User’s Guide

Check Up Program for Small Systems
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1 Introduction

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) developed CUPSS as a user-friendly desktop application to promote the integration of asset management activities into utility practices. CUPSS leads users through a series of modules to collect information on the utility’s assets, operation and maintenance activities, and financial status to produce a prioritized asset inventory, financial reports, and a customized asset management plan.

CUPSS is free software that will make managing assets easier. It’s a desktop system, so no Internet connection is needed and the software requirements are minimal. CUPSS was designed and developed with input and suggestions from a diverse stakeholder group.

1.1 CUPSS and Asset Management

CUPSS is designed to help you establish a successful asset management program. Asset management is important for many reasons. Managing assets helps a utility run more efficiently, so you’ll spend less time and energy tracking tasks and finances. Three important components of asset management are a comprehensive list of current assets, including information on their condition and useful life; an understanding of the daily/monthly/yearly tasks to maximize the useful life of the assets; and a clear organization system for financial records, which will help identify trends and determine the full cost of doing business. Successful asset management programs are characterized by a commitment to:

- Allocate people, time, and other resources to implement the program
- Focus on making cost-effective asset decisions
- Provide a sustainable level of service for the community

By choosing CUPSS, you are already on your way to using asset management!

1.2 Benefits of Using CUPSS

CUPSS is designed to help small water and wastewater utilities support budget discussions with solid facts and numbers, boost the efficiency of the utility, save your staff time, and improve customer service by ensuring continual service at competitive prices. CUPSS will help you make determinations about the current state of the assets in your utility, the level of service you are aiming to uphold, which of your assets are critically important, what the minimum life cycle cost is, and what your long-term funding strategy is. The CUPSS program will also help you to prepare work orders and an asset management plan. An asset management plan will provide valuable information that you can use when you make management decisions about your utility. CUPSS will provide a snapshot of your utility that will allow someone with little knowledge to jump in and understand the state of the utility. The generated work orders can be used to help keep operation and maintenance, as well as compliance tasks, on schedule.

CUPSS is a tool created for you. You are the best resource for the program. The quality of the output of the program will be determined by how much information you put in: The more information you input, the more accurate and descriptive your results will be!
1.3 About This Guide

This *CUPSS User’s Guide* contains all the essential information for you, the user, to make full use of CUPSS. It includes a description of the functions and capabilities of CUPSS and step-by-step instructions for using the application to develop and implement an asset management plan. In addition, this guide contains information to help you install CUPSS onto your computer, as well as several worksheets that might help you personalize CUPSS for your utility.

1.4 How to Use This Guide

The *CUPSS User’s Guide* is designed to help you work with CUPSS. Use it in conjunction with the other CUPSS support documentation available at the CUPSS Web site and on the CUPSS CD. The *Getting Started with CUPSS Workbook* is an especially useful tool that will help you get the maximum benefit out of the CUPSS application.

1.5 Structure

The *CUPSS User’s Guide* is divided into chapters based on the CUPSS modules. An extra chapter describes the installation procedures. Each chapter contains instructions and helpful tips specific to a CUPSS module. Additional information is included in several appendices at the end of the document. Topics are cross-referenced within the document to provide a comprehensive understanding of how the various modules are integrated.

1.6 Points of Contact

For additional help with CUPSS, please send an email to cupss@epa.gov or visit the CUPSS Web site at http://www.epa.gov/cupss.
2 Installation Instructions

The following instructions walk you through the CUPSS installation process. The instructions assume you already have a copy of the CUPSS installation file saved to your computer (if you downloaded the software from the CUPSS Web site at http://www.epa.gov/cupss) or that you have a copy of the CUPSS installation CD.

Take Note! It is recommended that you close all other applications before running the CUPSS installation wizard.

2.1 Launch the CUPSS Installation Wizard

If you downloaded the CUPSS application from the CUPSS Web site, a copy of the installation is saved to a location on your computer. Navigate to that file and open (double-click or right-click and select “Open”) the cupss_install.exe file. This launches the installation wizard (Figure 2.1).

If you are installing CUPSS from the CUPSS CD, the installation wizard should open automatically when the CD is loaded. If the wizard does not open automatically, open “My Computer” and navigate to the contents of the CUPSS CD. Open the cupss_install.exe file to launch the installation wizard (Figure 2.1).

![Figure 2.1 Introduction](image)

The left side of the wizard shows the steps required for installation. The right side provides instructions for what to do next. Click “Next” to proceed to the next step: Choose a Shortcut Folder (Figure 2.2).
Figure 2.2 Choose Shortcut Folder

Use the radio buttons to indicate where you would like to add a shortcut button to the CUPSS application. Click “Next” when you are done to proceed to the next step: Choose Install Folder (Figure 2.3).

Figure 2.3 Choose Install Folder

The installation wizard selects a default location for the CUPSS program files. If you would like to select a different location, click “Choose…” and navigate to the folder where you want the files to be saved. To reset the save location to the CUPSS default choice, click “Restore Default Folder.” When you are done, click “Next” to move to the next step: Pre-Installation Summary (Figure 2.4).
Review the installation summary information to make sure it’s correct. If there is something you wish to change, use the “Previous” button to navigate back to earlier screens, where you can make corrections. If you are satisfied with the selections, click “Install” to install CUPSS.

When the installation is done, you’ll see a confirmation screen (Figure 2.5).

You can now navigate to the place you stored CUPSS to open and use the application. (You should also be able to find CUPSS in your computer’s “Start” menu.)
2.2 Uninstall CUPSS

To uninstall CUPSS, navigate to the CUPSS link in the “Start” menu and select the “Uninstall” link (Figure 2.6).

![Figure 2.6 Navigating to CUPSS program and selecting "Uninstall"]

This will open the CUPSS uninstall wizard (Figure 2.7).

![Figure 2.7 Uninstall CUPSS]

Click “Uninstall” to continue or “Cancel” to quit the uninstall wizard.

CUPSS will automatically uninstall all files related to the application. You will see a confirmation screen once the uninstall is complete (Figure 2.8).
Click “Done” to complete the uninstall.
3 Getting Started

The first time you run CUPSS on your computer, it will run the *Getting Started* module. This module prompts you to enter some basic information about your utility, schedule standard operation and maintenance tasks, and add user information for your project team. You will need to go through the setup process only once. Later, you can use the tools available within the application to edit and update this information.

There are five steps in the *Getting Started* module:

1. Enter utility information
2. Enter user information
3. Schedule operation and maintenance tasks
4. Enter information about your project team
5. Review and save data

3.1 CUPSS Startup

If the CUPSS application is not already open, run CUPSS by selecting it from your program menu or by using the desktop icon. On the initial page (Figure 3.1), click the “Enter Your CUPSS” button to proceed to the startup page. If you would like to see an example of a completed CUPSS program, click the “Enter Example CUPSS” button. Information (including the username and password) is pre-populated in the example to show you what your CUPSS can and will look like.

![Welcome to CUPSS page](image)

Figure 3.1 Welcome to CUPSS page

After you click “Enter Your CUPSS,” you will be taken to the startup page (Figure 3.2). Click on “Let’s Get Started” to enter the *Getting Started* module. Click on “Do Some Training” to learn more about CUPSS and how to set up your application.
Take Note! It’s important to note that the data you enter in the Getting Started module will not be saved until you complete all five steps. If you close CUPSS before working through the entire Getting Started module, your data will be lost and you will need to go through the process again the next time you open CUPSS.

Your progress through the Getting Started module is shown using a tracking image at the top of each page (Figure 3.3).

3.2 Utility Information

The first task in the setup process is to enter information about your utility. Figure 3.4 shows the Utility Information page. Here, you will set up the project and utility for which you will manage an inventory, enter operation and maintenance tasks, input financial information, and create an asset management plan. Table 3.1 provides additional information about the fields available on this page.

It’s possible to store information for more than one project and more than one utility within CUPSS. After the initial setup, you can go back and add additional projects or utilities and manage the assets for each (see Section 4.5 for more information).

Please notice the “Do Some Training” button in the upper right of the Utility Information page. Every setup screen has this button, and clicking it will provide additional information on how to get started with CUPSS.
Table 3.1 Fields available on the Utility Information page

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Utility Name *</td>
<td>Enter the name of the utility. If you have multiple projects, add the project name beside the utility name (e.g., [Utility Name] - [Project Name]).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Facility *</td>
<td>Use the radio buttons to indicate whether this is a drinking water or wastewater facility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PWSID (Drinking water facilities only) *</td>
<td>This field is made available if you select “Drinking Water” as the facility type. Enter the Public Water System identification number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated Number of Connections (Drinking water facilities only) *</td>
<td>This field is made available if you select “Drinking Water” as the facility type. Enter the number of customers receiving drinking water from the utility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NPDES NUMBER (Wastewater facilities only)*</td>
<td>This field is made available if you select “Wastewater” as the utility type. Enter your National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System number here.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow (mgd) (Wastewater facilities only)*</td>
<td>This field is made available if you select “Wastewater” as the utility type. Enter the number of millions of gallons per day processed through the utility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Street Address *</td>
<td>Enter the street address of the utility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City *</td>
<td>Enter the city where the utility is located.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State *</td>
<td>Select the state where the utility is located from the dropdown menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zip *</td>
<td>Enter the ZIP Code of the utility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone</td>
<td>Enter the phone number for the utility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fax</td>
<td>Enter the fax number for the utility.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Indicates a required field.

When you have completed the form, click “Continue” to move to the next step.

If you try to move to the next page without filling out all the required fields, you will see an error message (Figure 3.5) with a list of fields that require data before you can continue. This is true for all forms in the CUPSS application.
3.3 User Information

The second step in the Getting Started module is to enter your personal information to set up your user account. All users can add new project and utility information, determine who can access the various projects set up within CUPSS, and add additional project team members. Figure 3.6 shows the User Information page, and Table 3.2 provides additional information about the fields available on the page.

Table 3.2 Fields available on User Information page

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Name *</td>
<td>Enter your first name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle Initial</td>
<td>Enter your middle initial, if applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Name *</td>
<td>Enter your last name.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
When you have completed the form, click “Continue” to move to the next page.

### 3.4 Operation and Maintenance

The next step is to set up a preliminary set of operation and maintenance (O&M) tasks for the utility. This section of the Getting Started module is spread out over four pages. These tasks are important for successful maintenance and management of your utility. The default tasks identified in CUPSS are recommended to help you reach your Level of Service goals (explained in Section 9.3.2). Tasks are presented based on frequency of occurrence. On the first page, you are presented with a list of standard maintenance tasks common to many utilities that typically occur on a daily basis. The next three pages show weekly, monthly and annual tasks. If you are currently not performing these tasks you may consider reviewing and incorporating them into your operation and maintenance strategy.

For all four pages, use the checkboxes next to the task name to select which tasks to add to your O&M schedule and use the fields to the right of each listed task to establish the frequency with which these tasks occur.

All tasks selected and scheduled in the Getting Started module are added to the CUPSS calendar. You will be able to modify, delete, and add tasks from within My O&M once you complete the initial setup process, however you will not be able to access these exact screens after completing the process.

The tasks presented in CUPSS come from EPA’s Preventive Maintenance Card File for Small Public Water Systems Using Ground Water. This publication is available on the “Resources” page of the CUPSS Web site at http://www.epa.gov/cupss.

#### 3.4.1 Daily Tasks

The first page of the O&M section shows tasks that typically occur daily (Figure 3.7).
The standard list of daily tasks includes

- Check water meter readings and record water production.
- Check chemical solution tanks and record amounts used.
- Check and record water levels in storage tanks.
- Inspect chemical feed pumps.
- Check and record chlorine residual at the point of application.
- Check and record chlorine residual in the distribution system.
- Inspect booster pump stations.
- Check and record fluoride concentration in the distribution system.
- Record well pump running times and pump cycle starts.
- Check instrumentation for proper signal input/output.
- Investigate customer complaints. Use special “Telephone Threat” card to record threats or suspicious activity.
- Complete a daily security check.
- Inspect heater operation during winter months.
- Inspect well pumps, motors, and controls.
By default, all tasks are selected when the Daily Tasks page is first opened. If there are tasks you do not perform at your utility, deselect the tasks (click the checkbox next to each task you do not wish to include in your calendar, and the check mark will disappear).

If you perform some of the tasks on the Daily Tasks page on a weekly, monthly, or annual basis, use the fields to the right of the task to change the frequency of occurrence. (There is no need to change anything if the task is performed daily.) Table 3.3 explains how to use these fields.

Table 3.3 Fields available on the O&M pages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Daily Task checkbox</td>
<td>Use the checkbox to add this task to your operation and maintenance calendar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task Frequency (“Change tasks recurrence frequency to:”)</td>
<td>If you do not want this task to occur daily, use the dropdown menu to select how often this task should occur. Your selection will control which of the remaining fields are available. If you select monthly, for example, only the fields related to monthly tasks are made available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weekly recurrence every Week(s) on</td>
<td>Indicate how many weeks should elapse between scheduled recurrences. Use the dropdown menu to indicate on which day of the week the task should be performed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monthly recurrence on</td>
<td>Use the dropdown menu to select the week within the month in which the task will be scheduled. Then use the second dropdown menu to indicate on which day of that week the task should be performed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual recurrence the</td>
<td>Use the first dropdown menu to indicate the week within the month in which the task will be scheduled. Use the second dropdown menu to indicate on which day of that week the task should be performed. Finally, use the third dropdown menu to indicate the month in which the task should be performed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When you have finished entering data, click “Continue” at the bottom of the page to proceed to the next page.

3.4.2 Weekly Tasks

The next page of the O&M section lists tasks commonly performed on a weekly basis (Figure 3.8).
The standard list of weekly tasks includes:

- Inspect chlorine and fluoride testing equipment.
- Clean pump house and grounds. Make sure fire hydrants are accessible.
- Record pumping rate for each well or source water pump.
- Conduct weekly security check.

By default, all tasks are selected when the Weekly Tasks page is first opened. If there are tasks you do not perform at your utility, deselect the tasks (click the checkbox next to each task you do not wish to include to remove the check mark).

If you perform some of the tasks on the Weekly Tasks page on a daily, monthly, or annual basis, use the field to the right of the task to change the frequency of occurrence (there is no need to change anything if the task is performed weekly). Table 3.3 (above) explains how to use these fields.

When you have finished entering data, click “Continue” at the bottom of the page to proceed to the next page.

### 3.4.3 Monthly Tasks

The next page of the O&M section lists tasks commonly performed on a monthly basis (Figure 3.9).
The standard list of monthly tasks includes:

- Read electric meter at pump house and record.
- Take appropriate monthly water quality samples.
- Check and record static and pumping levels of each well.
- Read all customer meters and compare against total water produced for the month.
- Inspect well heads.
- Lubricate locks.
- Check on-site readings against lab results.
- Confirm submittal of monthly reports.

By default, all tasks are selected when the Monthly Tasks page is first opened. If there are tasks you do not perform at your utility, deselect the tasks (click the checkbox next to each task you do not wish to include to remove the check mark).

If you perform some of the tasks on the Monthly Tasks page on a daily, weekly, or annual basis, use the fields to the right of the task to change the frequency of occurrence (there is no need to change anything if the task is performed monthly). Table 3.3 (above) explains how to use these fields.

When you have finished entering data, click “Continue” at the bottom of the page to proceed to the next page.

### 3.4.4 Annual Tasks

The next page of the O&M section lists tasks commonly performed on an annual basis (Figure 3.10).
The standard list of annual tasks includes (default recurrence frequency shown in parentheses):

- Overhaul chemical feed pumps (O-rings, check valves, and diaphragms). (first Monday in January)
- Inspect and clean chemical feed lines and solution tanks. (first Monday in January)
- Calibrate chemical feed pumps after overhaul. (first Monday in January)
- Begin Safety Equipment Repair Log. Maintain log continuously throughout the year. (first Monday in January)
- Operate all valves inside the treatment plant and pump house. Maintain log continuously throughout the year. (first Monday in January)
- Review emergency response plans. (first Monday in January)
- Inspect chemical safety equipment and repair or replace as needed. (first Monday in February)
- Operate all valves inside the treatment plant and pump house. (first Monday in February)
- Inspect, clean, and repair control panels in pump house and treatment plant. (first Monday in March)
- Exercise half of all mainline valves. (first Monday in March)
- Inspect and clean chemical feed lines and solution tanks. (first Monday in April)
- Calibrate chemical feed pumps. (first Monday in April)
- Inspect storage tanks for defects and sanitary deficiencies. (first Monday in May)
- Clean storage tanks if necessary. (first Monday in May)
- Flush the distribution system and exercise/check all fire hydrant valves. (first Monday in June)
- Perform preventive maintenance on treatment plant and pump house buildings. (first Monday in June)
- Inspect and clean chemical feed lines and solution tanks. (first Monday in July)
- Calibrate chemical feed pumps. (first Monday in July)
☐ Prepare a demand forecast. Identify and evaluate energy conservation measures (for your utility). Identify and evaluate distribution system leaks. Establish/update water loss mitigation program. Establish/update customer incentive program for water-efficient home devices. (first Monday in July)

☐ Operate all valves inside the treatment plant and pump house. (first Monday in August)

☐ Exercise mainline valves that were not exercised in March. (first Monday in September)

☐ Prepare system for winter operation. This task may be postponed until October or November, depending on local conditions. (first Monday in September)

☐ Make sure unnecessary equipment is properly decommissioned. (first Monday in September)

☐ Inspect and clean chemical feed lines and solution tanks. (first Monday in October)

☐ Calibrate chemical feed pumps. (first Monday in October)

☐ Prepare system for winter operation if not completed in September or October. (first Monday in November)

☐ Contact an electrician to check running amps on well pumps. (first Monday in December)

By default, all tasks are selected when the Annual Tasks page is first opened. If there are tasks you do not perform at your utility, deselect the tasks (click the checkbox next to each task you do not wish to include to remove the check mark).

If you perform some of the tasks on the Annual Tasks page on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis, use the fields to the right of the task to change the frequency of occurrence (there is no need to change anything if the task is performed annually). Table 3.3 (above) explains how to use these fields.

When you have finished entering data, click “Continue” at the bottom of the page to proceed to the next page.

3.5 Assemble Your Team

Next, it is time to enter information about the people associated with this project—your team members. Your team is a critical component of your day-to-day operations. It is important to coordinate with them as you work through the CUPSS application and implement your asset management plan. The team section can be revisited as you work through CUPSS.

Your team might include the following people:

- Water system operators and engineers (including upper management)
- Local and elected officials (e.g., mayor, council, town manager)
- Accounting staff
- Information technology staff
- Treasurer
- Other infrastructure managers and staff from other utilities (e.g., roads, sewers, and electric)
- Representatives from conservation and environmental groups
- Representatives from neighboring water districts
- Members of the community
- Anyone else you work with in your day-to-day operations

To help in successfully implementing your asset management plan, your team should be supported by political leaders who have the authority and willingness to commit public resources and personnel to your utility.

Benefits to My Utility
CUPSS can help you save your team member contacts in one easy to find place. These team members will later help you prepare and implement your My CUPSS Asset Management Plan.
Moreover, the team should be composed of key decision makers who represent the departments involved with asset management. For more information on how to build a successful asset management team, see the EPA publication *Building an Asset Management Team* (December 2007, EPA 816-F-07-013).

CUPSS includes information about all the team members in your CUPSS Management Plan. (See Chapter 9 to learn more about the CUPSS Asset Management Plan.)

### 3.5.1 Add Team Members

Use the fields on the *Team* page to enter information about each team member (Figure 3.11). Table 3.4 provides additional information about the fields available on the *Team* page.

![Figure 3.11 Team page](image)

Additional team members can be added later within the CUPSS application using the *Create User* feature. (See Section 4.3.1.3 for more information on adding additional team members.)

