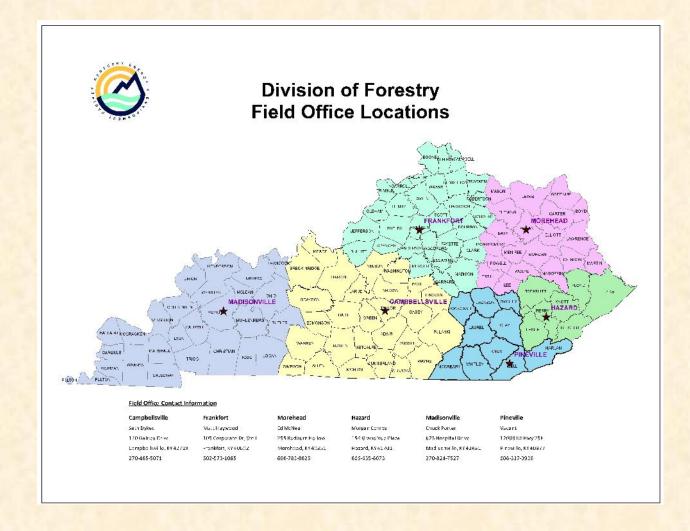
### How Do I Find a Forester?

The Kentucky Division of Forestry employs service foresters throughout the state who provide on-site technical assistance to landowners. For questions regarding timber harvesting, landowners should contact the Division

**Main Office** 300 Sower Blvd. Frankfort, Ky 40601

The Division also maintains nine district offices as listed in the section below. Landowners may contact the district office nearest their location for assistance with forest management, planning for the future and monitoring harvesting operations.



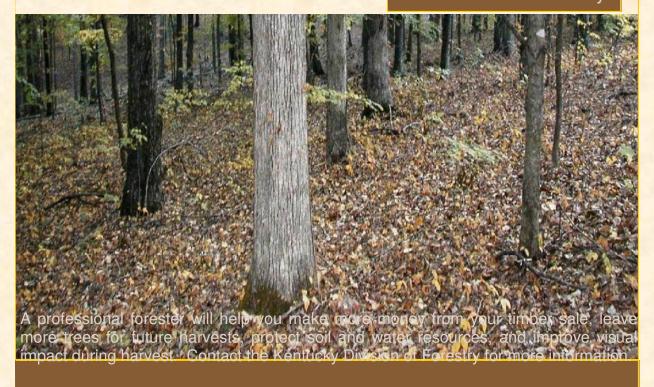
Kentucky has many consulting foresters who are able to provide technical assistance to landowners for a fee. Consulting foresters are professional, self-employed foresters who can generally provide a greater range of forestry services than those employed by public agencies. Information about consulting foresters can be obtained from your local KDF Forester or by visiting the Kentucky Chapter of the Association of Consulting Foresters (KACF) Web site at http://kacf.org/.



# Tips for Selling Your Timber

A Guide for Kentucky Landowners

Considering a timber sale? Lost in your own woods? Want more money



**Kentucky Division of Forestry** Main Office 300 Sower Blvd. Frankfort, Kentucky 40601

### Why Sell Timber?

Your forest land is a valuable asset and may represent one of the largest financial transactions you'll ever make. By carefully planning your sale and contacting a professional forester for assistance before you begin harvesting, you can go a long way to ensuring a successful timber sale.

There are many reasons why a landowner might choose to sell timber. Of course, many landowners sell timber for the purpose of generating income, but Whatever the reason for harvesting, a sometimes timber is harvested to salvage the valueof trees that have been damaged by ice, wind, snow storms, wildfires, insects and disease.



professional forester can help you plan a harvest that will suit your objectives and maximize your income.

# How Can a Forester Help?

Timber harvesting not only provides a what type of harvest is needed and the timber cutting is one of the most important planting areas. management tools for a forester. Proper Additionally, a professional forester can identifying and selecting the best trees for removal. Foresters are able to look at the



source of income, it can help landowners forest's potential for regeneration. They accomplish other objectives. In fact, can also provide guidance for establishing

forest management is accomplished by provide a wealth of information about timber sales contracts, the bidding overall species composition and determine process, carbon sequestration programs and the Timber Trespass Law made effective in 1994 under KRS 364:130.

#### Tip: Foresters Will...

- Maximize the present and future value of your timber by identifying trees that should be harvested and trees that should remain to regenerate the stand.
- Conduct an inventory of the trees for sale by species, number, quality and volume.
- Monitor the harvesting process to ensure that Best Management Practices (BMPs) are used to protect water quality.
- Provide samples of timber sales contracts and
- Provide guidance regarding carbon
- Advise landowners about timber trespass laws.

### How Do I Determine What Trees to Cut?

Forests can be harvested using a variety Sellers should beware of timber buyers of methods ranging from clearcutting to who offer to "selectively cut" their woods. selective cutting. Clearcutting involves Often the buyer will remove only the most cutting all of the trees in a particular area, marketable trees, leaving a stand of less whereas selective cutting involves cutting valuable trees in poor condition. This type individual trees throughout the stand of cutting, known as "high-grading", The appropriate method to use depends removes not only the current value of the on the quality of the forest and the specific stand, but much of its future value too. objectives of the landowner.

important to remember that there are many factors affecting the value of a timber stand including species, number, size, total volume, quality, distance from market, accessibility of site, difficulty of logging, market conditions and buyer's finances. Therefore, the value of a stand. of trees becomes whatever is agreeable between the buyer and seller.

Sellers should also beware of timber When selecting trees to be harvested, it is buyers who offer to buy all of the trees above a certain diameter. In most cases, diameter cutting is just another way of "high-grading" timber.

#### Tip: Landowners Should Always...

- Identify objectives for their woodlands and research current market conditions.
- Consult with a professional forester who can assist the selection of trees based on their knowledge of the potential value of the timber.

# How Do I Choose a Quality Logger?



timber. This type of timber sale is referred to contact their local Kentucky Division of payment is to be made (lump-sum or payas-you-cut) and where the property boundaries are located.

While loggers in Kentucky are regulated \* under the Kentucky Forest Conservation Act (KFCA) which requires a Master. Logger to be on site and in charge on all commercial timber harvesting operations, • landowners should be aware that they are

Most landowners ultimately responsible for water quality choose to sell their protection on their land. The goal of trees to a buyer who KFCA is to protect water quality by will be responsible requiring loggers to use appropriate for harvesting and BMPs. Although it is not required, transporting the landowners and loggers are encouraged

to as selling stumpage. Landowners Forestry (KDF) office to notify them of a should always have a written timber sales commercial timber harvest. Division contract with the buyer that outlines the personnel will inspect the harvest to specifics of the agreement including how ensure the requirements under KRS the trees are marked and priced, how the 149.342 and KRS 149.344 are being met.

#### Tip: Contracts Should Include...

- How the trees will be marked.
- How the sales price is determined. How the payment is to be made.
- Where the property boundaries are located.
- Written notification to adjacent property owners within seven days of starting the harvest.
- Documentation of landowner to retain all rights to carbon credits.