue for more than two hours in excess of permit requirements, the report must be made within 48 hours.
  - c. All deviations from permit requirements, including those previously reported, shall be included in the semiannual report required by F.6.
- 9. Pursuant to 401 KAR 52:030, Section 21, the permittee shall annually certify compliance with the terms and conditions contained in this permit by completing and returning a Compliance Certification Form (DEP 7007CC) (or an alternative approved by the regional office) to the Regional Office listed on the front of this permit in accordance with the following requirements:
  - a. Identification of each term or condition;
  - b. Compliance status of each term or condition of the permit;
  - c. Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent;
  - d. The method used for determining the compliance status for the source, currently and over the reporting period.

# SECTION F - MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS (CONTINUED)

- e. For an emissions unit that was still under construction or which has not commenced operation at the end of the 12-month period covered by the annual compliance certification, the permittee shall indicate that the unit is under construction and that compliance with any applicable requirements will be demonstrated within the timeframes specified in the permit.
- f. The certification shall be submitted by January 30th of each year. Annual compliance certifications shall be sent to the Division for Air Quality, Frankfort Regional Office, 300 Sower Boulevard, 1st Floor, Frankfort, KY 40601.
- 10. In accordance with 401KAR 52:030, Section 3(1)(d), the permittee shall provide the Division with all information necessary to determine its subject emissions within 30 days of the date the Kentucky Emissions Inventory System (KYEIS) emissions survey is mailed to the permittee. If a KYEIS emissions survey is not mailed to the permittee, then the permittee shall comply with all other emissions reporting requirements in this permit.
- 11. The Cabinet may authorize the temporary use of an emission unit to replace a similar unit that is taken off-line for maintenance, if the following conditions are met:
  - a. The owner or operator shall submit to the Cabinet, at least ten (10) days in advance of replacing a unit, the appropriate Forms DEP7007AI to DD that show:
    - (1) The size and location of both the original and replacement units; and
    - (2) Any resulting change in emissions;
  - b. The potential to emit (PTE) of the replacement unit shall not exceed that of the original unit by more than twenty-five (25) percent of a major source threshold, and the emissions from the unit shall not cause the source to exceed the emissions allowable under the permit;
  - c. The PTE of the replacement unit or the resulting PTE of the source shall not subject the source to a new applicable requirement;
  - d. The replacement unit shall comply with all applicable requirements; and
  - e. The source shall notify Regional office of all shutdowns and start-ups.
  - f. Within six (6) months after installing the replacement unit, the owner or operator shall:
    - (1) Re-install the original unit and remove or dismantle the replacement unit; or
    - (2) Submit an application to permit the replacement unit as a permanent change.

## **SECTION G - GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- 1. General Compliance Requirements
  - a. The permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit. A noncompliance shall be a violation of 401 KAR 52:030, Section 3(1)(b), and a violation of Federal Statute 42 USC 7401 through 7671q (the Clean Air Act). Noncompliance with this permit is grounds for enforcement action including but not limited to the termination, revocation and reissuance, revision, or denial of a permit [Section 1a-2 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].
  - b. The filing of a request by the permittee for any permit revision, revocation, reissuance, or termination, or of a notification of a planned change or anticipated noncompliance, shall not stay any permit condition [Section 1a-5 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].
  - c. This permit may be revised, revoked, reopened and reissued, or terminated for cause in accordance with 401 KAR 52:030, Section 18. The permit will be reopened for cause and revised accordingly under the following circumstances:
    - (1) If additional applicable requirements become applicable to the source and the remaining permit term is three (3) years or longer. In this case, the reopening shall be completed no later than eighteen (18) months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. A reopening shall not be required if compliance with the applicable requirement is not required until after the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless this permit or any of its terms and conditions have been extended pursuant to 401 KAR 52:030, Section 12;
    - (2) The Cabinet or the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U. S. EPA) determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements;
    - (3) The Cabinet or the U. S. EPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.

Proceedings to reopen and reissue a permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Reopenings shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. Reopenings shall not be initiated before a notice of intent to reopen is provided to the source by the Division, at least thirty (30) days in advance of the date the permit is to be reopened, except that the Division may provide a shorter time period in the case of an emergency.

d. The permittee shall furnish information upon request of the Cabinet to determine if cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit; or to determine compliance with the conditions of this permit [Sections 1a- 6 and 7 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].

