RUBBERIZED ASPHALT PAVEMENT



Waste Tire Working Group
Department for Environmental Protection
Energy and Environment Cabinet
December 3, 2013

Rubberized Asphalt Pavements

- Topics
 - Why Rubberized Asphalt?
 - Common Questions & Answers
 - Possible Kentucky Uses
 - Pilot Project
 - Where do we go from here?
 - Resources

Why Rubberized Asphalt?

■ Tire Derived Fuel \$20-40/ton



Why Rubberized Asphalt?

■ Crumb rubber \$200-400/ton



Rubberized Asphalt Pavements

81% Waste Tires Recycled in KY
 18% still landfilled



U. S. Markets or Tests

Rubberized Asphalt ND MT OR SD WΥ 18 NU UT MO KS NC CA AZ. NM

Binder and Pavement Rehabilitation

- Stress Absorbing Membrane Interlayer (SAMI)
 - SAM with Rubberized Gap Graded Asphalt overlying layer



Before: San Jose, p. 4 Western Pavement Maintenance Forum 2009 Award of Excellence in Contracting Chip Seal / Innovation Category

Binder and Pavement Rehabilitation

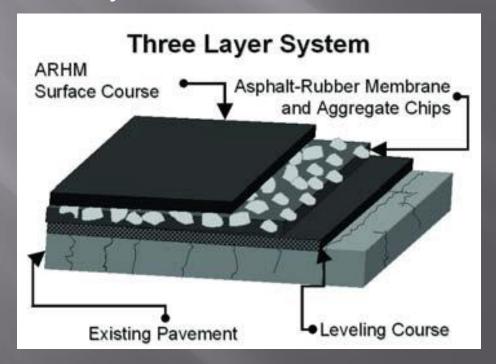


After: San Jose, p. 5 Western Pavement Maintenance Forum 2009 Award of Excellence in Contracting Chip Seal / Innovation Category

Binder and Pavement Rehabilitation

■ TWO AND THREE LAYER SYSTEMS

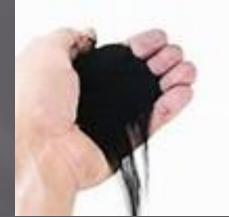
- Asphalt-rubber SAMI and either the gap or open graded hot mix material as the final wearing course
- Avoids costly reconstruction



- How many waste tires can be used?
 - A two-inch-thick RAC resurfacing project uses about 2,000 scrap tires per lane mile (CAL Recycle)
 - Depending on type of use, 500-2,000 tires per lanemile (Liberty Tire)



- How many waste tires are used?
 - rubberized asphalt uses 100 million pounds of crumb rubber per year (RMA Market Report for 2007).
- 2% U.S. Waste Tire Generation
- FL highest with 5% of annual waste tire generation





RUBBER manufacturers association

- Why isn't it more widely used?
 - "Experimental"
 - Engineers expected comfort with the usual materials
 - Test sections needed to familiarize engineers, contractors, plant operators
 - Training of asphalt plant hot mix operators by AR operators is required



- Does the use of rubber cause dangerous emissions?
 - New additives reduce emissions
 - NIOSH finds emissions no more generally than conventional asphalt
 - Aroma is different



- Can rubberized asphalt be recycled?
 - City of Los Angeles. LA., recycled a 12-year old RA pavement
 - Met specifications and passed all tests



Can RA be used in cold climates?

- California uses in Sierra Mountains
- Alaska and Sweden use to counter snow tires stud damage
- Massachusetts and New Jersey use

Proper mix design and construction practices are

critical (no OGFC)

Possible Uses in KY

- Polymer Replacement
 - Polymer shortage increased cost in 2008 and changed projects
 - KY TC paved interstates using PG specs without polymer
 - Rutting susceptibility potential increased and pavement endurance decreased
 - TC wants to be in a position to continue paving should polymer shortage return



To Protect and Enhance Kentucky's Environment

Eaton Asphalt Paving Co.



