ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT

CABINET

#### DEPARTMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT SOLID WASTE BRANCH

300 Sower Boulevard, Second Floor

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40601 (502) 564-6716

# ANNUAL REPORT FOR A CLASS I SOLID WASTE LANDFARM

**DEP 7064** (November 2016)

Any person who knowingly provides false information in any document filed or required to be maintained under KRS Chapter 224 shall be guilty of a Class D felony and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), or by imprisonment for a term of not less than one year and not more than five years, or by both fine and imprisonment.

	Before beginning, make additional blank copies for future use.
	Type or print your responses legibly in indelible ink.
	This report shall be received by the Cabinet no later than January 31 following the report year Please complete all information before submitting your report to this office for review.
П	Submit the original and one copy of this report to the Solid Waste Branch.

### ANNUAL LANDFARMING REPORT

ding December 31,	Permit Number_	
Facility Name		
Mailing Address		9
City4. State	5. Zip	_6. County
Phone Number ()	8. Fax Number (	-)
Certified Operator	10. Certification	Number
Waste Characterization:		
	Wet Weight	Dry Weight
pH	SU	
Total Solids Content	<u></u> %	
Volatile Solids Content	%	
Total Phosphorous	ppm	ppm
Total Potassium	ppm	ppm
Total Nitrogen (TN)	ppm	ppm
Ammonium Nitrogen (NH4-N)	ppm	ppm
Cadmium	mg/L	mg/kg
Copper	mg/L	mg/kg
Lead	mg/L	mg/kg
Nickel	mg/L	mg/kg
Zinc	mg/L	mg/kg

	Concentration			
Parameter	mg/L	mg/kg dry wt.		

NOTE: The results reported above are the average of analyses taken during the reporting year. Waste should be analyzed as collected. Do not conduct a separate analysis of a dried sample for the dry weight values. Dry weight values (mg/kg) are derived using the following equation:  $mg/L \div (\% Solids) = mg/kg dry weight.$ 

		☐ tons per acre
13.	The annual waste application limit is:	□ gallons per acre
	The waste parameter limiting annual application rates	is:
		(nitrogen, cadmium, other designated by cabinet)
	If no nutrient, pollutant, or physical characteristic limi	ts the annual application rate, check here \square.
15.	The waste parameter limiting the lifetime application l	imit is:
		(Cu, Cd, Pb, Ni, Zn, other)
	If no nutrient, pollutant, or physical characteristic limi	ts the lifetime application amount, check here \square.
regist When permi	E: The annual limits based on nitrogen and cadmium, arer, lead, nickel and zinc, are specified in 401 KAR 48:20 ration for any other parameters which may limit the annue no limits are established, the operator must insure the atted subplot area, or prolonged saturated soil conditions rmance.	O. Refer to the conditions listed in your letter of the tale or lifetime limit as required by the cabinet application rates do not cause waste to run off the
16.	Attach copies of all laboratory analysis reports for was	ste and soil analyses.
17.	Attach copies of laboratory analysis reports for surface	e water sampling if required by your registration.
attac assur inqui subm are si	uant to 401 KAR 47:160, Section 6(4), "I certify under hments were prepared under my direction or supervise that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluately of the person or persons directly responsible for guitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, ignificant penalties for submitting false information, isonment for such violations."	sion in accordance with a system designed to ate the information submitted. Based on my athering the information, the information accurate, and complete. I am aware that there
SIGN	IATURE	DATE

This certification clause shall be signed by the responsible person(s) described in 401 KAR 47:160, Section 6(1), and/or (2) and is required by 401 KAR 47:160, Section 6(4). This clause may be incorporated into a cover letter and attached to this submission. This clause shall accompany every report/application submitted to this fice.

# **Subplot Application Summary**

Enter the name of the subplot as it appears in the application for this registration. Complete a block for each mitted subplot, whether or not waste was applied during the reporting year. If no waste was applied, mplete only the subplot name and enter zero for the volume applied. If more than one type of crop is harvested from a subplot during the reporting year, complete a separate report block for each harvested crop. Make additional copies as needed.

				<u> </u>			
Subplot Name or Number		Subplot Act	reage	Volume Applied Per Acre			Application Method
(0 0 0 0					0	Tons	☐ Injected or Incorporated
						Gallons	
Date of Last Application	Crop		Hanzest V	ield Per Acre, if applicable	Harvest Dat		Grazing Dates, if applicable
Date of Base repaired	Ciop		THE VOICE	reid t el riele, il applicable	11017031 1011		Grazing Dates, it apprecions
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		☐ Tons			☐ Tons		
		☐ Gallons			☐ Gallons		Years
Subplot Name or Number		Subplot Ac	reage	Volume Applied Per Acre	(A)		Application Method
						Tons	☐ Injected or Incorporated
						Gallons	
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Date of Last Application	Crop		Harvest	Yield Per Acre, if applicable	Harvest Dat	c	Grazing Dates, if applicable
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		Gallons			□ Galions		Years
	<del></del>	CI GELIGIIS			G Ganons	<u> </u>	I cars
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1						Tons	☐ Injected or Incorporated
						Gallons	☐ Surface Applied
Date of Last Application	Crop		Harvest '	Yield Per Acre, if applicable	Harvest Dat	c	Grazing Dates, if applicable
Total Volume Applied in R	enortin	a Vene	Total	of All Applications To Date		Subul	ot Life Remaining
Total Votalile Applied in A	cportin	□ Tons	10001	it All Applications to Date	□ Tons	Buopi	or Dire termining
		☐ Gallons			☐ Gallons		Years
	- 1					1/2	
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						Tons	☐ Injected or Incorporated
		- "				Gallons	1 11 1
Date of Last Application	Crop		Harvest '	Yield Per Acre, if applicable	Harvest Dat	e	Grazing Dates, if applicable
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		☐ Gallons	<u> </u>		☐ Gallons	1	Years
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Subplot Name or Number		Subplot Act	reage	Volume Applied Per Acre		_	Application Method
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						Gallons	☐ Surface Applied
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		☐ Tons			☐ Tons		
		☐ Gallons			☐ Gallons		Years