Team members can be set up as CUPSS users or as nonusers. Team members established as CUPSS users are given a username and password to access the application for the purposes of adding and editing project information. When you first set up a team member as a CUPSS user, you can give the team member a preliminary username and password. Then give this information to the team member so he or she can log into CUPSS. All users can change their user information at any time through the *Set Up* feature. (See Section 4.3.1.1 for more information about the *Set Up* feature.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First Name *</td>
<td>Enter the first name of the person you are adding to the team.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle Initial</td>
<td>Enter the middle initial of the person you are adding to the team.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Name *</td>
<td>Enter the last name of the person you are adding to the team.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUPSS User checkbox</td>
<td>Indicate whether this team member is also a CUPSS user. Team members designated as CUPSS users are given access to the project when they log in to their own user accounts. They also have the ability to add and edit information within CUPSS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Organization</td>
<td>Enter the organization this team member belongs to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Enter the job title of the team member. This title may relate to a job within your utility or within another organization.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-mail</td>
<td>Enter the primary e-mail address of the team member. This address is used only within CUPSS and will not be included in the Asset Management Plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role *</td>
<td>Select the role the team member plays from the dropdown menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Same as facility checkbox</td>
<td>Indicate whether the address for this team member is the same as the address entered for the facility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Street Address</td>
<td>If the mailing address is different than that of the facility, enter the street address for the team member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City</td>
<td>Enter the name of the city.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>Select a state from the dropdown menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zip</td>
<td>Enter the ZIP Code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone</td>
<td>Enter a phone number for the team member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fax</td>
<td>Enter a fax number for the team member.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enter Username (required only if the CUPSS User checkbox is checked)</td>
<td>Enter a username for the team member (for CUPSS users only). Give this username to the team member so he or she can access CUPSS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enter Password (required only if the CUPSS User checkbox is checked)</td>
<td>Enter a password for the team member (for CUPSS users only). Give this password to the team member so he or she can access CUPSS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Confirm Password (only required if the CUPSS User checkbox is checked)</td>
<td>Reenter the password to confirm it.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Indicates a required field.

Click “Add Another Team Member” to save the record and clear the data entry form. The names of the people you already entered are displayed in a table below the data entry fields (Figure 3.12).

**Figure 3.12 Table showing existing team members**

It is possible to resize the column widths to view additional information in the row. Hold the cursor over the line between two columns until it changes to look like this: *↔*. Click and drag the line back and forth to resize the column width. The columns on all tables in CUPSS can be resized in this way.

To sort the data in the table, click on the column heading by which you wish to sort data. Click once to sort the data in ascending order. Click a second time to sort the data in descending order. A small arrow appears next to the column name to show whether the data are sorted in ascending (up arrow) or descending (down arrow) order.
3.5.2 Edit and Delete Team Member Information

Using the right mouse button to click the name of a team member in the table (“right-clicking”) offers you two more options: editing and deleting records. Select “Edit Row” to repopulate the form fields with the previously entered data for the selected team member. Select “Remove Row” to delete the team member from the list (Figure 3.13).

![Figure 3.13 Right-clicking on the name of a team member to edit or delete the record.](image)

When you have finished entering data on the Team page, click “Continue” to move to the next page.

3.6 Review

The Review page is the last page in the Getting Started module (Figure 3.14). Here, you can see all the information you have entered for your utility, for yourself (or the person you entered as the primary user for the utility), and for each team member. This page does not show the information entered on the O&M pages. You can view and edit maintenance tasks in the My O&M module after exiting the Getting Started module. (See Section 5.8 for more information.)

If you are satisfied with the information shown on the Review page, click the “Save and Continue” button at the bottom of the page to proceed.

Take Note! Once you click the “Save and Continue” button, you will no longer be prompted to go through the Getting Started module when you start CUPSS. Clicking “Save and Continue” permanently establishes the primary user (the person in charge of managing the accounts of other team members). If you are not sure whether you have entered the correct primary user, you can close CUPSS by clicking the button at the upper right corner of the application. This will prevent the database from saving the information you entered on the Getting Started pages and will allow you to access the Getting Started module the next time you open CUPSS. If you close CUPSS in this way, you will need to reenter all of your information because your data are not saved until you exit the Getting Started module.

To make changes to the data you entered in the Getting Started module, click “Back and Edit.” This will take you back to the Utility page (Section 3.2 above). You can view and edit the information you entered during the setup process as many times as needed before exiting the Getting Started module.
Once you click the “Save and Continue” button, you will be prompted to choose a directory to save the file to (Figure 3.15).
Select a file in the “Browse For Folder” popup and click “OK” (Figure 3.16). If you forget your username and password, it will be stored in this directory.

After completing the setup process, you are directed to the CUPSS home page. From the home page, you can access the CUPSS modules, which are described in the subsequent chapters.

Congratulations on setting up your first project!
You are well on your way to establishing an asset management program. Don’t forget to register your CUPSS program at http://www.epa.gov/cupss!
4 Login and Navigation

4.1 Login

Once you have gone through the setup process, the next time you log into CUPSS you will be asked for login information (Figure 4.1). If you are the one who set up CUPSS initially (by working through the Getting Started module), this information is the username and password you entered on the User Information page (see Figure 3.6 above). If you are not the one who set up CUPSS, the person who established you as a CUPSS user can provide you with the username and password set up for you. Username and password information can be changed at any time from within the CUPSS application. (See Section 4.5 for more information on modifying user information.)

Enter your username and password information in the available fields, and click “Login” to login.

If you don’t remember your username and password, don’t worry. The information has been stored in the directory you selected in Section 3.6. You will be prompted by a popup to check the directory (Figure 4.2). In the directory you selected during set up you’ll find a text document with your username and password.
4.1.1 Select Utility

Once you have successfully logged in, you are prompted to select the utility you wish to work on (Figure 4.3).

Use the dropdown menu to select the utility you wish to work with. Click “Load Utility” to work with the information for the selected utility. Only one utility can be selected at a time. This will take you to the CUPSS home page (Figure 4.4).

If the utility you wish to work on has not yet been entered into CUPSS, click “Add Another Utility” to go through a setup process to add information for another utility. (See Section 4.5 for more information about adding a utility.)
When the CUPSS My Home page first opens, you might see the Task Notification popup window (Figure 4.4). The Task Notification popup window shows all tasks that are currently due or past due. See Section 4.4.2 for more information about popup windows in CUPSS.

The CUPSS My Home page acts as a jumping-off point to all the CUPSS modules. It also provides some quick information about the status of your scheduled tasks and assets.

4.2 Navigating CUPSS

The My Home page is a good place to explore the standard navigation features of CUPSS. The CUPSS application window is divided into several sections:

- The navigation area, which includes the administration menu and the CUPSS module buttons
- The activity window, which is where you will view, edit, and manipulate data

4.3 Navigation Area

The navigation area (Figure 4.5) is available from almost any module. It allows you to jump between modules and change the settings for the utility.
4.3.1 Administration menu

The administration menu (in the upper right of the navigation area) helps you manage your CUPSS account and project information (Figure 4.6). The options available in the administration menu include

- Set-up
- Switch Utility
- Create User
- Help
- Training
- Exit

4.3.1.1 Set-up

The “Set-up” menu option launches the Set-up module, where you can edit the information about the current project (Utility Info), information about the primary user (User Info), and information about the project team members (Team). This module is very similar to the module that allows you to add another utility from the Select Utility page (see Figure 4.3 above). Section 4.5 describes the steps required to change information for your utility using the Set-up module.

4.3.1.2 Switch Utility

Use the “Switch Utility” option to change the active project. Here, you are presented with the same page you see when first logging into CUPSS (see Figure 4.3 above). Select a project from the dropdown menu. Click the “Load Utility” button to load data for the selected project, or click “Add Another Utility” to enter data for a new project. See Section 4.6 for more information on adding another project to CUPSS.

4.3.1.3 Create User

Click on the “Create User” link to add another member of your project team. This link takes you directly to the Team page within the Set-up module. Section 3.5 describes how to work with the Team page. The only difference between the Create User page and the Team page is that you have the option to exit the Create User page instead of continuing through the rest of the setup process. Click “Exit” to return to the My Home page.

4.3.1.4 Help

The “Help” link takes you to the CUPSS Help module. This module allows you to search for information on specific help topics using a dynamic help interface. More information on the CUPSS Help module is available in Chapter 10.

4.3.1.5 Training

For help with the form fields, click the “Training” link at the top of the My Inventory module to view Flash Tutorials that provide a brief walk-through of this section (Figure 4.7). You may be asked to download a Flash plug-in if these tutorials do not play.
4.3.1.6 Exit

Use “Exit” to leave CUPSS.

Take Note! This is the preferred method for exiting the application, and it ensures that all data are saved correctly. Avoid using the close window button (the one with the small “X”) at the upper right corner of the application window.

4.3.2 CUPSS Module Buttons

As discussed in the introduction (Chapter 1), CUPSS is divided into modules, or areas of functionality. The CUPSS module buttons allow you to navigate to the various data entry and reporting modules that help you manage the assets, tasks, and finances of your utility (Figure 4.8).

4.3.2.1 My Home

The My Home module provides quick access to specific tasks within the other modules. It also has a calendar showing past due and scheduled tasks and a status window that gives a snapshot of task and asset status. This page is described in further detail in Section 4.4.

4.3.2.2 My Inventory

The My Inventory module allows you to identify and characterize your water system’s assets. You can add and edit information for each asset to prioritize maintenance activities and better manage revenue for repairing and replacing assets. The My Inventory module is described in greater detail in Chapter 5.
4.3.2.3 My O&M

The My O&M module allows you to create and track current, future, and past operation and maintenance activities as scheduled and logged tasks. You can add tasks to the schedule and mark scheduled items as “completed,” thus moving them to the log, and incorporate all routine tasks and logging activities from the “Preventive Maintenance Card File for Small Public Water Systems Using Ground Water” and standard drinking water or wastewater task list. This module records the status and history of each task. It displays an alert if the task status is past due or critically past due, or if you should reassess the condition of an asset because maintenance was not performed as scheduled. The My O&M module is described in greater detail in Chapter 5.8.

4.3.2.4 My Finances

The My Finances module helps you determine the full costs of doing business and helps calculate the resources needed. This knowledge gives you the ability to discuss your needs within the context of a community budget. You’ll be able to provide the current year’s budget (at a minimum), report what was actually spent (financial statement) from the previous year, and calculate the annual costs of asset rehabilitation and replacement. The My Finances module is described in greater detail in Chapter 7.

4.3.2.5 My Check up

CUPSS generates two customizable reports: “My Asset Check Up Report” and “My Financial Check Up Report.” You can enter information to create targeted reports that will help to manage assets and plan for the future. The My Check up module is described in greater detail in Chapter 8.

4.3.2.6 My CUPSS Plan

The My CUPSS module assembles, using a predefined template, an asset management plan that has been pre-populated with the information and calculations you entered. CUPSS allows you to export the developed plan for modification and review. The My CUPSS Plan module is described in greater detail in Chapter 9.

4.4 Activity Window

The activity window is divided into three smaller windows (Figure 4.9). The main window provides quick links to some of the CUPSS functions. Click the “Create or Update My Inventory” link, for example, to go directly to the inventory page instead of navigating through the My Inventory module. These links are provided to give you fast access to common tasks.

Figure 4.9 The CUPSS My Home activity window
4.4.1 My Calendar

The “My Calendar” window gives a snapshot of upcoming and overdue tasks for a particular month (Figure 4.10). The current day is shown in blue; days with overdue tasks are shown in red; and days with upcoming scheduled tasks are shown in yellow. Be sure to re-visit your overdue tasks and update the information.

Use the arrow buttons to the left and right of the date to move forward and backward one month at a time. To jump farther in time, click on the date or year to navigate to a different month/year combination. To change the calendar to show August 2006, for example, click on the month to open the “select month” dropdown menu. Select “August” from the list to refresh the calendar to show the month of August for the current year. Next, click on the year and use the down arrow until you reach 2006. Hit the ENTER key or click outside the year field to refresh the calendar to change the year.

To view the activities scheduled for a given day, simply double-click on that day to open the My O&M module. In the module you can view, edit, and add tasks and work orders. See Chapter 6 for more information on the My O&M module.

Figure 4.10 My Calendar window

4.4.2 My Messages and Alerts

Use the “My Messages and Alerts” window to control whether popup alerts are used and to see what assets and tasks require your attention (Figure 4.11).

Figure 4.11 My Messages and Alerts window

4.4.2.1 Popup Messages

If you have popup messages turned on, you may see a popup window over the My Home page when you first log in (Figure 4.4). (“On” is the default setting.) This message box shows overdue tasks and a reminder of the current tasks for the day. To turn popup messages off, click the green box in the “My Messages and Alerts” window that reads “Popup Messages are On, Click To Turn Off” (Figure 4.11).

The message in the box will turn red and change to read “Popup Messages Are Off. Click to Turn On.” (Figure 4.12).
4.4.2.2 Status Table

The status table gives a picture of the current state of your assets and tasks (Figure 4.13).

Today’s Tasks

The number of tasks and work orders scheduled for the current day appears in the first row of the status table. Click on the number to open a popup window that lists all tasks for the day (Figure 4.13).

Right-click on any of the tasks in the window and click “Edit Row” to open the corresponding task form in the My O&M module. In the module, you can view and edit the task details. (See Section 6.1 for more information on creating and editing tasks.)

Click “Close” to close the popup window and return to the My Home page.

Tasks Currently Past Due

Past due tasks are those with dates earlier than the current date without a specified completion date. Click the number listed next to the “Tasks Currently Past Due” label to open a popup window that shows all overdue tasks. The popup window shows the task names and due dates (Figure 4.14).
Figure 4.14 Popup window showing past due tasks

Right-click on any of the tasks in the window and click “Edit Row” to open the corresponding task form in the My O&M module. In the module, you can view and edit the task details. (See Section 6.1 for more information on creating and editing tasks.)

Click “Close” to close the popup window and return to the My Home page.

Assets Needing Update

All assets that require updates are included in this window. Click the number listed next to the “Assets Needing Update” label to open a popup window that shows all of the assets needing update. Assets that need update are those assets that have associated tasks that are past due. It is important that as tasks are not completed on time that you update the condition of your asset based on the operation and maintenance tasks. The assets will require updating until the tasks associated with those assets are completed. This way you are able to better plan for assets that may fail earlier then expected due to improper maintenance. The popup window shows the task name and due date (Figure 4.15).

Figure 4.15 Popup window to show tasks requiring update

Right-click on any of the assets in the window and click “Edit Row” to open the corresponding asset in the My Inventory module. In the module, you can view and edit the asset details. (See Section 6.1 for more information on creating and editing assets.)

Click “Close” to close the popup window and return to the My Home page.
High Risk Assets

This number shows all assets that could have a major impact on the functioning of the utility if they fail. Assets at high risk should be monitored and immediate action taken to address these assets. This may include plans for repair, rehab or replacement of these assets. This alert will allow you to easily and consistently monitor and update the asset. Click the number listed next to the “High Risk Assets” label to open a popup window that shows all high risk assets. The popup window shows the task name and due date (Figure 4.16).

![High Risk Assets](image)

Figure 4.16 Popup window to show high risk assets.

Right-click on any of the assets in the window and click “Edit Row” to open the corresponding asset in the *My Inventory* module. In the module, you can view and edit the asset details. (See Section 6.1 for more information on creating and editing assets.)

Click “Close” to close the popup window and return to the *My Home* page.

4.5 Set-up Module

Use the “Set-up” link in the Administration menu to change information for the utility you are currently working on. The Set-up module allows you to modify information about the utility, your user information, and information about the project team members (Figure 4.17).

![Set-up Module](image)

Figure 4.17 Tracking bar for the Set-up module

The Set-up module is very similar to the Getting Started module (see Chapter 3).

4.5.1 Utility Information

The first page of the Set-up module allows you to edit information about the current utility. Figure 4.18 shows the Utility Information page. See Section 3.2 for more information on how to complete and edit this page.
When you have completed the form, click “Continue” to move to the next page. To exit the Set-up module, click “Exit” at the bottom of the page.

### 4.5.2 User Information

Next, you will be able to edit information for the current user (Figure 4.19). See Section 3.3 for more information on how to edit the information on this page.

When you have completed the form, click “Continue” to move to the next page. To exit the Set-up module, click “Exit” at the bottom of the page.
4.5.3 Team Information

On the next page you can add or edit team member information (Figure 4.20). You can select from the list of existing CUPSS users, as well as enter new team members specific to this project.

![Check Up Program for Small Systems](image)

**Figure 4.20 Enter information for project team members**

To enter a new team member, select an existing user from the dropdown menu. Your username will not appear as an option. Section 3.5 gives more information on how to work with the fields on this form.

Right click on the team member and then click “Edit Row” to update a team member’s record. Click “Continue” to move to the Review page. Click “Exit” to return to the My Home page.

4.5.4 Review

The Review page is the last page in the Set-up module (Figure 4.21). You can see all the information you have entered for your utility, yourself, and each team member.
Figure 4.21 Review your project information

If you are satisfied with the information shown on the Review page, click “Save and Continue” to save your edits and return to the My Home page.

To make changes, click “Back and Edit” to return to the Utility page. You can view and edit the information entered during the setup process as many times as needed before exiting the Set-up module. You will not lose any of the information you’ve already entered by going back to edit information.

Click “Exit” to exit the Set-up module without saving your information.

4.6 Add Another Utility

The Add Utility module allows you to add information for a new utility. You can add information for a new project and utility using the Select or Switch Utility page (see Figure 4.3 above). This is the screen that first appears when you log in to CUPSS. You can also get to this page in CUPSS by clicking the “Switch Utility” link in the Administration menu at the top of the CUPSS window. The “Add Another Utility” button on the Select Utility page opens the Add Utility module.

Benefits to My Utility

CUPSS lets you add as many utilities as you like. If you manage a drinking and wastewater utility you can create a single My CUPSS Asset Management Plan for both utilities.
The *Add Utility* module allows you to add utility, operation and maintenance, and team information for a new project and utility (Figure 4.22). You are not prompted to add user information because CUPSS assumes that the current user should be added to the team for the new utility.

![Figure 4.22 Tracking bar for the Add Utility module](image)

### 4.6.1 Utility Information

The first task in the *Add Utility* module is to add information about the new utility. Figure 4.23 shows the *Project and Utility Information* page. Here, you will set up a project and utility for which you will manage an inventory, operation and maintenance tasks, financial information, and an asset management plan.

![Figure 4.23 Utility Information page](image)

See Section 3.2 for more information on how to complete and edit this page.

When you have completed the form, click “Continue” to move to the next page. To exit the *Add Utility* module, click “Exit” at the bottom of the page.

### 4.6.2 O&M Tasks

The next step in the *Add Utility* module is to set up a preliminary set of operation and maintenance tasks for the utility. This section of the module is spread out over four pages. Tasks are presented based on frequency of occurrence. On the first page, you are presented with a list of standard maintenance tasks common to many utilities that typically occur daily. The next three pages show weekly, monthly and annual tasks.

For all four pages, use the checkboxes next to the task name to select which tasks to add to your O&M schedule and use the fields to the right of each listed task to establish the frequency with which these tasks occur.

All tasks selected and scheduled in this module are added to the CUPSS calendar. You will be able to modify, delete, and add tasks from within CUPSS once you are done with the setup tasks.

See Section 3.4 for more information on how to complete the O&M pages.
4.6.3 Team Information

On the next page you can add or edit team member information (Figure 4.24). You are able to select from the list of existing CUPSS users, as well as enter new team members specific to this project.

To enter a new team member, select an existing user from the dropdown menu. Your username will not appear as an option. (You are automatically part of the project team because you are the one who set up the project.) Selecting a user from the dropdown menu automatically adds his or her information to the form fields.

Section 3.5 gives more information on how to assemble your project team.