- e. Emission units described in this permit shall demonstrate compliance with applicable requirements if requested by the Division [401 KAR 52:030, Section 3(1)(c)].
- f. The permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information to the permitting authority [401 KAR 52:030, Section 7(1)].
- g. Any condition or portion of this permit which becomes suspended or is ruled invalid as a result of any legal or other action shall not invalidate any other portion or condition of this permit [Section 1a-11 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].
- h. The permittee shall not use as a defense in an enforcement action the contention that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance [Section 1a-3 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].
- i. All emission limitations and standards contained in this permit shall be enforceable as a practical matter. All emission limitations and standards contained in this permit are enforceable by the U.S. EPA and citizens except for those specifically identified in this permit as state-origin requirements. [Section 1a-12 of the Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].
- j. This permit shall be subject to suspension if the permittee fails to pay all emissions fees within 90 days after the date of notice as specified in 401 KAR 50:038, Section 3(6) [Section 1a-9 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].
- k. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the liability of the permittee for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance [401 KAR 52:030, Section 11(3)].
- 1. This permit does not convey property rights or exclusive privileges [Section 1a-8 of the *Cabinet Provisions and Procedures for Issuing Federally-Enforceable Permits for Non-Major Sources* incorporated by reference in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 26].
- m. Issuance of this permit does not relieve the permittee from the responsibility of obtaining any other permits, licenses, or approvals required by the Cabinet or any other federal, state, or local agency.
- n. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the authority of U.S. EPA to obtain information pursuant to Federal Statute 42 USC 7414, Inspections, monitoring, and entry.

- o. Nothing in this permit shall alter or affect the authority of U.S. EPA to impose emergency orders pursuant to Federal Statute 42 USC 7603, Emergency orders.
- p. This permit consolidates the authority of any previously issued PSD, NSR, or Synthetic Minor source preconstruction permit terms and conditions for various emission units and incorporates all requirements of those existing permits into one single permit for this source.
- q. Pursuant to 401 KAR 52:030, Section 11, a permit shield shall not protect the owner or operator from enforcement actions for violating an applicable requirement prior to or at the time of permit issuance. Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be considered compliance with:
  - (1) Applicable requirements that are included and specifically identified in this permit; and
  - (2) Non-applicable requirements expressly identified in this permit.
- 2. Permit Expiration and Reapplication Requirements
  - a. This permit shall remain in effect for a fixed term of five (5) years following the original date of issue. Permit expiration shall terminate the source's right to operate unless a timely and complete renewal application has been submitted to the Division at least six (6) months prior to the expiration date of the permit. Upon a timely and complete submittal, the authorization to operate within the terms and conditions of this permit, including any permit shield, shall remain in effect beyond the expiration date, until the renewal permit is issued or denied by the Division [401 KAR 52:030, Section 12].
  - b. The authority to operate granted through this permit shall cease to apply if the source fails to submit additional information requested by the Division after the completeness determination has been made on any application, by whatever deadline the Division sets [401 KAR 52:030, Section 8(2)].
- 3. <u>Permit Revisions</u>
  - a. Minor permit revision procedures specified in 401 KAR 52:030, Section 14(3), may be used for permit revisions involving the use of economic incentive, marketable permit, emission trading, and other similar approaches, to the extent that these minor permit revision procedures are explicitly provided for in the State Implementation Plan (SIP) or in applicable requirements and meet the relevant requirements of 401 KAR 52:030, Section 14(2).
  - b. This permit is not transferable by the permittee. Future owners and operators shall obtain a new permit from the Division for Air Quality. The new permit may be processed as an administrative amendment if no other change in this permit is necessary, and provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility coverage and liability between the current and new permittee has been submitted to the permitting authority within ten (10) days following the transfer.

4. Construction, Start-Up, and Initial Compliance Demonstration Requirements

No construction authorized by this permit (F-24-031).

