

General Information the Division of Mine Safety (DMS) Precertification Drug and Alcohol Testing Program

All applicants for any initial certification must pass a drug test and breathe alcohol test as a condition of certification. As of July 1, 2026, the cost of the drug test is \$179.10 and alcohol test is \$2.50.

Overview of the DMS drug testing program for initial certifications:

1. Arrive at the branch office where you plan to test in advance of the testing day. (It is suggested you take the drug test at least 5 days before you take the written exam so you can be issued the certification at that time.)
2. **Bring a photo ID and a cashier's check or money order payable to the Kentucky State Treasurer for \$181.60.**
3. Upon payment, you will receive a receipt for payment and a nonregulated 4-part custody and control form.
4. The nonregulated 4-part custody and control form must be presented to the drug testing collection facility - **you cannot drug test without this form**. If you lose this form, you will have to purchase another form to obtain a drug test required for the DMS certification. The collection facility will check your photo ID and explain the collection and testing process prior to you providing a specimen for testing.
5. You will need to present your receipt showing you purchased a breath alcohol test on the day you take the written exam. If you do not have proof of payment, you will not be given a breath alcohol test and will not be able to take the written exam.
6. The collection facility will give you a copy of the nonregulated custody and control form. **You will need to present it to the instructor on the day you take the written exam for certification** if we have not yet received your drug test result.

The current 13 panel drug test includes:

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| <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Amphetamines / Methamphetamine2. Cannabinoids / THC3. Cocaine / Benzoyllecgonine4. Opiates / Extended, including but not limited to:<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Hydrocodone▪ Hydromorphone▪ Codeine▪ Morphine▪ Oxycodone▪ Oxymorphone5. Phencyclidine (PCP)6. Benzodiazepines7. Propoxyphene8. Buprenorphine9. Methadone | <ol style="list-style-type: none">10. Barbiturates11. Designer Stimulants, including but not limited to:<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 4-Fluoromethcathinone (Flephedrone, 4-FMC)▪ 4-Methylethcathinone (4-MEC)▪ Benzylpiperazine▪ Buphedrone (α-Methylamino-butyrophenone, MABP)▪ Butylone (β-Keto-N-Methylbenzodioxoly, bk-MBDB)▪ Cathinone▪ Ethylone (3, 4-Methylenedioxy-N-ethylcathinone, MDEC, bk-MDEA)▪ Eutylone▪ MBDB (Methylbenzodioxolybutanamine) |
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11. Designer Stimulants continued:

- MCPP (Chlorophenylpiperazine)
- MDAI (5, 6-Methylenedioxy-2-aminoindane)
- MDPBP (3, 4-Methylenedioxy- α -pyrrolidinobutiophenone, NRG-1)
- MDPV (3, 4-Methylenedioxy Pyrovalerone, Cloud 9, Ivory Wave, White Lightning)
- Mephedrone (4-Methylmethcathinone, 4-MMC, 4-Methylephedrone, M-Cat, Meow Meow)
- Methcathinone (Ephedrone)
- Methedrone (para-Methoxymethcathinone, PMMC, Methoxyphedrine, 4-Methedrone)
- Methylone (3, 4-Methylenedioxy-N-methylcathinone, bk-MDMA, M2)
- Mitragynine (Kratom)
- Naphyrone (Naphpyrovalerone, β -Naphyrone, O-2482)
- Pentedrone (α -Methylamino-Valerophenone) Pentylone
- PVP (α -Pyrrolidinopentiophenone, Flakka) Pyrovalerone (Centroton; Thymergix)
- TFMPP (Trifluoromethylphenylpiperazine)

12. Extended Synthetic Cannabinoids,

including but not limited to:

- AB-Pinaca Pentanoic Acid
- AKB-48
- AKB-48 Pentanoic Acid
- AM-1248
- AM-694 Pentanoic Acid

12. Extended Synthetic Cannabinoids continued:

- BB-22 3-Carboxyindole Metabolite
- HU-210
- JWH-018 Hydroxy Pentyl J
- WH-018 Pentanoic Acid
- JWH-019 6-Hydroxy Hexyl
- JWH-073 3-Hydroxy Butyl
- JWH-073 4-Hydroxy Butyl
- JWH-073 BUT Anioic Acid
- JWH-081 5-Hydroxy Pentyl
- JWH-122 Hydroxy Pentyl
- JWH-200 4-Hydroxyindole
- JWH-200 5-Hydroxyindole
- JWH-200 6-Hydroxyindole
- JWH-203
- JWH-210 Hydroxy Pentyl
- JWH-250 5-Hydroxy Pentyl
- JWH-250 5-Hydroxyindole
- JWH-250 Pent Anioic Acid
- JWH-398 Pentanoic Acid
- MAM-2201 Pentanoic Acid
- PB-22 3-Carboxyindole Metabolite
- RCS-4 5-Hydroxy Pentyl
- RCS-4 Pentanoic Acid
- RCS-8 4-Methoxy
- UR-144 Degradant Pentanoic Acid
- UR-144 Pentanoic Acid
- XLR-11 4-Hydroxy Pentyl

13. Ecstasy, including but not limited to:

- MDA-Methylenedioxyamphetamine
- MDEA-Methylenedioxyethylamphetamine
- MDMA-Methylenedioxymethamphetamine

Certification will be denied if:

- Tests positive for any of the 13 panels listed above;
- Breath Alcohol level is above 4 tenths of one percent;
- The results demonstrate the submission of an adulterated specimen;
- The applicant refuses to submit to a drug or alcohol test; or
- The results demonstrate the submission of a specimen in which the temperature is out of range.

Reimbursement of costs for drug testing

- If a newly certified miner gains employment in the coal industry the initial employer shall reimburse the certified miner the cost of one drug and alcohol test.
- If the applicant is currently certified in any other category, and is currently employed in the coal industry, the employer shall reimburse the applicant for certification the cost of one drug and alcohol test.

Confidentiality of test results

All drug tests are confidential, and not subject to the Kentucky Open Records Act except if:

- You release the results;
- The results are relevant to legal claim asserted by you;
- In defense of a civil action or administrative action; or
- The Mine Safety Review Commission or a court deems it appropriate in disciplinary proceedings against you.

Information cannot be released or used in criminal proceedings against an applicant. See KRS 351.185 for full text of confidentiality requirements.