4.6.4 Review

The Review page is the last page in the Add Utility module (Figure 4.25). Here, you can see all the information you have entered for your utility and for each team member. This page does not show the information entered on the O&M pages. You can view and edit maintenance tasks in the My O&M module after exiting the Add Utility module.
If you are satisfied with the information shown on the Review page, click “Save and Continue” to proceed. To make changes, click “Back and Edit” to return to the Utility page. You can view and edit the information entered during the setup process as many times as needed before exiting the Add Utility module. You will not lose any of the information you’ve already entered by going back to edit information.

4.6.5 Select Utility

After CUPSS has saved the new project data, you again have the option to select the project you wish to work on from the Select Utility page. The project you just entered should be available in the dropdown menu (Figure 4.26).

![Select Utility](image)

Figure 4.26 The new project available on the Select Utility page
5 My Inventory

Why Use Asset Management?

The City of Portland writes of its experience with asset management: Evaluating the hydrants was our first attempt at applying asset management concepts to our assets. This evaluation generated interest in exploring other areas of our system. This highlighted for us that you can start small and ‘cut your teeth’ on smaller asset groups and still experience the benefits of asset management. It also allowed us to master the asset management concepts without becoming overwhelmed by the magnitude of our system needs.

The My Inventory module helps you to manage the assets for the utility (Figure 5.1).

Figure 5.1 My Inventory page

The My Inventory activity window is divided into four windows:

1. **Asset Inventory** allows you to select an action or task from a menu of options. Selecting an option from the list opens a new portion of the module in the activity window. The options available are
   - Create or Edit My Schematic
   - Create or Edit My Inventory List
   - View My Inventory List
   - View My Capital Improvement Project
• Search

2. **My Project Schematic** is a visual representation of all assets tracked for this utility. Edit the schematic by selecting “Create or Edit My Schematic” from the menu in the My Project Asset Inventory window.

3. **Asset Risk Matrix** is a graph that shows the risk category of each tracked asset.

4. **Inventoried Asset List** shows all tracked assets by asset category.

To add, edit, or view information about your assets, select one of the options from the Asset Inventory window.

5.1 **Create or Edit My Schematic**

In addition to creating an inventory of all utility assets, it is useful to develop a system map that documents the locations of and linkages between these assets. The *My Schematic* feature allows you to do this. Here, you can create a visual map of your system assets, which will help to ensure that you enter all of your important assets. It will also show the interconnectedness of your assets. The visual map of your systems assets will be included in the final *My CUPSS Plan* and will serve as a brief introduction for someone who is less familiar with your utility.

The schematic provides a visual overview of your system. It is an interactive feature with benefits for both the person creating the map and readers of your asset management plan. This process will challenge you to think of all the assets in your system from intake to output. It will ensure that, if desired, all assets will be available to monitor using the various CUPSS modules. The schematic feature allows persons not familiar with your facility to gain a comprehensive understanding of your utility through a picture alone. This general understanding of the utility will be invaluable as they consider management decisions that might affect the utility.

5.1.1 **Accessing the Schematic**

The schematic editing window can be accessed from the *My Home* page, as well as through the *My Inventory* module. From the *My Inventory* module, click the “Create or Edit My Schematic” link from the Asset Inventory window (Figure 5.2) to open the schematic editing window (Figure 5.3).

![Figure 5.2 Asset Inventory window](CUPSS User's Guide 49)
5.1.2 Editing and Creating a Schematic

You can perform many activities within the editing window.

- Add an asset
- Delete an asset
- Learn more about the asset
- Move the asset
- Connect assets
- Zoom in and out

Tasks performed in the schematic editing window depend on the activation and deactivation of certain elements. As you work with the elements on the screen, be aware of which tools and assets are activated. Actions are performed based on which tool button is activated and which asset type is activated. Staying aware of what is activated will make the process move more smoothly.

5.1.2.1 Schematic Editing Toolbar

At the top left corner of the schematic editing area are a series of buttons (Figure 5.4). They allow you to manipulate the data on the schematic editing area, save data, and get help. Table 5.1 describes the function of each button. You can also determine what each button does by holding your cursor over the button. A tool tip will appear with a brief description of the button’s function.
Table 5.1 Schematic editing buttons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Button</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>How this button is used</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Zoom" /></td>
<td>Zoom</td>
<td>Click to activate the Zoom feature. This allows you to use either the middle scroll wheel on your mouse or the plus (+) or minus (-) buttons on your keyboard to zoom in and out on the editing window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Full Extent" /></td>
<td>Full Extent</td>
<td>Click to activate the Full Extent feature when you are finished with the Zoom feature. This enables the editing window to resize to the default view of the full schematic extent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Identify Asset" /></td>
<td>Identify Asset</td>
<td>Click to activate the Identify Asset feature. This allows you to then click an asset in the editing window to see the category, type, and name of the asset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Move Asset" /></td>
<td>Move Asset</td>
<td>Click to activate the Move Asset feature. This allows you to then click and drag an asset in the editing window to move it to a new location.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Link Assets" /></td>
<td>Link Assets</td>
<td>Click to activate the Link Assets feature. To show the linkages between different assets, click and drag a line from the source asset to the receiving asset. Release the mouse button to complete the link. The two assets are now linked by an arrow showing the direction of flow.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Delete Asset" /></td>
<td>Delete Asset</td>
<td>To activate the Delete Asset feature, click on the asset you wish to delete. Then click the Delete Asset button. A warning message will open to confirm your intention to delete. Click “Yes” to delete the asset or “No” to return to the editing window without deleting the asset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Save" /></td>
<td>Save</td>
<td>Click to save the current layout of the schematic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Help" /></td>
<td>Help</td>
<td>Click to open a help window displaying section 5.1, Create or Edit My Schematic, of the CUPSS User’s Guide.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.1.2.2 Add an asset to the editing window

First, find the appropriate asset category image in the option boxes on the right side of the window. The available assets are grouped into asset categories:

- **Source**
- **Pumping Facility**
- **Treatment**
- **Storage**
- **Collection**
- **Distribution**
- **Other**

The Source category is open by default when you first view the My Schematic page. To view assets in other categories, click on the category title (Figure 5.5). Drinking water and wastewater water utilities have different associated asset categories and types (e.g., Drinking water utilities will see the “Source” category and the “Wells and Springs” type but wastewater utilities will not). The categories, however, each contain the same associated type (e.g., A drinking water utility will see the same asset types, such as “Wells and Springs”, under the “Source” category as they would under the “Distribution” category). A full list of assets is available in Appendix F.
Figure 5.5 Clicking on the category title to view assets

Use the scrollbars in the asset category window to find the correct asset type. Next, click the asset type you wish to add to the window; then click on the editing window (it does not matter where because you can move the asset later if necessary).

When you click in the editing area, a picture of the selected asset type appears and you are prompted to give the asset a name (Figure 5.6). Assets placed onto the schematic are automatically added to your asset inventory with basic information (including asset name and category).

Take Note! To edit the asset name and other details, use the My Inventory module, where the asset can be edited from the Inventoried Asset List, on the My Inventory page or the Asset Inventory page, and from the My Inventory List page. Alternatively, you can delete the asset from the schematic and add it back with the correct name; however, you will lose asset details if you have specified them.

5.1.2.3 Working with assets in the editing window

Once you’ve added an asset to the editing window, you can manipulate the image to create a diagram that gives a better picture of how your assets are connected and distributed. Within the editing window you can:

- Identify images
- Move images
- Link images
- Delete images

Just like the other aspects of CUPSS, you can add all of your assets at one time or create the schematic in stages.
Identify an asset

Use the Identify button to determine the name and type of any asset in the editing window. Click the “Identify Asset” button once to activate it; then click on any asset in the editing window. A small window opens showing the name and type of the selected asset (Figure 5.7).

![Figure 5.7 Clicking on an asset to identify it](image)

Move an asset

To move an asset within the editing window, click on the “Move Asset” button and then click and drag an asset within the editing window. Release the mouse button to drop the asset in a new location.

Link assets

It is possible to show directionality and connections between two or more assets by linking them. Linkages are shown in the form of an arrow pointing from a source asset to a target asset. To show these linkages in the schematic, first click the “Link Assets” button to activate it. Next, click on the source asset (the place where water comes from) and drag a line to the target asset (the place to which water moves). Release the mouse button to complete the link. The line will become an arrow pointing in the direction of flow (Figure 5.8). It is important to keep in mind that an asset can connect to more than one asset.

Adding linkages between assets allows a better understanding of how the drinking water or wastewater is moving through your utility. This feature will be particularly useful when describing your utility to people who are less familiar with it than you are.

![Figure 5.8 Creating links between assets](image)

Delete assets (and links)

To delete an asset, click once on the asset you wish to delete to activate it (activated assets are shown with a dashed line around them). Next, click the “Delete Asset” button. A warning message appears asking you if you are sure you wish to continue. Click “yes” to delete the asset or “no” to return to the editing window without deleting the asset.
Take Note! Deleting an asset from the schematic also deletes it from your inventory.

It is possible to delete a link in the same way. Click the link to activate it; then click the delete button.

Save the schematic

When you are done, click the “Save” button. A message box will appear (“There are unsaved changes on assets or asset positions. Are you sure you want to proceed?”) to verify that your changes have been saved. Click “Ok” to continue.

Take Note! Be sure to save your work early and often. If you exit the schematic editing window without saving, all changes will be lost.

5.1.3 Getting Help

There are two places to get help on the schematic editing page. The first is the “Help” button in the schematic toolbar. Click this button to open a popup window that shows context-specific help. For more information about creating a schematic within the editing window, you can also click on the “Training” link in the upper right corner of the CUPSS navigation area.

5.1.4 Print Schematic

Click the “Print Schematic” link in the upper right corner of the activity window to print a copy of your schematic.

Click the “My Inventory” module button to return to the My Inventory module, or select another module to work in once you are done working with the schematic.

5.2 Create or Edit My Inventory List

Creating and maintaining a detailed list of all assets in your utility is critical to help you identify and prioritize critical assets and to improve practices used for routine operation and maintenance. Some assets are more important than others in making sure that customers receive safe drinking water or making sure that wastewater is treated effectively. Reviewing all assets and recording their condition (likelihood of failure), consequence of failure (the impact of the loss of the asset), and redundancy (the number of backup assets available to maintain consistent operations) will give you a better sense of upcoming projects that might need attention and funding. Having a prioritized list of critical assets will be useful when securing funding from decision makers, particularly given additional information like the consequence of failure. This list can be created by entering accurate data in the My Inventory module. If you do not have all of the information needed to complete the form you can come back at anytime to update the information.

All calculations used in the My Inventory module are described in Appendix D.

To get started, click on “Create or Edit My Inventory List” from the Asset Inventory window (Figure 5.9) to open the Asset Inventory page (Figure 5.10).

The Asset Inventory page has four parts:

1. Basic Information
2. Status and Condition

Benefits to My Utility
CUPSS includes your asset information in the My CUPSS Asset Management Plan to help you discuss the critical assets and develop capital improvement plan.
3. Cost and Maintenance
4. Manufacturer and Supplier

Figure 5.9 Asset Inventory window

**5.2.1 Basic Information**

Basic information about the asset (such as location, asset category, and type) will be entered into this section (Figure 5.11).
The available fields in the Basic Information section are described in Table 5.2.

Table 5.2 Fields available in the Basic Information section

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asset Name*</td>
<td>The name of the technology or equipment that is used for your system to properly function. If you have many assets of the same time, consider differentiating them with a letter or a number so that you can easily and quickly tell them apart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associated Asset</td>
<td>Select an associated asset from the dropdown menu, if applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location*</td>
<td>Where the asset is within your treatment train. For example, Pipe X is on Main Street ½ mile south of Franklin Boulevard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associated Location</td>
<td>Select an associated location from the dropdown menu, if applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add Location:</td>
<td>If none of the associated locations are appropriate, click the “Add” link next to the dropdown menu. A small window will open, where you can add the name of an associated location and a description of that location. Click “Save” to save the location and return to the Basic Information section. Click “Cancel” to close the window without saving any new information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Category*</td>
<td>Select an asset category from the dropdown menu. If none of the categories available in the dropdown menu are appropriate, select “Other” and enter a new asset category in the field below. Once you save the record for the asset, the new category will be available in the asset category dropdown menu. Asset categories are used to help organize asset types so that assets can be grouped in the Inventoried Asset List window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Type*</td>
<td>Select an asset type from the dropdown menu. If none of the types available in the dropdown menu are appropriate, select “Other” and enter a new asset category in the field below. Once you save the record for the asset, the new type will be available in the asset type dropdown menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes</td>
<td>Enter additional comments about the asset as needed. Consider entering information about the sizes or types of assets in your system, for example, lengths, volumes, pipe types, and tank types. This information is valuable for identifying the asset in the field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Indicates a required field.
5.2.2 Status and Condition

The condition, CoF and redundancy fields are required to calculate the priority of the assets (Figure 5.12). In addition, the ability to repair or rehab an asset helps drive CUPSS decision on repair, rehab or replace. If you have an asset that is abandoned or is replaced you can identify that here for historical background. Information input into these fields will be entered into an equation (See Appendix D), which, along with information in the following sections, will output risk and a prioritized list of assets.

Available fields in the Status and Condition section are shown in Table 5.3.

**Table 5.3 Fields available in the Status and Condition section**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Condition*</td>
<td>Select the most appropriate value from the dropdown menu to indicate the current condition of the asset (based on age and physical functionality). The options are Excellent (35 years remaining), Good (20 years remaining), Fair (10 years remaining), Poor (5 years remaining), and Very Poor (1–5 years remaining).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CoF is Consequence of Failure*</td>
<td>Select the most appropriate value from the dropdown menu to indicate the consequence of asset failure, ranging from insignificant to catastrophic impacts. Consequence of Failure (CoF) estimates the degree of impact on utility service should the asset fail. Consider the real or hypothetical results when selecting a value, including impacts on regulatory compliance, local government, customers, and the community. Ask yourself, “How bad would it be if this asset failed unexpectedly?”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redundancy*</td>
<td>Select the value that best represents the functional redundancy of the asset. Values indicate what percentage of the asset’s functionality is duplicated by other assets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Status*</td>
<td>Indicate the current status of the asset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select Asset Replaced</td>
<td>If this asset has been replaced, indicate which asset will replace it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can this Asset be Repaired?</td>
<td>Use the radio buttons to indicate whether it is possible for the asset to be repaired in case of failure or disrepair.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can this Asset be Rehabilitated?</td>
<td>Use the radio buttons to indicate whether the asset can be rehabilitated (i.e., can have its capabilities or condition restored) in case of failure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Show asset in the schematic?</td>
<td>Use the radio buttons to indicate whether the asset should appear in the schematic diagram (see Figure 5.3).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Indicates a required field.
5.2.3 Cost and Maintenance

Figure 5.13 shows the fields for the Cost and Maintenance section. Cost and maintenance information is particularly important for prioritizing tasks. Through the use of several equations (See Appendix D) these data will be used to determine, for example, at what point an asset should be replaced, rehabbed or repaired, which is critical information for identifying upcoming expenses. In addition, information such as installation date and expected useful life (in conjunction with the condition and redundancy of the asset) is crucial for identifying the probability of failure (PoF). The available fields in the Cost and Maintenance section are shown below in Table 5.4.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Installation Date*</td>
<td>Indicate the date when the asset was installed. NOTE: Use the following format to input this date: xx/xx/xxxx (If you know that the asset was installed in the year 2008 but are unsure of the month or day, enter the date in the following format: 01/01/2008.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original Cost</td>
<td>Indicate the amount paid for the asset (in U.S. dollars). NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected Useful Life</td>
<td>Based on your asset type and asset name, CUPSS will pre-populate this field with information on the expected useful life of the asset. These numbers are based on information provided by EPA and the Rural Community Assistance Partnership (RCAP). You can override this pre-populated text and enter your estimate of the number of years (on average) that a system or component is estimated to function when installed new and properly maintained. NOTE: Do not add commas or the word &quot;years&quot; in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacement Cost*</td>
<td>Enter the amount (in U.S. dollars) it would cost to replace the asset (in a way that provides a similar or agreed-upon level of functionality). NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine Maintenance Cost</td>
<td>Enter the cost of expenditures made for normally anticipated maintenance activities (in U.S. dollars). NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency of Routine Maintenance</td>
<td>Indicate the frequency with which these routine maintenance costs are incurred.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintained According to Factory Recommendation</td>
<td>Indicate whether the asset is maintained according to the manufacturer's or factory's recommendations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Indicates a required field.

Click the “Create a task” link to open the Task Details window. (See Section 6.2 for more information on how to fill out the Task Details form.)
5.2.4 Manufacturer and Supplier

The last section on the Asset Inventory page is the Manufacturer and Supplier section (Figure 5.14). Although none of the fields in this section are required, having detailed information on the manufacturer and supplier will aid in organization and provide an efficient way of reaching necessary parties. Keep in mind, however, that once you begin entering information into this section, you must complete entry for the Model Number, Manufacturer, and Supplier Name fields.

![Manufacturer and Supplier fields](image)

Figure 5.14 Manufacturer and Supplier fields

Available fields in the Manufacturer and Supplier section are described in Table 5.5.

Table 5.5 Fields available in the Manufacturer and Supplier section

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Model Number</td>
<td>Enter the model number of the asset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer</td>
<td>Select the name of a previously entered manufacturer from the dropdown menu. If the appropriate name is not available, select “Other.” This activates the field below the dropdown menu, where you can enter a new name. Once you save the record for this asset, the new name will be available as a selection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplier Name</td>
<td>Select the name of a previously entered supplier from the dropdown menu. If the appropriate name is not available, select “Other.” This activates the field below the dropdown menu, where you can enter a new name. Once you save the record for this asset, the new name will be available as a selection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address</td>
<td>Enter a street address of the supplier’s mailing address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City</td>
<td>Enter the name of the city.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State</td>
<td>Select a state from the dropdown menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zip</td>
<td>Enter the ZIP Code.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone</td>
<td>Enter the phone number for the supplier.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fax</td>
<td>Enter the fax number for the supplier.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When you are done entering data, click the “Save and Add Another Asset” button to save the asset and clear the form or “Save” to save the asset.

**Take Note!** It is very important to save your data before you leave the form. If you close CUPSS without saving, the information you entered will be lost. In addition, you may come back later to add more information, but your reports will not be generated accurately without the required fields.
5.2.5 Print Blank Worksheet

If you find it easier to list assets using pen and paper, you can print out a hard copy of the Inventory List blank worksheet. A full-sized printable copy of the worksheet is available in the *Getting Started with CUPSS Workbook* and in Appendix B of this guide. Use the “Print Blank Worksheet” link at the top of the My Inventory module to open the form (see Figure 5.15).
### Inventory List (Drinking Water)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Name</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associated Asset</td>
<td>Associated Location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Category</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Source</td>
<td>- Pumps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Wells and Springs</td>
<td>- Valves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Intake Structures</td>
<td>- Transformers/Switchgears/Wiring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Pumping Equipment</td>
<td>- Controls/Drives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Disinfection Equipment</td>
<td>- Buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Hydropneumatic Tanks</td>
<td>- Service Lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Concrete &amp; Metal Storage Tanks</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Transmission Mains</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Distribution Pipes</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Valves</td>
<td>- Computer Equipment/Software</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Computer Equipment/Software</td>
<td>- Motor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Transformers/ Switchgears/Wiring</td>
<td>- Sensors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Motor</td>
<td>- Service Lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Controls/Drives</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Sensors</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Buildings</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Service Lines</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Hydrants</td>
<td>- Treatment Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Treatment Equipment</td>
<td>- Tools and Shop Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Lab/Monitoring Equipment</td>
<td>- Security Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Tools and Shop Equipment</td>
<td>- Galleries and Tunnels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Transportation Equipment</td>
<td>- Raw Water Reservoirs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Security Equipment</td>
<td>- Liquid Waste Handling &amp; Disposal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Land</td>
<td>- Other</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Asset Status
- Active
- Not in Use – Abandoned
- Not in Use – Back Up
- Future Investment

Can this Asset be Replaced? □ Yes □ No

Condition
- Excellent
- Good
- Fair (Average)
- Poor
- Very Poor

Is this asset maintained according to manufacturer's recommendations? □ Yes □ No

### Consequence of Failure
- Insignificant – CoF of 2
- Minor – CoF of 4
- Moderate – CoF of 6
- Major – CoF of 8
- Catastrophic – CoF of 10

### Redundancy
- 0% Backup
- 50% Backup
- 100% Backup
- 200% Secondary Backup

### Installation Date

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Original Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Expected Useful Life

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Replacement Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Routine Maintenance Costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timeframe</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Optional Information

- Frequency of Routine Maintenance Start Date
- Model Number Manufacturer
- Supplier Name
- Address City, State, Zip
- Phone Number Fax Number
- Notes
Take Note! The Inventory List form is available as a Rich Text Format (.rtf) file. When you click the “Print Worksheet” link, the file will open in the default word processing application on your computer (Microsoft Word, for example).