TAG Resource Recovery



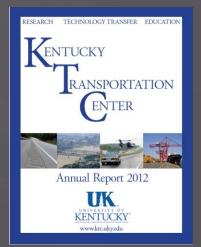






Modified Asphalt Solutions, Inc





- July 24, 2013 Planning Meet at District 6, Florence:
 - Rejected KY 18 (Road to Florence Mall from I-75)
 due to structural problems with underlying concrete
 - Selected KY 8 (2.2 mile from I-471 to Dayton KY)





- July 24, 2013 Planning Meet at District 6, Florence:
 - One lane is control using standard asphalt and 0.38A
 PG 76-22 (interstate grade) Superpave 0.38 spec.
 - Both 6.0% base asphalt, 5.0-5.2% liquid with 20%
 RAP
 - Other lane is same as above plus 14% ground tire rubber with 100% passing #30 size

- July 24, 2013 Planning Meet at District 6, Florence:
 - EEC to pay \$85,000 over initial \$651,000 project costs
 - \$70,000 to TC for rubberized asphalt and interstate quality asphalt over regular street asphalt
 - □ \$15,000 to UK for long-term testing



- September 25, 2013 Preconstruction Meet and Project Start:
 - Discussed testing
 - Ingredient added to make rubberized asphalt handle similar to regular asphalt, decreases rubber smell

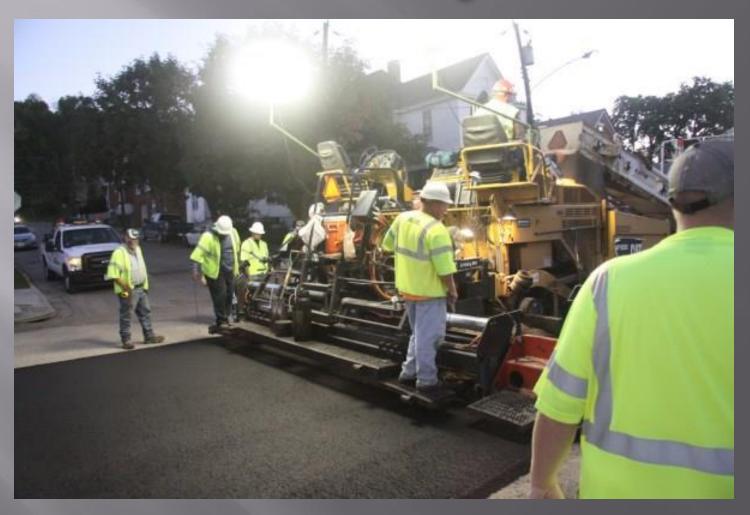




Spraying the tack coat looking northeast. Ohio River floodwall on right and background. Photo by Mark Belshe RPA



Paving train applying rubberized asphalt looking west.
Photo by Mark Belshe RPA



Paving train applying rubberized asphalt looking southwest. Photo by Mark Belshe RPA



Workers smoothing rubberized asphalt around manholes looking southwest. Photo by Mark Belshe RPA



Vibratory roller with view to southeast.
Photo by Mark Belshe RPA



Downtown Dayton KY rubberized and polymer asphalt. Photo by Brian Donnelly TC



Close-Up of control and rubberized asphalt. Photo by Brian Donnelly TC.



Close-up of rubberized asphalt. Photo by Brian Donnelly TC.

Pilot Project Results

- Density Tests: 100% payment or 92% density
- Initially there were high void content in the mix, but this was quickly brought under control with deletion of sand and add 0.3% asphalt.