- 5. <u>Testing Requirements</u>
  - a. Pursuant to 401 KAR 50:045, Section 2, a source required to conduct a performance test shall submit a completed Compliance Test Protocol form, DEP form 6028, or a test protocol a source has developed for submission to other regulatory agencies, in a format approved by the cabinet, to the Division's Frankfort Central Office a minimum of sixty (60) days prior to the scheduled test date. Pursuant to 401 KAR 50:045, Section 7, the Division shall be notified of the actual test date at least Thirty (30) days prior to the test.
  - b. Pursuant to 401 KAR 50:045, Section 5, in order to demonstrate that a source is capable of complying with a standard at all times, any required performance test shall be conducted under normal conditions that are representative of the source's operations and create the highest rate of emissions. If [When] the maximum production rate represents a source's highest emissions rate and a performance test is conducted at less than the maximum production rate, a source shall be limited to a production rate of no greater than 110 percent of the average production rate during the performance tests. If and when the facility is capable of operation at the rate specified in the application, the source may retest to demonstrate compliance at the new production rate. The Division for Air Quality may waive these requirements on a case-by-case basis if the source demonstrates to the Division's satisfaction that the source is in compliance with all applicable requirements.
  - c. Results of performance test(s) required by the permit shall be submitted to the Division by the source or its representative within forty-five days or sooner if required by an applicable standard, after the completion of the fieldwork.
- 6. Acid Rain Program Requirements

If an applicable requirement of Federal Statute 42 USC 7401 through 7671q (the Clean Air Act) is more stringent than an applicable requirement promulgated pursuant to Federal Statute 42 USC 7651 through 76510 (Title IV of the Act), both provisions shall apply, and both shall be state and federally enforceable.

- 7. <u>Emergency Provisions</u>
  - a. Pursuant to 401 KAR 52:030, Section 23(1), an emergency shall constitute an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with the technology-based emission limitations if the permittee demonstrates through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that:
    - (1) An emergency occurred and the permittee can identify the cause of the emergency;
    - (2) The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
    - (3) During an emergency, the permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emissions standards or other requirements in the permit; and,

- (4) The permittee notified the Division as promptly as possible and submitted written notice of the emergency to the Division within two (2) working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to an emergency. The notice shall include a description of the emergency, steps taken to mitigate emissions, and the corrective actions taken.
- (5) Notification of the Division does not relieve the source of any other local, state or federal notification requirements.
- b. Emergency conditions listed in General Provision G.7.a above are in addition to any emergency or upset provision(s) contained in an applicable requirement [401 KAR 52:030, Section 23(3)].
- c. In an enforcement proceeding, the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency shall have the burden of proof [401 KAR 52:030, Section 23(2)].

#### 8. Ozone depleting substances

- a. The permittee shall comply with the standards for recycling and emissions reduction pursuant to 40 CFR 82, Subpart F, except as provided for Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners (MVACs) in Subpart B:
  - (1) Persons opening appliances for maintenance, service, repair, or disposal shall comply with the required practices contained in 40 CFR 82.156.
  - (2) Equipment used during the maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances shall comply with the standards for recycling and recovery equipment contained in 40 CFR 82.158.
  - (3) Persons performing maintenance, service, repair, or disposal of appliances shall be certified by an approved technician certification program pursuant to 40 CFR 82.161.
  - (4) Persons disposing of small appliances, MVACs, and MVAC-like appliances (as defined at 40 CFR 82.152) shall comply with the recordkeeping requirements pursuant to 40 CFR 82.166.
  - (5) Persons owning commercial or industrial process refrigeration equipment shall comply with the leak repair requirements pursuant to 40 CFR 82.156.
  - (6) Owners/operators of appliances normally containing 50 or more pounds of refrigerant shall keep records of refrigerant purchased and added to such appliances pursuant to 40 CFR 82.166.
- b. If the permittee performs service on motor (fleet) vehicle air conditioners containing ozone-depleting substances, the source shall comply with all applicable requirements as specified in 40 CFR 82, Subpart B, *Servicing of Motor Vehicle Air Conditioners*.

- 9. <u>Risk Management Provisions</u>
  - a. The permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements of 401 KAR Chapter 68, Chemical Accident Prevention, which incorporates by reference 40 CFR Part 68, Risk Management Plan provisions. If required, the permittee shall comply with the Risk Management Program and submit a Risk Management Plan to U.S. EPA using the RMP\* eSubmit software.
  - b. If requested, submit additional relevant information to the Division or the U.S. EPA.

## **SECTION H - ALTERNATE OPERATING SCENARIOS**

N/A

## **SECTION I - COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE**

N/A