### 5.3 View My Inventory List

To view a list of all saved assets, click the “View My Inventory List” link in the Asset Inventory window (Figure 5.16).

---

**Inventory List (Wastewater)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Name</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Associated Asset</th>
<th>Associated Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Category</th>
<th>Asset Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pumping Facility</td>
<td>Pumping Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissolution Equipment</td>
<td>Dissolution Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concrete &amp; Metal Storage Tanks</td>
<td>Concrete &amp; Metal Storage Tanks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission Mains</td>
<td>Transmission Mains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valves</td>
<td>Valves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer Equipment/Software</td>
<td>Computer Equipment/Software</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transformers/Switchgear/Wiring</td>
<td>Transformers/Switchgear/Wiring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Controls/Drives</td>
<td>Motor Controls/Drives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensors</td>
<td>Sensors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>Buildings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Lines</td>
<td>Service Lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treatment Equipment</td>
<td>Treatment Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lab/Monitoring Equipment</td>
<td>Lab/Monitoring Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tools and Shop Equipment</td>
<td>Tools and Shop Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation Equipment</td>
<td>Transportation Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security Equipment</td>
<td>Security Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land</td>
<td>Land</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sewers</td>
<td>Sewers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure Pipework</td>
<td>Pressure Pipework</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Galleries and Tunnels</td>
<td>Galleries and Tunnels</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generators</td>
<td>Generators</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid Waste Handling &amp; Disposal</td>
<td>Liquid Waste Handling &amp; Disposal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solid Waste Handling &amp; Disposal</td>
<td>Solid Waste Handling &amp; Disposal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Other</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Status</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Consequence of Failure</th>
<th>Redundancy</th>
<th>Installation Date</th>
<th>Original Cost</th>
<th>Expected Useful Life</th>
<th>Replacement Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>Insignificant – CoF of 2</td>
<td>0% Backup</td>
<td>8/11/2021</td>
<td>$50,000</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>$75,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not In Use – Abandoned</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>Minor – CoF of 4</td>
<td>50% Backup</td>
<td>8/11/2021</td>
<td>$50,000</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>$75,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not In Use – Back Up</td>
<td>Fair (Average)</td>
<td>Moderate – CoF of 6</td>
<td>100% Backup</td>
<td>8/11/2021</td>
<td>$50,000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$75,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Investment</td>
<td>Poor</td>
<td>Major – CoF of 8</td>
<td>200% Secondary Backup</td>
<td>8/11/2021</td>
<td>$50,000</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$75,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Routine Maintenance Costs</th>
<th>Timeframe</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
<td>perday, perweek, permonth, peryear, lifetime</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Optional Information</th>
<th>Frequency of Routine Maintenance</th>
<th>Start Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>perday, perweek, permonth, peryear, lifetime</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model Number</th>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Supplier Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>City, State, Zip</td>
<td>Fax Number</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

---

Figure 5.15 Blank Inventory List forms

Figure 5.16 Asset Inventory window

---

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This opens the *Asset Inventory List* page (Figure 5.17).

| Priority | Asset    | Category      | Asset Type     | Condition | Life | Redundancy | Replacement Date
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Vault</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Wells and Springs</td>
<td>Poor</td>
<td>Catastrophic</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2009-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>pump</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Pumping Equip...</td>
<td>Fair (Average)</td>
<td>Catastrophic</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2011-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Security</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Pumping Equip...</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2009-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Wellhouse</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2009-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Main valve</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Pumping Equip...</td>
<td>Fair (Average)</td>
<td>Catastrophic</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2009-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Distribution</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Distribution Pipes</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2009-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Tank</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Distribution Pumps</td>
<td>Fair (Average)</td>
<td>Catastrophic</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2015-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Chlorine treatment</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Distribution Pumps</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>Insignificant</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2009-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Chlorinator</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Distribution Pumps</td>
<td>Fair (Average)</td>
<td>Insignificant</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2009-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Water Products</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Distribution Pumps</td>
<td>Fair (Average)</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2015-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>well property</td>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Land</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>Insignificant</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2009-02-01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5.17 Asset Inventory list

On this page, you can see a list of all saved assets. Assets with complete information (those with all the required fields on the *Asset Inventory* form filled in) will include values for consequence of failure, condition and redundancy. Additionally, through information you have entered in the *Asset Inventory* form, you will see a projected Replacement Date on the far right of the table. This date was determined through the use of several equations (see Appendix D).

Each asset is given a priority based on the information entered in the *Asset Inventory* form.

To change the sort order of the table, click the column heading (such as “Asset” or “Category”) so that an arrow appears next to the column name (Figure 5.18). Click the heading again to sort the list in ascending order numerically or alphabetically (depending on the type of information in the column). Click the heading a third time to sort the records in descending order.

To edit information for a particular asset, right-click on the asset and click “Edit Row” to open the *Asset Inventory* form.

Click “Return” to return to the *My Inventory* page.

### 5.4 View My Capital Improvement Projects

Click on the “View My Capital Improvement Projects” link in the Asset Inventory window (Figure 5.19) to open the *Capital Improvement Projects* page (Figure 5.20).
This page lists all assets that will need to be repaired, rehabilitated or replaced. This information is useful to the utility for financial and resource planning for the upcoming years. Those assets that need to be replaced CUPSS provides a recommended replacement year. For those assets that you have indicated cannot be repaired or rehabbed in the asset inventory form or the recommended replacement date has passed CUPSS will recommend to replace those assets on or before the recommend replacement date. For assets that the operation and maintenance costs exceed 7% of the replacement costs, CUPSS will recommend to rehab those assets as long as you have indicated that the asset can be rehabbed. All other assets CUPSS will recommend to repaired as long as you have indicated the asset can be repaired.

To change the sort order of the table, click the column heading (such as “Asset” or “Category”) so that an arrow appears next to the column name (Figure 5.18). Click the heading again to sort the list in ascending order numerically or alphabetically (depending on the type of information in the column). Click the heading a third time to sort the records in descending order.

Double-click on the recommended date to change the date on which the recommended action is to occur and edit the date. Changing the date can help you adjust the reserve needed for each year over a longer period of time so that appropriate reserves can be kept for these future improvements.

When you are finished viewing the data, click “Save” to save changes to recommended date or “Add Planned Asset” to open the Asset Inventory form.
5.5 Search

The search feature allows you to find tracked assets entered through the My Inventory module. This feature generates a report of your assets based on the selections made under the “Search and Report” heading. Click the “Search” link in the Asset Inventory window (Figure 5.21) to open the Search and Report page (Figure 5.22).

You will be able to filter your assets by asset category, asset type, asset status, person assigned to, task type, task date range, and task status. As you enter more assets, this tool might become valuable when identifying assets that need attention or might need attention in the foreseeable future. The variety of filters will allow you to customize the asset search results to achieve the best fit with your needs.

When you have finished selecting your options, click “View Results” to generate a search report.

Benefits to My Utility

CUPSS allows you to export and work with your data. This way you can customize and work with all of your utility data in one location saving you time. In addition, you can use common tools like MS Excel to do additional analysis.
Table 5.6 Options available on the Search and Report page

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Select Utility</th>
<th>Select a utility to include assets for in the search.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select Report Type</td>
<td>Select Asset Service History if you are interested in learning about operation and maintenance tasks that have been completed for the asset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work order/Task History</td>
<td>Select Work order/Task History if you are interested in learning about work and tasks that are or have been scheduled for the asset.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Filter By:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Category</th>
<th>Select one or more asset categories to include in the search.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asset Type</td>
<td>Select one or more asset types to include in the search results.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset</td>
<td>Select one or more assets to include in the search results.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Status</td>
<td>Select one or more values for asset status to filter the results of the search.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Person Assigned to Tasks</td>
<td>Select one or more people (with assigned tasks) to filter the results of the search.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task Type</td>
<td>Select one or more types of tasks to filter the results of the search.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task Date Range</td>
<td>Indicate a date range to filter the results of the search. The results will include all tasks scheduled or completed between the indicated dates (inclusive).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task Status</td>
<td>Select one or more task status values to filter the results of the search.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The results of your search are shown in a table (Figure 5.23).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset</th>
<th>Asset Type</th>
<th>Work Order/Task</th>
<th>Person</th>
<th>Risk</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Replacement Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well1</td>
<td>Wells and Springs</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>100.00000</td>
<td>Poor</td>
<td>2008-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pump</td>
<td>Pumping Equipment</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>70.00000</td>
<td>Fair (Average)</td>
<td>2011-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve</td>
<td>Valves and Gates</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>40.00000</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>2011-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve2</td>
<td>Valves and Gates</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>40.00000</td>
<td>Good</td>
<td>2011-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve3</td>
<td>Valves and Gates</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>40.00000</td>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>2011-02-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chlorinator</td>
<td>Disinfection Equip...</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>20.00000</td>
<td>Fair (Average)</td>
<td>2008-02-01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 5.23 Search results page

To change the sort order of the data, click the column heading (such as “Asset” or “Condition”) so that an arrow appears next to the column name. Click the heading again to sort the list in ascending order numerically or alphabetically (depending on the type of information in the column). Click the heading a third time to sort the records in descending order.

Click “Return” to return to the search page or “Print Report” to open a printable version of the results.

Take Note! The Search Results Report opens as a Rich Text File (.rtf) file. When you click the “Print Report” button, the file will open in the default word processing application on your computer (Microsoft Word, for example).

5.6 Inventoried Asset List

All saved assets can be viewed on the My Inventory page in the Inventoried Asset List window. This window, on the lower right of the page, provides you with easy access to information that you might like to reference about each asset (Figure 5.24).
Right-click on the name of an asset. Select “Edit Asset” to open the Asset Inventory form to view and edit the record for the asset or click “Remove Asset” to delete it from the asset inventory (Figure 5.25).

**5.7 Asset Risk Matrix**

All assets with complete status and condition information (entered using the Asset Inventory form) are displayed on the My Inventory homepage in the Asset Risk Matrix window. Click on the “Asset Risk Matrix” graph in the upper right of the homepage to enlarge the image (Figure 5.26).

The Asset Risk Matrix provides a user-friendly chart that may help you to assess the risk associated with each asset. As you can see, the chart plots the probability of failure against the consequences of failure to determine risk. The asset’s location within the graph is determined by a series of equations (provided in Appendix D) based on information that you have entered about each asset.

**Benefits to My Utility**

CUPSS provides you with critical assets in the My CUPSS Asset Management Plan based on the risk factors. So be sure to complete the asset inventory forms condition and cost section so you can get a complete picture of the health of your utility’s asset to plan for the future.
If the probability of failure (the chance that the asset will actually fail) is low and the consequence of failure (the damage that will be done to the utility if the asset does fail) is low, the asset is of little risk to the utility. If this is the case, the asset (represented as a dot) is placed in the lower left quadrant of the graph (“Low Risk”). If the probability of failure is high but the consequence of failure is low or if the consequence of failure is high but the probability of failure is low, the asset is placed in the upper left or lower right quadrant (“Medium Risk”). Finally, if the probability of failure is high and the consequence of failure is high, the asset is a high risk to the utility and is placed in the upper right quadrant of the graph.

The Asset Risk Matrix is a very valuable tool in understanding the risk associated with each asset. It can be used for internal purposes to understand areas of weakness, or it can be used to explain to decision makers the need for funding for certain projects.

To tell which dots on the Asset Risk Matrix represent which assets, simply place your cursor over the dot. A caption will appear with the asset’s name. If you are editing an asset from the Asset Inventory page (see Figure 5.10), the dot representing the currently selected asset is gold instead of black.

Figure 5.26 Asset Risk Matrix window

### 5.8 Training and Help

For help with the form fields, click the “Training” link at the top of the My Inventory module to view Flash Tutorials that provide a brief walk-through of this section. Click the “Help” link to display an indexed version of the CUPSS User’s Guide.
Why Use Asset Management?
The City of Milwaukie, Oregon, lists its achieved goals when using asset management:

- To achieve more financially and physically with less
- To minimize the total cost of ownership
- To maximize knowledge
- To optimize decision making
- To facilitate sustainability
- To aid in succession planning
- To facilitate transparency
- To improve Customer satisfaction and elicit their support

The My O&M (or My Operations and Maintenance) module is the place within CUPSS for tracking tasks and work orders to manage the day-to-day operations of the utility (Figure 6.1).

This tool is particularly useful to help keep all operation and maintenance tasks organized and properly managed. Remember that CUPSS is a tool just for you and your team; no one is receiving the information, so there is no problem or penalty associated with not completing tasks within the time frame suggested. My O&M is simply a way to organize and manage the variety of tasks that need to be completed in your utility.
The *My O&M* module allows you to create and track current, future, and past operation and maintenance activities. You can add tasks to the schedule and mark scheduled items as “completed.” The module then records the status and history of each task, alerts you if the task status is past due or critically past due, and alerts you when to reassess the asset condition if maintenance is not performed as scheduled.

The *My O&M* module stores a wealth of information that will aid in managing your utility—making it more efficient and easier to perform the many tasks that must be balanced. The more information you enter for your assets and routine tasks, the more information will be available to you in the *My O&M* module.

Filter Tasks by Utility

If you have more than one utility entered into your CUPSS application, by default all tasks for all available utilities are shown when you first open the *My O&M* module. If you are interested in looking at just one utility or at several but not all utilities, select one or more utilities from the “Filter Utility” field at the upper left portion of the window. Hold down the Ctrl key while making your selections to select several utilities at once.

Select Date

Use the month and year dropdown menus to select a different month to view, or use the arrow keys to move to the next (top arrow) or previous (bottom arrow) calendar month or year. To view the same month but different years, use the top and bottom arrows found under the calendar. These functions allow you to look at tasks you have completed, tasks that were scheduled to be completed but have not been completed, current tasks, and future tasks. Looking ahead at future tasks will help you better manage your time and resources. For example, perhaps if you know that in the next year you will need to replace several expensive items, you might delay purchasing an experimental technology for one more year.

Select View

By default, all tasks are shown on a monthly calendar. To view individual days, click on the date within the calendar. A popup will appear showing current tasks for that date, as well as past due tasks. You can add additional tasks to this date by clicking the “Add a Task” link.

**Take Note!** The default calendar view is to show all future, current, and past due tasks. To view completed tasks for a selected day or month, check the “Show Completed Tasks” box.

6.1 View, Edit, and Add Tasks

6.1.1 Edit Tasks

All of your tasks will appear on the calendar. To open a task record to find out more information about it, double-click on a task in the calendar. This opens the *Task Details* form.

6.1.2 Add A Task

To add a new task to the schedule, click the “Add A Task” link at the upper right of the O&M window (Figure 6.2).
This opens the *Task Details* form. This form is divided into four main sections (described below).

On the *Task Details* form, fields with a red asterisk (*) are required. Fields marked with a blue asterisk (*) are required if the task is marked as recurring.

### 6.2 Task Form

In this section, you will enter basic information about what tasks need to be done, such as the name, type, and staff names (Figure 6.3). This information will provide you with the very basic information you need to manage the task. The task name that you enter will be what appears on your calendar.

**Benefits to My Utility**

CUPSS allows you to complete and print your work orders. By keeping all of your work orders in one place you can track all task through completion easily and quickly.

![Task Section](image)

**Figure 6.3 Task section**

Table 6.1 describes each of the fields in the Task section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Task Name</td>
<td>Enter a descriptive name for the task.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task Type</td>
<td>Select the type of task from the dropdown menu. If no type is appropriate,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>select “Other” from the dropdown menu. This activates the field below the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>dropdown menu, where you can enter a new task type. Once you save the record</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>for this task, the new task type will be available as an option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task Details/ Notes</td>
<td>Enter details and notes for the task if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task Cost</td>
<td>Enter the cost of completing the task. NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>signs in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Staff Name</td>
<td>Select the name of the employee who completed the task or who is responsible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>for completing the task.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Indicates a required field.
6.2.1 Asset Information

The Asset Information section associates an asset to the task (Figure 6.4).

![Table 6.2 Fields available in the Asset Information section](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select Existing Asset OR</td>
<td>If the task is associated with an asset, select an asset from the dropdown menu. If the appropriate asset is not an option in the dropdown menu, select “Other.” This activates the field below the dropdown menu, where you can enter the name of a new asset. Entering a new asset here adds a new record in the asset inventory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enter New Asset</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Category</td>
<td>If you select an existing asset from the field above, you will not need to select an asset category. If you enter the name of a new asset, use the dropdown menu to select an asset category.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Type</td>
<td>If you select an existing asset from the field above, you will not need to select an asset type. If you enter the name of a new asset, use the dropdown menu to select an asset type.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Click “Enter Asset Details” to open the Asset Inventory form and enter additional information about the asset.

**Take Note!** You can create a task that is associated with a group of assets, such as all utility valves. To do this, simply create a new asset in the asset inventory in the My Inventory section and name it, for example, “All valves.” Then, select the asset type as “Valve.” Next, click on the “Create a Task” link in the Asset Inventory form or go to the My O&M section and click “Add a Task.” Find the “All valves” asset you just created and associate that asset with this task.

6.2.2 Monitoring or Chemical Added

This section indicates what monitoring has been done or what chemical has been added (Figure 6.5). This can help you better track if you are meeting your regulatory requirements by creating monitoring tasks.
Table 6.3 describes the fields in this section.

### Table 6.3 Fields available in the Monitoring or Chemical Added section

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select Chemical Added</td>
<td>Select a chemical from the dropdown menu. If no appropriate option is listed, select “Other.” This activates the field below the dropdown menu, where you can enter the name of a new chemical. You also add the units to this section (e.g., [Chemical] – [Units]). Once you save this task, the new chemical will be available as an option in the dropdown menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amount Added</td>
<td>Enter the amount of the chemical added.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Once you’ve entered information for a chemical, click the “Add” link to save the information and add the record to the table below the fields (Figure 6.6).

### 6.2.3 Schedule

The Schedule section sets the start and end dates for a task (the duration of the particular task). If a task is to start and end on the same day, enter the same days in both fields. For tasks that take 2 days or longer to complete, enter the appropriate dates. The Schedule section will keep providing reminders at recurring intervals that you can set yourself (Figure 6.7). This is very useful so that you do not need to add tasks multiple times. For example, if you need to clean a valve every month, you need to enter the task only once.
with information describing how often it should be repeated; the task will appear on your calendar once a month. After the initial setup and entry of tasks, the calendar will provide a complete picture of the operation and maintenance tasks.

**Figure 6.7 Schedule section**

Table 6.4 describes the fields for the Schedule section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Task Start Date*</td>
<td>Select a start date for the task duration from the dropdown menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task End Date*</td>
<td>Select an end date for the task duration from the dropdown menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Completion Date</td>
<td>Indicate the day on which the task was completed from the dropdown menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pop-up Reminder</td>
<td>Check the box if you want a popup reminder for this task.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>Indicate the frequency with which this task occurs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recurrence End Date*</td>
<td>Indicate the last date on which the task will occur for items that occur repeatedly. If you do not wish the task to end, pick a date far in the future. Use one such date for all “never-ending” tasks. As this date approaches, you can update the task field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select Recurrence*</td>
<td>The choice selected for task frequency determines which radio buttons are activated for the Select Recurrence field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily Recurrence</td>
<td>Indicate how often the task should occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weekly Recurrence</td>
<td>Indicate how often the task should occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monthly Recurrence</td>
<td>Indicate how often the task should occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual recurrence</td>
<td>Indicate how often the task should occur.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Indicates a required field.