# **Landfarming Calculations Worksheet**

#### Section 1. Limiting Parameters

e following equations are used to determine the amount of an annual or lifetime application limiting parameter:

- Dry Weight Conversion:
  - (a) For facilities reporting in gallons:

Gallons applied per acre x 8.34 lbs/gal + 2000 lbs/ton x % Solids = dry wt. tons/acre

Example: The dry tons equivalent of 54,000 gallons of a 1.2% solid waste is 2.7 tons/acre

(b) For facilities reporting in tons:

Tons applied per acre x  $\frac{\% \text{ solids}}{100}$  = dry wt. tons/acre

Example: The dry tons equivalent of 18 tons of a 24% solid is 4.3 tons/acre

Calculation of annual amount of a limiting parameter:

Mg/kg dry weight x dry wt. tons of waste applied in reporting year x .002 = lbs applied.

Example: 6.7 dry tons per acre with cadmium at 9.5 mg/kg dry wt. is 0.13 lbs Cd/acre

The calculations above must be performed first to calculate lifetime limits below. With the exception of nitrogen, which is a a conditions 2 and 3 of this worksheet, cadmium is the only parameter with an annual limit established by regulation. For additional parameters for which annual limits were established by the cabinet as a condition for operation of the landfarming wility, refer to your registration.

For landfarming facilities with a daily application limit based on Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD), perform the calculations above using the maximum daily application rate during the reporting year.

- 3. Lifetime, or cumulative, limits. For cadmium, copper, lead, nickel, and zinc, refer to 401 KAR 48:200 Section 6(23). For any additional parameters for which lifetime limits were established by the cabinet as a condition of operation of the landfarming facility, refer to your registration. The lifetime limit is the sum of all annual application amounts, as calculated above. You must keep a running total for all lifetime limiting parameters for each subplot, and have these records available for inspection by the cabinet.
- 4. Calculation of remaining subplot use in years based on lifetime limits: Determine the most limiting parameter, and enter the years remaining based on that parameter in the Subplot Application Summary.
  - (a) Subtract the sum of all applications through the reporting year from the lifetime limit in 401 KAR 48:200 or your registration.
  - (b) Divide the remaining amount by the annual amount applied based on the current reporting year.

Example: With the addition of 0.13 lbs. cadmium in the current reporting year, the subplot sum total of cadmium applied is now 2.3 lbs/acre. The allowable limit is 4.4 lbs/acre Cd:

4.4 lbs. - 2.3 lbs. = 2.1 lbs. Cd. + 0.13 lbs/yr = 16 years

#### Section 2. Nitrogen Balance

As required by 401 KAR 48:200 Section 8 (24), the amount of nitrogen land applied must not exceed the nitrogen utilization rate of crop being grown. Use the actual percentage value, not the decimal equivalent, for all calculations (i.e., if Total Solids Content is .%, use 1.2, not 0.012). All values entered on this worksheet must be the same as the values listed in the Waste Characterization section of the application or annual report. Include a copy of the completed Nitrogen Balance worksheet with the Application for a Class I Solid Waste Landfarm and Annual Landfarming Reports.

For the first year of application of waste, the Volume Applied per Acre entered on the Subplot Application Summary sheet must show the lbs. PAN determined above times the total volume applied in the reporting year did not exceed the crop nitrogen recommendation obtained from UK Extension Bulletin AGR 1 or the county extension service. If the amount of Plant Available Nitrogen applied from the waste is less than the crop recommendation, use the value obtained to determine additional fertilizer nitrogen needed by the crop. Make allowance for subplots on which the previous crop was a legume, based on extension service recommendations, and for residual nitrogen, as described in the next section of this worksheet.

1.	Percent Organic Nitrogen:	Organic N is derived by subtracting the sum of Ammonia and Nitrate N fr	om Total N.
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(b) Pounds of Plant Available N per Ton, for facilities reporting in tons.

#### Section 3. Residual Nitrogen

tidual Nitrogen is the amount of Organic N mineralized from previous years' waste applications. Use the percent (not the decimal advalent) Organic Nitrogen calculations from Nitrogen Balance worksheets from the corresponding previous years. Calculate the Total Residual N for each subplot according to the volume of waste applied in each of the three previous years and include the amount in the annual nitrogen balance calculations for each subplot.

1. For facilities reporting in gallons:

(0)	One	MAGE	prior	to	the	reporting	Vegr
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% Organic N x 16.7 = \_\_\_\_\_\_Residual N/1,000 gallons

(b) Two years prior to reporting year:

x 8.34 = \_\_\_\_\_Residual N/1,000 gallons

(c) Three years prior to reporting year:

% Organic N x 4.17 = \_\_\_\_\_\_Residual N/1,000 gallons

2. For facilities reporting in tons:

(a) One year prior to the reporting year:

% Organic N x 4 = \_\_\_\_\_\_ Residual N/ton

(b) Two years prior to reporting year:

% Organic N x 2 = \_\_\_\_\_\_ Residual N/ton

(c) Three years prior to reporting year:

% Organic N = \_\_\_\_\_ Residual N/ton

3. Determine the total residual N/acre for each subplot based on the volume applied in the corresponding year. Add the total residual N/acre to the nitrogen calculations for that subplot.