Pilot Project Results

- Constant adjustments made at plant
 - District 6 QA suspects rubber settlement occurred
 - Contractor says 14% AR too high
 - Rubber particles meet spec (100% passing #30 sieve)
 - RPA engineer says worked like regular asphalt
 - FL DOT says watch settling of rubber particles (stir, haul distance)



KTC Pilot Project Results

- KY Transportation Center permeability tests yield normal results
- Spring: Skid testing, visual survey, another round of cores



Pilot Lessons Learned

- Look at lower AR% used by other states: FL 10%, GA 5%
 - May require +polymer or additive
 - May require KY to lower elasticity spec from 75% to 70% or lower (KY highest in U.S.)



Pilot Lessons Learned

- Do another pilot project that meets 70-22 GTR spec and do long-term testing (contractor)
- Not many contractors in state have vertical tanks or stirring equipment like Eaton
- KY not ready if polymer prices increase



Pilot lessons Learned

- Rubberized Asphalt currently costs \$12.00 per ton vs. \$8.00 polymer-modified asphalt
 - Costs good only for this project
 - Costs varies with transportation distance and other factors
 - May swing the other direction with polymer shortage

After Pilot

- KTC & DWM attended Rubberized Asphalt Conference in AZ Oct. 14-17, 2013
- DWM led round table at KACo annual meeting November 21
- Presentation to Annual Meeting for Plantmix Asphalt Industry of Kentucky in February 2014 at Louisville





After Pilot

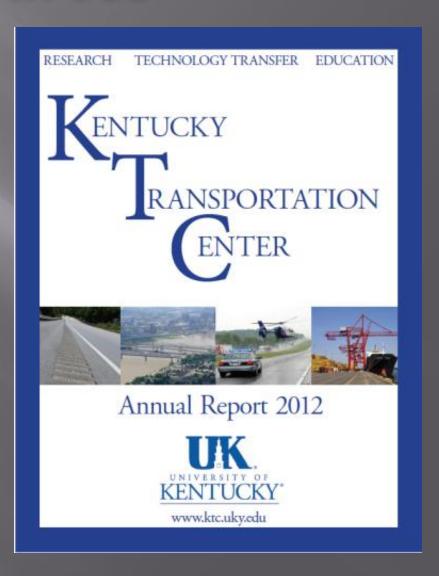
- Plot polymer shortage strategy with Division of Materials to adjust specs, tests or recommendations
- Pursue future hot-mix pilot with Transportation Cabinet
- Pursue chip-seal pilots with counties







KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET











http://rubberpavements.org/





http://www.ra-foundation.org/

Resoruces



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http://www.rma.org/scrap-tires/



















Wastes Home

Resource Conservation

Common Wastes and Materials Home

Scrap Tires Home

Basic Information

Uses

Environmental Issues

Laws/Statues

Where You Live

Science/Technology

Publications

Scrap Tire Workgroup

Information Resources

Laws & Regulations

Educational Materials

Partnerships

Wastes - Resource Conservation - Common Wastes & Materials - Scrap Tires

Scrap Tire Workgroup

http://www.epa.gov/epawaste/conserve/materials/tires/workgroup.htm

Goals Committee | Civil Engineering Committee | Tire Derived Fuels Committee | Ground Rubber Committee |

Background

The Scrap Tire Workgroup was created in 2003 by EPA to gather together public and private individuals who share a common goal: to effectively manage over 300 million scrap tires generated each year in the U.S. and to eradicate the 500 million tires in stockpiles.

Since its inception, the Workgroup has supported the successful achievement of critical tasks in the field of scrap tire management. Its efforts have delivered environmental, social and economic benefits to individual states and the country as a whole.

(See Contribution to EPA's 2011-2015 Strategic Plan)

The scrap tire industry in the U.S. is worth over \$500 million dollars annually and employs over 10,000

people.

The Scrap Tire Workgroup is committed to the sustainable use of scrap tires: products made from crumb rubber, such as automotive parts, rubber products and flexible materials; rubberized asphalt; civil engineering uses; and tire derived fuel.



information

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Scrap Tire
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Questions?

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To Protect and Enhance Kentucky's Environment

Member U.S. EPA Scrap Tire Committee