### 6.2.4 Optional Parts Information

This final section of the O&M task input popup allows you to keep track of information such as which parts came from which manufacturers and suppliers, at what cost (Figure 6.8). This information will be useful to you when you want to get in touch with the manufacturers and suppliers with questions about their products or, if necessary, requests for replacement parts.
**Table 6.5 Fields available in the Optional Parts Information section**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturer or Supplier</td>
<td>Select the manufacturer or supplier from the dropdown menu. If the manufacturer is not an option in the dropdown menu, click the “Add New Manufacturer / Supplier” link to open the Manufacturer and Supplier form (Figure 6.9).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parts Name</td>
<td>Indicate the name of the part.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parts Number</td>
<td>Indicate the part number.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parts Costs</td>
<td>Indicate the cost of the part (in U.S. dollars). NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labor or Maintenance Cost</td>
<td>Indicate labor or maintenance cost for replacing the part. NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text box.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When you finish entering data for a new manufacturer or supplier in the Manufacturer and Supplier form, click the “Save and Close” link at the bottom of the form to save the data and close the form. Or, click the “Cancel” link to exit the form without saving data (Figure 6.9).
When you finish entering data for a particular part, click the “Add” link to add the record to the table. Right-click on the added record to edit it.

When you have finished entering data into the task form, click “Save and Close” to save your data and close the form or click “Print Work Order” to save your data and print a copy of the task form or your records, if so desired. Click “Cancel” to close the Task Details form without saving your data. Click “Delete” to remove the task from your calendar (Figure 6.10).

6.2.5 Print Work Order

Click “Print Work Order” at the bottom of the Task Details form to print a copy of the task form (work order) with your inputted records. This will open an .rtf document in your default word processor, which you will be able to print on your printer (see Figure 6.11).
6.3 Additional Features

6.3.1 Print Blank Work Order

If you find it easier to list tasks using pen and paper, you can print out a hard copy of the Blank Work Order. A copy of this work order is also available in the Getting Started with CUPSS Workbook and Appendix B of this guide. Use the “Print Blank Work Order” link at the top of the My O&M module to open the form (Figure 6.12).
Figure 6.12 Blank Work Order form

Take Note! The Blank Work Order is available as a Rich Text File (.rtf). When you click the “Print Work Order” link, the file will open in the default word processing application on your computer (Microsoft Word, for example).

### 6.4 Search/Print

Click on “Search/Print” at the top of page to open the Search and Report window. Section 5.5 describes how to work with the search fields and results page.

### 6.5 Training and Help

For help with the form fields, click the “Training” link at the top of the My O&M module to view Flash Tutorials that provide a brief walk-through of this section. Click the “Help” link to display an indexed version of the CUPSS User’s Guide.
7 My Finances

Why Use Asset Management?
Seattle Public Utilities describes the benefits of asset management: “Asset management penetrates nearly every facet of our capital and operational resource allocation decision-making.”

The My Finances module is designed to help you determine your yearly revenue and expenses and to provide data that will be used in the My Financial Check Up Report (see Section 8.2 for more information about Check Up Reports).

Using this module will help you shift from a reactionary management strategy to a more informed, considered approach. It will also provide critical information to help you set rates and develop a sound financial plan.

To enter the My Finances module, click the “My Finances” button in the navigation pane or click the “Enter My Finances” link from the My Home page. This opens the My Finances page (Figure 7.1).

Benefits to My Utility
CUPSS includes your financial information in the My CUPSS Asset Management Plan and uses it in helping develop the 10 year projections. This information will also be useful in developing the Financial Strategy section of the My CUPSS Asset Management Plan.

Figure 7.1 My Finances page
7.1 Adding Data to the My Finances Page

There are three ways to work with information within the My Finances page. You can

1. Add new data for past, current, or future years
2. View and edit data for a year with existing data
3. Pass data from a previous year to the next year

7.1.1 Add New Data

To add new data, use the “Enter a new year” dropdown menu to select a year (Figure 7.2). This dropdown menu includes all years for which there are no existing data.

![Figure 7.2 Using the dropdown menu to select a year](image)

Once you have selected a year, all data entered in the form will apply to that year. When you are done entering data for a given year, click “Save and Return Home” to save your data and return to the My Home page, or click “Save and Add a New Year” to save your data and clear the form in preparation for selecting another year to work with.

Take Note! Be sure to save your data before switching years or exiting the My Finances module! If you do not use one of the save buttons at the bottom of the form, all new data will be lost.

7.1.2 View and Edit Data for a Year with Existing Data

If you have already entered data for a given year, you can view and edit these data by selecting the year from the “Select Previous Year” dropdown menu (Figure 7.2). This dropdown menu contains all years for which there are existing data. Once you select a year, the form will refresh to show all data that exist for that year. You can now view and edit the data for the selected year.

When you are done modifying data for this year, click “Save and Return Home” to save your data and return to the My Home page, or click “Save and Add a New Year” to save your data and clear the form in preparation for selecting another year to work with.

Take Note! Be sure to save your data before switching years or exiting the My Finances module! If you do not use one of the save buttons at the bottom of the form, all new data will be lost.

7.1.3 Import Data From a Previous Year

If you have already entered data for a given year, you can pass the data to the next year using the “Import Data From Previous Year” button (Figure 7.2). For example, if you entered data for 2004, you can pass all revenue and expense data from that year to 2005 (the next chronological year). Use this feature to save time when you start data entry for a new year.

To pass data from one year to the next, use the “Enter a New Year” dropdown menu to select a year. Next, click the “Import Data From Previous Year” button. The form will refresh to show the data available from the previous year. You will receive a message confirming that the data have been transferred. You can now edit or add data using the form fields.
Take Note! Be sure to save your data before switching years or exiting the My Finances module! If you do not use one of the save buttons at the bottom of the form, all new data will be lost.

Take note: Once you enter data for a given year, you can no longer use this feature to pass data into it. If, using the previous example, there are any data stored for 2005, the year will not be available to pass data into because it will no longer be listed in the “Enter a New Year” dropdown menu.

The year you select must be the year after for which there are existing data. If you select 2005 and there are no preexisting data for 2004, you will receive an error message and no data will be transferred.

Once you pass data using this method, you can edit and add data as needed to accurately show the financial status of the new year.

7.2 Data Entry Fields

Once you have selected a year to work with, it is time to edit and add new data to the form. In the upper section of the form, you are prompted to enter your available cash on hand at the end of the selected year and the interest rate you receive on that pool of money (Figure 7.2). The lower section of the form is where you enter information on revenue and expense line items (Figure 7.3). Table 7.1 describes the fields in this section and how to use them.

![Figure 7.3 Lower half of the My Finances activity window](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enter total cash-on-hand*</td>
<td>Enter a dollar figure to show how much cash is available to your utility. This number should include all liquid assets. NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest rate</td>
<td>Enter the interest rate you receive on your total cash on hand (or an average, if different pools of money receive different interest rates). Enter the number in the form of a decimal (&quot;.03&quot; for a 3% interest rate, for example). NOTE: Do not add commas or percentage signs in the text box.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Cost*</td>
<td>Use the dropdown menu to indicate the type of expense or revenue for this line item. You must select one of the revenue or expense subcategories; you cannot select “Revenue” or “Expense” because these are only placeholder to indicate general categories. See Table 7.2 for a description of the options available here. If none of the options listed in the dropdown menu are</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
appropriate, select “Other” and use the Enter Other and Select Type of Cost fields to add a new line item category.

Enter Other and Select Type of Cost

Enter an additional cost category in the text field and use the dropdown menu to select what type of cost it is. Once you save the data in the form, new cost categories are added as options to the Type of Cost dropdown menu.

Budgeted Amount

The amount of monies anticipated to complete a task. NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text box.

Actual Amount

The actual amount of monies that accomplishing the task cost. NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text box.

Inflation

The increase in the cost of completing a task due to inflation. NOTE: Do not add commas or percentage signs in the text box.

* Indicates a required field.

Table 7.2 Options available in the Type of Cost dropdown menu

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Cost menu option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue: Funds earned by the system through the sale of water or by other means</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue from user rates</td>
<td>Revenue collected from customers for providing water and wastewater services or other utilities provided.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue from grants</td>
<td>Revenue from grants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue from loans/bonds</td>
<td>Revenue from loans/bonds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer from reserve fund</td>
<td>Money transferred from a reserve fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>Revenue provided to your utility from a fixed charge, usually a percentage of the total amount, you receive from any of your accounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Revenues</td>
<td>Select one of the following options:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One-time fees</td>
<td>Revenue from one-time fees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulk sales</td>
<td>Revenue from bulk sales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contract sales</td>
<td>Revenue from contract sales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product sales</td>
<td>Revenue from product sales</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>Select “Other” if you wish to add a new revenue category using the field below the dropdown menu. New entries are added to the “Other Revenues” category once the data are saved.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Expense: Money spent by a company or facility to continue its ongoing operations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating Expenses</th>
<th>Select one of the following options:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance</td>
<td>An expense incurred for all technical and associated administrative actions intended to retain an item in, or restore it to, a state in which it can perform its required function.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment Costs</td>
<td>Cost of regular maintenance and repair of equipment. Also includes expenses on equipment leased to operate the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salaries and Benefits</td>
<td>An expense incurred for personnel costs for administrative and maintenance staff and their operating functions as well as medical insurance, retirement, vacation, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>Supplies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical</td>
<td>Materials used for treatment necessary to make water safe to drink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contracts</td>
<td>Contracts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilities</td>
<td>An expense for services such as gas, electricity, telephone, water and sewer that are provided to your facility for normal use.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Monitoring and Testing | The process of assuring the water treatment process is effectively cleaning the water.
---|---
Emergency | Emergency expenses
Rent or Mortgage | Non-personnel cost for operating your office
Insurance | The money you set-aside for insurance for your utility
Services | An expense incurred to provide safe drinking water or wastewater treatment to customers by your facility
Training Costs | Costs associated with continued education, conferences, and certifications for supporting staff
Billing Costs | Costs associated with meter reading, mailing of bills, and processing of returns
Fees | Fees
Security | The money spent on establishing security for the utility to meet any regulatory or safety requirements
Capital Improvements | Capital improvements
Debt Payment | Debt payment
Capital Reserve Contribution | Capital reserve contribution
Emergency Reserve Contribution | Emergency reserve contribution
Other | Select “Other” if you wish to add a new expense category using the field below the dropdown menu. New entries are added to the “Other Revenues” category once the data are saved.

Click the “Add Another Line Item” button to add the current line item to the revenue or expense table and to clear the fields. Do this as many times as needed to enter each revenue and expense for your utility. You can select the line item's type of cost from the existing types. Or you can add other cost types as a revenue cost type (to represent income to your utility) or as an expense cost type (to represent costs incurred) to ensure that the cost is taken into consideration when calculating utilities revenue and expenses for the selected year.

When you are done entering revenue and expense line items for a given year, click “Save” to save your data or click “Save and Add a New Year” to save your data and clear the form in preparation for selecting another year to work with.

**Take Note!** Be sure to save your data before switching years or exiting the *My Finances* module! If you do not use one of the save buttons at the bottom of the form, all new data will be lost.

### 7.3 Additional Features

The *My Finances* page has several additional features to help you visualize the financial history of your utility and to get help with the data entry forms.

#### 7.3.1 Graph Your Financial Data

Click the “Graph It” button to open a window that shows the financial record of the utility. This graph shows aggregated totals for actual and budgeted revenue and expenses for each year for which there are data (Figure 7.4).
Figure 7.4 Graph of actual and budgeted revenue and expenses

Take Note!   The y-axis on the My Finances graph is in millions of dollars; therefore, $100,000, for example, will appear as $0.1 million.

7.3.2 Print Worksheet

If you find it easier to list revenue and expense categories using pen and paper, you can print out a hard copy of the Finances worksheet (Figure 7.5). A copy of this worksheet is also available in the Getting Started with CUPSS Workbook and Appendix B of this guide. Use the “Print Worksheet” link at the top of the My Finances module to open the form.
### Finances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Cash on Hand</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Revenue
- Revenue from user rates $%
- Revenue from grants $%
- Revenue from bond/bond $%
- Transfer from reserve fund $%
- Interest $%
- Other Revenues (Total) $%
- One-time fees $%
- Contract sales $%
- Bulk sales $%
- Product sales $%
- Other $%
- Total Revenue $%

#### Expenses
- Operating Expenses (Total) $%
- Maintenance $%
- Equipment $%
- Salaries, wages, benefits $%
- Supplies $%
- Chemicals $%
- Contracts $%
- Utilities $%
- Monitoring & Testing $%
- Emergency $%
- Rent or mortgage $%
- Insurance $%
- Services $%
- Training Costs $%
- Billing Costs $%
- Fees $%
- Security $%

### Take Note!

The *Finances* worksheet is available as an .rtf file. When you click the “Print Worksheet” link, the file will open in the default word processing application on your computer (Microsoft Word, for example).

### 7.4 Training and Help

For help with the form fields, click the “Training” link at the top of the *My Finances* module to view Flash Tutorials that provide a brief walk-through of this section. Click the “Help” link to display an indexed version of the *CUPSS User’s Guide*. 
Why Use Asset Management?
The City of Portland has recently started using asset management to analyze the life of its assets. The City describes how asset management vastly altered its long-term plans:
“We have more than 400 miles of cast iron pipe installed before 1915. If we assume a standard engineering life of 100 years, we would have to plan for a huge replacement investment. We used failure curve analysis and historic leak and break data to estimate the useful life of old cast iron pipe. We concluded that the useful life was at least 250 years; while there are many assets that require attention, most of our old cast iron pipe should serve our needs far into the future.”

Determining an asset’s remaining life is a complex process. CUPSS uses a simple approach and doesn’t make a lot of assumptions. The information that CUPSS uses to help estimate the remaining useful life includes the estimated useful life value, the installation year, and the condition rating. See Appendices C and D for descriptions of the calculations used in the My Finances and My Inventory modules.

CUPSS generates two customizable reports: My Asset Check Up Report and My Financial Check Up Report. The My Asset Check Up Report allows you to generate a targeted report showing assets for a specific utility that have a particular status. The My Financial Check Up Report provides a comprehensive look at the financial status of your utility and helps you see future needs for annual revenue and reserve funds. These reports provide a great foundation for your utility and are extremely customizable for your personal needs.

To work with these reports, click the “My Check Up” button. This opens the My Check Up module (Figure 8.1).
8.1 My Asset Check Up Report

Click on the notepad and pencil icon (on the left) to open the My Asset Check Up Report page (Figure 8.2).

From this page, select the options you wish to include in your My Asset Check Up Report. Table 8.1 describes the fields available on the My Asset Check Up Report page.

Figure 8.2 My Asset Check Up Report options
Table 8.1 Fields on the My Asset Check Up Report page

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select Utility</td>
<td>Select the utility you wish to add to the report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include in the Report</td>
<td>Use the dropdown menu to indicate whether to include only the high-risk</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>assets (based on consequence of failure) or all assets in the report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select Asset Status to Include</td>
<td>Select one or more asset status categories to include on the report. Hold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>down the Ctrl key to make multiple selections.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When you have finished making your selections, click “Print Report” to generate the report.

Take Note! The *My Asset Check Up Report* opens as a Rich Text Format (.rtf) document in your default word processor, which you will be able to print on your printer. To make the charts shown in the reports larger, use your mouse to drag the top, bottom, left or right image borders. You can also change the page layout from portrait to landscape to view different sections of the report in a wider format.

8.2 My Financial Check Up Report

Click on the checkbook and calculator icon to open the first page of the *My Financial Check Up Report* form (Figure 8.3).

![Figure 8.3 First page of the My Financial Check Up form](image)

The purpose of the *My Financial Check Up Report* is to help you with long-term financial planning. CUPSS does this by accounting for all revenues and expenses entered into the *My Finances* module, all capital...
improvement needs based on asset consequence and probability of failure (from the My Inventory module), and some additional information entered here, in the My Financial Check Up Report pages. Information collected on the first page accounts for the year that you determine as your starting point (Step 1), the anticipated growth of your system (Step 2), and anticipated cost increases due to inflation (Step 3). The second page brings all of these pieces together to help you understand the current and future financial situation of your utility.

8.2.1 Future Growth and Inflation

On the first page of the My Financial Check Up Report, you will determine your starting point, which values to use for growth (how much your customer base will increase or decrease in a given year), and inflation.

8.2.1.1 Step 1: Starting Point

The first step is to determine a starting point that you would like the My Financial Check Up Report to use to provide a 10-year projection of your utility’s planned finances.

1. Select the year you would like to use as your starting point.
2. Select whether you would like to use Actual Costs for that year or Budgeted Costs.

Figure 8.4 Step 1 of My Financial Check Up Report

8.2.1.2 Step 2: Growth

Determining a rate of growth for your customer base helps you predict future operating costs for your utility. Step 2 has three options for selecting or determining future growth (Figure 8.5):

1. Use an average annual growth of 5% to be applied to all years (based on the census average for the entire United States)
2. Enter an average annual growth for all years predicted
3. Enter an annual growth for each of the years (year 1 through year 10).

Take Note! If you select the second or third option, you must enter a value in the available fields (even if you anticipate zero or negative growth).

Figure 8.5 Step 2 of My Financial Check Up Report
8.2.1.3  **Step 3: Inflation**  

In Step 3, you can enter an inflation rate to increase the accuracy of the model. There are four options for selecting future inflation rates (Figure 8.9):

1. Use an average inflation of 3% to be applied to all years
2. Enter an average inflation to be applied to all years
3. Enter an average inflation for each year (year 1 through year 10)
4. Use the inflation values entered for each expense entered in the *My Finances* module. (You can use this option only if you included inflation rates for the expense line items in the *My Finances* module.)

**Take Note!**  Do not add commas or percentage signs in the text boxes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Inflation Rate %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Step 3.  CUPSS allows you to enter an inflation rate in order to make this model more accurate. Please select one of the following:*  
- Use CUPSS average inflation of 3% to be applied to all years.
- Enter an average inflation to be applied to all years. ___%
- Enter an average inflation for each year.
- Enter an inflation value for each expense within the *My Finances*.

Figure 8.6 Step 3 of My Financial Check Up Report

If you select “Enter an Inflation value for each expense within the My Finance” option under Step 3, you will see all the CUPSS expenses entered for a particular year that was selected under Step 1. Enter the inflation rate by double- or right-clicking on the Inflation Rate column of a particular expense item. If inflation rates already exist, review what you have entered and click the “Save and Continue” button. CUPSS will use the average inflation rate for all expenses for all 10 years in the *My Financial Statement* on the next screen.
When you are finished making selections for growth and inflation, click “Save and Continue” to continue to the next page (Figure 8.8).

8.2.2 My Financial Statement

The second page of the My Financial Check Up Report pulls together all the financial data entered in CUPSS to present a comprehensive financial picture for your utility. This page is divided into three windows:

1. My Financial Projections
2. Ratios
3. Financial Projection Summary Graph

Once you have edited the data on this form to your satisfaction, click the “Generate Report” button at the bottom of the form to generate the My Financial Check Up Report.

Take Note! The My Financial Check Up Report opens as an .rtf document in your default word processor, which you will be able to print on your printer. To make the charts shown in the reports larger, use your mouse to drag the top, bottom, left or right image borders. You can also change the page layout from portrait to landscape to view different sections of the report in a wider format.
The following sections describe how to work with and interpret each window of the form.

### 8.2.2.1 Financial Projections Window

The Financial Projections window shows predicted values of both revenue and expenses for your utility, using the numbers provided on the previous page and the information entered in the other CUPSS modules (Figure 8.9). CUPSS provides the ideal, most aggressive suggestions for you to follow. To use a more realistic, conservative approach, you have the ability to override the recommended replacement dates and adjust expected revenues and expenses to find the perfect balance for your utility by editing some of the fields directly. Table 8.2 describes each of the fields on the form and explains how to work with the numbers (where possible).

**Take Note!** All equations used in the *My Financial Check Up Report* are described in Appendix C.

![Figure 8.9 Financial Projections window](image)

**Table 8.2 Fields available on the Financial Projections form**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inflation</td>
<td>The inflation rate shown for each year is based on the selection from Step 3 of the previous page (see Section 0 for more information about selecting an inflation rate).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Growth</td>
<td>The growth rate shown for each year is based on the selection from Step 2 of the previous page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue from Fees</td>
<td>Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue from Grants</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue from Loans</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savings Withdrawal</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Revenues</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue Surplus/Deficit</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Take Note!** When you are finished editing the information within the Financial Projections window, be sure to click the “Save and Continue” button at the bottom of the form to save the changes. If you don’t, all changes will be lost when you leave the *My Check Up* module.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Cash on Hand</strong></th>
<th>This number comes from the My Finances module. Numbers from subsequent years are based on the interest rate indicated in the My Finances module.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Annual Operating Expenses</strong></td>
<td>This is a sum of all line items from the My Finances module categorized as expenses. Click the linked numeric value to open the My Finances module. Here, you can edit line items to change the number displayed in the Financial Projections window. When you have finished modifying the data, click “Save Report” to return to the My Financial Projections window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital Improvements</strong></td>
<td>This is a sum of the costs required to replace assets that have reached the end of their life-expectancy. These costs are allocated to the year in which the asset is due to be replaced. Click the linked numeric value to open the Capital Improvements page within the My Inventory module. When you have finished modifying the data, click “Save and Return” to return to the Financial Projections window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Debt Payment</strong></td>
<td>This is a sum of all line items in the My Finances module categorized as debt payments plus any loan expenses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Capital Reserve</strong></td>
<td>Use this field to indicate the amount of money needed each year to account for future asset replacement costs. See Appendix C for more information on how to calculate this value. NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text boxes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Emergency Reserve</strong></td>
<td>Use this field to indicate how much money is available in your emergency reserve fund. CUPSS recommends that 25% of annual operation expenses be set aside in an emergency reserve fund. NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text boxes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Annual Cost of Doing Business</strong></td>
<td>This field shows the estimated operation costs for each year.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Revenue from Fees** | **For the current year:** This is the sum of all line items in the My Finances module categorized as “Revenue from User Rates.”
**For future years:** Estimate the amount of revenue expected from fees.

NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text boxes. |
| **Revenue from Grants** | **For the current year:** This is the sum of all line items in the My Finances module categorized as “Revenue from Grants.”
**For future years:** Estimate the amount of revenue expected from grants.

NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text boxes. |
| **Revenue from Loans** | **For the current year:** This is the sum of all line items in the My Finances module categorized as “Revenue from User Rates.”
**For future years:** Use the “Amount,” “Term,” and “Rate” fields to estimate the total amount of revenue expected from loans.

NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text boxes. |
| **Revenue from Loans: Amount** | Enter the total amount of all outstanding loans. NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text boxes. |
| **Revenue from Loans: Year Term** | Enter the term for all outstanding loans. NOTE: Do not add commas or percentage signs in the text boxes. |
| **Revenue from Loans: Rate** | Enter the rate expected for all outstanding loans. NOTE: Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text boxes. |
| **Savings Withdrawal** | Indicate the amount of money you expect to withdraw from savings for each year. NOTE: Do not add commas or percentage signs in the text boxes. |
### Other Revenue

**For the current year:**
This is the sum of all line items in the *My Finances* module categorized as "Other Revenue."

**For future years:**
Indicate any additional revenue expected for each year.

**NOTE:** Do not add commas or dollar signs in the text boxes.

| Revenues Surplus/Deficit | This field shows the annual expected surplus or deficit based on the values entered in the fields above. |

---

As with all CUPSS modules, the more complete your data are, the better the predictions of the financial status of your utility will be. Take some time to research and enter relevant information to get the most comprehensive picture of your current and future monetary situation.

Again, remember to save the information entered in the Financial Statements window by clicking “Save Report” at the bottom of the form.

### 8.2.2.2 Ratios

The Ratios window provides a visual representation of the Operating, Debt, Sales, and Expense ratios (Figure 8.10).

#### Operating Ratio (Operating Revenue/Operating Expense)

The operating ratio demonstrates the relationship between operating revenues and operating expenses. A high ratio indicates that the organization has achieved operating efficiency by keeping expenses low relative to revenue.

#### Debt Ratio (Total Liabilities/Total Assets)

The debt ratio measures the amount of debt being used by the organization. A ratio of 0.6 means that 60% of operations have been financed with debt and the remaining 40% have been financed by equity.

#### Sales Ratio (Sales/Total Revenue)

The sales ratio measures the percentage of total revenue that is made up of sales from operations. A low ratio indicates that the organization is overly reliant on outside funding.

#### Expense Ratio (Operating Expense/Total Expense)

The expense ratio measures the amount of operating expenses compared to total expenses. A high ratio indicates that most expenditures are for operations, leaving the remaining balance for non-operating costs (such as debt service and capital improvements). If the non-operating balance is small, the utility is not likely to meet all of its capital-related expenses, which might cause the system to deteriorate more rapidly.

Green circles indicate a healthy ratio and yellow a moderately healthy ratio; red circles might indicate underlying concerns. This window is another way to visualize the financial health of your utility. See Appendix C for more information about how these ratios are calculated.
8.2.2.3 Financial Projection Summary

The third window on the Financial Statement page shows an image of the Financial Projection Summary graph. Click on the graph to open a larger version (Figure 8.11).

![Financial Projection Summary graph](image)

**Figure 8.11 Financial Projection Summary graph**

This graph shows the projected revenue, cost of doing business and surplus/deficit ratio for the next 10 years. The graph is just another way to visualize the financial status of your utility.

**Take Note!** To make the *Financial Projection Summary Graph* popup larger (and show a shorter year sequence), use your mouse to drag the top, bottom, left or right image borders.

**Training and Help**

As mentioned above, the buttons at the bottom of the screen are important to the functions of the module (Figure 8.12). Click “Previous” to return to the first page of the form to change the starting year, growth rate and/or inflation rate. Click “Save Report” to save information you have entered in the report; do this often. Click “Generate Report” to open the Rich Text Format file containing the report.

![My Financial Check Up Report buttons](image)

**Figure 8.12 My Financial Check Up Report buttons**

8.3 Training and Help

For help with the form fields, click the “Training” link at the top of the *My Check Up* module to view Flash Tutorials that provide a brief walk-through of this section. Click the “Help” link to display an indexed version of the *CUPSS User’s Guide*. 
9 My CUPSS Plan

Why Use Asset Management?
The Autumn Acres Mobile Home Subdivision in Delaware County, Indiana, is a small (34-residence) community that used a basic two-well drinking water system. Because no Certified Operator was working with the utility, the utility was out of compliance with state regulations. In addition, no water sampling was being completed and the system was unable to afford the testing. The Indiana Department of Environmental Management identified several problems with the utility, which eventually led to an asset management review of the system.

Through the evaluation, the “system’s owners/personnel realized that they could not afford to do the sampling as well as the replacement cost of its infrastructure. Working very closely with the system and a nearby town, Autumn Acres remains a public water system, except now they are a purchased water system. By Autumn Acres connecting to the Town of Yorktown water system using a single meter and by becoming a purchased water system, their cost of running the water system are reduced to an affordable level for all residents.”

My CUPSS Plan is a tool created to help you create a customized asset management plan. This comprehensive feature draws information you have entered throughout CUPSS and formats the information into a user-friendly report. This tool is very useful because the final output is a clean, easy-to-read report about the state of your specific utility. The finalized report will provide an array of information both for you (to use internally to help better manage your plan) and for decision makers who might not be familiar with your utility.

9.1 Begin a New My CUPSS Plan

On the My Home page, click the “My CUPSS Plan” button to see the list of My CUPSS Plans already saved (Figure 9.). Click on “Begin a New My CUPSS Plan” to start a new plan. Right-click on a previous version and select “Edit Row” to make edits to the report (Figure 9.12).
Take Note! When beginning a new plan, you can select as many or as few utilities as desired to be included in your comprehensive plan. Hold down the Ctrl key to select multiple utilities.

9.2 Plan Information

The next step is to enter specific information about this plan (Figure 9.2). When you have finished entering data, click “Begin a New My CUPSS Plan” to continue.

Table 9.1 shows the fields available on the Plan Information page.

Table 9.1 Fields available on the Plan Information page

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Label</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select Utility(s) you would like to generated the plan for</td>
<td>Select one or more utilities to add to the report. Hold down the Ctrl key to make multiple selections.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Enter your name (format: “First Name” “Middle Initial” “Last Name”) You can also enter your job title (e.g., Name – Job</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9.3 My CUPSS Plan Wizard

There are seven items to fill out in “My CUPSS Plan Wizard” (Figure 9.3). Although this may seem daunting, much of the information is pre-populated and the wizard will not require a large amount of effort on your part. The seven steps are

1. Step 1 – Utility Profile
2. Step 2 – Mission and Level of Service (LOS) Agreement
3. Step 3 – Critical Assets
4. Step 4 – O&M Strategy
5. Step 5 – Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)
7. Step 7 – Finalize Plan

Take Note! It is important to remember to save the contents of your report after each step. To complete the plan, click on “Save and Generate Plan.” To continue working on the plan, click on “Save and Continue” at the bottom of the page to move to the next step (Figure 9.4).

9.3.1 Step 1 – Utility Profile

Three fields can be filled out in Step 1 (Figure 9.5). As you can see, CUPSS has already loaded some text into your system. Where there are [brackets], the CUPSS program will replace the text you see below with information specific to your utility. Read through the text and add anything that you think would be valuable.

1. Introduction
2. Utility Overview. Note that you are asked to list your customer categories. The schematic that you create in My Inventory will also appear below the text.
3. **Asset Management Team.** Note that you are asked to enter the number of staff working on your utility and to list active and support staff. Also enter each team member and his or her responsibility on your team. This information is important because it will demonstrate authority and identify key contact people.

![Image](image_url)

**Figure 9.5 Utility Profile page**

Be sure to click “Save and Continue” or “Save and Generate Plan” when you are finished filling out the fields.

### 9.3.2 Step 2 – Mission and LOS Agreement

Level of service (LOS) is the foundation of an asset management program. By meeting or exceeding customer expectations, your utility greatly improves its ability to recover the full cost of doing business.

It is worth taking the time to carefully consider short- and long-term goals in conjunction with your My CUPSS Plan. This will help you establish best practices, as well as prioritize and optimize everyday activities.

**Benefits to My Utility**

CUPSS allows you to define and track your LOS goals so that you can improve the service of your utility and keep your community happy.
It is important to consider multiple service areas, including regulatory compliance, when considering how the utility will approach LOS. These areas include

- Number of breaks per mile that are acceptable
- Length of time from report of a leak or break until repair
- Amount of notification (and method) prior to a scheduled shutdown
- Amount of notification (and method) prior to a nonscheduled but nonemergency shutdown
- Quantity of unplanned interruptions in service versus planned interruptions
- Number of hours to fix the pipe break once on-site
- System losses maintained at less than X% overall
- Maximum system flow will be X gpd
- Water pressure will be maintained throughout the system at X psi
- Rates will be raised annually to avoid rate shock in the system
- Rates will be reviewed annually
- Storage capacity will be maintained at X gallons total
- No water outage will be longer than X hours total
- Customers will be notified of planned system outages at least X hours or X days before the interruption
- Customers will be notified at least X minutes prior to shutdown for an emergency condition, unless life-threatening conditions cause a need for immediate shutdown
- Water conservation will be instituted to reduce average daily use by X percent in Y years

The way the goals are stated is also important. Goals should be SMART—Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic and Time-based. By using the SMART approach, a utility can not only set goals but also achieve them. Use these concepts to implement SMART goals:

**Specific**
- Well defined
- Clear to anyone who has a basic knowledge of the utility

**Measurable**
- Know if the goal is obtainable and how far away completion is
- Know when it has been achieved

**Attainable**
- Capable of being reached

**Realistic**
- Within the availability of resources, knowledge and time

**Time Based**
- Enough time to achieve the goal
- Not too much time, which can affect utility performance

The table below lists examples of well-written, achievable LOS goals.
### Example LOS Goals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Goal</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>System will meet all state and federal regulatory standards.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water losses will be maintained below 12%.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Under normal conditions, pressures will be maintained between 30 and 70 psi.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No adverse event, not related to electrical failure or severe weather condition, will cause the customer to be without water for more than 8 hours at a time.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unscheduled water supply interruptions will be reduced 5% per year until a 25% reduction has been achieved.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All customer complaints will be investigated within 2 business days of reporting the complaint.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Customer will be notified of how well the system meets the LOS criteria on an annual basis.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Three fields can be filled out in Step 2 (Figure 9.6).

![Figure 9.6 Mission and LOS Agreement page](image)

1. **Mission Statement** — The pre-populated text for the Mission Statement is shown below. If you have a mission statement, replace the pre-populated mission statement with your own statement.
2. **Level of Service Agreement** – This section of the asset management plan provides information on the obligations of the utility, as well as future performance goals. This information is important because it identifies the utility's goals and how often those goals are achieved, an important measure that the utility is being managed effectively. You need to input data as prompted, including information regarding how often goal performance will be met and which aspects of the utility have Level of Service Agreements. Additionally, as discussed above, you need to input your Level of Service goals and the level at which that the goals will be met.

3. **System Growth** – The pre-populated text for System Growth is shown below. This section of the asset management plan provides you with information on the expected growth of the utility. This will help the plan reader gain a better understanding of future challenges. The asset management team should enter information on expected growth. This information should discuss how the expected growth would influence system requirements and how growth will be addressed in the capital improvement plan (CIP) and in the utility’s financial strategy.

Make sure to click “Save and Continue” or “Save and Generate Plan” when you are finished filling out the fields.

### 9.3.3 Step 3 – Critical Assets

There is one field to be filled out for Step 3 (Figure 9.7).

![Critical Assets Table](image)

Figure 9.7 Critical Assets page

This section of the asset management plan provides information on the priority of distinctive assets within the utility. This information is crucial because it provides the reader with a concise overview of the state of each
of the utility's critical assets, including information on the condition of the asset, the asset’s consequence of failure, the risk associated with the asset and the asset's targeted replacement date. The critical asset assessment should be conducted using the parameters in the My Inventory section of CUPSS. Assessment procedures are presented in the Appendix D. Enter information about what stage you have reached in the asset management process (complete/in the process).

Table 5.1 in the Asset Management Plan lists assets critical to the sustained performance of the system. These assets were ranked using the probability of failure (as a function of condition and redundancy) and the consequence of failure. The diagram in Appendix A of your My CUPSS Plan considers these factors and plots each asset on a diagram. In addition, Appendix A contains the details of each of the assets in the utility.

Make sure to click “Save and Continue” or “Save and Generate Plan” when you are finished filling out the Critical Assets field.

### 9.3.4 Step 4 – O&M Strategy

There are two fields in the “O&M Strategy” page (Figure 9.8).

![Figure 9.8 O&M Strategy page](image)

1. **Operation and Maintenance** – This section of the asset management plan provides information on the operation and maintenance plan for the utility. This information is important because it will inform the reader about the methodology used in determining when the utility needs to be repaired, replaced, etc. Use this section to describe the rationale and features for the maintenance program, including any routine or preventive practices and specific O&M challenges. In addition, you might want to describe how you are using CUPSS to improve your O&M practices and indicate how often the maintenance strategy will be revised and updated.
2. **Operation and Maintenance Strategy** – This section of the asset management plan provides information on the strategy used to better manage routine, preventive and emergency maintenance and provides a summary of maintenance operations performed. Complete the bullets under each category with information about completed maintenance, the methods used to complete the maintenance and the rationale for using the methods. This information is important because it provides the reader with a comprehensive overview of the operation and maintenance strategy and past completed tasks.

Make sure to click “Save and Continue” or “Save and Generate Plan” when you are finished filling out the O&M fields.

### 9.3.5 Step 5 – Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)

This section of the Asset Management Plan provides information on the scope and cost of future projects. This information is important because it allows the reader to gain an understanding of upcoming obligations and resource needs. You will need to enter data on additional criteria that might be important to the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) where prompted by the “Enter Additional Criteria” text in the top field (Figure 9.9). Note that there are several “Enter Additional Criteria” texts in the field.

Table 7.1 in the asset management plan provides the reader with an overview of upcoming capital improvement projects and the financial resources that will be necessary to complete the projects.

![Figure 9.9 CIP Program page](image)

Make sure to click “Save and Continue” or “Save and Generate Plan” when you are finished filling out the CIP field.

### 9.3.6 Step 6 – Financial Management Strategy

This section of the asset management plan describes the financial condition of the utility and the utility's strategy for future financing (Figure 9.10). As prompted, you will enter information specific to your utility, including the expense over which it is capitalized, revenue sources, expenses and specific means for financing large expenses. This information is crucial to the reader because it provides an overview of the state of the utility's revenues and expenses and financial stability. The table below the text (Table 6.1 in the asset management plan) provides a brief summary of the utility’s finances.
9.3.7 Step 7 – Finalize Plan

There are two fields to be filled out in the Finalize Plan page (Figure 9.11).

1. **Action Plan** – This section of the asset management plan compiles all the aspects of your utility that require action, including objectives, targets, maintenance operations and improvements for successful implementation of the asset management plan. No action is required in this section.

2. **Review Schedule** – This section of the asset management plan provides the reader with information as to when the plan will be reviewed and updated. A regular review of the utility’s information is important, and having a set date for that review will increase the probability that the evaluation will be completed. You should enter a date projecting when the next review of your utility’s asset management plan will occur (CUPSS suggests one year).
When you are done filling out all information in the My CUPSS Plan module, click “Save and Generate Plan” to open an .rtf file of your customized asset management plan in your default word processor (Figure 9.12). Clicking the “Save and Continue” button when on the Finalize Plan step saves your report and take you back to the My CUPSS Plan page (Figure 9.). Clicking the “Previous” button takes you to the previous page.

Take Note! Information changed on a page before clicking “Previous” will not be saved; a popup will notify you of this.

9.4 Training and Help

For help with the form fields, click the “Training” link at the top of the My CUPSS Plan module to view Flash Tutorials that provide a brief walk-through of this section. Click the “Help” link to display an indexed version of the CUPSS User’s Guide.
10 CUPSS Help and Training

10.1 Help

The contents of this printed CUPSS User’s Guide are available in the form of a searchable, indexed Help module within CUPSS. CUPSS Help module is accessible from the Administration menu at the upper right corner of the application window. Click the “Help” link to open the Help module (Figure 10.1).

![Figure 10.1 Navigation area showing the Help link in the upper right corner](image)

10.1.1 Navigating Help

The Help window is divided into two halves: The Help Navigator (left side) provides most of the navigation and helps you find content, while the Help Topic Window (right side) shows the selected content (Figure 10.2).

![Figure 10.2 Table of Contents Page](image)

By default, the Help Navigator and Help Topic Window are shown in a single window. Click the “Undock” button ( ), to view each as a separate window (Figure 10.3).
This changes the structure of the toolbars and allows each side to be manipulated separately. Click the button again to reconnect the two windows. When the two screens are attached, they are referred to as being “docked.”

### 10.1.2 Finding Information using the Help Navigator

The two primary methods for finding information using the Help Navigator are browsing the help contents and searching for specific help topics. Each task is performed using the tabs in the Help Navigator window (Figure 10.4).
10.1.2.1 **Browse Help Contents**

Each chapter and subheading in the *CUPSS User’s Guide* is shown in the *Contents* tab of the Help Navigator window (Figure 10.5).

![Help Navigator window showing the Contents tab](image)

Figure 10.5 Help Navigator window showing the Contents tab

To view chapter subheadings, click the “+” (plus) icon next to the chapter name, which expands the entry to show all subheadings. Figure 10.5 Shows that Chapter 1, Introduction, has been expanded to show all subheadings. To view the text for a chapter or subheading, double-click its name within the *Contents* tab or select File>>Display, from the File menu at the top of the Help Navigator window. This will open the topic text in the Help Topic window on the right.

10.1.2.2 **Search for Help**

To search for a specific word or phrase within the *Help* guide, click on the *Search* tab to view the search options. Type the term you wish to search for into the search field, or use the arrow to view recently used search terms (Figure 10.6).

![Typing in a search term or picking one from the dropdown menu.](image)

Figure 10.6 Typing in a search term or picking one from the dropdown menu.
Use the fields below the search field to modify your search (Figure 10.7). Select the *Case-sensitive* checkbox to indicate that the search should return only results that match both the words and the case (combination of uppercase and lowercase letters).

![Figure 10.7 Additional fields for modifying the search]

The *Search for* radio buttons allow you to search for one of the following:

- All the words in the search field (an AND search)
- Any of the words in the search field (an OR search)
- A search string in the form of a Boolean expression

If you are not sure which to pick, use the default option (“All of these words”).

When you have made your selections, click the *Search* button to initiate the search. The search results are displayed in the results window at the bottom of the *Search* tab (Figure 10.8). To view one of the returned topics, double-click on the name of the topic or chapter or click once on the topic or chapter and click the “Open” button to view the text in the Help Topic window.

![Figure 10.8 Search results]

### 10.1.3 Additional Features

Both the Help Navigator and Help Topic window include several additional features, located in toolbars, to help you view, print and manipulate the help topics.

**Take Note!** The toolbars in each window change depending on whether the windows are docked or undocked.

#### 10.1.3.1 Help Navigator Menus

When docked, the Help Navigator menu includes the following categories (Figure 10.9):

- *File*
- *View*
- *Go*
Tools

Help

Table 10.1 describes the options available for each category.

![Help Navigator](image)

Figure 10.9 Help Navigator window when windows are docked (together)

Table 10.1 Help Navigator menu options (when docked)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>File Menu</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display</td>
<td>Click to show selected help topic in Help Topic window. This feature is also available using the button below the file menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display in New Window</td>
<td>Click to show selected help topic in a new Help Topic window. This feature is also available using the button below the file menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Tree</td>
<td>Click to print the help topic tree structure (chapters and subheadings only, no content).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Topic</td>
<td>Click to open the Print window. This option allows you to print the topic currently selected in the Help Navigator window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Topics</td>
<td>Click to open the Print window. This option allows you to print.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close</td>
<td>Click to close the window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exit</td>
<td>Click to exit the Help module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>View</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contents</td>
<td>Select to view the Contents tab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search</td>
<td>Select to view the Search tab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Go</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back</td>
<td>Click to go back to a previously viewed topic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Click to go forward to the topic viewed just after the current topic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tools</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undock</td>
<td>Click to undock the Help Navigation window from the Help Topic window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy</td>
<td>Click to copy selected text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select All</td>
<td>Click to select all text viewed in Help Topic window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Find</td>
<td>Click to open a Find window. This feature allows you to find a word or phrase within the text displayed in the Help Topic window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Font Size</td>
<td>Use the &quot;Increase&quot; or &quot;Decrease&quot; options to make the font size larger or smaller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Help</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>About</td>
<td>Click to learn more about the Help module.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fewer features are available from the Help Navigator menu when the two windows are undocked (Figure 10.10). The remaining features are described in Table 10.1.
10.1.3.2 Help Topic Window Menus

The Help Topic window, on the other hand, shows more menu options when the two windows are undocked (Figure 10.11) than when the windows are docked (Figure 10.12). Table 10.2 describes each menu option.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu option</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>File Menu</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Print Topic</td>
<td>Click to open the Print window. This option allows you to print the topic currently selected in the Help Navigator window. This feature is also available using the button below the file menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close</td>
<td>Click to close the window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exit</td>
<td>Click to exit the Help module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Go</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back</td>
<td>Click to go back to a previously viewed topic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward</td>
<td>Click to go forward to the topic viewed just after the current topic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tools</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Navigator</td>
<td>Click to open the Help Navigator window (if it was closed) and make it the active window. This feature is also available using the button below the tools menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy</td>
<td>Click to copy selected text.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select All</td>
<td>Click to select all text viewed in Help Topic window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Find</td>
<td>Click to open a Find window. This feature allows you to find a word or phrase within the text displayed in the Help Topic Window.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Font Size</td>
<td>Use the &quot;Increase&quot; or &quot;Decrease&quot; options to make the font size larger or smaller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dock</td>
<td>Click to reconnect the Help Navigation window with the Help Topic window. This feature is also available using the button below the file menu.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Buttons</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Click to go back to a previously viewed topic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10.2 Training

Flash Tutorials are provided to show a brief walk-through of the different modules within CUPSS. CUPSS Training is accessible from the Administration menu at the upper right corner of the application window. Click the “Training” link to open the Training module (Figure 10.13)

![Image](image.png)

Figure 10.13 Navigation area showing the Training link in the upper right corner

10.2.1 Navigating Training

Flash tutorials have been provided for the following modules (Figure 10.14)

- Introduction
- Overview and My Home
- My Inventory
- My O&M
- My Finances
- My Check Up
- My CUPSS Plan
1. **Flash Tutorials** - Click on a tutorial below to see a brief walk-through on how to use CUPSS. (Note: these tutorials will open your browser, you may be asked to download a Flash plug-in if these tutorials do not play.)

   - **Introduction** 4:10
   - **Overview & My Home** 3:20
   - **My Inventory** 5:40
   - **My O&M** 2:30
   - **My Finances** 4:10
   - **My Check up** 3:30
   - **My CUPSS Plan** 3:15

2. **User’s Guide**
3. **More Training on the Web**
   
   Go to [epa.gov/cupss](http://epa.gov/cupss) for additional training materials and a list of training dates in your area.

Figure 10.14 Do Some Training Popup
Appendix A : Database Backup and Restore Procedures

This section describes how to back up and restore the data in your CUPSS database.

Take Note! This procedure will not work if there is a database change in an upgraded version!

Backup

The following steps outline how to back up the CUPSS database that stores your asset management data.

Step 1

Close the application and wait approximately 60 seconds to make sure the application was properly closed.

Take Note! Verify that the application has been closed properly before proceeding further. Backing up the database while the application is still running might lead to data inconsistencies.

To verify that the application has been properly closed, open the Windows Task Manager (Figure A.1), go to the Processes tab, and check whether the following three processes are still running:

- cupss.exe
- javaw.exe
- mysqld-nt.exe

In case any of them are still running, use the “End Process” button in the Task Manager to manually stop them, in the order listed above.

Figure A.1 Task Manager window
Step 2
Go to the application folder (default C:\Program Files\CUPSS), enter the database folder, and copy the cupss folder to a backup location of your choice (Figure A.2).

![Copying the cupss folder to a backup location](image)

Figure A.2 Copying the cupss folder to a backup location

Step 3
Restart the application.

Restore
The following steps outline how to restore the CUPSS database using the backup database file.

Step 1
Close the application and wait approximately 60 seconds to make sure the application was properly closed.

Take Note! Verify that the application has been closed properly before proceeding further. Backing up the database while the application is still running might lead to data inconsistencies.

To verify that the application has been properly closed, open the Windows Task Manager, go to the Processes tab (Figure A.3), and check whether the following three processes are still running:

- cupss.exe
- javaw.exe
• mysql.exe

In case any of them are still running, use the “End Process” button in the Task Manager window to manually stop them, in the order listed above.

**Step 2**

Go to the folder where you saved a backup copy of the CUPSS folder (see the Backup section above). Copy the entire CUPSS folder back into the application database folder (default C:\Program Files\Cupss\database); overwriting all the existing files (Figure A.4).

**Take Note!** If you are a trainer and would like to provide a demonstration of your own example data (and not the example data provided by EPA), copy your database folder and rename it “cupss_example” to overwrite the example data provided by EPA. Because the example database that EPA provided has the username and password hard-coded, make sure that you add a user with the username "example" and password "example" to the database containing your example data.
Figure A.4 Copy the CUPSS folder back into the local application folder.

Step 3

Restart the application.
Appendix B : Worksheets

Several worksheets can aid in completing CUPSS. These worksheets gather the information that is necessary to input into the CUPSS program. They can serve to guide the user through the process.

The worksheets include:

- Inventory List (Drinking Water)
- Inventory List (Wastewater)
- New Task
- Finances
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Name</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associated Asset</td>
<td>Associated Location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Category</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Pumping Facility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Status</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active</td>
<td>Not in Use – Abandoned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can this Asset be Repaired?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can this Asset be Rehabilitated?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Condition</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>Good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is the asset maintained according to manufacturer’s recommendations?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consequence of Failure</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insignificant – CoF of 2</td>
<td>Minor – CoF of 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redundancy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0% Backup</td>
<td>50% Backup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation Date</td>
<td>Original Cost</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected Useful Life</td>
<td>Replacement Cost</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine Maintenance Costs</td>
<td>Timeframe</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
<td>per/day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optional Information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency of Routine Maintenance</td>
<td>Start Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Model Number</td>
<td>Manufacturer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplier Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Address</td>
<td>City, State, Zip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone Number</td>
<td>Fax Number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Inventory List (Wastewater)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Name</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Associated Asset</td>
<td>Associated Location</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Asset Category
- Pumping Facility
- Treatment
- Storage
- Collection
- Other

### Asset Type
- Pumping Equipment
- Disinfection Equipment
- Concrete & Metal Storage Tanks
- Transmission Mains
- Valves
- Computer Equipment/Software
- Transformers/Switchgears/Wiring
- Motor Controls/Drives
- Sensors
- Buildings
- Service Lines
- Treatment Equipment
- Lab/Monitoring Equipment
- Tools and Shop Equipment
- Transportation Equipment
- Security Equipment
- Land
- Sewers
- Pressure Pipework
- Galleries and Tunnels
- Meters
- Generators
- Liquid Waste Handling & Disposal
- Solid Waste Handling & Disposal
- Other

### Asset Status
- Active
- Not in Use – Abandoned
- Not in Use – Back Up
- Future Investment

Can this Asset be Repaired?  Yes
Can this Asset be Rehabilitated?  Yes

### Condition
- Excellent
- Good
- Fair (Average)
- Poor
- Very Poor

Is the asset maintained according to manufacturer’s recommendations?  Yes

### Consequence of Failure
- Insignificant – CoF of 2
- Minor – CoF of 4
- Moderate – CoF of 6
- Major – CoF of 8
- Catastrophic – CoF of 10

### Redundancy
- 0% Backup
- 50% Backup
- 100% Backup
- 200% Secondary Backup

### Installation Date

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Original Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Expected Useful Life

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Replacement Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Routine Maintenance Costs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timeframe</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>per/day per/week per/month per/year lifetime</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Optional Information

#### Frequency of Routine Maintenance

### Start Date

### Model Number

### Manufacturer

### Supplier Name

### Address

City, State, Zip

### Phone Number

Fax Number

### Notes
### New Task

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Staff Name</th>
<th>Task Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Task Type

- Monitoring
- Routine Monitoring
- Repair
- Rehabilitation
- Replacement
- Other

Is this task planned?  □ Yes  □ No

#### Task Details

#### Task Notes

#### Cost of the Task

$ $

#### Asset Tasks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset Name</th>
<th>Condition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Excellent
- Good
- Fair (Average)
- Poor
- Very Poor

Is the asset maintained according to manufacturer’s recommendations?  □ Yes  □ No

#### Monitoring Tasks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemicals</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task Start-End Date</th>
<th>Completed Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Frequency

- Daily
- Weekly
- Monthly
- Annually

Recurs every

_______ days  _____ week on _____ (Day of week)  _____ day of every ____ (Month)

Recurrence End Date

#### Optional Parts Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer/Supplier</th>
<th>Parts Name</th>
<th>Parts Number</th>
<th>Parts Cost</th>
<th>Labor Maintenance Costs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CUPSS User’s Guide 123
## Finances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Cash on Hand</th>
<th>Interest Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Types of Costs

#### Revenue

- Revenue from user rates: $
- Revenue from grants: $
- Revenue from loans/bonds: $
- Transfer from reserve fund: $
- Interest: $
- Other Revenues (Total): $
- One-time fees: $
- Contract sales: $
- Bulk sales: $
- Product sales: $
- Other: $

**Total Revenue**: $

#### Expenses

- Operating Expenses (Total): $
- Maintenance: $
- Equipment: $
- Salaries, wages, benefits: $
- Supplies: $
- Chemicals: $
- Contracts: $
- Utilities: $
- Monitoring & testing: $
- Emergency: $
- Rent or mortgage: $
- Insurance: $
- Services: $
- Training Costs: $
- Billing Costs: $
- Fees: $
- Security: $

- Capital Improvements: $
- Debt Payment: $
- Capital Reserve Contribution: $
- Emergency Reserve Contribution: $
- Other: $

**Total Expenses**: $

---

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Appendix C : My Finances Calculations

This Appendix describes the origins of the equations in the My Financial Check Up Report.

My Financial Projections Form

Inflation
The inflation rate shown for each year comes from the values input in Step 2 of the My Financial Check Up Report (see Section 8.2.1.2 for more information).

Growth
The growth rate shown for each year comes from the values input in Step 3 of the My Financial Check Up Report (see Section 8.2.1.3 for more information).

Cash on Hand
The value for the current year comes from the value for total cash-on-hand entered in the My Finances module (see Section 7.2 for more information). The value for subsequent years is derived using the following equation:

\[
\text{Cash on Hand} = (\text{Previous Year Cash on Hand} \times \text{Interest}) + \text{Previous Year Cash on Hand} + \text{Capital Reserve for Previous Year} + \text{Emergency Reserve for Previous Year}.
\]

Expenses

Annual Operating Expenses
The value for this field represents the sum of all line items from the My Finances module categorized as expenses. The equation used to derive the final total is as follows:

\[
\text{Annual Operating Expenses} = (\text{Previous Year Operating Expenses} \times \text{Interest}) + (\text{Previous Year Operation Expenses} \times \text{Growth}) + \text{Previous Year Operation Expenses}
\]

Capital Improvement
This is a sum of all costs required to replace assets that have reached the end of their life expectancy in a given year. This number is calculated based on the assets included in the capital improvement plan. See Appendix D for more information on how assets are scheduled for capital improvement.

Debt Payment
This value is a sum of all line items in the My Finances module categorized as debt payments plus any loan expenses calculated in the Financial Projections form. The equation used to determine the full amount is as follows:
Monthly Debt Payment = \[ m = p \times \left( \frac{(i/12)/(1 - (1 + (i/12))^n) - (n \times 12))}{n} \right) \]
Annual Debt Payment = \[ (p \times \left( \frac{(i/12)/(1 - (1 + (i/12))^n) - (n \times 12))}{n} \right)) \times 12 \]
Where m = monthly payment; i = interest; n = number of periods (years); and p = principal.

**Capital Reserve**

This value represents the amount of money needed each year to account for future asset replacement costs. It is calculated based on the projected replacement date for all inventoried assets and the estimated replacement cost of each.

Capital Reserve = \[ \text{Sum (Per Asset Replacement Cost/Total Years until Replaced)} \]
Example: If estimated capital improvements =
\[ Y2 = $10, $5, $30 \]
\[ Y3 = $15, $2 \]
\[ Y4 = $7, $9 \]
then the annual reserve contribution for each year (to make sure there is enough money in the budget to account for all anticipated capital improvement costs) should be as follows:
\[ Y1 = \frac{$10}{1} + \frac{$5}{1} + \frac{$30}{1} + \frac{$15}{2} + \frac{$2}{2} + \frac{$7}{3} + \frac{$9}{3} \]
\[ Y2 = \frac{$15}{2} + \frac{$2}{2} + \frac{$7}{3} + \frac{$9}{3} \]
\[ Y3 = \frac{$7}{3} + \frac{$9}{3} \]

**Emergency Reserve**

CUPSS recommends that 25% of annual operation expenses be set aside in an emergency reserve fund.

Emergency Reserve = \[ \text{Annual Operating Expenses} \times 0.25 \]

**Total Annual Cost of Doing Business**

This is a sum of all expected costs for a given year.

Total Annual Cost of Doing Business = \[ \text{Annual Operating Expenses} + \]
\[ \text{Capital Improvements} + \]
\[ \text{Annual Debt Payment} + \]
\[ \text{Capital Reserve} + \]
\[ \text{Emergency Reserve} \]
Revenue

Revenue from Grants
The value for the current year represents the sum of all line items from the My Finances module categorized as “Revenue from Grants.” Future revenue is estimated and can be entered manually.

Revenue from Fees
The value for the current year represents the sum of all line items from the My Finances module categorized as “Revenue from Fees.” Future revenue from fee is estimated by taking Previous Revenue from Fees + (Previous Revenue from Fees * the inflation * Growth).

Revenue from Loans
The value for the current year represents the sum of all line items from the My Finances module categorized as “Revenue from Loans.” For future years, revenue is estimated based on manual entry of values for loan amount, loan term, and loan rate.

Revenue from Savings Withdrawal
No calculation is used to generate this value; it is entered manually. The value entered in this field is subtracted from the Cash on Hand field, above.

Other Revenue
The value for the current year represents the sum of all line items from the My Finances module categorized as “Other Revenue.

Revenue Surplus/Deficit
This value shows the annual expected surplus or deficit based on the values entered in the fields above.

Revenue Surplus/Deficit = Sum of all Revenue – Annual Operating Expenses

Ratio Wizard

Debt Ratio (DR)
The total current debt divided by the value of all assets. This ratio is used to expresses to what degree the utility is mortgaged. A lower number indicates better financial health. Values range from 0-1.0.

DR = Total Liabilities / Total Assets
Liability = Revenue from Loans
Assets = Savings Withdrawal + Revenue from Grants + Revenue from Fees
If the value is between 0 and 0.33, the circle is green.
If the value is between 0.34 and 0.66, the circle is yellow.
If the value is between 0.66 and 1.0, the circle is red.

**Expense Ratio (ER)**

A ratio of operating expenses divided by total expenses. A high ratio indicates that most expenditures are for operations, leaving the remaining balance for non-operating costs (such as debt service, capital improvements, and similar.). If the non-operating balance is small, the utility is not likely to meet all of its capital-related expenses, which could cause the system to deteriorate more rapidly. A lower number indicates better financial health. Values range from 0 to 1.0.

\[
ER = \frac{\text{Operating Expense}}{\text{Total Expense}}
\]

Operating Expense = Annual Operating Expense

Total Expense = Total Annual Cost of Doing Business

If the value is between 0 and 0.33, the circle is green.
If the value is between 0.34 and 0.66, the circle is yellow.
If the value is between 0.66 and 1.0, the circle is red.

**Operating Ratio (OR)**

A ratio of operating revenue divided by operating expense. It demonstrates the relationship between operating revenues and operating expenses. A ratio of 1.0 shows that revenues equals expenses and indicates that an organization has operating efficiency by keeping expenses low relative to revenue. A larger value here indicates better financial health. The goal is to have a value that is greater than one.

\[
OR = \frac{\text{Operating Revenue}}{\text{Operating Expenses}}
\]

Operating Revenue = Sum of (Revenue from Fees + Revenue from Grants + Revenue from Loans + Other Revenues)

Operating Expense = Annual Operating Expense

If the value is 0.75 or lower, the circle is red.
If the value is between 0.75 and 1.0, the circle is yellow.
If the value is 1.0 or greater, the circle is green.

**Sales Ratio (SR)**

A ratio of sales divided by total revenue. It measures the percent of total revenue that is made up of sales from operations. A ratio of less than 1.0 can indicate that the organization is reliant on outside funding. A ratio of more than 1.0 can indicate that revenues are being drawn to non-utility purposes or generally mismanaged. Generally, a larger ratio indicates better financial health. Values range from 0 to 1.

\[
SR = \frac{\text{Sales}}{\text{Total Revenue}}
\]

Sales = Revenue from Fees + Other Revenue

Total Revenue = Sum of (Revenue from Fees + Revenue from Grants + Revenue from Loans + Savings Withdrawn + Other Revenues)

If the ratio is 0, the circle is red.
If the ratio is between 0.1 and 0.5, the circle is yellow.
If the ratio is 0.5 or greater, the circle is green.
Appendix D : My Inventory Calculations

This appendix describes the origins of the equations used in the My Inventory module.

**Estimated Useful Life**
If a number is not entered manually into this field, CUPSS uses a number from a default list based on asset type.

**Estimated Remaining Useful Life**
Remaining useful life can be estimated based on the Estimated Useful Life value and the installation year.

Estimated Remaining Useful Life = Estimated Useful Life – (Install Year-Current Year)

**Remaining Useful Life (RUL)**
Remaining useful life is calculated from the estimated remaining useful life and the condition rating.

Remaining Useful Life = Estimated Remaining Useful Life * Condition

Condition ratings are shown in the format: [Rating] – [Estimated % of Estimated Useful Life Remaining]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rating</th>
<th>If asset is maintained according to manufacturer’s recommendations</th>
<th>If asset is NOT maintained according to manufacturer’s recommendations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excellent</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Good</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fair (Average)</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very Poor</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Replacement Year**
The year the asset should be replaced. The utility may choose to override estimated replacement year.

Replacement Year = Current Year + Remaining Useful Life

The Risk Factor will prioritize asset replacement within a given replacement year.

**Redundancy**
The value selected for Redundancy provides one of the values required to determine Probability of Failure (PoF).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Redundancy</th>
<th>Value used in equation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50%</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100%</td>
<td>0.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200%</td>
<td>0.98</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Probability of Failure (PoF)**

Probability that the asset will fail (no longer perform its function) in a given year. Values for PoF range from 1 to 10. A value of 10 would indicate certain failure.

\[
\text{Probability of Failure} = \frac{(\text{Estimated Useful Life} - \text{Remaining Useful Life})}{\text{Estimated Useful Life}} \times (1 - \text{Redundancy}) \times 10
\]

**Consequence of Failure (CoF)**

A descriptive CoF is selected manually on the Asset Inventory form. CoF estimates the degree of impact on utility service should the asset fail. You should consider the real or hypothetical results when selecting a value, including impacts on regulatory compliance, local government, customers and the community. Ask yourself, “How bad would it be if this asset failed unexpectedly?” The following are example of items you should consider when calculating your CoF if an asset:

1. Spill, Flood, Odor – Think about the duration (short, substantial, or sustained), the quantity (small, medium or large) and number of complaints (none, few or many). The larger the spill or number of complaints, the higher the CoF.

2. Water or Effluent Quality – Think about the impact on the water or effluent quality from no impact to loss of full control and effect on human health. The large the impact on water or effluent quality, the higher the CoF.

3. Regulatory Compliance – Think about the permit violations from no impact to violation of the daily, weekly or monthly standards that jeopardize the ability to meet the permit requirements. The greater impact on standards (i.e., monthly greater than weekly), the higher the CoF.

4. Loss of Service to Customers – Think about whether the asset can be down for a day, a month, a week or an hour and its impact on the overall service provide to customers. The shorter the asset can remain off line with severe impact on the service, the higher the CoF.

5. Equipment and Safety – Think about if the failure of the asset would affect the utility at the asset, function, system or plant level. The greater the impact on the utility (i.e., affects the plant’s ability to function), the higher the CoF.

6. Economic Impact – Think about the cost of repairing the asset and the associated system parts and whether emergency funds can cover the costs of the asset failure and any associated costs with that failure; or if increases in rates and additional or new staff are needed to help manage the economic impact of the asset failing. The higher the cost, the greater the CoF.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CoF</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Insignificant</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Risk Factor

This is a risk-based priority ranking using probability and consequence of failure. The asset risk matrix uses risk factor to plot inventoried assets.

Risk Factor = PoF x CoF

Risk factor values fall into “high”, “medium” and “low” categories. These bins provide recommended actions and will be listed in the asset tables and graphically represented on the risk chart (matrix).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High</td>
<td>If CoF &gt; 5 and PoF &gt; 5</td>
<td>Immediate Attention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>If CoF &lt; 5 and PoF &gt; 5</td>
<td>Aggressive Monitoring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Or If CoF &gt; 5 and PoF &lt; 5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low</td>
<td>If CoF &lt; 5 and PoF &lt; 5</td>
<td>Routine Maintenance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<p>| Minor     | 4                          |
| Moderate  | 6                          |
| Major     | 8                          |
| Catastrophic | 10                        |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual Debt Payment</td>
<td>The dollar amount that must be paid each year toward retiring existing debt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual Operating Expenses</td>
<td>Total annual cost of operating and maintaining the water or wastewater utility service. This does not include savings or future draws from capital savings accounts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset</td>
<td>A component of a facility with an independent physical and functional identity and age (e.g. pump, motor, sedimentation tank, main).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Category</td>
<td>Where the asset best fits within your system (e.g., source water, distribution or collection), for organizational purposes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Inventory</td>
<td>A list of assets with details about each one (installation date, original cost, condition, and such). Also known as an asset register.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Management</td>
<td>A process for maintaining a desired level of customer service at the best appropriate cost.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Name</td>
<td>The name of the technology or equipment that is used for your system to properly function (for example, “5th Street Pumping Station”). See Asset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Status</td>
<td>This is how your utilities view an asset. Assets can be active (most assets), not in use or a future investment. You would designate an asset a &quot;future investment&quot; if you would like it added to your capital improvement plan.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset Type</td>
<td>The asset’s functional purpose for a specific asset category (for example, intake structure, pumping station, transmission main, storage tank, and the like).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associated Asset</td>
<td>Assets that are directly related to a primary asset’s function.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associated Location</td>
<td>A location that complements an associated asset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Improvement (Expense)</td>
<td>Funds required for the future purchase, repair and/or alteration to or for an asset, structure, or major pieces of equipment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Plan</td>
<td>A plan that projects and assesses which projects (including asset improvements, repairs, replacements, and such) need to be completed in the future.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Reserve Contribution</td>
<td>Funds set aside to fund capital improvements (i.e. future purchase, repair and/or alteration to or for an asset, structure, or major pieces of equipment).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash on Hand</td>
<td>The amount of cash that is available to the system within a 24 hour period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Condition</td>
<td>The current condition, in your opinion, of an asset based on age and...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term Definition</td>
<td>physical functionality (ranging from poor to excellent).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consequence of Failure</td>
<td>The real or hypothetical results associated with the failure of an asset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Payment</td>
<td>The dollar amount that must be paid each year toward paying down or retiring existing debt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Debt Ratio</td>
<td>Debt Ratio = Total Liabilities / Total Assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The debt ratio measures the amount of debt being used by the organization. A ratio of 0.6 means that 60% of operations have been financed with debt and the remaining 40% has been financed by equity.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Reserve Contribution</td>
<td>Funds set aside for unexpected repairs and replacements. CUPSS recommends that utilities work towards an emergency reserve balance of 25% of its annual operating expenses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected Useful Life</td>
<td>The average amount of time, in years, that a system or component is estimated to function when installed new.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense</td>
<td>Money spent by the utility to continue its ongoing operations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense Ratio</td>
<td>Expense Ratio = Operating Expense / Total Expense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The expense ratio measures the amount of operating expenses compared to total expenses. A high ratio indicates that most expenditures are for operations – leaving the remaining balance for non-operating costs (such as debt service, capital improvements, etc.). If the non-operating balance is small, then the utility is not likely to meet all of its capital-related expenses, which may cause the system to deteriorate more rapidly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial Assets</td>
<td>Intangible assets such as cash and bank balances.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Growth</td>
<td>The amount, as a percent, a community’s demand for water or wastewater treatment has increased or decreased. This value will be used to adjust future revenues and expenses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inflation</td>
<td>The anticipated rate of increase in the price level of goods and services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest Rate</td>
<td>A rate which is charged or paid for the use of money. Note: Do not include a percentage sign.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level of Service</td>
<td>The characteristics of system performance such as how much, of what nature, and how frequently, with regard to the system’s service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liabilities</td>
<td>The financial obligations for which the utility is responsible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintained According to Factory Recommendation</td>
<td>The frequency of routine maintenance as recommended by the manufacturer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Expenses</td>
<td>Total annual cost of operating and maintaining the water or wastewater utility service. This does not include savings or future funds withdrawal from capital savings accounts. Operating expenses include maintenance, equipment, salaries, wages, benefits, supplies, chemicals, contracts, utilities, monitoring, testing, emergency, rent, mortgage, insurance, services, training costs, billing costs, fees, and security costs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term</td>
<td>Definition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Ratio</td>
<td>Operating Ratio = Operating Revenue / Operating Expense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The operating ratio demonstrates the relationship between operating revenues and operating expenses. A high ratio indicates that the organization has operating efficiency by keeping expenses low relative to revenue.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Original Cost</td>
<td>The amount paid for the initial purchase of an asset.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Probability of Failure</td>
<td>The chance an asset will fail based on the percent of effective life consumed and redundancy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redundancy</td>
<td>Spare assets that have the ability to do the same job, if a failure of the primary asset were to occur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacement Cost</td>
<td>How much will it cost to replace the asset, if required today?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue</td>
<td>Funds earned by the system through the sale of water or by other means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revenue Surplus/Deficit</td>
<td>The difference between the total cost of doing business and the funds received from fees, loans and grants, and interest earned from any accounts. If the result is zero or greater, the utility is taking in enough money to fully recover its costs and have a surplus. If the result is less than zero, the utility will not cover all costs and therefore will have a deficit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Risk</td>
<td>The potential for realization of unwanted adverse consequences or events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine Maintenance Cost</td>
<td>How much does it cost for a single routine maintenance activity to be performed on the asset?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales Ratio</td>
<td>Sales Ratio = Sales / Total Revenue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The sales ratio measures the percentage of total revenue that is made up of sales from operations. A low ratio indicates that the organization is overly reliant on outside funding.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Savings Withdrawal</td>
<td>A fixed amount of money removed from the savings account of the utility to help pay for capital improvement items or other planned or unplanned maintenance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Annual Cost of Doing Business</td>
<td>The total annual operating expenses plus the required total annual reserve contributions to reserve funds.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Appendix F : Available Assets

The following table shows all asset types available within the *My Inventory* module.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wells and Springs</th>
<th>Intake Structures</th>
<th>Pumping Equipment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disinfection Equipment</td>
<td>Hydropneumatic Tanks</td>
<td>Concrete and Metal Storage Tanks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmission Mains</td>
<td>Distribution Pipes</td>
<td>Valves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Computer Equipment/Software</td>
<td>Transformers/ Switchgears/Wiring</td>
<td>Motor Controls/Drives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensors</td>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>Service Lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrants</td>
<td>Treatment Equipment</td>
<td>Lab/Monitoring Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tools and Shop Equipment</td>
<td>Transportation Equipment</td>
<td>Security Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Land</td>
<td>Galleries and Tunnels</td>
<td>Meters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raw Water Reservoirs</td>
<td>Generators</td>
<td>Liquid Waste Handling &amp; Disposal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix G: Troubleshooting Guide

Who do I contact to ask technical questions?

If you are having technical issues please contact information email cupss@epa.gov with the subject technical question or visit http://www.epa.gov/cupss

Is the information able to be sent electronically?

No. CUPSS is a desktop application and does not require an Internet connection to run nor can it guarantee that the user has set up an outgoing mail server on their system. You can, however, backup your CUPSS database that can then be compressed and sent as an attachment to an email. See Appendix A for details on how to backup and restore the CUPSS database.

Why am I being asked to install Flash?

The training videos require Macromedia Flash to be played and if your Internet browser does not have the flash plug-in they require then you will be asked to install it. If your browser does not install it automatically download Flash from http://www.adobe.com/shockwave/download/download.cgi?P1_Prod_Version=ShockwaveFlash.

Why can't I open the training videos?

The training videos require Macromedia Flash to be played and if your Internet browser does not have the flash plug-in then you will need to install it. You can download Flash from http://www.adobe.com/shockwave/download/download.cgi?P1_Prod_Version=ShockwaveFlash.

Why was the example database overwritten when updating the CUPSS application to the latest version?

When you update CUPSS by installing the latest version from the web site the Example Database is replaced and not migrated like your own CUPSS database is.

Why does CUPSS take a long time to open?

Sometimes CUPSS can take longer to open than normal. This could be due to other applications running on your system but if not and you recently closed CUPSS you may need to end all CUPSS processes before opening the CUPSS application again.

To end all CUPSS processes on a computer running Windows:

1. Hit Ctrl+Alt+Del
2. Click Task Manager
3. Select the Processes tab
4. Select the process with the Image Name "cupss.exe"
5. Click End Process
6. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
7. Select the process with the Image Name "javaw.exe"
8. Click **End Process**
9. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
10. Select the process with the Image Name "mysqld-nt.exe"
11. Click **End Process**
12. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
13. Open the CUPSS application

**Why is CUPSS running so slowly?**

CUPSS System Requirements:

- 1 GHz Processor - 2 GB Recommended
- Minimum 512 MB RAM - 1 GB Recommended
- Hard Drive Disk Free Space: Minimum 1.5 GB - 2 GB Recommended
- At least 800x600 capable video card

Sometimes CUPSS can run very slowly if the application had not fully shutdown therefore you may need to end all CUPSS processes before opening the CUPSS application again.

To end all CUPSS processes on a computer running Windows:

1. Hit Ctrl+Alt+Del
2. Click **Task Manager**
3. Select the **Processes** tab
4. Select the process with the Image Name "cupss.exe"
5. Click **End Process**
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10. Select the process with the Image Name "mysqld-nt.exe"
11. Click **End Process**
12. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
13. Open the CUPSS application

**How do I backup my CUPSS database?**

See Appendix A for details on how to backup the CUPSS database.

**How do I restore a backup database?**
See Appendix A for details on how to restore the CUPSS database.

**How do I replace the CUPSS database with a different database?**

To replace a CUPSS database with a database from another installation of CUPSS you can backup the database form both versions and then select the other installation of CUPSS backed up database to be restored to. See Appendix A for details on how to backup and restore the CUPSS database.

**Why do I need to turn on pop-up?**

The CUPSS website opens the training videos in a new window therefore you will need to enable pop-ups for the CUPSS website in your Internet browser.

**Why is the progress bar not progressing when I start CUPSS?**

You may encounter this problem for a number of reasons. If the progress bar % complete does not increase after several minutes then you will need to end all the CUPSS processes before opening the CUPSS application again.

To end all CUPSS processes on a computer running Windows:

1. Hit Ctrl+Alt+Del
2. Click **Task Manager**
3. Select the **Processes** tab
4. Select the process with the Image Name "cupss.exe"
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10. Select the process with the Image Name "mysqld-nt.exe"
11. Click **End Process**
12. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
13. Open the CUPSS application

**Why do I get an error when I restart CUPSS?**

You encounter this problem if you close the CUPSS application and restart it without giving it time to properly shut down this will cause an error because the connection to the database wasn't given time to shutdown. You will need to end all the CUPSS processes before opening the CUPSS application again.

To end all CUPSS processes on a computer running Windows:

1. Hit Ctrl+Alt+Del
2. Click **Task Manager**
3. Select the **Processes** tab
4. Select the process with the Image Name "cupss.exe"
5. Click **End Process**
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8. Click **End Process**
9. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
10. Select the process with the Image Name "mysqld-nt.exe"
11. Click **End Process**
12. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
13. Open the CUPSS application

**How do I register CUPSS?**


**How do I maximize or enlarge the CUPSS window?**

The CUPSS screen can not be enlarged and has been designed to work with systems that have a screen resolution of 800x600 or higher.

**Why do I get an error when my computer is idle and actives the screensaver or hibernate mode?**

When Windows enters power saving mode it closes the connection to CUPSS database and the system generates an exception. You will need to end all the CUPSS processes before opening the CUPSS application again.

To end all CUPSS processes on a computer running Windows:

1. Hit Ctrl+Alt+Del
2. Click **Task Manager**
3. Select the **Processes** tab
4. Select the process with the Image Name "cupss.exe"
5. Click **End Process**
6. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
7. Select the process with the Image Name "javaw.exe"
8. Click **End Process**
9. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
10. Select the process with the Image Name "mysqld-nt.exe"
11. Click **End Process**
12. Click **Yes** and wait for the process to be removed from the list of processes
13. Open the CUPSS application
To prevent this from happening you are advised to close CUPSS if you do not plan to use it for a while and to set your computers power options to "Never" for:

- Turn off monitor
- Turn off hard disks
- System standby
- System hibernates

To set your computer's power options:

1. Select **Start->Control Panel**
2. Double-click **Power Options**
3. Select "Always On" from the Power schemes drop-down or "Never" from the Turn off monitor, Turn off hard disks, System standby and System hibernates drop-downs
4. Click **OK**
Appendix H: Cheat Sheet

Why can't I enter currency signs, commas or percent signs to certain text fields?

Some text fields expect information formatted in a certain way for it to be used by the application. For example, if a number is required then only numbers (0-9) can be entered, dates must be entered in the format MM/DD/YYYY, and currencies expect a number with up to 2 decimal places therefore only numbers and the period ("," ) is allowed in currency controls.

How do I enter dollar amounts?

When entering dollar amounts please do not use dollar signs or commas. For example, $1,234,600.00 should be entered as 1234600, not as 1,234,600, $1234600 or $1,234,600.

How do I enter dates?

Dates should be entered in the form MM/DD/YYYY. For example, December 20, 1999 should be entered as 12/20/1999.

How do I enter incomplete dates?

If you don’t know a specific date, consider entering it in the form 01/01/YYYY if you only know the year or MM/01/YYYY if you only know the year and month.

What are the icon(s) for?

The icon displays additional information about the page, section or screen control it is next to. To view the help text hover the mouse curser over the icon and the help text will appear.

How do I create custom values for drop-downs?

Many drop-downs allow you to enter additional values by selecting "Other" and then entering the new value. When you need to use this value again it will be available as an option that you can select from the drop-down.

Where can I learn more about asset management?

Visit www.epa.gov/cupss to learn more about asset management.

Are their training events near me?

Visit www.epa.gov/cupss to find training events near you.

Where can I find training material for CUPSS?

Visit www.epa.gov/cupss to find training material, such as the Trainer's Guide, to help train users of CUPSS.
Where do you look for guidance on the useful life of an asset?

EPA, about two years ago, distributed a step guide. This step guide included a couple of documents; one of them specifically was about taking stock of your water system. In this guide there are some examples of recommended life expectancies, a worksheet, and a few suggestions on how to estimate the useful life of an asset.

http://www.epa.gov/safewater/smallsystems/pdfs/guide_smallsystems_asset_mgmnt.pdf

What does CIP mean?

Capital Improvement Plan, Project or Program.

What are the other pillars of the sustainable infrastructure initiative?

1. Better Management
2. Full Cost Pricing
3. Water Efficiency and Waster conservation
4. The Watershed Approach

Does EPA recommend yearly rate evaluations?

Yes, in the rate setting guide.


How does EPA define “small” systems?

3,300 and below. This is the number of people served.

Is there a website where you can download the program?

Visit www.epa.gov/cupss to download the program for free.